SCPI Command Reference

Agilent Technologies N5161A/62A/82A/83A MXG Signal Generator

This guide applies to the following signal generator models:

N5161A MXG ATE RF Analog Signal Generator N5162A MXG ATE RF Vector Signal Generator N5181A MXG RF Analog Signal Generator N5182A MXG RF Vector Signal Generator N5183A MXG Microwave Analog Signal Generator

For the latest revision of this manual go to the following website: http://www.agilent.com/find/mxg



Manufacturing Part Number: N5180-90004
Printed in USA
June 2008

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a. Press the **Help** hardkey, and then the key for which you wish help.

1 SCPI Basics

This chapter describes how SCPI information is organized and presented in this guide. An overview of the SCPI language is also provided. This chapter contains the following major sections:

- Command Reference Information on page 1
- SCPI Basics on page 3

Command Reference Information

SCPI Command Listings

The Table of Contents lists the Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) without the parameters. The SCPI subsystem name will generally have the first part of the command in parenthesis that is repeated in all commands within the subsystem. The title(s) beneath the subsystem name is the remaining command syntax. The following example demonstrates this listing:

Communication Subsystem (:SYSTem:COMMunicate)

:LAN:IP :LAN:SUBNet

The following examples show the complete commands from the above Table of Contents listing:

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP :SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet

Key and Data Field Cross Reference

The index is set up so applicable key and data field names can be cross-referenced to the appropriate SCPI command. There are two headings in the index where the key and data field names can be found:

- individual softkey, or data field name (i.e. To look up the communication subsystem topic on Default Gateway softkey refer to Default Gateway softkey.)
- subsystem name (i.e. To look for the Default Gateway softkey (in the Communication Subsystem), refer to the heading labeled: "communication subsystem keys".)

Supported Field

Within each command section, the "Supported" heading describes which signal generator configurations are supported by the SCPI command. When "All Models" is shown next to this heading, all signal generator configurations are supported by the SCPI command. When "All with Option xxx" is shown next to this heading, only the stated option(s) is supported.

NOTE

The internal baseband generator speed upgrade Options 670, 671, and 672 are option upgrades that *require* Option 651 and 652 to have been loaded at the factory (refer to the *Data Sheet* for more information). Any references to 651, 652, or 654 are inclusive of 671, 672, and 674.

SCPI Basics

This section describes the general use of the SCPI language for the Agilent MXG. It is not intended to teach you everything about the SCPI language; the SCPI Consortium or IEEE can provide that level of detailed information. For a list of the specific commands available for the signal generator, refer to the table of contents.

For additional information, refer to the following publications:

- IEEE Standard 488.1-2003, IEEE Standard For Higher Performance Protocol for the Standard Digital Interface for Programmable Instrumentation. New York, NY, 2003.
- IEEE Standard 488.2-1992, IEEE Standard Codes, Formats, Protocols and Commands for Use with ANSI/IEEE Standard 488.1-1987. New York, NY, 1998.

Common Terms

The following terms are used throughout the remainder of this section:

Command A command is an instruction in SCPI consisting of mnemonics (keywords),

parameters (arguments), and punctuation. You combine commands to form

messages that control instruments.

Controller A controller is any device used to control the signal generator, for example a

computer or another instrument.

Event Command Some commands are events and cannot be queried. An event has no

corresponding setting; it initiates an action at a particular time.

Program Message A program message is a combination of one or more properly formatted

commands. Program messages are sent by the controller to the signal generator.

Query A query is a special type of command used to instruct the signal generator to

make response data available to the controller. A query ends with a question

mark. Generally you can query any command value that you set.

Response Message A response message is a collection of data in specific SCPI formats sent from the

signal generator to the controller. Response messages tell the controller about the

internal state of the signal generator.

Command Syntax

A typical command is made up of keywords prefixed with colons (:). The keywords are followed by parameters. The following is an example syntax statement:

[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:FREQuency < frequency > | MAXimum | MINimum | UP | DOWN

In the example above, the :INTernal:FREQuency portion of the command immediately follows the :PULM portion with no separating space. The portion following the :INTernal, <frequency>|MAXimum|MINimum|UP|DOWN, are the parameters (argument for the command statement). There is a separating space (white space) between the command and its parameter.

Additional conventions in syntax statements are shown in Table 1-1 and Table 1-2.

Table 1-1 Special Characters in Command Syntax

Characters	Meaning	Example
I	A vertical stroke between keywords or parameters indicates alterative choices. For parameters, the effect of the command varies depending on the choice.	[:SOURce]:AM: MOD DEEP NORMal DEEP or NORMal are the choices.
[]	Square brackets indicate that the enclosed keywords or parameters are optional when composing the command. These implied keywords or parameters will be executed even if they are omitted.	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]? SOURce and CW are optional items.
<>	Angle brackets around a word (or words) indicate they are not to be used literally in the command. They represent the needed item.	[:SOURce]:FREQuency: STARt <value><unit> In this command, the words <value> and <unit> should be replaced by the actual frequency and unit. :FREQuency:STARt 2.5GHz</unit></value></unit></value>
{}	Braces indicate that parameters can optionally be used in the command once, several times, or not at all.	<pre>[:SOURce]:LIST: POWer <value>{, <value>} a single power listing: LIST:POWer 5 a series of power listings: LIST:POWer 5,10,15,20</value></value></pre>

Table 1-2 Command Syntax

Characters, Keywords, and Syntax	Example
Upper-case lettering indicates the minimum set of characters required to execute the command. But, each mode of the command must be in either short form or the complete long form (no in between). Example:	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]?, FREQ is the minimum requirement.
Correct:	
:FREQ :FREQuency	
Incorrect:	
:FREQuenc	

Table 1-2 Command Syntax

Characters, Keywords, and Syntax	Example
Lower-case lettering indicates the portion of the command that is optional; it can either be included with the upper-case portion of the command or omitted. This is the flexible format principle called forgiving listening. Refer to "Command Parameters and Responses" on page 7 for more information.	:FREQuency Either:FREQ,:FREQuency, or:FREQUENCY is correct.
When a colon is placed between two command mnemonics, it moves the current path down one level in the command tree. Refer to "Command Tree" on page 6 more information on command paths.	:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity? TRIGger is the root level keyword for this command.
If a command requires more than one parameter, you must separate adjacent parameters using a comma. Parameters are not part of the command path, so commas do not affect the path level.	<pre>[:SOURce]:LIST: DWELl <value>{,<value>}</value></value></pre>
A semicolon separates two commands in the same program message without changing the current path.	:FREQ 2.5GHz;:POW 10dBm
White space characters, such as <tab> and <space>, are generally ignored as long as they do not occur within or between keywords. However, you must use white space to separate the command from the parameter, but this does not affect the current path.</space></tab>	:FREQ uency or :POWer :LEVel are not allowed. A <space> between :LEVel and 6.2 is mandatory.</space>
The parameter, and the deep not wheel the current paint	:POWer:LEVel 6.2

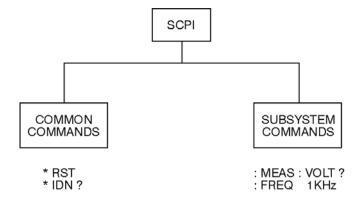
Command Types

Commands can be separated into two groups: common commands and subsystem commands. Figure 1-1, shows the separation of the two command groups.

Common commands are used to manage status registers, synchronization, and data storage and are defined by IEEE 488.2. They are easy to recognize because they all begin with an asterisk. For example *IDN?, *OPC, and *RST are common commands. Common commands are not part of any subsystem and the signal generator interprets them in the same way, regardless of the current path setting.

Subsystem commands are distinguished by the colon (:). The colon is used at the beginning of a command statement and between keywords, as in :FREQuency[:CW?]. Each command subsystem is a set of commands that roughly correspond to a functional block inside the signal generator. For example, the power subsystem (:POWer) contains commands for power generation, while the status subsystem (:STATus) contains commands for controlling status registers.

Figure 1-1 Command Types

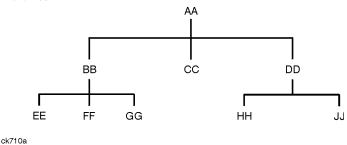


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Command Tree

Most programming tasks involve subsystem commands. SCPI uses a structure for subsystem commands similar to the file systems on most computers. In SCPI, this command structure is called a command tree and is shown in Figure 1-2.

Figure 1-2 Simplified Command Tree



The command closest to the top is the root command, or simply "the root." Notice that you must follow a particular path to reach lower level commands. In the following example, :POWer represents AA, :ALC represents BB, :SOURce represents GG. The complete command path is :POWer:ALC:SOURce? (:AA:BB:GG).

Paths Through the Command Tree

To access commands from different paths in the command tree, you must understand how the signal generator interprets commands. The parser, a part of the signal generator firmware, decodes each message sent to the signal generator. The parser breaks up the message into component commands using a set of rules to determine the command tree path used. The parser keeps track of the current path (the level in the command tree) and where it expects to find the next command statement. This is important because the same keyword may appear in different paths. The particular path is determined by the keyword(s) in the command statement.

A message terminator, such as a <new line> character, sets the current path to the root. Many programming languages have output statements that automatically send message terminators.

NOTE The current path is set to the root after the line-power is cycled or when *RST is sent.

Command Parameters and Responses

SCPI defines different data formats for use in program and response messages. It does this to accommodate the principle of forgiving listening and precise talking. For more information on program data types refer to IEEE 488.2.

Forgiving listening means the command and parameter formats are flexible.

For example, with the :FREQuency:REFerence:STATe ON|OFF|1|0 command, the signal generator accepts :FREQuency:REFerence:STATe ON, :FREQ:REF:STAT 1, :FREQ:REF:STAT ON, :FREQ:REF:STAT 1 to turn on the frequency reference mode.

Each parameter type has one or more corresponding response data types. A setting that you program using a numeric parameter returns either real or integer response data when queried. Response data (data returned to the controller) is more concise and restricted, and is called precise talking.

Precise talking means that the response format for a particular query is always the same.

For example, if you query the power state (:POWer:ALC:STATe?) when it is on, the response is always 1, regardless of whether you previously sent :POWer:ALC:STATe 1 or :POWer:ALC:STATE ON.

Table 1-3 shows the response for a given parameter type.

Table 1-3 Parameter and Response Types

Parameter Types	Response Data Types
Numeric	Real, Integer
Extended Numeric	Real, Integer
Discrete	Discrete
Boolean	Numeric Boolean
String	String
Definite Block	Arbitrary byte data ^a

a.(i.e. text, binary, discrete, real, integer, etc.-).

Numeric Parameters

Numeric parameters are used in both common and subsystem commands. They accept all commonly used decimal representations of numbers including optional signs, decimal points, and scientific notation.

If a signal generator setting is programmed with a numeric parameter which can only assume a finite value, it automatically rounds any entered parameter which is greater or less than the finite value. For example, if a signal generator has a programmable output impedance of 50 or 75 ohms, and you specified 76.1 for the output impedance, the value is rounded to 75. The following are examples of numeric parameters:

100	no decimal point required
100.	fractional digits optional
-1.23	leading signs allowed
4.56E <space>3</space>	space allowed after the E in exponential
-7.89E-001	use either E or e in exponential
+256	leading + allowed
.5	digits left of decimal point optional

Extended Numeric Parameters

Most subsystems use extended numeric parameters to specify physical quantities. Extended numeric parameters accept all numeric parameter values and other special values as well.

The following are examples of extended numeric parameters:

100 any simple numeric value

1.2GHz GHz can be used for exponential (E009)

200MHz MHz can be used for exponential (E006)

-100mV negative 100 millivolts

10DEG 10 degrees

Extended numeric parameters also include the following special parameters:

DEFault resets the parameter to its default value

UP increments the parameter

DOWN decrements the parameter

MINimum sets the parameter to the smallest possible value

MAXimum sets the parameter to the largest possible value

Discrete Parameters

Discrete parameters use mnemonics to represent each valid setting. They have a long and a short form, just like command mnemonics. You can mix upper and lower case letters for discrete parameters.

The following examples of discrete parameters are used with the command :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce BUS|IMMediate|EXTernal.

BUS GPIB, LAN, or USB triggering

IMMediate immediate trigger (free run)

EXTernal external triggering

Although discrete parameters look like command keywords, do not confuse the two. In particular, be sure to use colons and spaces properly. Use a colon to separate command mnemonics from each other and a space to separate parameters from command mnemonics.

The following are examples of discrete parameters in commands:

TRIGger:SOURce BUS

TRIGger:SOURce IMMediate

TRIGger: SOURce EXTernal

Boolean Parameters

Boolean parameters represent a single binary condition that is either true or false. The two-state boolean parameter has four arguments. The following list shows the arguments for the two-state boolean parameter:

ON	boolean true, upper/lower case allowed
OFF	boolean false, upper/lower case allowed
1	boolean true
0	boolean false

String Parameters

String parameters allow ASCII strings to be sent as parameters. Single or double quotes are used as delimiters.

The following are examples of string parameters:

```
'This is valid'
"This is also valid"
'SO IS THIS'
```

Real Response Data

Real response data represent decimal numbers in either fixed decimal or scientific notation. Most high-level programming languages that support signal generator input/output (I/O) handle either decimal or scientific notation transparently.

The following are examples of real response data:

```
+4.000000E+010, -9.990000E+002
-9.990000E+002
+4.0000000000000E+010
+1
```

Integer Response Data

Integer response data are decimal representations of integer values including optional signs. Most status register related queries return integer response data.

The following are examples of integer response data:

```
0 signs are optional
+100 leading + allowed
-100 leading - allowed
256 never any decimal point
```

Discrete Response Data

Discrete response data are similar to discrete parameters. The main difference is that discrete response data only returns the short form of a particular mnemonic, in all upper case letters.

The following are examples of discrete response data:

IMM EXT INT NEG

Numeric Boolean Response Data

Boolean response data returns a binary numeric value of one or zero.

String Response Data

String response data are similar to string parameters. The main difference is that string response data returns double quotes, rather than single quotes. Embedded double quotes may be present in string response data. Embedded quotes appear as two adjacent double quotes with no characters between them.

The following are examples of string response data:

```
"This is a string"

"one double quote inside brackets: [""]"

"Hello!"
```

Program Messages

The following commands will be used to demonstrate the creation of program messages:

```
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP [:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel]:OFFSet
```

Example 1

```
:FREQuency:STARt 500MHz;STOP 1000MHz
```

This program message is correct and will not cause errors; STARt and STOP are at the same path level. It is equivalent to sending the following message:

```
FREQuency:STARt 500MHz;FREQuency:STOP 1000MHz
```

Example 2

```
:POWer 10DBM;:OFFSet 5DB
```

This program message will result in an error. The message makes use of the default POWer[:LEVel] node (root command). When using a default node, there is no change to the current path position. Since there is no command OFFSet at the root level, an error results.

The following example shows the correct syntax for this program message:

```
:POWer 10DBM;:POWer:OFFSet 5DB
```

Example 3

```
:POWer:OFFSet 5DB;POWer 10DBM
```

This program message results in a command error. The path is dropped one level at each colon. The first half of the message drops the command path to the lower level command OFFSet; POWer does not exist at this level.

The POWer 10DBM command is missing the leading colon and when sent, it causes confusion because the signal generator cannot find POWer at the POWer:OFFSet level. By adding the leading colon, the current path is reset to the root. The following shows the correct program message:

```
:POWer:OFFSet 5DB;:POWer 10DBM
```

Example 4

```
FREQ 500MHz; POW 4DBM
```

In this example, the keyword short form is used. The program message is correct because it utilizes the default nodes of :FREQ[:CW] and :POW[:LEVel]. Since default nodes do not affect the current path, it is not necessary to use a leading colon before FREQ or POW.

File Name Variables

File name variables designate a data file and file path. File name variables are used in the SCPI command syntax whenever files are accessed. The name of the file is always required, but the file path can sometimes be optional or be designated using different formats. The following table shows these different file path formats:

Format	File Name Variable	Example
Format 1	" <file name="">"</file>	"Test_Data"
Format 2	" <file name@msus="">"</file>	"Test_Data@SEQ" ^a
Format 3	" <msus:file name="">"</msus:file>	"SEQ:Test_Data"
Format 4	""	"/USER/SEQ/Test_Data"

a.Included for backwards compatibility. Not a recommended syntax.

Formats 2–4 offer programming flexibility and are equivalent. Format 1 can only be used with SCPI commands that imply the path name as part of the command syntax. Typically, SCPI load commands that access user-data files do not need to have a file path designated.

See Table 1-4 on page 15 for information on file types and directories.

NOTE The maximum length for a file name is 23 characters, excluding the file path.

Example Using Format 1

```
:CORR:FLAT:LOAD "FLAT DATA"
```

The preceding example loads user-flatness data from a file called FLAT_DATA located in the USERFLAT directory. No file path is needed as the command syntax implies the directory where the file is located.

Example Using Format 2

```
:MEM:COPY "IO DATA@SNVWFM", "Test DATA@WFM1"
```

The preceding example copies a file named IQ_DATA located in the WAVEFORM directory to a file named Test_DATA in volatile waveform memory (BBG).

Example Using Format 3

```
:MEM:COPY "SNVWFM:IQ DATA", "WFM1:Test DATA"
```

The preceding example copies a file named IQ_DATA located in the WAVEFORM directory to a file named Test_DATA in volatile waveform memory (BBG).

Example Using Format 4

```
:MEM:COPY "/USER/WAVEFORM/IQ DATA", "/USER/BBG1/WAVEFORM/IQ DATA"
```

The preceding example copies a file named IQ_DATA located in the WAVEFORM directory to a file named IQ_DATA in volatile waveform memory (BBG).

The following examples show commands, with different formats, that can be used to download a waveform file named Test_Data into the signal generator's volatile waveform memory (BBG):

```
Command Syntax Format 3

:MEMory:DATA "WFM1:Test_Data", #ABC

Command Syntax Format 4

:MEMory:DATA "/USER/BBG1/WAVEFORM/Test Data", #ABC
```

These commands are equivalent. The data block, #ABC, is described as follows:

```
# This character indicates the beginning of the data block

A Number of digits in the byte count B
```

B Byte count in C

C Waveform data

Refer to ":DATA" on page 166 and the Programming Guide for more information on data blocks and downloading waveform data.

File Types and Directory Structure

The signal generator uses a computer directory model structure for file storage. The top level directory is called the USER directory. All other directories are subdirectories located under the USER directory. Each subdirectory is dedicated to the type of data stored. For example, the BIN directory is used to store binary data whereas the MARKERS directory is used to store marker data.

When the USB media is used, the files on the USB media are stored in a single directory (i.e. USER/). Each file has an extension (i.e. .waveform, .list, .markers, .state, etc.-). The SCPI commands use the paths shown in Table 1-4 on page 15 and the associated examples. But when viewed, the USB media, will not display these directories. Instead the file extensions will be displayed. For more information on the USB media capability refer to the *Programming Guide* and to the *Users Guide*.

The instrument's directory /USER/NONVOLATILE contains either the internal storage and USB media non-volatile files stored with the filename extensions: .waveform, .list, .markers, .state, etc.-. This directory is useful when ftp is used.

The following table lists signal generator the subdirectories and file paths where file types are stored.

Table 1-4 File Types and Directory Structures

File System	File Type	File Path	MSUS Path
BINARYa	BIN	/USER/BIN	BINARY:
HDR1 - volatile arbitrary waveform header file ^a	HDR1	/USER/BBG1/HEADER	HDR1:
LIST - sweep list file	LIST	/USER/LIST	LIST:
MKR1 - volatile arbitrary waveform marker file ^a	MKR1	/USER/BBG1/MARKERS	MKR1:
NVHDR - non-volatile arbitrary waveform header file ^a	NVHDR	/USER/HEADER	NVHDR:
NVMKR - non-volatile arbitrary waveform marker file ^a	NVMKR	/USER/MARKERS	NVMKR:
NVWFM - non-volatile arbitrary waveform file ^a	NVWFM	/USER/WAVEFORM	NVWFM:
SEQ - ARB sequence file ^a	SEQ	/USER/SEQ	SEQ:
STATE	STATE	/USER/STATE	STATE:
USERFLAT - user-flatness file	UFLT	/USER/USERFLAT	USERFLAT:
WFM1 - volatile waveform file ^a	WAVEFORM	/USER/BBG1/WAVEFORM	WFM1:

a. This feature does not apply to the N5181A/83A.

MSUS (Mass Storage Unit Specifier) Variable

The variable "<msus>" enables a command to be file type specific when working with user files. Some commands use it as the only command parameter, while others can use it in conjunction with a file name when a command is not file type specific. When used with a file name, it is similar to Format 2 in the File Name Variables section on page 13. The difference is the file type specifier (msus) occupies its own variable and is not part of the file name syntax.

The following examples illustrate the usage of the variable "<msus>" when it is the only command parameter:

```
Command Syntax with the msus variable

:MMEMory:CATalog? "<msus>"

Command Syntax with the file system

:MMEMory:CATalog? "LIST:"
```

The variable "<msus>" is replaced with "LIST:". When the command is executed, the output displays only the files from the List file system. The following examples illustrate the usage of the variable "<file name>" with the variable "<msus>":

 $Command\ Syntax\ with\ the\ file\ name\ and\ msus\ variables$

```
:MMEMory:DELete[:NAME] "<file name>",["<msus>"]
```

Command Syntax with the file name and file system

```
:MMEMory:DELete:NAME "LIST 1", "LIST:"
```

The command from the above example cannot discern which file system LIST_1 belongs to without a file system specifier and will not work without it. When the command is properly executed, LIST_1 is deleted from the List file system.

The following example shows the same command, but using Format 2 from the File Name Variables section on page 13:

```
:MMEMory:DELete:NAME "LIST 1@LIST"
```

When a file name is a parameter for a command that is not file system specific, either format ("<file name>","<msus>" or "<file name@msus>") will work.

Refer to Table 1-4 on page 15 for a listing of the file systems and types.

Quote Usage with SCPI Commands

As a general rule, programming languages require that SCPI commands be enclosed in double quotes as shown in the following example:

```
":FM:EXTernal:IMPedance 600"
```

However when a string is the parameter for a SCPI command, additional quotes or other delimiters may be required to identify the string. Your programming language may use two sets of doublequotes, one set of single quotes, or back slashes with quotes to signify the string parameter. The following examples illustrate these different formats:

```
"MEMory:LOAD:LIST ""myfile""" used in BASIC programming languages
```

```
"MEMory:LOAD:LIST \"myfile\"" used in C, C++, Java, and PERL
```

"MEMory:LOAD:LIST 'myfile'" accepted by most programming languages

Consult your programming language reference manual to determine the correct format.

Binary, Decimal, Hexadecimal, and Octal Formats

Command values may be entered using a binary, decimal, hexadecimal, or octal format. When the binary, hexadecimal, or octal format is used, their values must be preceded with the proper identifier. The decimal format (default format) requires no identifier and the signal generator assumes this format when a numeric value is entered without one. The following list shows the identifiers for the formats that require them:

- #B identifies the number as a binary numeric value (base-2).
- #H identifies the number as a hexadecimal alphanumeric value (base-16).

• #Q identifies the number as a octal alphanumeric value (base-8).

The following are examples of SCPI command values and identifiers for the decimal value 45:

#B101101 binary equivalent

#H2D hexadecimal equivalent

#Q55 octal equivalent

The following example sets the RF output power to 10 dBm (or the equivalent value for the currently selected power unit, such as DBUV or DBUVEMF) using the hexadecimal value 000A:

:POW #H000A

A unit of measure, such as \mathtt{dBm} or \mathtt{mV} , will not work with the values when using a format other than decimal.

SCPI Basics SCPI Basics

2 Basic Function Commands

This chapter provides SCPI descriptions for subsystems dedicated to signal generator operations common to most Agilent MXG Signal Generators.

NOTE

The internal baseband generator speed upgrade Options 670, 671, and 672 are option upgrades that *require* Option 651 and 652 to have been loaded at the factory (refer to the *Data Sheet* for more information). Any references to 651, 652, or 654 are inclusive of 671, 672, and 674.

This chapter contains the following major sections:

- Correction Subsystem ([:SOURce]:CORRection) on page 19
- Digital Modulation Subsystem-N5162A/82A ([:SOURce]) on page 25
- Frequency Subsystem ([:SOURce]) on page 33
- List/Sweep Subsystem ([:SOURce]) on page 42
- Marker Subsystem-(N5183A Only)([:SOURce]) on page 52
- Power Subsystem ([:SOURce]:POWer) on page 55

Correction Subsystem ([:SOURce]:CORRection)

:FLATness:FREQuency

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:FREQuency? <point>

This command returns the frequency value of the <point> queried.

You can load only one user flatness file at a time.

 Range
 2 to 1601

 Key Entry
 # Points

:FLATness:INITialize:FSTep

Supported All Models

CAUTION

The current flatness data will be overwritten once this command is executed. If needed, save the current data. Refer to :FLATness:STORe command for storing user flatness files.

[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:INITialize:FSTep

This command replaces the loaded user flatness data with the settings from the current step array data points.

You can load only one user flatness file at a time.

The maximum number of user flatness points is 1,601. When copying the step array settings over to a user flatness file, ensure that the number of points in the step array do not exceed the maximum user flatness points.

Key Entry Load Cal Array From Step Array

:FLATness:LOAD

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:LOAD "<file name>"

This command loads a user-flatness correction file. The "<file name>" variable is the name of the file located in the Catalog of USERFLAT Files. The directory path is implied in the command and need not be specified in the variable name. For more information on file name syntax, refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13.

Key Entry Load From Selected File

:FLATness:PAIR

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PAIR <freq.>[<freq suffix>],
<corr.>[<corr suffix>]
```

This command sets a frequency and amplitude correction pair. The maximum number of points that can be entered is 1601.

<corr.> This variable is the power correction.

Range Frequency range varies and is model dependent. Please refer to the instrument's

Data Sheet.

Key Entry Configure Cal Array

:FLATness:POINts

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:POINts?

This query returns the number of points in the user-flatness correction file.

:FLATness:PRESet

Supported All Models

CAUTION

The current correction data will be overwritten once this command is executed. Save the current data if needed. Refer to :FLATness:STORe command for storing user-flatness files.

[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PRESet

This command presets the user-flatness correction to a factory-defined setting that consists of one point.

Key Entry Preset List

:FLATness:STEP:POINts

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STEP:POINts <points> |MAXimum|MINimum|DEFault| [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STEP:POINts?[MAXimum|MINimum]

This command is used to define the number of points in the user flatness calibration step array.

See also, :FLATness:STEP:STARt and :FLATness:STEP:STOP commands.

Key Entry # Points 2

:FLATness:STEP:STARt

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STEP:STARt <freq><unit> |MAXimum|MINimum|DEFault| [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STEP:STARt? [MAXimum|MINimum]

This command sets the start frequency for the user flatness calibration step array. See also, :FLATness:STEP:POINts and :FLATness:STEP:STOP commands.

*RST The preset value is model/option dependent. Please refer to the *Data Sheet*.

Range The range is model/option dependent. Please refer to the *Data Sheet*.

Key Entry Freq Start

:FLATness:STEP:STOP

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STEP:STOP <freq><unit> |MAXimum|MINimum|DEFault| [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STEP:STOP? [MAXimum|MINimum]

This command sets the stop frequency for the user flatness calibration step array. See also, :FLATness;STEP;POINts and :FLATness;STEP;STARt commands.

*RST The preset value is model/option dependent. Please refer to the *Data Sheet*.

Range The range is model/option dependent. Please refer to the Data Sheet.

Key Entry Freq Stop

:FLATness:STORe

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STORe "<file name>"
```

This command stores the current user-flatness correction data to a file named by the:FLATness:STORe command.:CORRection:FLATness:STORe command. The directory path is implied in the command and need not be specified in the "<file name>" variable.

Key Entry Store To File

Remarks For information on file name syntax, refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13.

:PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:DEVice

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:CORRection:PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:DEVice <deviceName>
```

[:SOURce]:CORRection:PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:DEVice?

This command enters a VXI-11 name for a power meter that is being controlled by the signal generator for user flatness calibration. If connecting directly to the power meter enter the name as specified on your power meter documentation. If connecting via a LAN-GPIB gateway, enter the SICL address of the power meter.

Key Entry PM VXI-11 Device Name

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:IP

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:CORRection:PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:IP <ipAddress>
```

```
[:SOURce]:CORRection:PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:IP?
```

This command sets the internet protocol (IP) address for a power meter that is controlled by the signal generator for user flatness calibration. It connecting to a GPIB power meter via a LAN-GPIB gateway, this command sets the IP address of the gateway.

Key Entry Meter IP Address

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

Ensure that the power meter IP address is different from the signal generator

address.

:PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:PORT

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:CORRection:PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:PORT <portNumber>

[:SOURce]:CORRection:PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:PORT?

This command sets the IP port on the power meter that is controlled by the signal generator for users flatness calibration.

Key Entry Power Meter IP Port

Standard mode. The command enables standard mode for simple programming.

Telnet mode. The command enables the telnet SCPI service for programming.

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

For more information on standard mode and telnet SCPI mode, refer to the

Programming Guide.

:PMETer:COMMunicate:TYPE

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:CORRection:PMETer:COMMunicate:TYPE SOCKETS|VXI11|USB

[:SOURce]:CORRection:PMETer:COMMunicate:TYPE?

This command sets the type of control connection for communication with the external power meter for user flatness calibration.

Key Entry	Connection Type
SOCKETS	The command enables the power meter for sockets LAN control via the signal generator.
VXI11	The command enables the power meter for VXI-11 control via the signal generator. A power meter with GPIB can be controlled via VXI-11 using a LAN-GPIB gateway.
USB	The command enables the power meter for USB control via the signal generator.
Remarks	The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or $*RST$.

Basic Function Commands Correction Subsystem ([:SOURce]:CORRection)

[:STATe]

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe] ON OFF | 1 | 0

[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe]?

This command enables or disables the user-flatness corrections.

*RST

Key Entry Flatness Off On

Digital Modulation Subsystem—N5162A/82A ([:SOURce])

:BURSt:STATe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:BURSt:STATe ON|OFF|1|0 [:SOURce]:BURSt:STATe?

This command enables or disables the burst envelope function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Burst Envelope Off On

:DM:CORRection:OPTimization

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:DM:CORRection:OPTimization RFOut | EXTernal [:SOURce]:DM:CORRection:OPTimization?

This command enables the internal optimized path to accommodate I/Q signals.

EXT This choice applies correction terms, to provide a calibrated signal at the IQ

output. When the I/Q Output is selected, the RF signals at the RF Output are

uncalibrated.

RFO This choice applies correction terms, to provide a calibrated signal at the RF

output. When the RF Output is selected, the I/Q signals at the I/Q Output are

uncalibrated.

*RST RFO

Key Entry I/O Correction Optimized Path

:EXTernal:POLarity

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal|INVert|INVerted
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:POLarity?
```

This command, for backward compatibility with older ESG E44xxB models, selects normal or inverted I/Q signal routing. In inverted mode, the Q input is routed to the I modulator and the I input is routed to the Q modulator.

Example

:DM:EXT:POL INV

The preceding example inverts I and Q signal routing.

*RST NORM

Key Entry Int Phase Polarity Normal Invert

:DM:IQADjustment:DELay

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:DELay <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:DELay?
```

This command enables you to change the absolute phase of both I and Q with respect to triggers and markers. A positive value delays I and Q. This value affects both the external I/Q out signals and the baseband signal modulated on the RF output. This adjustment cannot be used with constant envelope and does not affect external I/Q inputs.

The variable <value> is expressed in seconds.

*RST +0.00000000E+000 Range -400 ns to 400 ns

Key Entry I/Q Delay

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:CMRange

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:CMRange COARse|FINE
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:CMRange?
```

This command sets the common mode offset range voltage (COARse or FINE) for both the in-phase (I) and quadrature-phase (Q) signals going out of the rear panel I and Q output connectors.

The common mode offset range is expressed in units of volts (mV-V). The COARse range corresponds to a pre-existing adjustment range of -+2.5V. When the FINE range is enabled, the common mode offset is limited to -+100 mV.

*RST COAR

Range -2.5 to 2.5V (Coarse), -100 to 100 mV (Fine)

Key Entry Common Mode I/Q Offset Range

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:COFFset

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:COFFset <value>
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:COFFset?
```

This command sets the common mode offset voltage for both the in-phase (I) and quadrature-phase (Q) signals going to the rear panel I and Q output connectors.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of volts (mV-V).

*RST +0.0000000E+000

Range -2.5 to 2.5V

Key Entry Common Mode I/Q Offset

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DIOFfset

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DIOFfset <value>
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DIOFfset?
```

This command sets the differential offset voltage for an in-phase (I) signal routed to the I output connectors.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of volts (mV-V).

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Range -25mV to 25mV

Key Entry Diff. Mode | Offset

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DQOFfset

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DQOFfset <value>
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DQOFfset?
```

This command sets the differential offset voltage for a quadrature-phase (Q) signal routed to the Q output connectors.

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Range -25mV to 25mV

Key Entry Diff. Mode Q Offset

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IOFFset

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IOFFset <value>
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IOFFset?
```

This command sets the offset voltage for a signal applied to the 600 ohm I input connector.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of volts (mV-V).

*RST +0.0000000E+000

Key Entry External Input I Offset

Range -100 mV to 100 mV

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:Q0FFset

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:QOFFset <value>
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:QOFFset?
```

This command sets the offset voltage for a signal applied to the 600 ohm Q input connector.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of volts (mV-V).

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Range -100 mV to 100 mV

Key Entry External Input 0 Offset

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:QSKew

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:QSKew <value>
[:SOURce]:DM:IOADjustment:EXTernal:OSKew?
```

CAUTION This Q phase angle adjustment is uncalibrated.

This command adjusts the phase angle (quadrature skew) between the I and Q vectors by increasing or decreasing the Q phase angle. This command adjusts the signals externally input to the signal generator's front panel Q input connector. For more information on this connector, refer to the User's Guide.

The <value> variable is expressed in degrees with a minimum resolution of 0.1.

If the signal generator is operating at frequencies greater than 3.3 GHz, quadrature skew settings greater than ± 5 degrees will not be within specifications.

Positive skew increases the angle from 90 degrees while negative skew decreases the angle from 90 degrees. When the quadrature skew is zero, the phase angle between the I and Q vectors is 90 degrees.

This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

Example

```
:DM:IOAD:EXT:OSK 4.5
```

The preceding example increases the phase angle by 4.5 degrees.

*RST +0.00000000E+000 Range -200 to +200

Key Entry Quadrature Angle Adjustment

:DM:IQADjustment:GAIN

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:GAIN <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:GAIN?

This command adjusts the ratio of I to Q while preserving the composite, vector magnitude. Adding gain (+x dB) to the signal increases the I component and decreases the Q component proportionally. Reducing gain (-x dB) decreases the I component and increases the Q component proportionally.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

*RST +0.0000000E+000

Range -1 to 1

Key Entry I/O Gain Balance

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:IOFFset

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:IOFFset <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:IOFFset?

This command adjusts the I channel offset value.

When using this command to minimize the LO feedthrough signal, optimum performance is achieved when the command is sent after all other I/Q path commands are executed, such as those that change the internal phase polarity or adjust the modulator attenuator. If other adjustments are made after minimizing is performed, the LO feedthrough signal may increase.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of percent with a minimum resolution of 0.025.

*RST +0.00000000E+000 Range -20.000 to 20.000

Key Entry | Offset

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:QOFFset

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QOFFset
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QOFFset?

This command adjusts the Q channel offset value.

When using this command to minimize the LO feedthrough signal, optimum performance is achieved when the command is sent after all other I/Q path commands are executed, such as those that change the internal phase polarity or adjust the modulator attenuator. If other adjustments are made after minimizing is performed, the LO feedthrough signal may increase.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of percent with a minimum resolution of 0.025.

*RST +0.00000000E+000 Range -20.000 to 20.000

Key Entry 0 Offset

Remarks This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to

ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

:DM:IQADjustment:QSKew

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QSKew <value>
[:SOURce]:DM:IOADjustment:OSKew?
```

This command adjusts the phase angle (quadrature skew) between the I and Q vectors by increasing or decreasing the Q phase angle.

The <value> variable is expressed in degrees with a minimum resolution of 0.1.

If the signal generator is operating at frequencies greater than 3.3 GHz, quadrature skew settings greater than ±5 degrees will not be within specifications.

Positive skew increases the angle from 90 degrees while negative skew decreases the angle from 90 degrees. When the quadrature skew is zero, the phase angle between the I and Q vectors is 90 degrees.

This command is effective only if the state of the I/Q adjustment function is set to ON. Refer to :DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] command.

Example

```
:DM:IOAD:OSK 4.5
```

The preceding example increases the phase angle by 4.5 degrees.

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Range -1E1 to +1E1

Key Entry Quadrature Angle Adjustment

:DM:IQADjustment:SKEW

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:SKEW <value>
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:SKEW?
```

This command changes the I/Q skew which is a time delay difference between the I and Q signals. Equal and opposite skew is applied to both I and Q and affects the RF Output and I/Q output paths simultaneously. A positive value delays the I signal relative to the Q signal, and a negative value delays the Q signal relative to the I signal.

Example

```
:DM:IOAD:SKEW 5E-9
```

The preceding example sets the time delay difference between the I and Q signals to 5 nanoseconds.

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Range -800ns to +800ns

Key Entry I/O Skew

:DM:IQADjustment[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURCe]:DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURCe]:DM:IQADjustment[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the I/Q adjustments.

Example

```
:DM:IQAD 1
```

The preceding example enables I/Q adjustments.

*RST (

Key Entry I/Q Adjustments Off On

:DM:POLarity[:ALL]

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:DM:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal|INVert
[:SOURce]:DM:POLarity?
```

This command sets the digital phase polarity.

This softkey is found under the I/Q menu.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity for the I and Q signals.

INVert This choice inverts the Q channel signal.

*RST NORM

Key Entry Int Phase Polarity Normal Invert

:DM:SOURce

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:DM:SOURce EXTernal | INTernal | SUM

[:SOURce]:DM:SOURce?

This command selects the I/Q modulator source.

This softkey is found under the I/Q menu.

EXTernal This choice selects a 50 ohm impedance for the I and Q input connectors and

routes the applied signals to the I/Q modulator.

INTernal This choice selects the internal baseband generator as the source for the I/Q

modulator and requires Option 651, 652, or 654.

Sum This choice selects the internal baseband generator and combines that signal with

an external source and routes the applied signals to the I/Q modulator and

requires Option 651, 652, or 654.

*RST INT

Key Entry External Internal Sum

:DM:STATe

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:DM:STATe ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:DM:STATe?

This command enables or disables the I/Q modulator.

The I/Q modulator is enabled whenever a digital format is turned on.

The I/Q annunciator will be shown on the signal generator display whenever the I/Q modulator is on.

ON (1) This choice enables the internal I/Q modulator.

OFF (0) This choice disables the internal I/Q modulator. You can turn off the I/Q with this

choice even though a digital format is enabled. With this configuration, the RF output signal will not be modulated, but the I/Q signals may be present at the

rear panel I and Q outputs depending on the rear panel output selection.

***RST** 0

Key Entry I/Q Off On

Frequency Subsystem ([:SOURce])

:FREQuency:CENTer

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]: FREQuency: CENTer < num>[<freq_suffix>] \ | \ UP \ | \ DOWN
```

[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer? [MAXimum|MINimum]

This command sets the center frequency for a step sweep. The center frequency symmetrically divides the selected frequency span and is coupled to the start and stop frequency settings. The frequency range and reset values are dependent on the signal generator model and option number.

The query returns the start and stop frequencies if the optional MAXimum or MINimum are used.

*RST The preset value is model/option dependent. Please refer to the *Data Sheet*.

Range The range is model/option dependent. Please refer to the *Data Sheet*.

Example

:FREQ:CENT .5 GHz

The preceding example sets the center frequency for a sweep to .5 GHz.

Key Entry Freq Center

:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND

Supported All Models

[:SOURCe]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND NBASe|NMOBile|BPGSm|MPGSm|BEGSm|MEGSm|BEGSm|BEGSm|MEGSm|BBGSm|BDCS|MDCS|BPCS|MPCS|B450|GM450|B480|B850BDCS|M480|B850|M850|B8|M8|B15|M15|B390|B420|B460|B915|M380|M410|M450|M870|PHS|DECT[:SOURCe]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND?

This command sets the frequency of the signal generator by specifying a frequency channel band. The frequency channel state must be enabled for this command to work. See also :FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe] command.

Table 2-1 Frequency Channel Bands

SCPI Parameter	Frequency Channel Band Selected	Standard
NBASe	Standard Base	NADC
NMOBile	Standard Mobile	NADC
BPGSm	P-Gsm 900 Base	GSM
MPGSm	P-Gsm 900 Mobile	GSM
BEGSm	E-Gsm 900 Base	GSM
MEGSm	E-Gsm 900 Mobile	GSM
BRGSm	R-Gsm 900 Base	GSM
MRGSm	R-Gsm 900 Mobile	GSM
BDCS	DCS 1800 Base	GSM
MDCS	DCS 1800 Mobile	GSM

Table 2-1 Frequency Channel Bands

SCPI Parameter	Frequency Channel Band Selected	Standard
BPCS	PCS 1900 Base	GSM
MPCS	PCS 1900 Mobile	GSM
B450	Gsm 450 Base	GSM
GM450	Gsm 450 Mobile	GSM
B480	Gsm 480 Base	GSM
M480	Gsm 480 Mobile	GSM
B850	Gsm 850 Base	GSM
M850	Gsm 850 Mobile	GSM
B8	800MHz Base	PDC
M8	800MHz Mobile	PDC
B15	1500MHz Base	PDC
M15	1500MHz Mobile	PDC
B390	Base 390-400	TETRA
B420	Base 420-430	TETRA
B460	Base 460-470	TETRA
B915	Base 915-921	TETRA
M380	Mobile 380-390	TETRA
M410	Mobile 410-420	TETRA
M450	Mobile 450-460	TETRA
M870	Mobile 870-876	TETRA
PHS	Standard PHS	PHS
DECT	Standard DECT	DECT

Example

:FREQ:CHAN:BAND DECT

The preceding example sets the frequency band to standard DECT.

*RST	BPGS			
Key Entry	P-GSM Base PCS Base	E-GSM Base GSM 450 Base	R-GSM Base GSM 480 Base	DCS Base GSM 850 Base
	NADC Base	800MHz Base	1500MHz Base	Dase
	Tetra Base 390/400	Tetra Base 420/430	Tetra Base 460/470	
	Tetra Base 915/921	PHS Standard	DECT Standard	
	P-GSM Mobile	E-GSM Mobile	R-GSM Mobile	DCS Mobile
	PCS Mobile	GSM 450 Mobile	GSM 480 Mobile	GSM 850 Mobile
	NADC Mobile	800MHz Mobile	1500MHz Mobile	
	Tetra Mobile 380/390	Tetra Mobile 410/420	Tetra Mobile 450/4	60
	Tetra Mobile 870/876			

:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer <number>

[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer?

This command sets the frequency of the signal generator by specifying a channel number of a given frequency band.

The channel band and channel state must be enabled for this command to work. Refer to :FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe] command.

Example

:FREQ:CHAN:NUMB 24

The preceding example sets the channel number to 24 for the current band.

***RST** +1

Range P-GSM Base/Mobile: 1–24

TETRA 380/390 Mobile:

E-GSM and R-GSM Base/Mobile: 1 - 1023DCS Base/Mobile: 512 - 885PCS Base/Mobile: 512 - 900259-293 GSM-450 Base/Mobile: GSM-480 Base/Mobile: 306-340 GSM-850 Base/Mobile: 128 - 251NADC Base/Mobile: 1 - 10230 - 640800MHz Base/Mobile: 0 - 9601500MHz Base/Mobile:

TETRA 390/4000 Base: 3600–4000
TETRA 410/420 Mobile: 800–1200
TETRA 420/430 Base: 800–1200
TETRA 460/470: 2400 through 2800 2400–2800
TETRA 870/876 Mobile: 600–640
TETRA 915/921 Base: 600–940

3600-4000

PHS Standard: 1-255
DECT Standard: 0-9

nor stantara.

Key Entry Channel Number

:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe]

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the frequency channel and band selection. The signal generator frequency will be set to the channel frequency when the state is on. To set frequency channel bands refer to :FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND command.

Example

```
:FREO:CHAN ON
```

The preceding example turns on the frequency channel.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Freq Channels Off On

:FREQuency[:CW]

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]?
```

This command sets the signal generator output frequency.

*RST The preset value is model/option dependent. Please refer to the *Data Sheet*.

Range The range is model/option dependent. Please refer to the Data Sheet.

Remarks A frequency change may affect the current output power. Refer to

[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] command for the correct specified frequency and

amplitude settings. To set the frequency mode refer to :FREQuency:MODE

command.

:FREQuency:MODE

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURCe]:FREQuency:MODE CW|FIXed|LIST [:SOURCe]:FREQuency:MODE?
```

This command sets the frequency mode of the signal generator to CW or swept.

CW and FIXed These choices are synonymous with one another and stops a frequency sweep,

allowing the Agilent MXG to operate at a set frequency. Refer to :FREQuency[:CW] command for setting the frequency in the CW mode and to :FREQuency[:CW]

command for setting the frequency in the FIXed mode.

LIST This choice selects the swept frequency mode. If sweep triggering is set to

immediate along with continuous sweep mode, executing the command starts the

LIST or STEP frequency sweep.

NOTE To perform a frequency and amplitude sweep, you must also select LIST as the power mode. See :MODE command for selecting the list mode for an amplitude sweep.

*RST CW

Key Entry Freq Freq Off

:FREQuency:MULTiplier

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier <value>
```

[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier?

This command sets the multiplier for the signal generator carrier frequency. This displayed frequency equals the actual frequency times the multiplier.

*RST +1.00000000E+000

Key Entry Freq Multiplier

Remarks For any multiplier other than one, the MULT indicator is shown in the frequency

area of the display.

:FREQuency:OFFSet

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet <value><unit>
```

[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet?

This command sets the frequency offset.

The query of this command returns a value equal to the original output frequency times the multiplier value, plus the frequency offset value. This displayed frequency equals the actual frequency times the multiplier.

When an offset has been entered, the OFFS indicator is turned on in the frequency area of the display.

The frequency offset state is turned on when any non-zero value is entered; entering zero will turn it off. Refer to :FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe command for setting the offset state independent of entering offset values.

*RST +0.000000000000E+00
Range -200GHz to 200GHz

Key Entry Freq Offset

:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe?

This command enables or disables the offset frequency.

*RST 0

Key Entry Freq Offset

Remarks Entering OFF (0) will set the frequency offset to 0 Hz.

:FREQuency:REFerence

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence?

This command sets the output reference frequency.

*RST +0.00000000000E+00

Range The range is model/option dependent. Please refer to the Data Sheet.

Key Entry Freq Ref Set

:FREQuency:REFerence:SET

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:Set

This command sets the current CW output frequency, along with any offset, as a 0 hertz reference value.

***RST** +0.00000000000E+00

Key Entry Freq Ref Set

:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe

Supported All Models

[:SOURCe]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURCe]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe?

This command enables or disables the frequency reference mode.

When the frequency reference mode is on, subsequent frequency parameters are set relative to the reference value.

*RST

Key Entry Freq Ref Off On

:FREQuency:SPAN

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN <num>[<freq_suffix>] | UP | DOWN
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN? [MAXimum | MINimum]
```

This command sets the length of the frequency range for a step sweep. Span setting is symmetrically divided by the selected center frequency and is coupled to the start and stop frequency settings. The span range is dependent on the signal generator model and option number.

Example

```
:FREQ:SPAN 100MHz
```

The preceding example sets the frequency span to 100 megahertz.

*RST +0.00000000000E+00

Key Entry Freq Span

:FREQuency:STARt

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt?
```

This command sets the first frequency point in a step sweep.

*RST The preset value is model/option dependent. Please refer to the Data Sheet.

Range The range is model/option dependent. Please refer to the Data Sheet.

Key Entry Freq Start

:FREQuency:STOP

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP?
```

This command sets the last frequency point in a step sweep.

*RST The preset value is model/option dependent. Please refer to the *Data Sheet*.

Range The range is model/option dependent. Please refer to the *Data Sheet*.

Key Entry Freq Stop

:FREQuency[:CW]

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]?
```

This command sets the signal generator output frequency for the CW frequency mode.

Basic Function Commands Frequency Subsystem ([:SOURce])

*RST The preset value is model/option dependent. Please refer to the Data Sheet.

Range The range is model/option dependent. Please refer to the Data Sheet.

Key Entry Freq

Remarks To set the frequency mode to CW, refer to :FREQuency:MODE command.

:PHASe:REFerence

Supported All Models [:SOURce]:PHASe:REFerence

This command sets the current output phase as a zero reference.

Subsequent phase adjustments are set relative to the new reference.

Key Entry Phase Ref Set

:PHASe[:ADJust]

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust] <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust]?
```

This command adjusts the phase of the modulating signal.

The query will only return values in radians.

***RST** +0.0000000E+000

Range Radians: -3.14 to 3.14RAD Degrees: -180 to 179DEG

Key Entry Adjust Phase

:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:EXTernal

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:EXTernal
```

```
<value>[<units>] |NARRow|WIDE|MINimum|MAXimum|DEFault
```

[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:EXTernal? |MINimum|MAXimum|

This command selects the external frequency bandwidth as the source for the measurement.

For values greater than 9.5 Hz, 73 Hz is used.

*RST +9.50000000E+000

Range .5 or 73 Hz

Key Entry Ref Oscillator Ext Bandwidth

:ROSCillator:FREQuency:EXTernal

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:FREQuency:EXTernal <value>
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:FREQuency:EXTernal?

This command makes External Ref Frequency the active function. The value that you enter sets the frequency of the external reference oscillator.

*RST +1.00000000000E+07 Hz

Range +1.000000000000E+06 to +5.00000000000E+07 Hz

Key Entry Ref Oscillator Ext Freq

Remarks If the entered frequency does not match the frequency of the entered reference,

an unlocked condition will occur and an error message will appear.

:ROSCillator:SOURce

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce?

This command queries the current reference oscillator source: INT (internal) or EXT (external).

:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO?

This command enables or disables the ability of the signal generator to automatically select between the internal and an external reference oscillator.

ON (1) This choice enables the signal generator to detect when a valid reference signal is

present at the 10 MHz IN connector and automatically switches from internal to

external frequency reference.

OFF (0) This choice selects the internal reference oscillator and disables the switching

capability between the internal and an external frequency reference.

***RST** 1

Key Entry Ref Oscillator Source Auto Off On

List/Sweep Subsystem ([:SOURce])

A complete sweep setup requires commands from other subsystems. Table 2-2 shows the function and location of these other commands.

Table 2-2 Location of Commands from the other Subsystems

Sweep Type	Function	Command Location	Key Entry under Sweep/List key
List and Step	Configuring frequency sweep	page 36	Freq Off On
	Configuring amplitude sweep	page 62	Amptd Off On
	Configuring frequency and amplitude sweep ^a	page 36	Freq & Amptd Off On
	Enables or Disables the waveform sweep	page 62 page 289	Waveform Off On
	Set up and control sweep triggering ^b	page 213	See the "Trigger Subsystem"
List	Load a list sweep file	page 174	Load From Selected File
	Store list sweep data to a file	page 171	Store To File
	Selects the waveform for the current waveform sequence	page 36 page 43 page 49	no softkey
List Sweep Options Flags	This command enables specific options during a list sweep.	page 45	no softkey. Refer to Table 2-3 on page 46
Step	Start frequency sweep	page 39	Freq Start
	Store list sweep data to a file	page 171	Store To File
	Start amplitude sweep	page 65	Amptd Start
	Stop amplitude sweep	page 65	Amptd Stop

a. Execute both commands to start or stop a frequency and amplitude sweep.

b. For point to point triggering, see ":LIST:TRIGger:SOURce" on page 47.

:LIST:CPOINt?

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:CPOint?

This query returns the current sweep point.

:LIST:DIRection

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection UP DOWN

[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection?

This command sets the direction of a list or step sweep.

UP This choice enables a sweep in an ascending order:

· first to last point for a list sweep

· start to stop for a step sweep

DOWN This choice reverses the direction of the sweep.

*RST UP

Key Entry Sweep Direction Down Up

:LIST:DWELI

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl <value>{,<value>}
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl?
```

This command sets the dwell time for the current list sweep points.

Dwell time is used when IMMediate is the trigger source. Refer to :LIST:TRIGger:SOURce command for the trigger setting.

The dwell time is the amount of time the sweep is guaranteed to pause after setting the frequency and/or power for the current point.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST. The variable <value> is expressed in units of seconds with a 0.000001 (μ S).

NOTE The dwell time (<value>) does not begin until the signal generator has settled for the current frequency and/or amplitude change.

Range 100E-6

:LIST:DWELI:POINts

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:POINts?

This command queries the signal generator for the number of dwell points in the current list sweep file.

:LIST:DWELI:TYPE

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:TYPE LIST|STEP

[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:TYPE?

This command toggles the dwell time for the list sweep points between the values defined in the list sweep and the value for the step sweep.

LIST This choice selects the dwell times from the list sweep. Refer to :LIST:DWELl

command for setting the list dwell points.

STEP This choice selects the dwell time from the step sweep. Refer to :SWEep:DWELl

command for setting the step dwell.

*RST LIST

Key Entry Dwell Type List Step

:LIST:FREQuency

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency <value>{,<value>}

[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency?

This command sets the frequency values for the current list sweep points.

The maximum number of list sweep points is 1,601.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of Hertz.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

Range The range is model/option dependent. Please refer to the *Data Sheet*.

:LIST:FREQuency:POINts

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency:POINts?

This command queries the current list sweep file for the number of frequency points.

:LIST:MANual

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual <value>|UP|DOWN

[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual?

This command sets a list or step sweep point as the current sweep point controlling the frequency and power output.

If list or step mode is controlling frequency or power, or both, then the indexed point in the respective list(s) will be used.

Entering a value with this command will have no effect, unless MANual is the selected mode. Refer to :LIST:MODE command for setting the proper mode.

If the point selected is beyond the length of the longest enabled list, then the point will be set to the maximum possible point, and an error will be generated.

Range List Sweep: 1–1601 Step Sweep: 2-65535

Key Entry Manual Point

:LIST:MODE

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE AUTO | MANual

[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE?

This command sets the operating mode for the current list or step sweep.

AUTO This choice enables the selected sweep type to perform a sweep of all points.

MANual This choice enables you to select a single sweep point. The selected point controls

the frequency and/or amplitude according to the sweep type. Refer to

:LIST:MANual command for selecting a sweep point.

*RST AUTO

Key Entry Manual Mode Off On

:LIST:OPTions

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:OPTions <val>{, <val>}

[:SOURce]:LIST:OPTions?

[:SOURce]:LIST:OPTions:POINts?

This command enables specific options during a list sweep. The command adds the capability to suppress FM, ϕ M, and AM on any list sweep point. Additionally, frequency, power, and or a waveform transition can be suppressed resulting in no synthesizer, no output, or no waveform playing interruption during a transition.

This is a SCPI command only feature. There is no signal generator user interface displayed indication that these option flags are in use. The option flag list is preset to empty when list sweep is preset with the defaults. Otherwise, the option flag changes are persistent.

See also ":LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:PRESet" on page 49.

Table 2-3 List Sweep Options Flag.

Bit #	Bit Value	Option if set
0	1	Suppress Frequency Change
1	2	Suppress Power Change
2	4	Suppress Waveform Change
3	8	Suppress FM and \$\phi M\$
4	16	Suppress AM

NOTE The table represents the value of a bit flag.

If a bit is not set, then the option is ignored (not applied).

If FM, \$\phi M\$ is not turned on, the FM, \$\phi M\$ suppression does nothing.

The FM, ϕ M should be typically as in CW mode.

The AM suppressing is accomplished by grounding the input to the AM modulator, no other reconfiguration of HW is performed.

The AM should be set up in CW mode.

Example:

FM:DEV 1E6

FM:STAT ON

LIST:FREQ 1E9,2E9,3E9,4E9

LIST:OPT 8,0,8,0

The preceding example sets up FM then a frequency list of 1,2,3,4 GHz and suppresses FM and ϕ M on every other list sweep point (points 1 and 3 will have FM suppressed, points 2 & 4 will have FM enabled).

:LIST:POWer

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer <value>{, <value>}

[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer?

This command sets the amplitude for the current list sweep points.

The maximum number of list sweep points is 1,601.

Range See also[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] command for output power ranges.

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:LIST:POWer:POINts

Supported All Models
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer:POINts?

This command queries the number of power points in the current list sweep file.

:LIST:RETRace

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace ON|OFF|1|0 [:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace?

This command configures the sweep to retrace to the first sweep point, or stop at the last sweep point upon completion of each sweep.

On (1) The sweep retraces to the first sweep point.

Off (0) The sweep stays at the last sweep point of the completed sweep and stays there

until sweep is initiated and triggered again. When sweep is initiated and triggered

again the sweep point moves to the first point of the sweep.

***RST** 1

Key Entry Sweep Retrace Off On

:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce BUS|IMMediate|EXTernal|KEY|TIMer|MANual [:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce?
```

This command sets the point trigger source for a list or step sweep event.

To set the sweep trigger, see :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce command.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the *TRG or GET command, or

LAN and USB triggering using the *TRG command.

IMMediate This choice enables immediate triggering of the sweep event.

EXTernal This choice enables the triggering of a sweep event by an externally applied signal

at the TRIGGER IN connector.

Trigger KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front-panel **Trigger** hardkey.

TIMer This choice enables the trigger timer.

Example

:LIST:TRIG:SOUR BUS

The preceding example sets the trigger source to the instrument BUS.

*RST IMM

Key Entry Bus Free Run Ext Trigger Key Timer Trigger

:LIST:TYPE

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE LIST|STEP

[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE?

This command toggles between the two types of sweep.

LIST This type of sweep has arbitrary frequencies and amplitudes.

STEP This type of sweep has equally spaced frequencies and amplitudes.

*RST STEP

Key Entry Sweep Type List Step

:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:FSTep

Supported All Models

CAUTION The current list sweep data will be overwritten once this command is executed. If needed, save the current data. Refer to :STORe:LIST command for storing list sweep files.

[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:FSTep

This command replaces the loaded list sweep data with the settings from the current step sweep data points.

You can load only one sweep list at a time.

The maximum number of list sweep points is 1,601. When copying the step sweep settings over to a list sweep, ensure that the number of points in the step sweep do not exceed the maximum list sweep points.

Key Entry Load List From Step Sweep

:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:PRESet

Supported

All Models

CAUTION

The current list sweep data will be overwritten once this command is executed. If needed, save the current data. Refer to :STORe:LIST command for storing list sweep files.

```
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:PRESet
```

This command replaces the current list sweep data with a factory-defined file consisting of one point at a frequency, amplitude, and dwell time.

Key Entry

Preset List

:LIST:WAVeform

Supported

N5162A/82A

CAUTION

The current list sweep data will be overwritten once this command is executed. If needed, save the current data. Refer to :STORe:LIST command for storing list sweep files.

```
[:SOURce]:LIST:WAVeform <name>{, <name>}
```

[:SOURce]:LISt:WAVeform?

This command sets the waveform values for the current list waveform sequence.

NOTE

Except for the sample clock rate, unspecified fields in the header result in the *default* settings of the dual arb's settings being used (i.e. *not the current arb's settings*). The sample clock rate must be specified for the file header of the waveform file being played. If the sample clock rate is unspecified in the file header, the instrument generates a header error.

Example

```
:LIST:WAV "WFM1:RAMP TEST WFM", "WFM1:SINE TEST WFM"
```

The preceding example loads the waveforms RAMP_TEST_WFM and SINE_TEST_WFM into the waveform section of the List Table.

Remarks

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

:LIST:WAVeform:POINts

Supported

N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:LIST:WAVeform:POINts?

This query returns the number of waveform points in the current list sweep file.

:SWEep:CPOINt?

Supported All Models [:SOURce]:SWEep:CPOINt?

This query returns the current sweep point in any mode.

:SWEep:DWELI

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWELl <value>
[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWELl?

This command enables you to set the dwell time for a step sweep.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of seconds with a 0.001 resolution.

The dwell time is the amount of time the sweep is guaranteed to pause after setting the frequency and/or power for the current point.

NOTE The dwell time (<value>) does not begin until the signal generator has settled for the current frequency and/or amplitude change.

***RST** +2.0000000E-003

Range 0.0001-100
Key Entry Step Dwell

Remarks Dwell time is used when the trigger source is set to IMMediate. Refer to

:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce command for the trigger setting.

:SWEep:GENeration

Supported N5183A

[:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration STEPped

[:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration?

This command sets the sweep type to stepped.

STEPped This choice selects a step sweep.

Example

:SWE:GEN STEP

The preceding example selects a step sweep.

*RST STEP

Key Entry Sweep Type

:SWEep:POINts

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts <value>

[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts?

This command defines the number of step sweep points.

*RST 101
Range 2-65535
Key Entry # Points

:SWEep:SPACing

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:SWEep:SPACing LINear|LOGarithmic

[:SOURce]:SWEep:SPACing?

This command enables the signal generator linear or logrithmic sweep modes. These commands require the signal generator to be in step mode.

The instrument uses the specified start frequency, stop frequency, and number of points for both linear and log sweeps.

*RST LIN

Key Entry Step Spacing LIN LOG

Marker Subsystem-(N5183A Only)([:SOURce])

:MARKer:AMPLitude[:STATe]

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURce]:MARKer:AMPLitude[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:MARKer:AMPLitude[:STATe]?
```

This command sets the amplitude marker state for the currently activated markers. When the state is switched on, the RF output signal exhibits a spike with a magnitude relative to the power level at each marker's set frequency. (To set the magnitude of the spike, refer to :MARKer:AMPLitude:VALue command.)

Example

:MARK:AMPL ON

The preceding example enables amplitude markers.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Amplitude Markers Off On

:MARKer:AMPLitude:VALue

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURCe]:MARKer:AMPLitude:VALue <num>[DB]
[:SOURCe]:MARKer:AMPLitude:VALue?
```

This command sets the relative power for the amplitude spikes at each marker's set frequency when the amplitude marker mode is activated. (To activate the amplitude markers, refer to :MARKer:AMPLitude[:STATe] command.)

Example

:MARK:AMPL:VAL 4DB

The preceding example sets the relative marker power to 4 dB for all markers.

*RST 2DB

Range -10DB to +10DB

Key Entry Marker Value

:MARKer:AOFF

Supported N5183A [:SOURce]:MARKer:AOFF

This command turns off all active markers.

Key Entry Turn Off Markers

:MARKer:DELTa

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURce]:MARKer:DELTa? <num>, <num>
```

This query returns the frequency difference between two amplitude markers. The variables <num> are used to designate the marker numbers.

:MARK:DELT? 1.2

The preceding example returns the frequency difference between amplitude markers 1 and 2.

Range 0–19

:MARKer[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19]:FREQuency

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURce]:MARKer[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19]:FREQuency <val><unit>
[:SOURce]:MARKer[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19]:FREQuency?
MAXimum|MINimum
```

This command sets the frequency for a specific marker. If the marker designator [n] is not specified, marker 0 is the default. The frequency value must be within the current start and stop frequency sweep range. Using the MAXimum or MINimum parameters in the query will return the frequency boundary values for the markers.

If the marker frequency mode is set to delta when the query is sent, the returned value is not absolute, but is relative to the reference marker. (See :MARKer:MODe command for more information.)

Example

:MARK2:FREQ 10GHZ

The preceding example places marker 2 at 10 GHz.

***RST** +5.25000000E+008

Range Equivalent to current sweep range

Key Entry Marker Freq

:MARKer:MODe

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURCe]:MARKer:MODE FREQuency|DELTa
[:SOURCe]:MARKer:MODE?
```

This command sets the frequency mode for all markers.

FREQuency The frequency values for the markers are absolute.

DELTa The frequency values for the markers are relative to the designated reference

marker. The reference marker must be designated before this mode is selected.

(See :MARKer:REFerence command to select a reference marker.)

Example

:MARK:MODE DELT

The preceding example sets the marker mode to delta.

*RST FREQuency

Key Entry Marker Delta Off On

:MARKer:REFerence

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURce]:MARKer:REFerence <marker>
[:SOURce]:MARKer:REFerence?
```

This command designates the reference marker when using markers in delta mode. The variable <marker> designates the marker number.

Example

:MARK:REF 6

The preceding example sets marker 6 as the reference marker.

*RST 0
Range 0–19
Key Entry Delta Ref Set

:MARKer[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19][:STATe]

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURCe]:MARKer[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19][:STATe]
ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURCe]:MARKer[0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19][:STATe]?
```

This command turns a marker on or off. Marker 0 is the default if the marker designator [n] is not specified.

Example

:MARK6 ON

The preceding example turns marker 6 on.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Marker On Off

Power Subsystem ([:SOURce]:POWer)

:ALC:BANDwidth

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth|BWIDth <num>[freq suffix]
```

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth|BWIDth?
```

This command overrides the signal generator's automatic ALC bandwidth selection with the users specific selection. For waveforms with varying amplitudes, high crest factors, or both, the recommended ALC loop bandwidth is the low bandwidth setting of the generator. Limiting the loop bandwidth of the ALC circuit will prevent the ALC from sampling the fast rising edges of pulsed waveforms. A limited, or narrow bandwidth will result in a longer ALC sample time and a more accurate representation of the signal's level.

***RST** 1

Key Entry AMPTD ALC BW (Auto <200Hz>) ALC Bandwidth

Remarks Use this command when the ALC state is set to On. This command will override

the automatic ALC bandwidth selection set by the :ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth:AUTO

command.

:ALC:BANDwidth | BWIDth:AUTO

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURCe]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth|BWIDth:AUTO ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURCe]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth|BWIDth:AUTO?
```

This command turns the bandwidth (BW) auto state on or off.

The bandwidth auto function allows the signal generator to automatically select a bandwidth for the automatic leveling control (ALC) circuit.

ON (1) This choice allows the signal generator to automatically select an ALC BW. The

selection of the ALC BW depends on the signal generator modulation type.

OFF (0) This choice disables automatic selection of the ALC BW.

*RST 1
Key Entry Auto

Remarks For more information on ALC bandwidth, refer to the User's Guide.

:ALC:SEARch

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch AUTO|SPAN|ON|1|ONCE

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch?

This command sets the internal power search mode. A power search is recommended for pulse modulated signals with pulse widths less than one microsecond.

AUTO ON (1) This choice executes the power search automatically with each change in RF

frequency or power.

SPAN This mode pre-computes power search settings for a span of user defined

start/stop frequencies. In this mode, the instrument's default automatic

(AUTO) power search is disabled. The power search is not repeated until manually

or remotely directed to do so.

This power search is not valid for a change in power level. If the power level is changed, the power search needs to be repeated. For best results, the power search needs to be repeated at periodic intervals. Refer to the *Data Sheet* and

the User's Guide.

ONCE This choice executes a single power search of the current RF output signal and

the current mode is returned (i.e. 1 = Auto and 0 = Non-Auto). This action

requires the RF output to be on. (Refer to [:STATe] command).

***RST** 1

Key Entry Do Power Search

Remarks Use this command when the ALC state is set to OFF. Refer to :ALC[:STATe]

command for setting the ALC state.

This command was replaced by ":ALC:SEARch" on page 495.

:ALC:LEVel

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel?

This command sets the automatic leveling control (ALC) level. Use this command after setting the attenuation auto mode to On. Refer to :ATTenuation:AUTO command for setting the attenuation auto mode.

The ALC is used to maintain the signal generator's output power level by compensating for power fluctuations due to drift, band changes, or load variations. After you set the ALC level, the signal generator's output power is monitored and corrected so that the power level setting is maintained.

Example

:POW:ALC:LEV 10DB

The preceding example sets the ALC to 10 dB.

*RST +1.0000000E+000

Range -20 to 20
Key Entry Set ALC Level

:ALC:SEARch

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch ON|OFF|1|0|ONCE

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch?

NOTE The manual power search mode is only available in instruments with serial number prefix: MY4818xxxx, US4818xxxx, SG48128xxxx, and Option 099.

This command executes a power search routine that temporarily activates the ALC, calibrates the power of the current RF output, and then disconnects the ALC circuitry. The power search mode is active only when the ALC state is Off, and the RF output is On.

ON (1) This choice sets the power search mode to automatic (Auto). In automatic mode,

the power search calibration routine is executed whenever the frequency or

amplitude of the RF output is changed.

OFF (0) This choice sets the power search mode to **Manual** and disables the

automatic power search calibration routine. The power level must be calibrated by

explicitly sending the ONCE command. If there is a change in frequency or

amplitude the ONCE command must be sent again.

ONCE This choice executes a single power search calibration at the current RF output

frequency and amplitude setting. This command can be used when the power

search mode is in automatic or manual.

*RST 1

Key Entry AMPTD ALC Off Power Search
Auto Manual Do Power Search

Remarks If power search fails, the output power of the instrument will be set to minimum

and must be recovered with an instrument preset.

Refer to :ALC[:STATe] command for setting the ALC state.

:ALC:SEARch:REFerence

Supported N5161A/62A/81A/82A

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence RMS|FIXed|MANual|MODulated

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence?

This command sets the reference source used by the power search calibration routine. The reference source provides a steady state signal during the power search calibration.

RMS This choice uses the I/Q system as the reference source for the power search

calibration. When the power search calibration routine is executing, the I/Q system provides a DC bias on the I/Q modulator equivalent to the rms value of the current I/Q data. The rms value is derived from the waveform file header or

calculated using the current I/Q data

FIXed This choice uses the I/Q system as the reference source for the power search

calibration. When FIXed is active, the I/Q system uses a fixed level of 1.0 volt to provide a DC bias on the I/Q modulator during the power search calibration.

MANual This choice uses the I/Q system as the reference source for the power search

calibration. When Manual is selected, the user can specify the DC bias on the I/Q modulator during the power search calibration. The level is chosen using the

:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel command.

MODulated This choice disables the power search reference source. During the power search

calibration, the current RF output signal is measured to calibrate the output level. If the output signal is amplitude modulated at a slow rate or is bursted, power errors can be introduced at the RF output. For CW signals the power search

reference is disabled.

*RST FIXed (With BBG License only.)

Key Entry Power Search Reference Fixed Mode

Remarks MXG without the BBG License are defaulted to MOD mode.

:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel

Supported N5161A/62A/81A/82A

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel <value>

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel?

This command sets the DC bias voltage value for a manual power search.

*RST +1.00000000+000 Range 0 to 1.414V

Key Entry Power Search Manual Level

:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:START

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:START <value><units>
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:START?
```

This command sets the start frequency for a span power search over a user specified range.

The start frequency has no default value. The start frequency value will be the last value set before powering off the instrument.

Key Entry Start Frequency

:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP <value><units>
```

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP?

This command sets the stop frequency for a span power search over a user specified range.

The stop frequency has no default value. The stop frequency value will be the last value set before powering off the instrument.

Key Entry Stop Frequency

:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:TYPE

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURCe]:POWer:ALC:SEARCh:SPAN:TYPE FULL | USER [:SOURCe]:POWer:ALC:SEARCh:SPAN:TYPE?
```

This command enables you to select the frequency range for a span power search. You can specify the range (USER) or you can select the full range (FULL) of the signal generator.

Key Entry Span Type User Full

:ALC:SEARch:SPAN[:STATe]

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURCe]:POWer:ALC:SEARCh:SPAN[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURCe]:POWer:ALC:SEARCh:SPAN[:STATe]?
```

This command enables (1) or disables (0) the span mode, allowing you to perform power searches over a selected range of frequencies. The power search corrections are then stored and used whenever the signal generator is tuned within the selected range.

Key Entry Span

:ALC:SOURce

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal | DIODe
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce?
```

This command enables you to select an automatic level control (ALC) source. You can select the internal ALC source, an external detector source, or a millimeter-wave source module. Refer to the *User's Guide* for more information on ALC leveling, bandwidth, and the power search function.

Example

:POW:ALC:SOUR DIOD

The preceding example selects an external detector as the source (the unit must be connected to the signal generator).

*RST INT

Key Entry Leveling Mode

:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling

Supported N5183A

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling <value>DB
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling?
```

This command sets the external detector coupling factor. Use this command when DIODe is the selected ALC source (Refer to :ALC:SOURce command.)

Example

:POW:ALC:SOUR:EXT:COUP 20DB

The preceding example sets the external coupling factor to 20 dB.

*RST +1.60000000E+001 Range -200DB to 200DB.

Key Entry Ext Detector Coupling Factor

:ALC[:STATe]

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the automatic leveling control (ALC) circuit. The query returns the current state of the ALC.

***RST** 1

Key Entry ALC Off On

Remarks The purpose of the ALC circuit is to hold output power at a desired level by

adjusting the signal generator's power circuits to compensate for power drift. Power drift occurs over time and changes in temperature. Refer to the *User's*

Guide for more information on the ALC.

:ATTenuation

Supported N5161A/62A/81A/82A (All), and N5183A (with Option 1E1)

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation?
```

This command sets the signal generator's attenuator level. Before setting the attenuator level, set the ":ATTenuation:AUTO" function to Off which will disable ALC control.

In normal operation the attenuator level is selected by the signal generator's automatic loop control (ALC) which maintains the output power by adjusting internal circuits to compensate for any power fluctuations due to drift, band changes, or load variations. In some applications, such as fast pulse, the ALC may not respond quickly enough to compensate for the pulse rise times. In this case you can set the attenuator and override any ALC adjustments.

The output power is the ALC level minus the attenuator setting. The attenuator is set in increments of $5~\mathrm{dB}$.

Example

:POW:ATT 10DB

The preceding example sets the attenuator to 10 dB.

***RST** +115

Range 0 to 115 dB

Key Entry Set Atten

:ATTenuation:AUTO

Supported N5161A/62A/81A/82A (All), and N5183A (with Option 1E1)

[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO?

This command sets the state of the attenuator auto mode function.

ON (1) This selection allows the signal generator's automatic level control (ALC) to adjust

the attenuator so that a specified RF power level, at the Agilent MXG's RF output

connector, is maintained.

OFF (0) This choice allows for a user-selected attenuator setting that is not affected by the

signal generator's ALC circuitry.

The OFF (0) selection can be used to eliminate power discontinuity normally

associated with attenuator switching during power adjustments.

*RST 1

Key Entry Atten Hold Off On

Remarks Refer to the ":ALC:LEVel" on page 56.

:ATTenuation:BYPass

Supported N5161A/62A/81A/82A

[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:BYPass ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:BYPass?

This command enables or disables the attenuator bypass setting. The attenuator hold mode must be enabled to use this command.

ON (1) This selection allows the signal generator's automatic level control (ALC) to adjust

the attenuator hold mode. Output power is controlled solely by the ALC setting.

OFF (0) This choice allows for a user-selected attenuator setting combined with the ALC

setting.

*RST 0

Key Entry Atten Bypass Off On

[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet?
```

This command sets the power offset value.

*RST +0.00000000E+000 Range -200 dB to 200 dB

Key Entry Amptd Offset

Remarks This simulates a power level at a test point beyond the RF OUTPUT connector

without changing the actual RF output power. The offset value only affects the

displayed amplitude setting.

You can enter an amplitude offset any time in either normal operation or

amplitude reference mode.

[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]?
```

This command sets the RF output power.

*RST N5161A/62A -1.10000000E+002 (Standard) or -1.44000000E+002 (Option 1EQ)

N5181A/82A

N5183A -2.00000000E+001 (Standard) or -1.30000000E+002 (Option 1E1)

Key Entry AMPTD

Remarks For information on the ranges for this command and the specified values, refer to

the instrument's Data Sheet.

:MODE

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE FIXed|LIST
```

[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE?

This command sets the signal generator power mode to fixed or swept.

FIXed This choice stops a power sweep, allowing the signal generator to operate at a

fixed power level. Refer to [:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] command for setting

the output power level.

LIST This choice selects the swept power mode. If sweep triggering is set to immediate

along with continuous sweep mode, executing the command starts the LIST or

STEP power sweep.

NOTE

To perform a frequency and amplitude sweep, you must also select LIST as the frequency mode. See also :FREQuency:MODE command for selecting the list mode for a frequency sweep.

*RST

Key Entry SWEEP Amptd Off On

FIX

NOISe:[STATe]

Supported All Models

```
[: {\tt SOURce}]: {\tt POWer}: {\tt NOISe}: [{\tt STATe}] \ {\tt ON} \ \big| \ {\tt OFF} \ \big| \ 1 \ \big| \ 0
```

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:NOISe:[STATe]?
```

This command enables the optimize signal to noise (S/N) ratio state. The command optimizes the attenuator and ALC setting to give the optimal signal to noise performance. It does not change the RF output power. The query returns an integer.

Key Entry Optimize S/N Off On

Default S/N Off

Remarks

An example of this feature is when the S/N is off, and the output power set to

-10dBm, the ALC rises to 0dBm. The resulting attenuation is 10dB.

When the Optimize S/N is enabled (ON), and the output power set to -10dBm, the ALC increases to maximum (i.e. 20dBm). The attenuator increases to 30dB,

resulting in 20dB increased S/N for better dynamic range.

Can not go beyond maximum ALC.

Limited to CW operation.

This mode is mutually exclusive with $Attenuator\ Hold$, and any modulation type. A settings conflict error will be generated if Attenuator Hold or any modulation is activated when $Optimize\ S/N$ is enabled.

:PROTection[:STATe]

Supported All models

```
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the power search protection function. The power search protection function sets the attenuator to its maximum level whenever a power search is initiated. This can be used to protect devices that are sensitive to high average power or high power changes. The trade off on using the power protection function is decreased attenuator life, as the attenuator will switch to its maximum setting during a power search.

NOTE Continual or excessive use of the power search protection function can decrease attenuator life.

Basic Function Commands Power Subsystem ([:SOURce]:POWer)

ON (1) Causes the attenuator to switch to and hold its maximum level setting during a

power search.

OFF (0) Sets the attenuator normal mode. The attenuator is not used during power search.

Example

:POW:PROT ON

The preceding example enables the power inhibit function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry RF During Power Search Normal Minimum

:REFerence

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence?

This command sets the power level for the signal generator RF output reference.

The RF output power is referenced to the value entered in this command.

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Range -400 to 300dBm

Key Entry Amptd Ref Set

:REFerence:STATe

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe?

[.bookee].fower.kerefeliee.biAie.

This command enables or disables the RF output reference.

Once the reference state is ON, all subsequent output power settings are set relative to the reference value.

ON(1) This choice will set the power reference state to ON. The unit displayed for

commands, :ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT and :POWer will be expressed in dB.

OFF(0) This choice will set the power reference state to OFF.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Amptd Ref Off On

Remarks Amplitude offsets can be used with the amplitude reference mode.

:STARt

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt?

This command sets the first amplitude point in a step sweep.

*RST N5161A/62A/81A/82A -1.10000000E+002 (Standard) and -1.44000000E+002

(Option 1EQ)

N5183A -2.00000000E+001 (Standard) and -1.30000000E+002 (Option 1E1)

Range Refer to [:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] command for the output power ranges.

Key Entry Amptd Start

:STOP

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP?

This command sets the last amplitude point in a step sweep.

*RST N5161A/62A/81A/82A -1.10000000E+002 (Standard) and -1.44000000E+002

(Option 1EQ)

N5183A -2.00000000E+001 (Standard) and -1.30000000E+002 (Option 1E1)

Range Refer to [:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] command for the output power ranges.

Key Entry Amptd Stop

:USER:MAX

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:USER:MAX <ampl>

[:SOURce]:POWer:USER:MAX?

This command enables the user to specify a maximum output power level that is lower than the instrument's normal maximum output power. This affects all modes of power operation. The query returns the value of the output power level.

Range 10dBm

Key Entry User Power Max:

:USER:ENABle:STATe

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:USER:ENABle <0 | 1>

[:SOURce]:POWer:USER:ENABle?

This command enables or disables the user settable maximum output power limit. The query returns as integer.

Key Entry User Power Max Enable:

3 LXI System Commands

This chapter provides SCPI command descriptions for LAN eXtensions for Instrumentation (LXI-Class B) subsystems dedicated to signal generator operations common to the N5161A/62A/81A/82A/83A.

NOTE LXI Class B Compliance Disclaimer

As of this product firmware release in June 2008, LXI Class B Compliance Tests, using the new IEEE 1588-2008 Precision Time Protocol (PTP), were not available. This product provides the features of an LXI Class B instrument by adding LAN Triggering and Time Synchronization to its LXI Class C compliance. References to LXI Class B in the document, instrument menus and web pages do not insure LXI Class B compliance. This product will apply for LXI Class B Compliance when the LXI Consortium has approved its specification changes and can provide certified testing. Refer to http://www.lxistandard.org/home.

LXI-B is only available on instruments with serial prefixes ≥US/MY/SG4818.

This chapter contains the following major sections:

- Primary LXI Commands on page 67
- Clock Subsystem(:LXI:CLOCk:) on page 67
- Events Subsystem (:LXI:EVENt:) on page 100
- Trigger Subsystem (:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:) on page 123

Primary LXI Commands

The three primary commands are listed in the order of importance to LXI functionality:

- 1. :LXI:STATe (page 122).
- 2. :PTP:DOMain (page 70).
- 3. :EVENt:DOMain (page 100).

Clock Subsystem(:LXI:CLOCk:)

:PTP:ACCuracy

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:ACCuracy NS25|NS100|NS250|NS1000|NS2500|US10|US25|US100|US250|US1000|US250|US1000|US250|NS100|MS25|MS100|MS250|S1|S10|GT10S|UNKNown

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:ACCuracy?

This command sets the typical offset from the correct time the user can expect from the instrument PTP clock, when it is acting as the master Precision Time Protocol (PTP) clock. It should be set

along with the time if the instrument PTP clock is the master PTP clock.

The query returns a character string with the accuracy of the clock.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:PTP:ACC NS250
```

The preceding example sets the accuracy to 250 nanoseconds.

Range

25 ns to >10 seconds

Default Value

GT10S

Remarks

- · NS nanoseconds.
- · US microseconds.
- MS milliseconds.
- S seconds.
- GT10S greater than 10 seconds.
- UNKNOWN accuracy is not known.

Choose the value based on how precisely the clock can be set to the exact Temps Atomique International (TAI) time, taking into account the accuracy and drift of the clock's oscillator.

The accuracy property helps characterize the quality of the instrument PTP clock and its suitability to be the master PTP clock. This property is used by the best master clock algorithm and is subordinate to the clock class property.

The system can be no more accurate than the grandmaster PTP clock's accuracy. A slave PTP clock's accuracy is superseded by the grandmaster PTP clock's accuracy. This is one of the objectives of PTP: to synchronize all of the clocks to the one with the best accuracy.

:PTP:ANNounce:INTerval

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:ANNounce:INTerval 1 2 4 8 16
```

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:ANNounce:INTerval?
```

This command sets the time in seconds between PTP announce packets. A shorter interval makes the system more responsive to changes in the master PTP clock at the cost of network bandwidth and packet processing time. The announce interval should be constant across all the instruments in the network.

The query returns an integer with the time, in seconds between announce packets.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:ANNounce:INTerval 6
```

The preceding example sets the announce interval to 6 seconds.

Range 0 to 16 seconds

Default Value 4 seconds (2^2)

Remarks The announce interval will be rounded up to the nearest non-negative integer power of two, with a maximum value of 16.

The following table represent the announce intervals:

Value Sent as <intseconds></intseconds>	Effective Value
1	1 second (2 ⁰)
2	$2 \text{ seconds } (2^1)$
3	4 seconds (2^2)
4	4 seconds (2^2)
5	4 seconds (2^2)
6	8 seconds (2 ³)
7	8 seconds (2 ³)
8	8 seconds (2^3)
9	8 seconds (2 ³)
10	8 seconds (2 ³)
11	8 seconds (2^3)
12	16 seconds (2 ⁴)
13	16 seconds (2 ⁴)
14	16 seconds (2 ⁴)
15	16 seconds (2 ⁴)
16	16 seconds (2 ⁴)

:PTP:ANNounce:RTOut

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:ANNounce:RTOut <intNumberOfIntervals>

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:ANNounce:RTOut?

This command sets the time that a PTP clock in the Slave or Listening state waits to receive a PTP announce packet before transitioning to the master state.

The query returns an integer.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:PTP:ANN:RTO 5

The preceding example sets the transition wait time to 5 seconds.

Range 0 to 255 seconds

Default Value 3 seconds

Remarks <intNumberOfIntervals> is expressed as the number of announce intervals.

If the announce interval (:PTP:ANNounce:INTerval) is 4 seconds and

ANNounce: RTOut is 3, then the instrument PTP clock will wait 12 seconds before

transitioning to the master state.

:PTP:DEViation?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:DEViation?

This queries the measured standard deviation of the instrument PTP clock time from the master PTP clock time.

The query returns a double.

Example

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:DEViation?

The preceding example queries the standard deviation of the instrument's PTP clock from the master clock.

:PTP:DOMain

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:DOMain <bytDomainNumber>
```

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:DOMain?

This command sets the PTP Domain property for the instrument PTP clock. This property specifies the group of PTP clocks that the instrument PTP clock will recognize for synchronization. This allows measurement systems with different masters to share the same communication medium.

The query returns an integer as the PTP domain.

Example

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:DOMain 5

The preceding example sets the instrument's PTP clock domain to 5.

Range 0 to 127

Key Entry PTP Domain

Default Value 0

Remarks Domain numbers above 127 are reserved.

This is the PTP Domain, not the LXI domain.

Each clock in a system can be assigned to only one domain.

:PTP:DRINterval

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:DRINterval <dblSeconds>

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:DRINterval?

This command sets the delay request interval property for the instrument PTP clock. This property is used by the master clock to specify the interval between delay request packets sent from the slave to the master clock. Slaves use a randomly chosen interval, with the mean and range equal to this property.

The query returns a double as the delay value for the PTP clock.

Example

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:DRINterval 5.0

The preceding example sets the delay request interval to 5 seconds.

Range 0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10³⁰⁸ seconds

:PTP:GMASter:ACCuracy?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:GMASter:ACCuracy?

This queries for the accuracy of the grandmaster PTP clock.

The query returns a character string, of one of the discreet values listed below, indicating the accuracy of the clock.

- NS25, NS100, NS250, NS1000, NS2500
- US10, US25, US100, US250, US1000, US2500
- MS10, MS25, MS100, MS250

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- S1, S10
- GT10S
- UNKNown

Example

:LXI:CLOC:PTP:GMAS:ACC?

The preceding example queries for the grandmaster clock accuracy property.

Range

25 ns to >10 seconds

Remarks

- NS nanoseconds.
- US microseconds.
- · MS milliseconds.
- S seconds.
- GT10S greater than 10 seconds.
- UNKNOWN accuracy is not known.

See also:

":PTP:GMASter:MADDress?" on page 72.

":PTP:GMASter:TRACeability?" on page 73.

:PTP:GMASter:MADDress?

Supported

All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:GMASter:MADDress?

This queries for the grandmaster clock's Media Access Control (MAC) address.

The query returns a string with the MAC address of the grandmaster clock.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:PTP:GMAS:MADD?

The preceding example queries the grandmaster clock for its MAC address.

Remarks

MAC address is a hardware address that uniquely identifies each node of a network. MAC addresses are assigned by the device manufacturer and cannot be changed.

The standard (IEEE 802) format for displaying MAC addresses is six groups of two hexadecimal digits, separated by hyphens (-), e.g. 00-30-D3-07-54-E8.

See also:

":PTP:GMASter:ACCuracy?" on page 71.

":PTP:GMASter:TRACeability?" on page 73.

:PTP:GMASter:TRACeability?

Supported

All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:GMASter:TRACeability?

This queries the source of time for the PTP grandmaster clock in the system.

The query returns a character string with one of the following values:

- ATOMic
- GPS
- RADio
- PTP
- NTP
- HANDset
- OTHer
- OSCillator

Example

:LXI:CLOC:PTP:GMAS:TRAC?

The preceding example queries the grandmaster clock for its traceability.

Remarks

See also: ":PTP:GMASter:ACCuracy?" on page 71. See also: ":PTP:MASTer:MADDress?" on page 73.

:PTP:MASTer:MADDress?

Supported

All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:MASTer:MADDress? <strMacAddress>
```

This queries for the master clock MAC address.

The query returns a string with the master clock's MAC address.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:MAST:MADD?
```

The preceding example queries the master clock for its MAC address.

Remarks

MAC address (short for Media Access Control address) is a hardware address that uniquely identifies each node of a network. MAC addresses are assigned by the device manufacturer and cannot be changed.

The standard (IEEE 802) format for displaying MAC addresses is six groups of two hexadecimal digits, separated by hyphens (-), e.g. 00-30-D3-07-54-E8.

:PTP:0FFSet?

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:OFFSet? <dblSeconds>
```

This queries for the offset in time between the instrument PTP clock time and the master PTP clock time.

The query returns a double.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:PTP:OFFS?
```

The preceding example returns the current PTP offset.

:PTP:PRIority:FIRSt

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:PRIority:FIRSt <intPriority>
```

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:PRIority:FIRSt?
```

This command sets the clock's Priority1 property which helps characterize the quality of the instrument PTP clock and its suitability to be the master PTP clock.

The query returns an integer with the Priority1 value.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:PTP:PRI:FIRS 100
```

The preceding example sets the Priority1 value to 100.

Range 0 to 255

Default Value 128

Remarks The values for this property are 0 to 255, with 0 being the best.

This property is used by the best master clock algorithm, and can be used to override the other properties considered by the best master clock algorithm.

See also: ":PTP:PRIority:SECond" on page 74.

:PTP:PRIority:SECond

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:PRIority:SECond <intPriority>
```

```
:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:PRIority:SECond?
```

This command sets the clock's Priority2 property which helps characterize the quality of the instrument PTP clock and its suitability to be the master PTP clock.

The query returns an integer with the Priority2 value.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:PTP:PRI:SEC 100

The preceding example sets the Priority2 value to 100.

Range 0 to 255

Default Value 128

Remarks The values for this property are 0 to 255, with 0 being the best.

This property is used by the best master clock algorithm. If two PTP clocks are otherwise equal in their suitability to be the master PTP clock, this property is

used as the tie breaker.

See also: ":PTP:PRIority:FIRSt" on page 74.

:PTP:SINTerval

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:SINTerval <dblSeconds>

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:SINTerval?

This command sets the synchronization interval property in seconds. This is the rate at which PTP synchronization packets are transmitted when the instrument PTP clock is acting as a master PTP clock.

The query returns a double representing the synchronization interval.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:PTP:SINT 2.0000

The preceding example sets the synchronization interval to 2.0000 seconds.

Range 0.0625 to 2 seconds

Default Value 2.0000 seconds (2¹)

Remarks The synchronization interval will be rounded up to the nearest integer power of

two, with a minimum value 0.0625 seconds (2^-4) and a maximum value of 2.0000

seconds (2^1) .

The following table sets the announce intervals.

Value Sent as <dblseconds></dblseconds>	Effective Value
0.0000	0.0625 seconds (2^-4)
0.0100	0.0625 seconds (2^-4)
0.0625	0.0625 seconds (2^-4)

Value Sent as <dblseconds></dblseconds>	Effective Value
0.1250	0.1250 seconds (2^-3)
0.2500	0.2500 seconds (2^-2)
0.5000	0.5000 seconds (2^-1)
1.0000	1.0000 seconds (2^0)
2.0000	2.0000 seconds (2^1)
3.0000	2.0000 seconds (2^1)

:PTP:STATe?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:STATe?

This queries for the current operational state of the instrument PTP clock.

The query returns a character string with one of the following values:

- INITializing
- FAULty
- DISabled
- LISTening
- PREMaster
- MASTer
- PASSive
- UNCalibrated
- SLAVe

Example

:LXI:CLOC:PTP:STAT?

The preceding example returns the current operational state of the PTP clock.

:PTP:TRACeability

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:TRACeability ATOMic|GPS|RADio|PTP|NTP|HANDset|OTHer|OSCillator

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:TRACeability?

This command sets the source of time for the instrument PTP clock when it is the grandmaster PTP clock in the system.

The query returns a character string with one of the following values:

- ATOMic
- GPS
- RADio
- PTP
- NTP
- HANDset
- OTHer
- OSCillator

Example

:LXI:CLOC:PTP:TRAC GPS

The preceding example sets the traceability to GPS.

:PTP:VARiance?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:PTP:VARiance?

This queries for the measured variance of the instrument PTP clock time from the master PTP clock time.

The query returns a double which represents the standard deviation seconds squared (S²).

Example

:LXI:CLOC:PTP:VAR?

The preceding example returns the measured variance (Allan Variance) between the instrument and master PTP clocks. It is used as an indication of how well the slave clock is synchronized to the master.

:SALGorithm:LOG:ALL?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:ALL?

This queries for the contents of the servo algorithm offset log. A complete log is a set of entries delimited by a semicolon. The contents of the log are returned as a single quoted string containing all the log entries in the form:

"<chrLoqEntry1>\;<chrLoqEntry2>\;<chrLoqEntry3>\;<chrLoqEntry4>\;<chrLoqEntryn>"

Each entry is composed of five comma separated fields. Refer to :SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy? for more information on the fields.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:ALL?

The preceding example returns all entries of the servo log.

Remarks

This is a non-destructive read command. The contents of the log are not erased after read.

:SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle] 0 1 OFF ON

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]?

This command sets the behavior for entries occurring while the servo log is full.

The query returns an integer indicating the behavior of the servo log.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:CIRC OFF

The preceding example turns off the servo log circular recording.

OFF (0) Disables the circular logging. Incoming log entries are

discarded.

ON (1) Enables the circular logging. Overwrites oldest log

entries.

Remarks See also:

":SALGorithm:LOG:CLEar" on page 79.

":SALGorithm:LOG:ENABled" on page 80.

":SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy?" on page 81.

":SALGorithm:LOG[:NEXT]?" on page 82.

":SALGorithm:LOG:SIZE" on page 82.

":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics:CLEar" on page 83.

":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics[:DATA]?" on page 83.

:SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular:FBENtry

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular:FBENtry

This command selects the most recently added event log entry to be used as the reference for the :SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy? query.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:CIRC:FBEN

The preceding example sets the beginning entry of the log.

Remarks See also:

":SALGorithm:LOG:CLEar" on page 79.

":SALGorithm:LOG:ENABled" on page 80.

":SALGorithm:LOG[:NEXT]?" on page 82.

":SALGorithm:LOG:SIZE" on page 82.

:SALGorithm:LOG:CLEar

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:CLEar

This command removes all existing entries from the servo log.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:CLE

The preceding example clears the servo log.

Remarks See also:

":SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]" on page 78.

":SALGorithm:LOG:COUNt?" on page 80.

":SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy?" on page 81.

":SALGorithm:LOG:ENABled" on page 80.

":SALGorithm:LOG[:NEXT]?" on page 82.

":SALGorithm:LOG:SIZE" on page 82.

":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics:CLEar" on page 83.

":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics[:DATA]?" on page 83.

:SALGorithm:LOG:COUNt?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:COUNt?

This query returns an integer as the total number of entries in the servo log.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:COUN?

The preceding example returns the current number of entries (not the maximum size) in the servo log.

Remarks See also:

":SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]" on page 78.

 $\hbox{``:SALGorithm:LOG:CLEar''} \ on \ page \ 79.$

":SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy?" on page 81.

":SALGorithm:LOG:ENABled" on page 80.

":SALGorithm:LOG[:NEXT]?" on page 82.

":SALGorithm:LOG:SIZE" on page 82.

":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics:CLEar" on page 83.

":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics[:DATA]?" on page 83.

:SALGorithm:LOG:ENABled

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:ENABled 0 | 1 | OFF | ON

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:ENABled?

This command enables or disables the servo log.

The query returns the current state of the servo log.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:ENAB ON
```

The preceding example enables the servo logging.

ON (1) Enables the circular servo logging.

OFF (0) Disables the circular servo logging.

Remarks See also:

":SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]" on page 78.

":SALGorithm:LOG:CLEar" on page 79.

":SALGorithm:LOG:COUNt?" on page 80.

":SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy?" on page 81.

```
":SALGorithm:LOG[:NEXT]?" on page 82.
```

:SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy? <intIndex>

This query retrieves the event log entry referenced by <intIndex>. When the log is in circular mode, this index value is relative to the entry selected by the :SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular:FBENtry command. The log entry is returned as eight comma separated numbers in the form:

"<intSampleIndex>, <dblTimeSeconds>, <dblTimeFraction>,

<dblOffsetSeconds>,<dblAverageDelaySeconds>,<dblMasterDelaySeconds>,<dblSlaveDelaySeconds>,<dblVarianceSecondsSquared>"

Commission dans (interes)

The eight parameters represent the type of data which is recorded in the servo log:

<intsampleindex></intsampleindex>	Sample index (integer).
<dbltimeseconds></dbltimeseconds>	PTP time seconds of log entry (double).
<dbltimefraction></dbltimefraction>	PTP time fractions of log entry (double).
<dbl0ffsetseconds></dbl0ffsetseconds>	Time offset from the domain master clock at time of log entry (double).
<dblaveragedelayseconds></dblaveragedelayseconds>	Average measured network delay in seconds at time of log entry (double).
<dblmasterdelayseconds></dblmasterdelayseconds>	Master clock delay - the measured network delay from master to save at time of log entry (double).
<dblslavedelayseconds></dblslavedelayseconds>	Slave clock - the measured network delay from slave to master at time of log entry (double).
<dblvariancesecondssquared></dblvariancesecondssquared>	Variance of offset (units are seconds squared) at time of log entry (double).

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:ENTR? < intIndex>

The preceding example returns the servo performance statistics referenced by <intIndex>.

Range 1 to 2,147, 483, 647

[&]quot;:SALGorithm:LOG:SIZE" on page 82.

[&]quot;:SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics:CLEar" on page 83.

[&]quot;:SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics[:DATA]?" on page 83.

Remarks

This is a non-destructive read command. The contents of the log are not erased after read.

The servo log entries contain measurements made on the offset between the instrument PTP clock and the master PTP clock, as well as measurements of the packet travel time for master to slave and slave to master for the instrument PTP clock and the master PTP clock.

See also: ":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics[:DATA]?" on page 83.

:SALGorithm:LOG[:NEXT]?

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG[:NEXT]?
```

This queries for the next entry in the servo log and then removes this entry from the log. If the log is empty, an empty string is returned. Refer to :SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy? query for more information on the format of the log string.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG?
```

The preceding example returns the next entry in the servo log.

Remarks

This is a non-destructive read command. The contents of the log are not erased after read.

See also:

- ":SALGorithm:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]" on page 78.
- ":SALGorithm:LOG:CLEar" on page 79.
- ":SALGorithm:LOG:COUNt?" on page 80.
- ":SALGorithm:LOG:ENABled" on page 80.
- ":SALGorithm:LOG:SIZE" on page 82.
- ":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics:CLEar" on page 83.
- ":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics[:DATA]?" on page 83.

:SALGorithm:LOG:SIZE

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:SIZE <intMaxNumberOfLogEntries>
```

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:SIZE?

This command sets the maximum number of servo algorithm log entries.

The query returns an integer with the size of the servo algorithm log (not the current number of entries).

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:SIZE 147

The preceding example sets the servo log to record up to 147 entries.

Range 1 to 500

Remarks See also :SALGorithm:LOG:ENTRy?

:SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics:CLEar

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics:CLEar

This command clears the long term statistics of the servo performance.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:STAT:CLE

The preceding example clears the servo performance statistics.

Remarks See also: ":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics[:DATA]?" on page 83.

:SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics[:DATA]?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics[:DATA]?

This queries for the long-term statistics of the servo log that characterize the performance of the instrument PTP clock's offset from the master PTP clock.

The query returns five comma separated numbers as follows:

<intSamples> Number of samples (integer).

<dblMeanOffset> Mean offset (double).

<dblStdDevOffset> Standard deviation of the offset (double).

 $\verb| <dblmaxOffset> \qquad \qquad The \ maximum \ offset \ (double).$

 $\verb| <dblMinOffset> \qquad \qquad The \ minimum \ offset \ (double).$

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:LOG:STAT?

The preceding example returns the five statistical values of the servo log entries.

Remarks See also: ":SALGorithm:LOG:STATistics:CLEar" on page 83.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:ASYMmetry

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:ASYMmetry <dblSeconds>
```

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:ASYMmetry?
```

This command sets the difference in seconds between the master to slave packet travel time and the slave to master packet travel time.

The query returns a double.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:SALG:ASYM 0.000065
```

The preceding example sets the asymmetry to 65 microseconds, indicating that the master to slave time is 65 microseconds longer than the slave to master time.

Range 0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10³⁰⁸ seconds

Default Value 0 seconds

The travel time is assumed to be symmetrical.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:CFTHreshold

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:CFTHreshold <dblSecondsSquared>
```

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:CFTHreshold?
```

This command sets the coarse/fine threshold of the PTP clock servo algorithm. It is used to determine whether the coarse or fine parameters are used for adjusting the instrument PTP clock time.

The query returns a double.

Example

Remarks

```
:LXI:CLOC:SALG:CFTH 2.25<sup>2</sup> s
```

The preceding example sets the threshold to 2.25 seconds squared.

Range 0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10³⁰⁸ seconds

Default Value $2^{-13} S^2$ (where: S^2 = seconds squared).

The minimum value is 0. The maximum value is limited by the data type (a double).

The servo algorithm constantly calculates a variance over a moving window of the offset data. Refer to :PTP:VARiance? command.

- When that variance is greater than the coarse/fine threshold, the coarse servo parameters are used.
- When that variance is less than or equal to the coarse/file threshold, the fine servo parameters are used.

- Too high a value for the coarse/fine threshold may result in switching to the fine parameters too soon.
- The resulting servo may have too little gain, may wander or fail to follow in the clocks local oscillator, and consequently fall out of synchronization.
- If the coarse/fine threshold value is too low, the servo may not switch to the fine parameters. In that case, the servo may never settle to the highest accuracy.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:CIConstant

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:CIConstant <dblServoConstant>

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:CIConstant?

This command sets the coarse integral constant for the PTP clock servo algorithm. This value is used to converge the PTP clock's time quickly, at the risk of overdriving the servo once it has converged.

The query returns a double.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:CIC 0.15

The preceding example sets the coarse integral constant to 0.15 seconds.

Range 0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10³⁰⁸ seconds

Default Value

0.20 seconds

Remarks

A Proportional-Integral controller (PI controller) is a generic control loop feedback mechanism (servo) commonly used in PTP clocks to synchronize with a master clock.

- The controller attempts to correct the error between a master clock and the slave clock by calculating a corrective action that adjusts the slave clock accordingly.
- The PI controller algorithm involves two separate parameters: the Proportional and the Integral values.
- The proportional value determines the reaction to the current error, the integral determines the reaction based on the sum of recent errors.
- The weighted sum of these two values is used to adjust the slave clock.
- The proportional term makes a change to the output that is proportional to the current error value.

• The integral term is proportional to both the magnitude and the duration of the error. Integrating the error (over time) gives the accumulated offset that should have been corrected previously.

See also:

- ":SALGorithm[:SET]:CPConstant" on page 87.
- ":SALGorithm[:SET]:FIConstant" on page 88.
- ":SALGorithm[:SET]:FPConstant" on page 89.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:CONFigure

Supported All Models

```
LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:CONFigure <asym>,<cfth>,<cpc>,<cic>,<fpc>,<omax>,<othr>,<sthr>
```

LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:CONFigure?

This command sets the parameters for the servo algorithm. All of the parameters can be set by their respective individual commands.

The query returns nine comma separated values in the form:

<asymmetry></asymmetry>	Representing the asymmetry value (double).
<cfthreshold></cfthreshold>	Representing the coarse/fine threshold value (double).
<cpconstant></cpconstant>	Representing the coarse proportional constant value (double).
<ciconstant></ciconstant>	Representing the coarse integral constant value (double).
<fpconstant></fpconstant>	Representing the fine proportional constant value (double).
<ficonstant></ficonstant>	Representing the fine integral constant value (double).
<omaximum></omaximum>	Representing the outlier maximum value (integer).
<othreshold></othreshold>	Representing the outlier threshold value (double).
<sthreshold></sthreshold>	Representing the set/steer threshold value (double).

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:CONF

The preceding example configures the servo algorithm to the following values:

Range	<asymmetry></asymmetry>	0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10^{308}	seconds
	<cfthreshold></cfthreshold>	0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10^{308}	seconds
	<cpconstant></cpconstant>	0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10^{308}	seconds
	<ciconstant></ciconstant>	0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10^{308}	seconds
	<fpconstant></fpconstant>	0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10^{308}	seconds
	<ficonstant></ficonstant>	0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10^{308}	seconds
	<omaximum></omaximum>	1 to 2,147, 483, 647	
	<othreshold></othreshold>	0.25 to 6.0	
	<sthreshold></sthreshold>	100 ms to 10 seconds	
Remarks	See also:		
	":SALGorithm[:SE	T]:ASYMmetry" on page 83.	
	":SALGorithm[:SE	T]:CFTHreshold" on page 84.	
	":SALGorithm[:SE	T]:CIConstant" on page 85.	
	":SALGorithm[:SE	T]:CPConstant" on page 87.	
	":SALGorithm[:SE	T]:FIConstant" on page 88.	
	":SALGorithm[:SE	T]:FPConstant" on page 89.	
	":SALGorithm[:SE	T]:OMAXimum" on page 89.	
		T]:OTHReshold" on page 91.	
	"·SAI Gorithm[·SF	T]:STHReshold" on page 91.	

:SALGorithm[:SET]:CPConstant

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:CPConstant <dblServoConstant>
```

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:CPConstant?

This command sets the coarse proportional constant for the PTP clock servo algorithm. This value is used to converge the PTP clock's time quickly, at the risk of overdriving the servo once it has converged.

The query returns a double.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:CPC 0.45

LXI System Commands Clock Subsystem(:LXI:CLOCk:)

The preceding example sets the coarse proportional constant to 0.45 seconds.

Range 0.0 to $1.7976931348623157 \times 10^{308}$ seconds

Default Value 0.40 seconds **Remarks** See also:

":SALGorithm[:SET]:CIConstant" on page 85.
":SALGorithm[:SET]:FIConstant" on page 88.
":SALGorithm[:SET]:FPConstant" on page 89.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:FIConstant

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:FIConstant <dblServoConstant>
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:FIConstant?
```

This command sets the fine integral constant for the PTP clock servo algorithm. This value is used to give the servo a narrow bandwidth, making it relatively immune to variations in the master, slave, or network delay, at the risk of converging too slowly.

The query returns a double.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:SALG:FIC 0.45
```

The preceding example sets the fine integral constant to 0.45 seconds.

Range 0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10³⁰⁸ seconds

Default Value 0.50 seconds **Remarks** See also:

":SALGorithm[:SET]:CIConstant" on page 85.
":SALGorithm[:SET]:CPConstant" on page 87.
":SALGorithm[:SET]:FPConstant" on page 89.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:FPConstant

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:FPConstant <dblServoConstant>
```

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:FPConstant?
```

This command sets the fine proportional constant for the PTP clock servo algorithm. This value is used to give the servo a narrow bandwidth, making it relatively immune to variations in the master, slave, or network delay, at the risk of converging too slowly.

The query returns a double.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:FPConstant 0.40
```

The preceding example sets the fine proportional constant to 0.40 seconds.

Range 0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10³⁰⁸ seconds

Default Value 0.35 seconds **Remarks** See also:

":SALGorithm[:SET]:CIConstant" on page 85.
":SALGorithm[:SET]:CPConstant" on page 87.
":SALGorithm[:SET]:FIConstant" on page 88.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:OMAXimum

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:OMAXimum <intConsecutiveSamples>
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:OMAXimum?
```

This command sets the maximum outlier number of ignored consecutive outlier PTP synchronization packets. When this threshold is exceeded, the outliers are no longer ignored and are used by the servo algorithm.

The query returns an integer as the maximum number of consecutive outlier PTP packets.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:SALG:OMAX 10
```

The preceding example sets the maximum number of consecutive ignored outlier PTP synchronization packets to 10.

Range 1 to 2,147, 483, 647

Default Value 5 outlier packets

Remarks

If a PTP synchronization or delay request packet is held up in a switch for a significant amount of time, it appears as a large deviation to the servo algorithm, and perturbs the quality of synchronization.

- The servo algorithm ignores anything outside the outlier threshold.
- Packets whose offset is less than the outlier threshold are considered valid and are retained.
- Packets whose offset is equal to or greater than the outlier threshold are considered invalid and are discarded.
- If the value for the outlier threshold is too low, valid packets may be excluded from the data and, as a result, the servo would have no data. If this occurs, the servo would not run and the Instrument PTP clock would drift.
- If the value for the outlier threshold is too high, invalid packets may be included in the data. If this occurs, the servo may process this bad data and, as a result, poor accuracy.

See also: ":SALGorithm[:SET]:OTHReshold" on page 91.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:OMDThreshold

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:OMDThreshold <dblSeconds>

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:OMDThreshold?

This command sets the outlier minimum discard threshold.

The query returns a double integer.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:SALG:OTHR 0.25

The preceding example sets the outlier threshold to 0.25.

Range 0.25 to 6.0

Default Value 2.0

Remarks Range values may be set to fractional standard deviations.

See also: ":SALGorithm[:SET]:OMAXimum" on page 89.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:OTENable

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:OTENable 0 | 1 | ON | OFF

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:OTENable?

This command enables or disables the outlier threshold.

The query returns an integer indicating the state of the outlier threshold.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:SALG:OTENable ON
```

The preceding example enables the outlier threshold.

Range ON (1) Enables the outlier threshold.

:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:OTHReshold?

OFF (0) Disables the outlier threshold.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:OTHReshold

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:OTHReshold <dblDeviations>
```

This command sets the outlier threshold which determines if a PTP synchronization or delay request packet is considered valid or a statistical outlier. The units are in number of standard deviations from currently measured average packet latency or delay.

The query returns a double.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:SALG:OTHR 0.25
```

The preceding example sets the outlier threshold to 0.25.

Range 0.25 to 6.0

Default Value 2.0

Remarks Range values may be set to fractional standard deviations.

See also: ":SALGorithm[:SET]:OMAXimum" on page 89.

:SALGorithm[:SET]:STHReshold

Supported All Models

```
LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:STHReshold <dblSeconds>
```

LXI:CLOCk:SALGorithm[:SET]:STHReshold?

This command sets the set/steer threshold which determines if the instrument PTP clock time is too different from the master PTP clock time and should be set versus being steered or incrementally adjusted to converge with the master PTP clock time.

The query returns a double representing the set/steer threshold.

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Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:SALG:STHR 1
```

The preceding example sets the threshold to 1 second.

Range 100 µs to 10 seconds

Default 0.1 seconds

:SYNC:MASTer?

Supported All Models :LXI:CLOCk:SYNC:MASTer?

This queries for whether the instrument PTP clock is acting as a master PTP clock.

The query returns an integer.

0 Indicating that the PTP clock is *NOT* acting as the master.

1 Indicating that the PTP clock *IS* acting as the master clock.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SYNC:MAST?
```

The preceding example queries the clock to determine if it is acting as the master in the PTP domain.

[:TIME]:DLSavings

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:DLSavings 0|1|OFF|ON
```

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:DLSavings?
```

This command sets the daylight savings property indicating whether the instrument local time takes into account daylight savings time.

The query returns an integer.

ON (1) Indicates Daylight Savings time is enabled.

OFF (0) Indicates Daylight Savings time is not enabled.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOCk:DLS ON
```

The preceding example enables the Daylight Savings time.

[:TIME]:FRACtion

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:FRACtion <dblTimeFraction>

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:FRACtion?
```

This command sets the fractional seconds part of the current PTP time.

The query returns a double as the fractional part of the current PTP time.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:FRAC .12345678
```

The preceding example sets the fractional seconds on the master clock to .12345678 seconds.

Range 0.0 - 0.999999 seconds

Remarks See also: "[:TIME]:SEConds" on page 96.

[:TIME]:LOCal?

Supported All Models :LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:LOCal?

This queries for the current local time formatted as date time string.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:LOC?
```

The preceding command returns the current local date and time as in 1970/01/01,00:00:00:00.000000".

Remarks

The returned string is in the form: YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS.mmmmmm, where:

YYYY - year

MM - monthDD - day of the month

HH - hour (24 hour format)

MM - minutes

SS - seconds.

mmmmmm - fractions of a second

See also:

"[:TIME]:TAI?" on page 97.

"[:TIME]:TZONe?" on page 97.

"[:TIME]:UTC?" on page 98.

[:TIME]:LSOFfset

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:LSOFfset <intLeapSeconds>
```

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:LSOFfset?
```

The command sets the current leap seconds offset between Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) and Temps Atomique International (TAI) time standards.

The query returns an integer with the number of leap seconds offset.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:LSOF?
```

The preceding example returns the number of leap seconds offset.

[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9:CLEar

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9:CLEar
```

This command clears the specified time marker. Refer to

[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9[:SET] command to set the time marker.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOC:MARK4:CLE
```

The preceding example clears Time Marker 4.

Remarks See also:

"[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9:DELTa?" on page 94. "[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9[:SET]" on page 95.

[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9:DELTa?

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9:DELTa?
```

This queries and calculates the delta or elapsed time from the time marker to the current PTP time.

The query returns five comma separated doubles as follows:

<dblDeltaSeconds> Representing the delta or difference in

seconds between the current PTP time and

the time originally set in the Marker.

<dblMarkerSeconds> Representing the PTP seconds originally set

in the Marker.

<dblMarkerFraction> Representing the PTP fractional seconds

originally set in the Marker.

<dblCurrentSeconds> Representing the seconds current time.

<dblCurrentFraction> Representing the fractional seconds of the

current time.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:MARK4

:LXI:CLOC:MARK4:DELT?

The preceding example sets Time Marker 4 and takes a measurement.

The query reads the time interval.

Remarks See also:

"[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9:CLEar" on page 94. "[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9[:SET]" on page 95.

[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9[:SET]

Supported All Models

LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9[:SET]

This command sets a time marker (one through nine) with the current PTP time so that it can later be measured against the PTP time. A typical use is to time the length of a sequence of instrument operations. Use the [:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9:DELTa? query to return the time difference.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:MARK4

The preceding example sets Time Marker 4.

Remarks Up to nine markers can be set.

See also: "[:TIME]:MARKer[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9:CLEar" on page 94.

[:TIME]:MEASure:CLEar

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:MEASure:CLEar

This command clears the beginning and ending timestamps for the last measurement.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:MEAS:CLE

The preceding example clears the timestamps of the last measurement.

Remarks See also: "[:TIME]:MEASure[:DELTa]?" on page 96.

[:TIME]:MEASure[:DELTa]?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:MEASure[:DELTa]?

This queries for the elapsed time (delta time) and the beginning and ending time stamps for the last completed instrument measurement.

The query returns five comma separated doubles as follows:

<dblDeltaSeconds> Representing the seconds since delta or

difference between the beginning and ending

time stamps.

<dblBeginSeconds> Representing the PTP seconds at the

beginning of the measurement.

<dblBeginFraction> Representing the fractional portion of

seconds at the beginning of the measurement.

<dblEndSeconds> Representing the seconds at the end of the

measurement.

<dblEndFraction> Representing the fractional portion of

seconds at the end of the measurement.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:MEAS?

The preceding example queries for the delta between the beginning and ending time stamps for the last instrument measurement.

Remarks See also: "[:TIME]:MEASure:CLEar" on page 95.

[:TIME]:SEConds

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:SEConds <dblTimeSeconds>
```

:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:SEConds?

This command sets the seconds part of the current PTP time. This represents the number of seconds after January 1, 1970 00:00:00. The device selected must be the domain IEEE1588 master clock.

The query returns a double as the number of seconds since the epoch (January 1, 1970 00:00:00).

Example

```
:LXI:CLOCk:SEC 10020304.0
```

The preceding example sets the seconds on the master clock to 10020304 seconds since January 1, 1970 00:00:00.

Range 0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10³⁰⁸ seconds

Remarks The *<dblTimeSeconds>* parameter must be a value representing whole seconds.

The value of 123456.0 is valid but 123456.01 is not valid and generates an error. If the selected device is not the IEEE 1588 Master Clock, this command is ignored.

See also: "[:TIME]:FRACtion" on page 92.

[:TIME]:TAI?

Supported All Models :LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:TAI?

This queries for the PTP time formatted as a date time string.

Example

:LXI:CLOC:TAI?

The preceding example reads the current TAI (PTP) time and returns a string as in 1970/01/01,00:00:00.000000".

Remarks

The returned string is in the form: YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS.mmmmmm, where:

YYYY - year MM - month

DD - day of the month

HH - hour (24 hour format)

MM - minutes SS - seconds.

mmmmmm - fractions of a second

[:TIME]:TZONe?

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:TZONe <strTimeOffset>
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:TZONe?
```

The command sets the time zone as an offset in number of hours, minutes, and seconds (in the form:

+/-00:00:00) from Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).

The query returns a character string, such as -08:00:00, and +06:30:00.

Example

:LXI:CLOCk:TZONe?

The preceding example returns the time zone setting.

Remarks See also:

"[:TIME]:LOCal?" on page 93.
"[:TIME]:TAI?" on page 97.
"[:TIME]:UTC?" on page 98.

[:TIME]:UTC?

Supported All Models

:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME]:UTC?

This queries for the UTC time formatted as a date time string.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOCk:UTC?
```

The preceding example reads the current UTC date time and returns a string as in 1970/01/01,00:00:00.000000".

Remarks

The returned string is in the form: YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS.mmmmmm, where:

YYYY - year

MM - month

DD - day of the month

HH - hour (24 hour format)

MM - minutes

SS - seconds.

mmmmmm - fractions of a second

See also:

"[:TIME]:LOCal?" on page 93.

"[:TIME]:TAI?" on page 97.

"[:TIME]:TZONe?" on page 97.

[:TIME][:VALue]

Supported

All Models

```
:LXI:CLOCk[:TIME][:VALue] <dblTimeSeconds>, <dblTimeFraction> :LXI:CLOCk[:TIME][:VALue]?
```

This command sets the current PTP time expressed in LXI time units of seconds and fractional seconds. The device selected must be the domain IEEE1588 master clock.

The query returns two doubles: one representing the seconds, the other representing the fractional portion.

Example

```
:LXI:CLOCk 1234567, 0.6789
```

The preceding example sets the clock time to 1234567 seconds and 0.6789 (fractional) seconds.

 $\textbf{Range} \qquad \textit{<dblTimeSeconds>} \qquad 0.0 \text{ to } 1.7976931348623157 \text{ x } 10^{308} \text{ seconds}$

<dblTimeFraction> 0.0 - 0.999999 seconds

Remarks

The <dblTimeSeconds> parameter must be a value representing whole seconds. The value of 123456.0 is valid but 123456.01 is not valid and generates an error. The <dblTimeFraction> parameter is only valid to the microseconds position. If the selected device is not the IEEE 1588 Master Clock, this command is ignored. See also:

"[:TIME]:SEConds" on page 96.
"[:TIME]:FRACtion" on page 92.

Events Subsystem (:LXI:EVENt:)

:DOMain

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:DOMain <bytDomain>

:LXI:EVENt:DOMain?

This command specifies the LXI LAN domain.

The query returns an integer.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:DOM 1

The preceding example sets the active domain for the instrument to 1.

Range 0 to 127

Key Entry Event Domain

Remarks For more information on LXI domain, refer to www.lxistandard.org.

:INPut:LAN:ADD

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN:ADD <strLanEvent>

This command creates a new input event to receive.

Example

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN:ADD "EVENT2"

The preceding example demonstrates how to create an input event named "EVENT2".

Range A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters

(A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

When a new event is added the default values for the associated attributes are as follows:

Attributes Default Value

Event Enabled False

Identifier Event name

Filter "ALL:5044"

Detection Rise

Remarks The maximum length of *<strLanEvent>* is 16 characters.

The string must be a enclosed quotation marks.

Longer strings will be truncated and added to the input event list.

No event is added if the input event already exists.

See also:

":INPut:LAN:COUNt?" on page 101.

":INPut:LAN:REMove:ALL" on page 102.

":INPut:LAN:REMove[:EVENt]" on page 102.

:INPut:LAN:COUNt?

Supported All Models :LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN:COUNt?

This query returns the total number of defined input events (includes both enabled and disabled events). The query returns an integer representing the total number of events.

Remarks See also: ":INPut:LAN:ADD" on page 100.

:INPut:LAN:DISable:ALL

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN:DISable:ALL
This command disables all input events.

Remarks See also:

":INPut:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 103. ":INPut:LAN[:SET]:ENABled" on page 105.

:INPut:LAN:LIST?

Supported All Models :LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN:LIST?

This query returns a quoted string with the list of defined input event names. (Add events using :INPut:LAN:ADD command.)

Remarks See also:

":INPut:LAN:REMove:ALL" on page 101.
":INPut:LAN:REMove:EVENt" on page 102.
":INPut:LAN:REMove[:EVENt]" on page 102.

:INPut:LAN:REMove:ALL

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN:REMove:ALL

This command removes all of the input events that were added using :INPut:LAN:ADD command.

Remarks Removed events cannot be re-enabled.

Compare to the IVI Events. RemoveAllCustomEvents function.

Only input events added with the :LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN:ADD command are

removed.

Default events cannot be removed.

See also: ":INPut:LAN:REMove[:EVENt]" on page 102.

:INPut:LAN:REMove[:EVENt]

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN:REMove[:EVENt] <strLanEvent>

This command removes the specified input event from the list of named events.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:INP:LAN:REM "testEvent"

The preceding example removes the input event named "testEvent".

Range A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use

letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%",

"*", etc.

Remarks The maximum length of *<strLanEvent>* is 16 characters.

The string must be enclosed in quotes.

Longer strings are truncated and the resulting input event will be removed from

the input event list.

The command generates an error message if the specified input event does not

exist.

Removed LAN events cannot be re-enabled.

See also:

":INPut:LAN:ADD" on page 100.

":INPut:LAN:REMove:ALL" on page 102.

:INPut:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure <strLanEvent>, <enable>, <detection>, <filter>, <identifier>

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure?

This command configures the most common attributes of LXI LAN output events. The parameters are also available from their corresponding commands.

The query returns six comma separated values.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<enable></enable>	Discreet	ON (1) - enables the specified input event.
		OFF (0) - disables the specified input event.
<detection></detection>	Discreet	RISE - sets the instrument to trigger on the receipt of a signal LOW LAN event followed by a signal HIGH LAN event (rising edge).
		FALL - sets the instrument to trigger on the receipt of a signal HIGH LAN event followed by a signal LOW LAN event (falling edge).
		HIGH - sets the instrument to trigger on every signal HIGH LAN event
		LOW - sets the instrument to trigger on every signal LOW LAN event.
<filter></filter>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 45 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<identifier></identifier>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Example

```
:LXI:EVEN:INP:LAN:CONF "lanEvent", 1, RISE, "192.168.0.1:23", "debugstring"
```

The preceding example specifies the input event named "lanEvent", to be enabled, sets the triggering detection to RISE, the filter expression to "192.168.0.1:23", and the identifier to "debugstring".

Remarks

The string must be enclosed in quotes.

Longer strings are truncated and the resulting event will be removed from the input event list.

The command generates an error message if the specified event does not exist.

Removed events cannot be re-enabled.

See also:

- ":INPut:LAN[:SET]:DETection" on page 104.
- ":INPut:LAN[:SET]:ENABled" on page 105.
- ":INPut:LAN[:SET]:FILter" on page 106.
- ":INPut:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier" on page 107.

:INPut:LAN[:SET]:DETection

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:DETection <strLanEvent>, RISE | FALL | HIGH | LOW
```

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:DETection? <strLanEvent>

This command specifies the trigger detection method and polarity for the input event.

The query returns a character string with the detection setting.

<detection> Discreet RISE - sets the instrument to trigger
on the receipt of a signal LOW LAN
event followed by a signal HIGH LAN

event (rising edge).

FALL - sets the instrument to trigger on the receipt of a signal HIGH LAN event followed by a signal LOW LAN

event (falling edge).

HIGH - sets the instrument to trigger on every signal HIGH LAN event

LOW - sets the instrument to trigger on every signal LOW LAN event.

Example

:LXI:EVENt:INP:LAN:DET "lanEvent",HIGH

The preceding command sets the detection mode to HIGH for the input event named "lanEvent".

Remarks Command is ignored if the specified input event name does not exist.

See also: ":INPut:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 103.

:INPut:LAN[:SET]:ENABled

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:ENABled <strLanEvent>, 0 | 1 | OFF | ON

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:ENABled? <strLanEvent>

This command enables or disables the $<\!strLanEvent>$ input event. The event is ignored if disabled.

The query returns an integer.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<enable></enable>	Discreet	OFF (0) - disables the specified input event
		ON (1) - enables the specified input event

Example

:LXI:EVEN:INP:LAN:ENAB "LANO",1

The preceding command enables the input event named "LAN0".

Remarks

The command generates an error message if the specified event does not exist.

See also: ":INPut:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 103.

:INPut:LAN[:SET]:FILter

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:FILter <strLanEvent>, <strFilterExpression>

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:FILter? <strLanEvent>

This command creates a filter for incoming input events. Only input events coming from hosts matching the filter string are processed.

The query returns the filter string assigned to the specified input event.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<pre><strfilterexpression></strfilterexpression></pre>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 45 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Example

```
:LXI:EVENt:LAN:INP:FILTer "LAN0", "192.168.0.1:23"
```

The preceding example sets the filter string to "192.168.0.1:23" for the input event named "LANO".

Remarks

```
The syntax for specifying a filter is as follows: <strFilterExpression> == ([host[:port]] | [ALL[:port]])[,Filter]
```

The following are examples of valid filter expressions:

```
"192.168.0.1:23"
```

"agilent.com, soco.agilent.com"

"agilent.com:80, 192.168.0.1"

- Specifying an empty string means that LAN trigger packets are accepted as an input from any port on any host on the network via either Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) or User Datagram Protocol (UDP).
- Specifying only the port means that any host communicating over that port can send events.
- Specifying ALL indicates that UDP multicast packets are accepted if they are directed to the IANA assigned multicast address on the IANA assigned default port, or the designated port if specified.

• The command generates an error if the specified event does not exist.

See also: ":INPut:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 103.

:INPut:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier <strLanEvent>, <strCustomId>

:LXI:EVENt:INPut:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier? <strLanEvent>

This command specifies the string that is expected to arrive over the LAN for a given input event to occur.

The query returns a string with the identifier assigned to the specified input event.

Parameter	Type	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<strcustomid></strcustomid>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LAN:INP:IDEN "LANO", "debugstring"

The preceding example sets the input event named "LAN0" identifier to "debugstring".

Remarks The command is ignored if the specified event name does not exist.

See also: ":INPut:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 103.

:LOG:ALL?

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:ALL?

This query returns the contents of the event log. A complete log is a set of entries delimited by a semicolon. The contents of the event log are returned as a single quoted string containing all the event log entries:

"<chrLogEntry1>;<chrLogEntry2>;<chrLogEntry3>;<chrLogEntryn>"

Each entry is composed of nine comma separated fields. For more information on the fields refer to :LOG:ENTRy? command.

Remarks See also: ":LOG:CLEar" on page 108.

:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle] 0 | 1 | OFF | ON

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]?

This command selects how new entries are handled when the LXI event log is full.

The query returns an integer indicating the behavior of the LXI event log.

OFF (0) Incoming events are discarded.

ON (1) Incoming events overwrite the oldest events

in the log.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LOG:CIRC 1

The preceding example enables circular logging of LXI events.

Remarks Each entry is composed of nine comma separated fields. For more information on

the fields refer to :LOG:ENTRy? command.

See also: ":LOG:CLEar" on page 108.

:LOG:CIRCular:FBENtry

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:CIRCular:FBENtry

This command selects the most recently added event log entry to be used as the reference for the :LOG:ENTRY? query. The log must be in circular mode for the command to function.

Remarks Each entry is composed of nine comma separated fields. For more information on

the fields refer to :LOG:ENTRy? command.

See also ":LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]" on page 108.

:LOG:CLEar

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:CLEar

This command removes all existing entries from the event log.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LOG:CLE

The preceding example clears all LXI log entries.

Remarks

Each entry is composed of nine comma separated fields. For more information on the fields refer to :LOG:ENTRy? command.

See also:

":LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]" on page 108.

":LOG:ENABled" on page 109.

:LOG:COUNt?

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:COUNt?

This query returns the total number of entries in the LXI event log.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LOG:COUN?

The preceding example returns an integer with the current number of entries in the LXI event log.

Remarks

Each entry is composed of nine comma separated fields. For more information on the fields refer to :LOG:ENTRy? command.

See also:

":LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]" on page 108.

":LOG:CLEar" on page 108. ":LOG:ENABled" on page 109.

:LOG:ENABled

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:ENABled 0 | 1 | OFF | ON

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:ENABled?

This command enables or disables LXI event logging.

The query returns an integer indicating the current state of LXI event logging.

OFF (0) Disables the logging.

ON (1) Enables the logging.

Example

Remarks

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:ENAB ON

The preceding example enables the LXI event log.

Each entry is composed of nine comma separated fields. For more information on the fields refer to :LOG:ENTRy? command.

See also: ":LOG:CLEar" on page 108.

:LOG:ENTRy?

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:ENTRy? <intIndex>

This query retrieves the event log entry referenced by <intIndex>. When the log is in circular mode, this index value is relative to the entry selected by the :LOG:CIRCular:FBENtry command. The query returns nine comma separated character strings:

"<chrDate>,<chrTime>,<chrEventType>,<chrEventName>,<chrEventEdge>,<chrSourceEvent>,<chrEventIdentifier>,<chrSrcAddress>,<chrDstAddress>"

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LOG:ENTR? 5

The preceding example returns the 5th entry in the event log.

Range

0 to 2,147, 483, 647

Remarks

The command returns an empty string if the specified index is out of range or the entry no longer exists.

The event log records internal status events as well as all LXI event activity. As LXI LAN events are sent or received, the activity is noted in the event log with an IEEE 1588 timestamp.

The fields recorded in the event log are:

- The date the event occurred (GMT).
- · The time the event occurred (GMT).
- The type of event: LAN Input, LAN Output, Status, Alarm, Trigger Alarm, Trigger LAN.
- · The name of the event.
- · The edge associated with the event.
- The source event is only valid for LAN Output, Trigger LAN, and Trigger Alarm event types.
- · The event's identifier appears as an ASCII character on the LAN.
- The source address is only valid for LAN Input event types. It is the address from which the message originated.
- The destination address is only valid for LAN Output event types. It is the address (or addresses) that the message will be sent to. For UDP messages, this field will read "ALL."

See also: ":LOG:CLEar" on page 108.

:LOG[:NEXT]?

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:LOG[:NEXT]?

This query returns the oldest entry from the LXI event log and removes it from the log.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LOG?

The preceding example queries for the last entry.

Remarks

Each entry is composed of nine comma separated fields. For more information on the fields refer to :LOG:ENTRy? command.

See also ":LOG:ALL?" on page 107.

:LOG:SIZE

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:SIZE <intMaxNumberOfLogEntries>

:LXI:EVENt:LOG:SIZE?

This command sets the maximum number of entries the LXI event log can hold.

The query returns the current size (maximum number of entries) of the LXI event log.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LOG:SIZE 256

The preceding example sets the maximum size of the LXI event log to 256 entries.

Range 0 to 500

Default Value 64

Remarks

Each entry is composed of nine comma separated fields. For more information on

the fields refer to :LOG:ENTRy? command.

See also:

":LOG:CIRCular[:ENABle]" on page 108.

":LOG:CLEar" on page 108.

":LOG:COUNt?" on page 109.

":LOG:ENABled" on page 109.

[:OUTPut]:LAN:ADD

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN:ADD <strLanEvent>
```

This command creates a new output event as specified by <strLanEvent>.

Example

```
:LXI:EVEN:LAN:ADD "testEvent"
```

The preceding example creates the event named "testEvent".

Range A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use

letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%",

"*", etc.

Remarks The maximum length of *<strLanEvent>* is 16 characters.

The string must be a enclosed quotation marks.

Longer strings are truncated and the resulting LAN event name is added to the

list.

[:OUTPut]:LAN:COUNt?

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN:COUNt?
```

This query returns the number of configured LXI output LAN events.

[:OUTPut]:LAN:DISable:ALL

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN:DISable:ALL
```

This command disables all configured LXI output LAN events. Refer to [:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:ENABled command.

[:OUTPut]:LAN:LIST?

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN:LIST?
```

This query returns a quoted string containing a list of all configured LAN output event names. (Add events using [:OUTPut]:LAN:ADD command.)

[:OUTPut]:LAN:REMove:ALL

Supported

All Models

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN:REMove:ALL

This command disables and removes all custom LAN events added with the [:OUTPut]:LAN:ADD command.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LAN:REM:ALL

Remarks

Only LAN events added with the :LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN:ADD command will

be removed.

Default events cannot be removed.

Removed events cannot be re-enabled.

See also: "[:OUTPut]:LAN:REMove[:EVENt]" on page 113.

[:OUTPut]:LAN:REMove[:EVENt]

Supported

All Models

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN:REMove[:EVENt] <strLanEvent>

This command disables and removes the specified custom LAN output event.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LAN:REM "testEvent"

The preceding example removes the LAN event named "testEvent".

Range

A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", etc.

Remarks

The command generates an error message if the LAN event does not exist.

The command is ignored if the LAN event was not introduced using the [:OUTPut]:LAN:ADD command.

the second secon

The maximum length of <strLanEvent> is 16 characters.

The string must be a enclosed quotation marks.

Longer strings are truncated and the resulting LAN event will be removed from

the LXI output LAN event list.

See also: "[:OUTPut]:LAN:REMove:ALL" on page 113.

[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure <strLanEvent>, 0|1|ON|OFF, <source>, <slope>, <drive>, <destination>

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure? <strLanEvent>

This command configures the most common attributes of LXI LAN output events. The parameters are also available from their corresponding commands.

The query returns five comma separated strings for <strLanEvent>.

Parameter	Type	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<enable></enable>	Discreet	ON (1) - enables the LXI LAN Output event.
		Off (0) - disables the LXI LAN Output event.
<source/>	Discreet	Typical instrument event strings include:
		"OperationComplete"
		"Settling"
		"Sweeping"
		"WaitingForTrigger"
<slope></slope>	Discreet	POSitive - positive going transition
		NEGative - negative going transition
<drive></drive>	Discreet	OFF - disables the LAN event
		NORMal - designates typical operation where both edges of the instrument event are transmitted.
		WOR - (Wired-OR) causes only one edge to be transmitted
<destination></destination>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 45 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Example

```
:LXI:EVEN:LAN:CONF "lanEvent3", 1, WFT, POS, NORM, "host1, 192.168.0.1:80"
```

The preceding example configures LXI LAN event "lanEvent3" as enabled, the source set to WaitingForTrigger, a positive going slope, a normal drive, and the destination to "host1, 192.168.0.1:80".

Remarks

The command generates an error message if the output LAN event does not exist. See also:

```
"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DESTination" on page 115.
```

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DRIVe" on page 116.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:ENABled" on page 117.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SLOPe" on page 119.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SOURce" on page 120.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:TSDelta" on page 121.

[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DESTination

Supported All Models

```
:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DESTination <strLanEvent>, <strDestinationExpression>
:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DESTination? <strLanEvent>
```

This command sets the destination for the specified outgoing LAN event to the hosts specified by <strDestinationExpression>. The expression takes the form of "host1:port1, host2:port2, ". The port numbers are optional and will default to the IANA assigned TCP port (5044).

The query returns a filter expression string.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<pre><strdestinationexpression></strdestinationexpression></pre>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 45 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Example

```
:LXI:EVEN:LAN:DEST "testEvent", "host1, 192.168.0.1:80"
```

The preceding example sets the filter string to "host1, 192.168.0.1:80" for the event named "testEvent".

Remarks

The following are valid <strDestinationExpression>:

"192.168.0.1:23"

"agilent.com, soco.agilent.com"

"agilent.com:80, 192.168.0.1"

To designate a UDP broadcast at the default port, set the destination string to "" or "ALL".

To designate a UDP broadcast at a specific port, set the destination string to ":port" or "ALL:port".

[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DRIVe

Supported

All Models

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DRIVe <strLanEvent>, OFF|NORMal|WOR

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DRIVe? <strLanEvent>

This command specifies the trigger drive behavior for the specified LAN output event.

The query returns a string representing the drive behavior.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<drive></drive>	Discreet	OFF - disables the LAN event
		NORMal - designates typical operation where both edges of the instrument event are transmitted.
		WOR - (Wired-OR) causes only one edge to be transmitted

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LAN:DRIV "testEvent", WOR

The preceding example sets the drive parameter to WOR for the event named "testEvent".

Key Entry Off Normal Wired-OR

Remarks

The command generates an error message if the LAN event does not exist.

When the drive parameter is set to NORMa1, a negative slope will cause both edges to be inverted before they are transmitted. A positive slope will transmit the edges unaltered.

When the drive parameter is set to WOR, only positive edges are transmitted. When the slope is negative, a falling edge is inverted and sent as a rising edge. When the slope is positive, a rising edge is sent.

See also:

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 114.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SLOPe" on page 119.

The following table illustrates the effects of the Slope and Drive parameters.

Instrument Event Edge	Slope Parameter	Drive Parameter	Action
0	Negative	Off	Not Sent
0	Positive	Off	Not Sent
1	Negative	Off	Not Sent
1	Positive	Off	Not Sent
0	Negative	Normal	1
0	Positive	Normal	0
1	Negative	Normal	0
1	Positive	Normal	1
0	Negative	Wired OR	1
0	Positive	Wired OR	Not Sent
1	Negative	Wired OR	Not Sent
1	Positive	Wired OR	0

[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:ENABled

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:ENABled <strLanEvent>, 0|1|OFF|ON

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:ENABled? <strLanEvent>

This command enables or disables the specified LXI LAN output event.

The query returns the state of the output event.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<enable></enable>	Discreet	ON (1) - enables the LXI LAN Output event.
		Off (0) - disables the LXI LAN Output event.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LAN:ENAB "LANO",ON

The preceding example enables the LAN event named "LAN0".

Remarks The command generates an error message if the output LAN event does not exist.

[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier <strLanEvent>, <strCustomId>

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier?

This command specifies the custom string that will be transmitted as part of the output event.

The query returns a string with the identifier assigned to the specified LXI LAN output event.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent>, <strcustomid></strcustomid></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LAN:IDEN "LANO", "debugstring"

The preceding example sets the LAN event named "LAN0" identifier to "debugstring".

Default Value The identifier is equivalent to <strLanEvent>.

Remarks Command ignored if the LAN event does not exist.

[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SLOPe

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SLOPe <strLanEvent>, POSitive | NEGative

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SLOPe? <strLanEvent>

This command sets the slope of the event transition. It determines which instrument event transition will result in a LAN packet being sent and whether or not that edge is inverted.

The query returns a character string representing the slope attribute of the LXI LAN packet.

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LAN:SLOP "testEvent", POS

The preceding example sets the slope of "testEvent" to positive.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<slope></slope>	Discreet	Positive - positive-going transition.
		Negative - negative-going transition.

Default Value

Positive

Remarks

The command generates an error message if the LAN event does not exist.

When the drive parameter is set to NORMal, a negative slope will cause both edges to be inverted before they are transmitted. A positive slope will transmit the edges unaltered.

When the drive parameter is set to WOR, only positive edges are transmitted. When the slope is negative, a falling edge is inverted and sent as a rising edge. When the slope is positive, a rising edge is sent.

See also:

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 114.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DRIVe" on page 116.

The following table illustrates the effects of the Slope and Drive parameters.

Instrument Event Edge	Slope Parameter	Drive Parameter	Action
0	Negative	Off	Not Sent
0	Positive	Off	Not Sent

Instrument Event Edge	Slope Parameter	Drive Parameter	Action
1	Negative	Off	Not Sent
1	Positive	Off	Not Sent
0	Negative	Normal	1
0	Positive	Normal	0
1	Negative	Normal	0
1	Positive	Normal	1
0	Negative	Wired OR	1
0	Positive	Wired OR	Not Sent
1	Negative	Wired OR	Not Sent
1	Positive	Wired OR	0

[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SOURce

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SOURce <strLanEvent>, <strAnyEvent>

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SOURce? <strLanEvent>

This command designates the instrument that the specified LAN output event is tied to.

The query returns a character string indicating the event type for the specified LAN event name.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<stranyevent></stranyevent>	Discreet	Typical instrument event strings include:
		"OperationComplete"
		"Settling"
		"Sweeping"
		"WaitingForTrigger"

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LAN:SOUR "testEvent", "WaitingForTrigger"

The preceding example sets the source of "testEvent" to "WaitingForTrigger".

Key Entry OperationComplete Settling Sweeping Waiting For Trigger

Remarks

The command generates an error message if the LAN event does not exist.

For specific LXI output LAN events "WaitingForTrigger," "Sweeping," and "OperationComplete," this parameter is set to the corresponding source value and cannot be changed.

"WaitingForTrigger" and "Sweeping" correspond to the standard instrument status events for which they are named.

See also:

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 114.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DESTination" on page 115.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:DRIVe" on page 116.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:ENABled" on page 117.

"[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:SLOPe" on page 119.

[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:TSDelta

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:TSDelta <strLanEvent>, <dblSeconds>

:LXI:EVENt[:OUTPut]:LAN[:SET]:TSDelta <strLanEvent>

This command specifies that a certain amount of delay occur between the generation of this event and remote instruments action on it. The parameter *dblseconds* represents a time in seconds to add to the timestamp of the output LAN event.

The query returns a double indicating the number of seconds of delay.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<dblseconds></dblseconds>	Double	$0.0 - 1.7976931348623157 \times 10^{308} $ seconds

Example

:LXI:EVEN:LAN:TSD "testEvent",10.5

The preceding command sets "testEvent" delay to 10.5 seconds.

Remarks The command generates an error message if the output LAN event does not exist.

:STATus:ENABled

Supported All Models

:LXI:EVENt:STATus:ENABled <eventName>, <On Off>

:LXI:EVENt:STATus:ENABled? <eventName>

This command enables or disables the reporting of the specified instrument status event to the LXI subsystem.

The query returns the state of the specified instrument status event.

Parameter	Type	Range of Values
<eventname></eventname>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<onoff></onoff>	Discreet	ON (1) - enables the LXI event.
		Off (0) - disables the LXI event.

Example

:LXI:EVENt:STATus:ENABled "WaitingForTrigger", O

The preceding example disables the reporting of the instrument status event "Waiting For Trigger".

Remarks The command generates an error message if the LAN event does not exist.

:LXI:STATe

Supported All Models

:LXI:STATe ON|OFF|1|0

:LXI:STATe?

This command enables or disables the LXI subsystem.

The query returns the current state of the LXI subsystem.

Key Entry LXI-B Enabled

Trigger Subsystem (:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:)

:ALARm:COUNt?

Supported All Models

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm:COUNt?

The query returns the number of configured trigger alarms.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:ALAR:COUN?

:ALARm:DISable:ALL

Supported All Models

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm:DISable:ALL

This command disables all trigger alarms. Use the :ALARm[:SET]:ENABled command to re-enable specific trigger alarms.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:ALAR:DIS:ALL

The preceding example disables all LXI alarm triggers.

:LXI:ALARm:LIST?

Supported All Models

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm:LIST?

The query returns a complete list of configured LXI trigger alarms.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:ALAR:LIST?

The preceding example returns a complete list of LXI trigger alarm names.

Remarks See also:

":ALARm:COUNt?" on page 123.

":ALARm:DISable:ALL" on page 123.

:ALARm[:SET]:CONFigure

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:CONFigure <alarmEvent>,<enable>, <timeSeconds>,<timeFraction>,<period>,<repeat>
```

This command configures the most commonly used attributes of the specified LXI alarm event. The parameters are also available from their corresponding commands.

<stralarmevent></stralarmevent>	This parameter requires a quoted string name of the LXI trigger alarm.
<enable></enable>	This parameter enables or disables the LXI trigger alarm.
<timeseconds></timeseconds>	This parameter sets the seconds portion of the LXI trigger alarm time.
<timefraction></timefraction>	This parameter sets the subseconds portion of the LXI trigger alarm time.
<period></period>	This parameter sets the amount of time that will elapse between alarms in a repeating alarm trigger.
<repeat></repeat>	This parameter sets the number of times a repeating alarm will fire once the initial alarm time has occurred.

Example

```
:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:CONF "ALARMO", ON, 1, 0.123456, 1, 5
```

The preceding example configures the trigger alarm event named "ALARMO" as enabled, sets one second and 0.23456 sub-seconds for the alarm to go off, the elapse time of one second between alarms and five repetitions after the initial trigger.

Range	<stralarmevent></stralarmevent>	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
	<enable></enable>	ON (1) - Enables the LAN trigger alarm. OFF (0) - Disables the LAN trigger alarm.
	<timeseconds></timeseconds>	0.0 - 1.7976931348623157 x 10^{308} seconds
	<timefraction></timefraction>	0.0 - 0.999999 seconds
	<period></period>	$0.0 - 1.7976931348623157 \times 10^{308} $ seconds
	<repeat></repeat>	1 - 2, 147, 483, 647

Remarks See also:

":ALARm[:SET]:ENABled" on page 125.

":ALARm[:SET]:PERiod" on page 125.

":ALARm[:SET]:REPeat" on page 126.

":ALARm[:SET]:TIME:FRACtion" on page 127.

":ALARm[:SET]:TIME:SEConds" on page 127.

:ALARm[:SET]:ENABled

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGqer[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:ENABled <strAlarmEvent>, 0 | 1 | OFF | ON
```

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:ENABled?

This command enables or disables the LXI trigger alarm.

The query returns a discreet character indicating the specified trigger alarm state.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:ALAR:ENAB "ALARMO",ON
```

The preceding example enables trigger event named ALARMO.

can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special

characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

<enable> ON (1) - Enables the trigger alarm.

OFF (0) - Disables the trigger alarm.

Remarks

The command generates an error message if the trigger alarm event does not

:ALARm[:SET]:PERiod

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGqer[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:PERiod <strAlarmEvent>, <dblSeconds>
```

```
:TRIGger[:SEOuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:PERiod? <strAlarmEvent>
```

This command sets the amount of time that should elapse between alarms in a repeating alarm trigger.

The query returns the period for the specified trigger alarm event.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:ALAR:PER "ALARMO",1.2345
```

The preceding example sets the period of trigger event named ALARM0 to 1.2345 seconds.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<pre><stralarmevent></stralarmevent></pre>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<dblseconds></dblseconds>	Double	$0.0 - 1.7976931348623157 \times 10^{308} $ seconds

Default Value 0.0 seconds.

Remarks A period of 0.0 seconds effectively causes the trigger to occur only once, since all

repetitions are fired simultaneously.

The command generates an error message if the alarm event does not exist.

:ALARm[:SET]:REPeat

Supported All Models

:TRIGqer[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:REPeat <strAlarmEvent>, <intRepetitions>

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:REPeat? <strAlarmEvent>

This command sets the number of times a repeating alarm should fire once the initial alarm time has occurred.

The query returns the number of repetitions for the specified trigger alarm event.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:ALAR:REP "ALARMO",10

The preceding example sets the number of repetitions in trigger event named ALARM0 to 10.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<stralarmevent></stralarmevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<intrepetitions></intrepetitions>	Integer	1 - 2, 147, 483, 647

Remarks The command generates an error message if the alarm event does not exist.

:ALARm[:SET]:TIME:FRACtion

Supported All Models

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:TIME:FRACtion <strAlarmEvent>, <dblTimeFraction>

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:TIME:FRACtion? <strAlarmEvent>

This command sets the sub-seconds of the time for the trigger alarm.

The query returns a double representing the fractional portion of the trigger alarm time.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:ALAR:TIME:FRAC "ALARMO", 0.123456

The preceding example sets ALARM0 to 0.123456 fractional seconds.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<stralarmevent></stralarmevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<dbltimeseconds></dbltimeseconds>	Double	0.0 - 0.999999 seconds

Remarks Values representing a time in the past will result in an error.

The command generates an error message if the alarm event does not exist.

:ALARm[:SET]:TIME:SEConds

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:TIME:SEConds <strAlarmEvent>, <dblTimeSeconds>
```

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:TIME:SEConds? <strAlarmEvent>

This command sets the seconds portion of the LXI trigger alarm time. This represents the number of seconds after January 1, 1970 00:00:00 that the alarm should go off. Values must be in the form of whole seconds; decimal values will result in an error.

The query returns a double with the currently specified seconds for the trigger alarm.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:ALAR:TIME:SEC "ALARMO",123456.0
```

The preceding example sets ALARM0 to 123456.0 seconds.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values		
<stralarmevent:< td=""><td>> Quoted ASCII String</td><td>A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.</td></stralarmevent:<>	> Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.		
<dbltimeseconds< td=""><td>s> Double</td><td colspan="3">Epoch time of current date at</td></dbltimeseconds<>	s> Double	Epoch time of current date at		
		$00:00:00 - 1.7976931348623157 \times 10^{308}$ seconds		
Default	The default time is the number of seconds between January 1, 1970 at 00:00:00 and the current date at initialization at 00:00:00.			
Remarks	Values representing a time in the past will result in an error.			
	Values containing a decimal portion will result in an error.			
	The command generates an error message if the alarm event does not exist.			

:ALARm[:SET]:TIME[:VALUE]

Supported All Models

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:TIME[:VALUE] <strAlarmEvent>, <dblTimeSeconds>, <dblTimeFraction>

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:ALARm[:SET]:TIME[:VALUE]? <strAlarmEvent>

This command sets both the seconds and the sub-seconds portion of the LXI trigger alarm time.

The query returns two comma separated doubles.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:ALAR:TIME 2⁹, 0.12345

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<stralarmevent></stralarmevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<dbltimeseconds></dbltimeseconds>	Double	Epoch time of current date at
		00:00:00 - 1.7976931348623157 x 10^{308} seconds
<dbltimefraction></dbltimefraction>	Double	0.0 to 0.999999 seconds

Default The default time is the number of seconds between January 1, 1970 at 00:00:00

and the current date at initialization at 00:00:00.

Remarks Values representing a time in the past will result in an error.

Values containing a decimal portion will result in an error.

The command generates an error message if the alarm event does not exist.

:LAN:ADD

Supported All Models

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN:ADD <strLanEvent>

This command adds a LAN trigger event named<strLanEvent>.

Range <strLanEvent> A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You

can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special

characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:LAN:ADD "testEvent"

The preceding example adds the LAN trigger event named, "testEvent".

Remarks The <strLanevent> string is limited to 16 characters. Longer strings are

truncated.

The command generates an error if an event is added which already exists.

Added events are not enabled.

Enabling the event requires the use of :LAN[:SET]:CONFigure or

:LAN[:SET]:ENABled commands.

The command modifies the :LAN:LIST? query.

See also:

":LAN:COUNt?" on page 130.

":LAN:DISable:ALL" on page 130.

":LAN:REMove:ALL" on page 130.

":LAN:REMove[:EVENt]" on page 131.

:LAN:COUNt?

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN:COUNt?
```

This query returns the number of configured LXI trigger LAN events.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:LAN:COUN?
```

The preceding example returns the number of LXI trigger LAN events.

:LAN:DISable:ALL

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN:DISable:ALL
```

This command disables all LXI LAN trigger events.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:LAN:DIS:ALL
```

The preceding example sets all LXI LAN trigger events to off.

Remarks See also: ":LAN[:SET]:ENABled" on page 134.

:LAN:LIST?

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN:LIST?
```

The query returns a complete list of LAN trigger events added using the :LAN:ADD command.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:LAN:LIST?
```

The preceding example returns a string containing the list of trigger events.

Remarks See also:

```
":LAN:DISable:ALL" on page 130.
```

":LAN:REMove:ALL" on page 130.

":LAN:REMove[:EVENt]" on page 131.

":LAN[:SET]:ENABled" on page 134.

:LAN:REMove:ALL

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN:REMove:ALL
```

This command clears the list of user added LAN events that can cause the instrument to trigger. The command does not affect events LAN0 through LAN7.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:LAN:REM:ALL
```

The preceding example removes all LAN trigger events that have been added.

Remarks

It is not possible to remove the "LANO" through "LAN7" events.

See also:

":LAN:ADD" on page 129.

":LAN:REMove[:EVENt]" on page 131.

:LAN:REMove[:EVENt]

Supported

All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN:REMove[:EVENt] <strLanEvent>
```

This command removes the specified custom trigger event from the list of possible LAN trigger events.

Range

<strLanEvent>

A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:LAN:REM "testEvent"
```

The preceding example removes the trigger event named "testEvent" from the list of added trigger events.

Remarks

It is not possible to remove the "LANO" through "LAN7" events.

The *<strLanEvent>* is limited to 16 characters. Longer strings are truncated and the corresponding LAN event is removed.

The command generates an error if the LAN event does not exist.

The command modifies the :LAN:LIST? query.

See also:

":LAN:ADD" on page 129.

":LAN:REMove:ALL" on page 130.

:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure

```
Supported
```

All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure <strLanEvent>, 0 | 1 | OFF | ON, RISE | FALL | HIGH | LOW, <filter>, <identifier>, <delay>
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:CONFigure? <strLanEvent>
```

This command configures the most commonly used attributes of the specified trigger event. The parameters are also available from their corresponding commands.

The query returns five comma separated values as follows:

Integer	Either	0	or	1	representing	the	enable
	atata						

state.

Character String Representing the detection state.

ASCII String Representing the filter expression.

ASCII String Representing the identifier.

Double Representing the delay time.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:LAN:CONF "lanEvent5", ON, HIGH, "192.168.0.1:23", "debugstring", 5

The preceding example configures the trigger event named "lanEvent5" as enabled, triggers in the HIGH state, uses the filter expression "192.168.0.1:23", sets the identifier to "debugstring", with a 5 second delay.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<enable></enable>	Discreet	ON (1) - Enables the LAN trigger event.
		OFF (0) - Disables the LAN trigger event.
<detection></detection>	Discreet	RISE - sets the instrument to trigger on the receipt of a signal LOW LAN event followed by a signal HIGH LAN event (rising edge).
		FALL - sets the instrument to trigger on the receipt of a signal HIGH LAN event followed by a signal LOW LAN event (falling edge).
		HIGH - sets the instrument to trigger on every signal HIGH LAN event
		LOW - sets the instrument to trigger on every signal LOW LAN event.
<filter></filter>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 45 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Quoted ASCII String A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in <identifier> quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc. $0.0 - 1.7976931348623157 \times 10^{308}$ seconds Double <delay> Remarks See also: ":LAN[:SET]:DELay" on page 133. ":LAN[:SET]:DETection" on page 134. ":LAN[:SET]:ENABled" on page 134. ":LAN[:SET]:FILTer" on page 135. ":LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier" on page 136.

:LAN[:SET]:DELay

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:DELay <strLanEvent>, <dblSeconds>
```

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:DELay? <strLanEvent>

This command sets the amount of delay that should pass between receiving a LXI LAN event trigger and the trigger action. A delay of 0.0 seconds indicates that the instrument will trigger immediately after receiving the specified LXI LAN trigger event.

The query returns a double indicating the delay time.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:LAN:DEL "LAN0",5
```

The preceding example sets the delay of "LANO" to 5 seconds.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values	
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.	
<dblseconds></dblseconds>	Double	0.0 to 1.7976931348623157 x 10^{308} seconds	
Remarks	The command generates an error message if the specified LAN event does not exist.		
	Negative delay times (delay times < 0.0) are ignored.		
	See also: ":LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 131.		

:LAN[:SET]:DETection

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:DETection <strLanEvent>, RISE|FALL|HIGH|LOW
```

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:DETection? <strLanEvent>

This command specifies the behavior of the trigger signal.

The query returns a character string indicating the behavior of the LAN trigger event.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:LAN:DET "lanEvent", HIGH

The preceding example triggers when "lanEvent" is in the HIGH state.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
<detection></detection>	Discreet	RISE - sets the instrument to trigger on the receipt of a signal LOW LAN event followed by a signal HIGH LAN event (rising edge).
		FALL - sets the instrument to trigger on the receipt of a signal HIGH LAN event followed by a signal LOW LAN event (falling edge).
		HIGH - sets the instrument to trigger on every signal HIGH LAN event
		LOW - sets the instrument to trigger on every signal LOW LAN event.

Remarks The command generates an error message if the LAN event does not exist.

The command is ignored if a nonexistent *<strlANEvent>* is passed.

:LAN[:SET]:ENABled

```
Supported All Models
```

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:ENABled <strLanEvent>, 0 | 1 | OFF | ON :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:ENABled? <strLanEvent>
```

This command enables or disables the specified LAN trigger. When enabled the instrument will trigger upon receiving any event from the LXI trigger LAN event list. The event is ignored when in the disabled state.

The query returns a character indicating the enabled status of the specified LAN trigger event.

Example

:TRIG:LXI:LAN:ENAB "LANO",ON

The preceding example enables "LAN0" On.

Parameter	Туре	Range of Values	
<strlanevent></strlanevent>	Quoted ASCII String	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.	
<enable></enable>	Discreet	ON (1) - Enables the LAN trigger event. OFF (0) - Disables the LAN trigger event.	
Remarks	The command generates an error message if the LAN event does not ex		
	See also: ":LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 131.		

:LAN[:SET]:FILTer

Supported All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:FILTer <strLanEvent>, <strFilterExpression>
```

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:FILTer? <strLanEvent>

This command allows user to create a filter expression for the specified LAN trigger event. Only LXI trigger LAN events coming from hosts matching the filter string are processed.

The query returns an ASCII string with the filter expression.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:LAN:FILT "LAN0", "agilent.com"
```

The preceding example sets the filter for trigger event LANO to the expression, "agilent.com".

Range	<strlanevent></strlanevent>	A string of up to 16 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.
	<pre><strfilterexpression></strfilterexpression></pre>	A string of up to 45 characters enclosed in quotes. You can use letters (A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Remarks

The filter expression must be in the form:

```
<strFilterExpression> == ([host[:port]] | [ALL[:port]]) [,Filter]
```

The following are examples of valid filter expressions:

```
"192.168.0.1:23"

"agilent.com, soco.agilent.com"

"agilent.com:80, 192.168.0.1"
```

- Specifying an empty string means that LXI trigger packets are accepted as a trigger from any port on any host on the network via either TCP or UDP.
- Specifying only the port means that any host communicating over that port can send events.
- Specifying ALL indicates that UDP multicast packets are accepted if they are directed to the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) assigned multicast address on the IANA assigned default port, or the designated port if specified.
- The command generates an error message if the filter string is invalid or if the LAN event does not exist.

See also: ":LAN[:SET]:CONFigure" on page 131.

:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier

Supported

All Models

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier <strLanEvent>, <strCustomId>
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:LXI:LAN[:SET]:IDENtifier? <strLanEvent>
```

This command sets the string that is expected to arrive over the LAN for a given trigger LAN event to occur.

The query returns an ASCII string with the identifier.

Example

```
:TRIG:LXI:LAN:IDEN "LANO", "debugstring"
```

The preceding example associates the word, "debuqstring" with the event LANO.

Range

<strLanEvent> A string of up to 16 characters
<strCustomId> enclosed in quotes. You can use letters

(A-Z, a-z), numbers (0-9), and special characters like "@", "%", "*", etc.

Default

The default value is that the identifier is equivalent to the name of the LAN event.

Remarks

The command generates an error message if the specified LAN event does not

exist.

4 System Commands

This chapter provides SCPI descriptions for subsystems dedicated to peripheral signal generator operations common to all Agilent MXG models.

NOTE

The internal baseband generator speed upgrade Options 670, 671, and 672 are option upgrades that *require* Option 651 and 652 to have been loaded at the factory (refer to the *Data Sheet* for more information). Any references to 651, 652, or 654 are inclusive of 671, 672, and 674.

This chapter contains the following major sections:

- Calibration Subsystem (:CALibration) on page 138
- Communication Subsystem (:SYSTem:COMMunicate) on page 141
- Diagnostic Subsystem (:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation) on page 149
- Display Subsystem (:DISPlay) on page 152
- IEEE 488.2 Common Commands on page 156
- Memory Subsystem (:MEMory) on page 161
- Output Subsystem (:OUTPut) on page 175
- Route Subsystem (:ROUTe) on page 177
- Status Subsystem (:STATus) on page 179
- System Subsystem (:SYSTem) on page 190
- Trigger Subsystem on page 213
- Unit Subsystem (:UNIT) on page 216

Calibration Subsystem (:CALibration)

:DCFM

Supported All Models

:CALibration:DCFM

This command initiates a DCFM or DCΦM calibration depending on the currently active modulation. This calibration eliminates any dc or modulation offset of the carrier signal.

NOTE

If the calibration is performed with a dc signal applied, any deviation provided by the dc signal will be removed and the new zero reference point will be at the applied dc level. The calibration will have to be performed again when the dc signal is disconnected to reset the carrier signal to the correct zero reference. *Only internal DC offsets are removed*, any User's external signals containing DC offsets are ignored.

Key Entry DCFM/DCFM Cal

Remarks Use this calibration for externally applied signals. While the calibration can also

be performed for internally generated signals, dc offset is not a normal

characteristic for them.

:IQ:DC

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:CALibration:IQ:DC

This command performs a one to two second adjustment that is not traceable to a standard. However, it will minimize errors associated with IQ gain, quadrature, and offset voltages. This adjustment minimizes errors for the current signal generator setting and at a single frequency. The DC adjustment is volatile and must be repeated with each signal generator setting change. This command can be sent while the RF On/Off is set to Off and the adjustment will still be valid when the RF is enabled. IQ must be on to perform this adjustment.

The I/Q DC adjustment is dependent upon a number of instrument settings. If any of the instrument settings change, the adjustment will become invalid. The dependent instrument settings are:

- RF frequency
- · I/Q attenuation level
- · Baseband generator settings
- I/Q polarity settings
- · Baseband filter settings
- I/Q calibration (the I/Q DC calibration will be invalidated if any other I/Q calibration is executed or if the **Revert to Factory Default** key is pressed)
- Temperature (±5 degrees)
- I/Q Off On set to On

- I/O Correction Optimized Path (must be set to RF Output). Refer to ":DM:CORRection:OPTimization" on page 25.
- I/O Source (must be set to Internal). Refer to ":DM:SOURce" on page 32.

The following instrument states will not invalidate the I/Q DC calibration:

- · Power level changes
- I/Q Impairments

Key Entry Execute Cal (with **Calibration Type User Full** set to DC)

:IQ:DEFault

Supported N5162A/82A

:CALibration:IQ:DEFault

This command will restore the original factory calibration data for the internal I/Q modulator.

Key Entry Revert to Default Cal Settings

:IQ:FULL

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:CALibration:IQ:FULL

This command performs an adjustment to the I/Q offset, gain and quadrature for the full-frequency range (regardless of the start and stop frequency settings) and stores the results in the signal generator's firmware.

Key Entry Execute Cal (with **Calibration Type User Full** set to Full)

Remarks Start and stop frequencies will default to the full frequency range of the signal

generator.

:IO:STARt

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:CALibration:IQ:STARt <value><unit>

:CALibration:IO:STARt?

This command sets the start frequency and automatically sets the calibration type to User for an I/Q calibration.

The start frequency must be less than the current value of the stop frequency.

Range Option 503: 100kHz-3GHz

Option 506: 100kHz-6GHz

Key Entry Start Frequency

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:IQ:STOP

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:CALibration:IQ:STOP <value><unit>

:CALibration:IQ:STOP?

This command sets the stop frequency and automatically sets the calibration type to User for an I/Q calibration.

The stop frequency must be greater than the current value of the start frequency.

Range Option 503: 100kHz-3GHz

Option 506: 100 kHz - 6 GHz

Key Entry Stop Frequency

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:IQ:TYPE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

Calibration Type DC User Full

:CALibration:IQ:TYPE DC USER FULL

:CALibration:IQ:TYPE?

This command sets the IQ calibration type.

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:IQ:[:USER]

Key Entry

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:CALibration:IQ[:USER]

This command performs a IQ calibration according to the IQ calibration type. For information on selecting the type of IQ calibration, refer to ":IQ:TYPE" on page 140.

Key Entry Execute Cal

Communication Subsystem (:SYSTem:COMMunicate)

NOTE The settings enabled by the LAN commands are not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

:CAPability?

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:CAPability?

This command returns a option-dependent list of the signal generator's system capabilities.

:ERRor:CODe[:NEXT]?

Supported All Models :SYSTem:ERROr:CODe[:NEXT]?

This command returns the signal generator's error code numeric value (without the error string).

Key Entry Error

Remarks To return the signal generator's error code numeric value with the error string,

refer to :ERRor[:NEXT]? query.

:ERRor[:NEXT]?

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?

This command returns the signal generator's error code numeric value and error string.

Key Entry Error

Remarks To return the signal generator's error code numeric value without the error string,

refer to :ERRor:CODe[:NEXT]? query.

:GPIB:ADDRess

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess <number>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess?

This command sets the signal generator's GPIB address.

Range 0-30

Key Entry GPIB Address

:GTLocal

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GTLocal

This command sets the signal generator to local mode which enables front panel operation.

Key Entry Local

:LAN:CONFig

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig DHCP|MANual|AUTO|AIP

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig?

NOTE The SCPI query for the LAN setup returns the last power on state setting, which may or may not be the currently displayed setting.

This command sets the signal generator's internet protocol (IP) address.

MANual The user assigns an IP address to the signal generator.

DHCP The network assigns an IP address to the signal generator. If DHCP fails, manual

configuration will be used.

AUTO The network assigns an IP address to the signal generator with a fallback to

Auto-IP if DHCP fails. If both DHCP and Auto-IP fail, manual configuration will

be used.

AIP The network assigns an IP address to the signal generator. If Auto-IP fails, the

manual configuration will be used.

Example

:SYST:COMM:LAN:CONF DHCP

The preceding example sets up the signal generator LAN configuration to use a DHCP IP address.

Key Entry LAN Config

Remarks The SCPI query returns the current setting, not the saved setting.

:LAN:DEFaults

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DEFaults

This command restores the instrument's LAN settings to their factory default values.

Key path is: Utility > I/O Config > Lan Setup > Advanced Settings > More > Restore LAN Settings to Default Values

Key Entry Restore LAN Settings to Default Values

:LAN:DESCription

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DESCription <string>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DESCription?

This command defines the instrument's web description. The query returns the current saved setting.

Remarks If queried and there is no current LAN description the default web description value is returned.

LAN description is displayed on the homepage for the Agilent MXG.

:LAN:DHCP:TIMeout

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DHCP:TIMeout {30}|60|90|120sec

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DHCP:TIMeout?

This command enables the user to change the maximum length of time that the instrument will spend trying to acquire an IP address using DHCP. If the LAN Config Type is set to Auto, then the Auto-IP protocol will be used as a fall-back when time-out does occur. The DHCP timeout value is stored in the same non-volatile ram as the other LAN configurations. The query returns the current setting, not the saved setting.

Default 30 Seconds

Key Entry I/O Config > LAN Setup > Advanced Settings > DHCP Timeout

:LAN:DOMain

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DOMain <string>
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DOMain?

This command defines the domain name of the signal generator's DNS server. This entry defines the DNS server for the signal generator LAN connection. The query returns the current setting, not the saved setting.

Key Entry Domain Name

:LAN:DNS:DYNamic

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DNS:DYNamic ON|OFF|1|0
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DNS:DYNamic?
```

This command turns dynamic Domain Name System (DNS) on/off. The query returns the current setting, not the saved setting.

Key Entry Dynamic DNS Naming Off On

:LAN:DNS:OVERride

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DNS:OVERride ON|OFF|1|0

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DNS:OVERride?

This command enables you to override the DNS server that is returned by the DHCP server. The LAN configuration type must be set to Auto or DHCP to use this feature. The query returns the current setting, not the saved setting.

Key Entry DNS Server Override Off On

Remarks If DNS Service Override is set to On, the DNS server setting defined with the DNS

Server softkey is used.

If DNS Service Override is set to Off, the setting returned by the DHCP Server is

used.

:LAN:DNS[:SERVer]

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DNS[:SERVer] <ipstring>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:DNS[:SERVer]?

This command defines the IP address of the signal generator DNS server. This entry defines the DNS server for the signal generator LAN connection. The query returns the current setting, not the saved setting.

Key Entry DNS Server

:LAN:GATeway

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway "<ipstring>"

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway?

This command sets the gateway for local area network (LAN) access to the signal generator from outside the current sub-network. The query returns the current setting, not the saved setting.

Key Entry Default Gateway

Remarks Using an empty string restricts access to the signal generator to local hosts on the

LAN.

:LAN:HOSTname

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname "<string>"

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname?

This command sets the signal generator's local area network (LAN) connection hostname. The query returns the current setting, not the saved setting.

Key Entry Hostname

:LAN:IDENtify

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IDENtify ON|OFF|1|0

This command controls the LAN identify feature.

ON(1) The command enables device identification by displaying the full-screen message

"Identify: <IP Address>" on the signal generator's front panel; the LAN Status indicator will also show "IDENTIFY". For more information, refer to the

Programming Guide.

OFF (0) This command disables device identification by clearing the message on the signal

generator's front panel and returning the LAN Status indicator to display the current network state. For more information, refer to the Programming Guide.

:LAN:IP

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP "<ipstring>":SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP?
```

This command sets the signal generator's local area network (LAN) internet protocol (IP) address for your IP network connection.

Key Entry IP Address

:LAN:KEEP:TIMeout

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:KEEP:TIMeout <value>
```

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:KEEP:TIMeout?

This command sets the length of time for the TCP Keep Alive setting.

Range 0 sec to 3600 sec

Key Entry TCP Keep Alive Timeout

:LAN:KEEP[:STATe]

Supported All Models

 $: {\tt SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:KEEP[:STATe]} \quad {\tt ON|OFF|1|0} \\$

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:KEEP[:STATe]?

This command enables or disables the TCP Keep Alive feature.

Key Entry TCP Keep Alive Off On

:LAN:MONitor

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:MONitor ON|OFF|1|0

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:MONitor?

This command enables or disables the LAN connection monitoring.

Key Entry Connection Monitoring Off On

:LAN:NBlos

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:NBIos ON|OFF|1|0

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:NBIos?

This command enables or disables the RFC NETBIOS naming feature.

Key Entry RFC NETBIOS Naming Off On

:LAN:RESTart

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:RESTart

This command restarts the network to enable changes that have been made to the LAN setup.

Key path is: Utility > I/O Config > Lan Setup > Proceed With Reconfiguration

Key Entry Proceed With Reconfiguration

:LAN:SUBNet

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet "<ipstring>"

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet?

This command sets the signal generator's local area network (LAN) subnet mask address for your internet protocol (IP) network connection.

NOTE An error will occur if the IP address, Gateway, and subnet mask have conflicting settings.

Key Entry Subnet Mask

Remarks The SCPI query returns the current setting, not the saved setting.

:PMETer:DEVice

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:DEVice <deviceName>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:DEVice?

This command enters a VXI-11 name for a power meter that is being controlled by the signal generator. If connecting directly to the power meter enter the name as specified on your power meter documentation. If connecting via a LAN-GPIB gateway, enter the SICL address of the power meter.

Key Entry PM VXI-11 Device Name

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

The power meter is controlled only through a LAN cable.

This command was replaced. Refer to ":PMETer:DEVice" on page 495.

:PMFTer:IP

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IP <ipaddr>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IP?

This command sets the internet protocol (IP) address for a power meter that is controlled by the signal generator. It connecting to a GPIB power meter via a LAN-GPIB gateway, this command sets the IP address of the gateway.

Key Entry Power Meter IP Address

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

The power meter is controlled only through a LAN cable.

Ensure that the power meter IP address is different from the signal generator

address.

This command was replaced. Refer to ":PMETer:IP" on page 496.

:PMETer:PORT

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:PORT <portNum>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:PORT?

This command sets the IP port on the power meter that is controlled by the signal generator.

Standard mode. The command enables standard mode for simple programming. Telnet mode. The command enables the telnet SCPI service for programming. The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST. The power meter is controlled only through a LAN cable. For more information on standard mode and telnet SCPI mode, refer to the Programming Guide. Remarks This command was replaced. Refer to ":PMETer:PORT" on page 496.

:PMFTer:TYPE

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TYPE SOCKETS | VXI11 | USB

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TYPE?

This command sets the type of control connection on the power meter for communication with the signal generator.

Key Entry	Connection Type
SOCKETS	The command enables the power meter for sockets LAN control via the signal generator.
VXI11	The command enables the power meter for VXI-11 control via the signal generator. A power meter with GPIB can be controlled via VXI-11 using a LAN-GPIB gateway.
USB	The command enables the power meter for USB control via the signal generator.

Remarks

A single-channel power meter uses channel A and selecting channel B will have

no effect.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

This command was replaced. Refer to ":PMETer:TYPE" on page 497.

Diagnostic Subsystem (:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation)

:CCOunt:ATTenuator

Supported

All Models

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:CCOunt:ATTenuator?

This query returns the cumulative number of times that the attenuator has been switched.

Key Entry

Diagnostic Info

:CCOunt:PON

Supported

All Models

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:CCOunt:PON?

This query returns the cumulative number of times the signal generator has been powered-on.

Key Entry

Diagnostic Info

:CCOunt:PROTection

Supported

All Models

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:CCOunt:PROTection?

This query returns the cumulative number of times the reverse power protection has been cycled.

Key Entry

Diagnostic Info

:DISPlay:0TIMe

Supported

All Models

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:DISPlay:OTIMe?

This query returns the cumulative number of hours the display has been on.

Key Entry

Diagnostic Info

:LICense:AUXiliary

Supported All Models

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:LICense:AUXiliary?

This query returns a list of licenses for software applications associated with the signal generator that have the software license file installed on the PC, as opposed to a license key installed on the signal generator. This query includes calibration software licenses but does not return demo licenses for Arb-based applications.

Key Entry Auxiliary Software Options

Remarks

If you use the signal generator with a PC that has a copy of a software application for which a license shows with this query, the software automatically accesses and installs the license on the PC.

To access Arb-based demo software licenses, see :LICense:WAVeform. To view option numbers for software applications that use license keys, see ":OPTions" on page 150.

:LICense:WAVeform

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:LICense:WAVeform?

This query returns a list of Arb-based licenses (including demo) for software applications associated with the signal generator that have the software license file installed on the PC, as opposed to a license key installed on the signal generator. These waveform licenses are created by the software application in a license file on the PC. Refer to ":WLICence[:VALue]" on page 151 for more information.

The response format is a series of comma-separated entries enclosed in quotation marks. The first field is the waveform type number and the second is a text description of the license.

Key Entry Waveform Licenses

Remarks

If a license appears in this list, this means that you can transfer waveform files, created with the associated Arb-based software application to another signal generator if the other signal generator has the same license.

For a list of option numbers for software applications that use license keys, see ":OPTions".

:OPTions

Supported All Models

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:OPTions?

This guery returns a comma separated list of internally installed signal generator options.

Key Entry Instrument Options

:OPTions:DETail

Supported All Models

:DIAgnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:OPTions:DETail?

This query returns the options that are installed along with the option revision and DSP version if applicable.

Key Entry Options Info

:OTIMe

Supported All Models

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:OTIMe?

This query returns the cumulative number of hours that the signal generator has been on.

Key Entry Diagnostic Info

:REVision

Supported All Models

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:REVision?

This query returns the CPU bootstrap read only memory (boot ROM) revision date. In addition, the query returns the revision, creation date, and creation time of the main firmware.

Key Entry Diagnostic Info

:SDATe?

Supported All Models

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:SDATe?

This query returns the date and time of the firmware revision.

Key Entry Diagnostic Info

:WLICence[:VALue]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFormation:WLIcense[:VALue]? <type num>

This query returns the number of seconds remaining on the waveform license for the type of waveform designated by the <type_num> variable number. The type variable number is obtained using the :LICense:WAVeform command shown on page 150. Zero is returned for non-existent and expired licenses. The value 2^32 -1 (4,294,967,295) is returned for licenses that do not expire.

Display Subsystem (:DISPlay)

:ANNotation:AMPLitude[:STATe]

Supported All Models

```
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the amplitude annotation secure display mode. See also, ":ANNotation:FREQuency[:STATe]" on page 152 and ":SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted" on page 208.

On(1) This selection turns off the displayed amplitude security, and the amplitude

annotation is visible.

OFF(0) This selection turns on the displayed amplitude security and the amplitude

annotation is blanked on the signal generator's display. Also, the keys that access

the amplitude, sweep, and user flatness information are disabled.

For more information about security functions, refer to the User's Guide.

:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT

Supported All Models

```
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT DBM | DBUV | DBUVEMF | V | VEMF | DB :DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT?
```

This command sets the displayed front panel amplitude units.

If the amplitude reference state is set to on, the query returns units expressed in dB. Setting any other unit will cause a setting conflict error stating that the amplitude reference state must be set to off. Refer to, ":REFerence:STATe" on page 64 for more information.

*RST DBM

:ANNotation:FREQuency[:STATe]

Supported All Models

```
:DISPlay:ANNotation:FREQuency[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
:DISPlay:ANNotation:FREQuency[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the frequency annotation secure display mode. See also, ":ANNotation:AMPLitude[:STATe]" on page 152 and ":SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted" on page 208.

On(1) This selection turns off the displayed frequency security, and the frequency

annotation is visible.

OFF(0) This selection turns on the displayed frequency security and the frequency

annotation is blanked on the signal generator's display. Also, the keys that access

the frequency, sweep, and user flatness information are disabled.

For more information about security functions, refer to the *User's Guide*.

*RST Activate Restricted Display

:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat

Supported All Models

:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat MDY | DMY

:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat?

This command enables the selection of the date format. The choices are month-day-year (MDY) or day-month-year (DMY) format.

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe]

Supported All Models

```
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the digital clock view in the lower right side of the front panel display.

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:BRIGhtness

Supported All Models

:DISPlay:BRIGhtness <value>

:DISPlay:BRIGhtness?

This command sets the display brightness (intensity). The brightness can be set to the minimum level (0.02), maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.03–0.99).

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:CAPTure

Supported All Models

:DISPlay:CAPTure

This event command enables the user to capture the current display and store it in the signal generator's memory.

Remarks

The display capture is stored as DISPLAY.BMP in the Binary Directory file system. This file is overwritten with each subsequent display capture. The file can be down-loaded in the following manner:

- 1. Log on to the signal generator using ftp.
- 2. Change (cd) to the BIN directory.
- 3. Retrieve the file by using the GET command or by using the :MEM:DATA query on page 166.

:CMAP:DEFaults

Supported All Models

:DISPlay:CMAP:DEFault [<palette:{BRIGht}|DARK|MONOchrome>]

This command selects the color palette for the instrument display.

Key Entry Bright Color Dark Color Monochrome

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:CONTrast

Supported All Models

:DISPlay:CONTrast <value>

:DISPlay:CONTrast?

This command sets the contrast of the LCD display. The contrast can be set to the maximum level (1), minimum level (0), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

Range 0-1

Key Entry Display contrast hardkeys are located below the display.

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:REMote

Supported All Models

```
:DISPlay:REMote ON OFF 1 0
```

:DISPlay:REMote?

This command enables or disables the display updating when the signal generator is remotely controlled.

ON (1)

This choice updates the signal generator display (Text Area) so you can see the settings as the commands are executed, however, this will degrade the signal generator speed. Frequency Area, Amplitude Area, and status LEDs continue to update. For more information on the front panel display description, refer to the *User's Guide*.

OFF (0) This choice turns off the display (Text Area) updating while further optimizing the

signal generator for speed. No Text Area updates occur but the Frequency Area, Amplitude Area, and status LEDs continue to update. For more information on the

front panel display description, refer to the User's Guide.

Key Entry Update in Remote Off On

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator preset or

*RST. However, cycling the signal generator power will reset it to zero.

[:WINDow][:STATe]

Supported All Models

```
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
```

:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe]?

This command is used to either blank out (OFF or 0) the display screen or turn it on (ON or 1).

Remarks *RST and presetting the signal generator or cycling the power will turn the display

on.

IEEE 488.2 Common Commands

*CLS

Supported All Models

*CLS

The Clear Status (CLS) command clears the status byte by emptying the error queue and clearing all the event registers including the Data Questionable Event Register, the Standard Event Status Register, the Standard Operation Status Register and any other registers that are summarized in the status byte.

*ESE

Supported All Models

*ESE <data>

The Standard Event Status Enable (ESE) command sets the Standard Event Status Enable Register.

The variable <data> represents the sum of the bits that will be enabled.

Range 0–255

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator preset or

*RST. However, cycling the signal generator power will reset this register to zero.

Refer to the Programming Guide for more information.

*ESE?

Supported All Models

*ESE?

The Standard Event Status Enable (ESE) query returns the value of the Standard Event Status Enable Register.

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

*ESR?

Supported All Models

CAUTION This is a destructive read. The data in the register is latched until it is queried. Once queried, the data is cleared.

*ESR?

The Standard Event Status Register (ESR) query returns the value of the Standard Event Status Register.

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

*IDN?

Supported All Models

*IDN?

The Identification (IDN) query outputs an identifying string. The response will show the following information:

<company name>, <model number>, <serial number>, <firmware revision>

Key Entry Diagnostic Info

Remarks The identification information can be modified. Refer to :SYST:IDN on page 193

for more information.

*OPC

Supported All Models

*OPC

The Operation Complete (OPC) command sets bit 0 in the Standard Event Status Register when all pending operations have finished.

*0PC?

Supported All Models

*OPC?

The Operation Complete (OPC) query returns the ASCII character 1 in the Standard Event Status Register when all pending operations have finished.

This query stops any new commands from being processed until the current processing is complete. This command blocks the controller until *all* operations are complete (i.e. the timeout setting should be longer than the longest sweep).

CAUTION

The *OPC? query is not recommended for checking if a previous command has been completed by the SCPI parser. (e.g. If the *OPC? query is waiting for a sweep or arb generation that is pending, it could potentially hang the *OPC? query for an undefined extended or even indefinite period of time.)

*0PT?

Supported All Models

*OPT?

The options (OPT) query returns a comma-separated list of all of the instrument options currently installed on the signal generator.

Key Entry Instrument Options

*PSC

Supported

*PSC ON|OFF|1|0

The Power-On Status Clear (PSC) command controls the automatic power-on clearing of the Service Request Enable Register, the Standard Event Status Enable Register, and device-specific event enable registers.

ON (1) This choice enables the power-on clearing of the listed registers.

OFF (0) This choice disables the clearing of the listed registers and they retain their status

when a power-on condition occurs.

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

*PSC?

Supported All Models

*PSC?

The Power-On Status Clear (PSC) query returns the flag setting as enabled by the *PSC command.

*RCL

Supported All Models

*RCL <reg>, <seq>

The Recall (RCL) command recalls the state from the specified memory register <reg> of the specified sequence <seq>.

Range Registers: 0–99 Sequences: 0–9

Key Entry RECALL Reg Select Seq:

*RST

Supported All Models

*RST

The Reset (RST) command resets most signal generator functions to factory-defined conditions.

Remarks Each command shows the *RST value if the setting is affected.

The settings enabled by this command is not affected by a signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

*RST uses the factory preset state which is better for automated testing, for example sweep mode is set to single.

For a comparison of the SCPI preset commands, refer to Table 4-1, "Preset SCPI Commands Overview," on page 203.

*SAV

Supported All Models

*SAV <reg>, <seq>

The Save (SAV) command saves signal generator settings to the specified memory register <reg> of the specified sequence <seq>.

Range Registers: 0-99 Sequences: 0-9

Key Entry Save Reg Save Seq[n] Reg[nn]

Remarks The save function does not save all signal generator settings. Refer to the *User's*

Guide for more information on the save function. Refer to "*RCL" on page 158 for

information on recalling saved signal generator settings.

*SRE

Supported All Models

*SRE <data>

The Service Request Enable (SRE) command sets the value of the Service Request Enable Register.

The variable <data> is the decimal sum of the bits that will be enabled. Bit 6 (value 64) is ignored and cannot be set by this command.

Range 0-255

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

Entering values from 64 to 127 is equivalent to entering values from 0 to 63.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator preset or

*RST. However, cycling the signal generator power will reset it to zero.

*SRE?

Supported All Models

*SRE?

The Service Request Enable (SRE) query returns the value of the Service Request Enable Register.

Range 0-63 or 128-191

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

*STB?

Supported All Models

*STB?

The Read Status Byte (STB) query returns the value of the status byte including the master summary status (MSS) bit.

Range 0-255

*TRG

Supported All Models

*TRG

The Trigger (TRG) command triggers the device if BUS is the selected trigger source, otherwise, *TRG is ignored.

*TST?

Supported All Models

*TST?

The Self-Test (TST) query initiates the internal self-test and returns one of the following results:

O This shows that all tests passed.

This shows that one or more tests failed.

Key Entry Run Complete Self Test

*WAI

Supported All Models

*WAI

The Wait-to-Continue (WAI) command causes the signal generator to wait until all pending commands are completed, before executing any other commands.

Memory Subsystem (:MEMory)

:CATalog:BINary?

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:CATaloq:BINary?

This query outputs a list of the binary files. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{,"<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name>,<file type>,<file size>"

Example Output

1818624,519962624, "GEN FILE11,BIN,5"

Key Entry Binary

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog:DMOD

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:CATalog:DMOD?

This command outputs a list of the arbitrary waveform digital modulation files. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{, "<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name, file type, file size>"

Kev Entry DMOD

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog:FIR

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
:MEMory:CATalog:FIR?
```

This command outputs a list of the finite impulse response filter (FIR) files. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{,"<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

```
"<file name, file type, file size>"
```

Key Entry FIR

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog:FSK?

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:CATaloq:FSK?

This command outputs a list of the frequency shift keying (FSK) files. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{,"<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name, file type, file size>"

Key Entry FSK

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog:IQ?

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:CATaloq:IQ?

This query outputs a list of the Inphase and Quadrature (I/Q) files. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{, "<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name>,<file type>,<file size>"

Key Entry I/Q

Remarks Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog:LIST?

Supported All Models

```
:MEMory:CATalog:LIST?
```

This query outputs a list of the list sweep files. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{, "<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

```
"<file name>,<file type>,<file size>"
```

Example Output

1818624,519962624,"LAST,LIST,122","LIST10,LIST,69"

Key Entry List

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog:MDMod

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:CATalog:MDMod?

This command outputs a list of the arbitrary waveform multi carrier digital modulation files. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{,"<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name, file type, file size>"

Key Entry MDMOD

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog:MTONe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:CATalog:MTONe?

This command outputs a list of the arbitrary waveform multitone files. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{, "<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name, file type, file size>"

Key Entry MTONE

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog:SEQ?

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:CATalog:SEQ?

This query outputs a list of the arbitrary waveform sequence files. The return data will be in the following form:

<mem used>,<mem free>{,"<file listing>"}

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name>,<file type>,<file size>"

Example Output

1818624,519962624,"SEQ1 TEST,SEQ,206","SEQ TEST,SEQ,169"

Key Entry SEQ

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog:STATe?

Supported All Models

:MEMory:CATalog:STATe?

This query outputs a list of the state files. The return data will be in the following form:

<mem used>,<mem free>{,"<file listing>"}

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name, file type, file size>"

Example Output

1818624,519962624,"0 00,STAT,641"

Key Entry State

Remarks Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

The :MEM:CAT:STAT command requires the use of registry number and sequence number variables. The ranges are 0-99 for <reg_num> and 0-9 for <seq_num>.

:CATalog:UFLT?

Supported All Models

:MEMory:CATalog:UFLT?

This query outputs a list of the user-flatness correction files. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{,"<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the directory list. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name, file type, file size>"

Example Output

1818624,519962624,"FLAT 1,UFLT,16","LAST,UFLT,16""

User Flatness Key Entry

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:CATalog[:ALL]?

Supported All Models

:MEMory:CATalog[:ALL]?

This guery outputs a list of all the files in the memory subsystem. However it does not include files stored on the Option 651, 652, or 654 baseband generator. The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{, "<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the memory subsystem. Each file listing parameter will be in the following form:

"<file name, file type, file size>"

Example Output

1818624,519962624,0 00@STATE,STAT,641","0 01@STATE,STAT,669","A@NVHDR,NVHDR,132","A@N VMKR, NVMKR, 0", "A@NVWFM, NVWFM, 9", "COPY12@STATE, STAT, 669", "FLAT 1@USERFLAT, UFLT, 16", "GE N FILE11@BINARY, BIN, 5", "LAST@LIST, LIST, 122", "LAST@USERFLAT, UFLT, 16", "PERSISTENT@STATE ,STAT,1056",SEQ1 TEST@SEQ,SEQ,206

Key Entry

Remarks Refer to the Table 1-4 on page 15 for a listing of the file types and the table on

page 15 for information on the "<file name>" syntax.

:COPY[:NAME]

All Models Supported

```
:MEMorv:COPY[:NAME] "<file name>","<file name>"
```

This command makes a duplicate of the requested file.

Key Entry Copy File

Remarks Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

> When copying a waveform file from volatile to non-volatile memory, the marker file and file header, associated with the waveform file, will automatically be copied at the same time.

:DATA

Supported All Models

```
:MEMory:DATA "<file_name>",<data_block>
:MEMory:DATA? "<file name>"
```

This command loads data into signal generator memory using the <data_block> parameter and saves the data to a file designated by the "<file_name>" variable. The query returns the file contents of the file as a datablock.

A waveform file must be located in volatile waveform memory (WFM1) before it can be played by the signal generator's dual ARB player.

For downloads directly into volatile waveform memory (WFM1) use the path "WFM1:<file_name>". For downloads to non-volatile waveform memory, use the path "NVWFM:<file_name>".

```
"<file name>" This variable names the destination file, including the directory path.
```

<data_block> This parameter represents the data and file length parameters. The data in the file
is represented by the <data_block> variable.

Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information on programming the status registers.

Example

```
:MEM:DATA "NVWFM:IQ Data",#210Qaz37pY9oL
```

The preceding example downloads 10 bytes of data to a file, IQ_Data, in the signal generator's non-volatile memory. The table shown below describes the command parameters.

•	"NVWFM:IQ_Data"	IQ_Data is the file name. The directory path is not needed. The path "/USER/WAVEFORM/" is implied.
• #210Qaz37pY9oL		Data block
	#	This character indicates the beginning of the data block
	2	Number of digits in the byte count
	10	Byte count
	Qaz37pY9oL	10 bytes of data

NOTE The data, Qaz37pY9oL, in the above command are not valid and are shown for example purposes only. Typically, ascii characters representing data are unprintable.

Remarks See File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

:DATA:APPend

Supported All Models

:APPend "<file name>",<data block>

This commands appends data to an existing file stored in signal generator memory.

"<file_name>" This variable names the destination file and directory path.

<data_block> This parameter represents the data and file length parameters. The data in the file
is represented by the <data_block> variable. The file length parameters are used

by the signal generator for allocating memory.

Refer to the Programming Guide for more information on downloading and using files.

Example

```
:MEM:DATA:APPend "NVWFM:IQ Data", #14Y9oL
```

The preceding example downloads and appends the data, Y9oL, to an existing file named IQ_Data stored in the signal generator's non-volatile memory (NVWFM).

•	"NVWFM:IQ_Data"	IQ_Data the file name. The directory path is not needed. The path "/USER/WAVEFORM/" is implied.

This character indicates the beginning of the data block

Number of digits in the byte count

Data block

4 Byte count
Y9oL 4 bytes of data

Remarks Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

:DATA:FIR

#14Y9oL

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
:MEMory:DATA:FIR "<file_name>",osr,coefficient{,coefficient}
:MEMory:DATA:FIR? "<file name>"
```

This command loads oversample ratio (OSR) and user-defined finite impulse response (FIR) coefficient data into a file in the signal generator's non-volatile memory (NVWFM). The query returns the oversample ratio and coefficient data.

"<file_name>" This variable is the file name of the destination file. The directory path,

/USER/FIR is not required as it is implied by the command.

osr The OSR is the number of filter taps per symbol.

coefficient This variable is the FIR coefficient. The maximum number of coefficients is 1024.

{,coefficient} This optional variable is used when you enter additional coefficients.

Refer to the Programming Guide for more information on downloading and using files.

Example

```
:MEM:DATA:FIR "FIR_1",4,0,0,0,0,0,0000001,0.000012,0.000132,
0.001101,0.006743,0.030588,0.103676,0.265790,0.523849,0.809508,1,1,
0.809508,0.523849,0.265790,0.103676,0.030588,0.006743,0.001101,0.000132,0.000012,0.00
```

The preceding example downloads FIR coefficient and oversampling ratio data to the signal generator's non-volatile memory in a file named FIR_1. Notice that the signal generator directory path, /USER/FIR, is not needed as it is implied by the command. Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

Range osr: 1–32

coefficient: -1000 to 1000

Key Entry Oversample Ratio

:DELete:ALL

Supported All Models

CAUTION

Using this command deletes all non-volatile user files including binary, list, state, and flatness correction files, and any saved setups which use the front panel table editor. However, this does not include files stored on the Option 651, 652, or 654 ARB generator. You cannot recover the files after executing this command.

:MEMory:DELete:ALL

This command clears the file system of all non-volatile user files.

Key Entry Delete All Files

:DELete:BINary

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:DELete:BINary

This command deletes all binary files.

Key Entry Delete All Binary Files

:DELete:DMOD

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:DELete:DMOD

This command deletes all arbitrary waveform digital modulation files.

Key Entry Delete All ARB DMOD Files

:DELete:FIR

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:DELete:FIR

This command deletes all finite impulse response filter files.

Key Entry Delete All FIR Files

:DELete:LIST

Supported All Models

:MEMory:DELete:LIST

This command deletes all List files.

Key Entry Delete All List Files

:DELete:MDMod

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:DELete:MDMod

This command deletes all arbitrary waveform multicarrier digital modulation files.

Key Entry Delete All ARB MDMOD Files

:DELete:MTONe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:DELete:MTONe

This command deletes all arbitrary waveform multitone files.

Key Entry Delete All ARB MTONE Files

:DELete:SEQ

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MEMory:DELete:SEQ

This command deletes all sequence files.

Key Entry Delete All Sequence Files

:DELete:STATe

Supported All Models

:MEMory:DELete:STATe

This command deletes all state files.

Key Entry Delete All State Files

:DELete:UFLT

Supported All Models

:MEMory:DELete:UFLT

This command deletes all user-flatness correction files.

Key Entry Delete All UFLT Files

:DELete[:NAME]

Supported All Models

:MEMory:DELete[:NAME] "<file name>"

This command clears the user file system of "<file name>".

Key Entry Delete File

Remarks Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

When deleting a waveform (WFM1) file from memory, the marker file and file

header, associated with the waveform file, will also be deleted.

:FREE[:ALL]

Supported All Models

:MEMory:FREE[:ALL]?

This command returns the number of bytes left in the non-volatile user file system.

Key Entry All

:LOAD:LIST

Supported All Models

:MEMory:LOAD:LIST "<file name>"

This command loads a list sweep file.

Key Entry Load From Selected File

:MOVE

Supported All Models

```
:MEMory:MOVE "<src file>","<dest file>"
```

This command renames the requested file in the memory catalog.

Key Entry Rename File

Remarks Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

:SIZE

Supported All Models

:MEMory:SIZE? <"filename">

This command returns the size of the file named <"filename"> in bytes or a -1, if the file does not exist. If the MSUS or directory is invalid, an "ERROR: -257, File name error" will be reported.

:STATe:COMMent

Supported All Models

```
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent <reg_num>,<seq_num>,"<comment>"
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent? <reg_num>,<seq_num>
```

This command lets you to add a descriptive comment to the saved state <reg_num>,<seq_num>. Comments can be up to 55 characters long.

Key Entry Add Comment To Seq[n] Reg[nn]

:STORe:LIST

Supported All Models

```
:MEMory:STORe:LIST "<file name>"
```

This command stores the current list sweep data to a file.

Key Entry Store To File

:CATalog

Supported All Models

```
:MMEMory:CATalog? "<msus>"
```

This command outputs a list of the files from the specified file system.

The variable "<msus>" (mass storage unit specifier) represents "<file system>". The file systems and types are shown in Table 1-4 on page 15.

The return data will be in the following form:

```
<mem used>,<mem free>{, "<file listing>"}
```

The signal generator will return the two memory usage parameters and as many file listings as there are files in the specified file system. Each file listing will be in the following format:

"<file name, file type, file size>"

Key Entry Binary List State User Flatness

Seq BBG Segments NVMKR NVWFM

Remarks Refer to MSUS (Mass Storage Unit Specifier) Variable for information on the use of

the "<msus>" variable.

:COPY

Supported All Models

:MMEMory:COPY "<file name>", "<file name>"

This command makes a duplicate of the requested file.

Key Entry Copy File

Remarks Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

When copying a waveform file from volatile to non-volatile memory, the marker file and file header, associated with the waveform file, will automatically be copied

at the same time.

:DATA

Supported All Models

```
:MMEMory:DATA "<file name>", <datablock>
```

:MMEMory:DATA? "<file name>"

This command loads <datablock> into the memory location "<file name>".

The guery returns the <datablock> associated with the "<file name>".

Remarks Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

:DELete:NVWFm

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MMEMory:DELete:NVWFm

This command clears the user file system of all non-volatile arbitrary waveform files.

Key Entry Delete All NVWFM Files

:DELete:WFM

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MMEMory:DELete:WFM

This command clears the user file system of all volatile arbitrary waveform files stored on the WFM1.

Key Entry Delete All BBG Segments

:DELete[:NAME]

Supported All Models

On the

```
:MMEMory:DELete[:NAME] "<file name>",["<msus>"]
```

This command clears the user file system of "<file name>" with the option of specifying the file system separately. For a list of file systems refer to Table 1-4 on page 15.

The variable "<msus>" (mass storage unit specifier) represents the file system.

Key Entry Delete File

Remarks If the optional variable "<msus>" is omitted, the file name needs to include the file

system extension. Refer to File Name Variables and MSUS (Mass Storage Unit

Specifier) Variable for information on the use of the file variables.

When deleting a waveform file from memory, the marker file and file header,

associated with the waveform file, will also be deleted.

:HEADer:CLEar

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
:MMEMory:HEADer:CLEar "<file name>"
```

This command sets the file header field settings to unspecified for the "<file name>" variable.

Key Entry Clear Header

Remarks In addition to waveforms currently running in the signal generator, it is possible

to change or delete file header information on files that are not currently running but are stored in either the internal storage or USB media non-volatile memory

(Example: :MMEMory:HEADer:CLEar "NVWFM:file_name").

Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

:HEADer:DESCription

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription "<file name>","<description>"
```

:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription? "<file name>"

This command inserts a description for the file header.

Key Entry Edit Description

Remarks In addition to waveforms currently running in the signal generator, it is possible

to change or delete file header information on files that are not currently running but are stored in either the internal storage or USB media non-volatile memory

(Example: :MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription "NVWFM:file name", "example file name").

The header description is limited to 32 characters. Refer to File Name Variables

for information on the file name syntax.

:MMEMory:HEADer:ID?

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

:MMEMory:HEADer:ID? "<file name>"

This query returns the unique waveform ID of file "<file name>".

The command is ignored if the file name does not exist.

:LOAD:LIST

Supported All Models

:MMEMory:LOAD:LIST "<file name>"

This command loads a List sweep file.

Key Entry Load From Selected File

:MOVE

Supported All Models

:MMEMory:MOVE "<src file>","<dest file>"

This command renames the requested file in the memory catalog.

Key Entry Rename File

Remarks Refer to File Name Variables for information on the file name syntax.

:STORe:LIST

Supported All Models

:MMEMory:STORe:LIST "<file name>"

This command stores the current list sweep data to a file.

Key Entry Store To File

Output Subsystem (:OUTPut)

:BLANking:AUTO

Supported All Models

:OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO ON OFF 1 0

:OUTPut:BLANKing:AUTO?

This command turns the RF output on or off during frequency band changes. Frequency band changes can cause the signal generator's RF output to fluctuate. The output blanking function, when active, turns off the RF output until the frequency and power settles.

ON(1) The RF output turns off when crossing a frequency band.

OFF (0) The RF output stays on, if possible, when crossing a frequency band. Refer to the

Data sheet.

***RST** 1

Key Entry Output Blanking Off On Auto

Remarks Refer to the signal generator's data sheet for information on frequency switching

speeds, settling times, and frequency band information.

:BLANking:STATe

Supported All Models

:OUTPut:BLANking:STATe ON|OFF|1|0

:OUTPut:BLANKing:STATe?

This command enables or disables the RF output blanking state.

ON (1) The RF output turns off during frequency changes.

OFF (0) The RF output stays on, if possible, during frequency changes. Refer to the Data

sheet.

***RST** 0

Remarks Refer to the signal generator's data sheet for information on frequency switching

speeds, settling times, and frequency band information.

:MODulation[:STATe]

Supported All Models

:OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0

:OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe]?

This command enables or disables the modulation of the RF output with the currently active modulation type(s).

*RST

Key Entry Mod On/Off

Remarks Some modulation types can be simultaneously enabled such as pulse and AM.

An annunciator on the signal generator is always displayed to indicate whether

modulation is switched on or off.

:PROTection[:STATe]

Supported All Models

:OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0

:OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe]?

This command enables or disables the reverse power protection (RPP) circuit on the RF output.

CAUTION

The RPP is used to protect the output amplifiers in the source by tripping a relay whenever an external high level RF signal is detected on the RF output. When the relay is tripped the output signal of the source is disabled and a warning message is displayed.

***RST** 1

Key Entry Output Off On Auto

[:STATe]

Supported All Models

:OUTPut[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0

:OUTPut [:STATe]?

This command enables or disables the RF output.

***RST** 0

Key Entry RF On/Off

Remarks Although you can configure and engage various modulations, no signal is available

at the RF OUTPUT connector until this command is executed.

An annunciator is always displayed on the signal generator to indicate whether

the RF output is switched on or off.

Route Subsystem (:ROUTe)

[:CONNector]:EVENt1

Supported N5162A/82A

:ROUTe[:CONNectors]:EVENt1 M1 | M2 | M3 | M4

:ROUTe[:CONNectors]:EVENt1?

This command selects a marker (M1-M4) signal to be routed to the rear panel Event 1 connector.

*RST M1

Key Entry Route to Event 1 BNC

[:CONNector]:SOUT

As indicated Supported

:ROUTe[:CONNectors]:SOUT SWEep|SETTled|PVIDeo|SW8757

:ROUTe:CONNectors:SOUT?

This command selects a signal to be routed to the rear panel Sweep Out connector.

The SWEep | SETTled | PVIDeo parameters are available on all models. The SW8757 is available only on the N5183A.

SWEep This choice routes the sweep out signal to the Sweep Out connector. SETTled. This choice routes the source settled signal to the Sweep Out connector. This choice routes the pulse video signal to the Sweep Out connector. **PVIDeo** SW8757 This choice routes the sweep out signal to the Sweep Out connector for

compatibility with the 8757D (only available on the N5183A).

*RST SWE

Key Entry Route Sweep Out

[:CONNector]:TOUT

Supported As indicated

:ROUTe[:CONNectors]:TOUT SWEep|SETTled|PVIDeo|PSYNc|M1|M2|M3|M4

:ROUTe[:CONNectors]:TOUT?

This command selects a signal to be routed to the rear panel Trig Out connector.

The SWEep | SETTled | PVIDeo | PSYNc parameters are available on all models. The M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 are available only on the N5162A/82A.

This choice routes the sweep trigger out signal to the Trig Out connector. SWEep SETTled This choice routes the source settled signal to the Trig Out connector. **PVIDeo** This choice routes the pulse video signal to the Trig Out connector.

System Commands Route Subsystem (:ROUTe)

PSYNC This choice routes the pulse sync signal to the Trig Out connector.

M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 This choice routes the selected BBG marker (M1, M2, M3, or M4) signal to the Trig

Out connector (only available on the N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654).

*RST SWE

Key Entry Route Trig Out

Status Subsystem (:STATus)

:OPERation:CONDition

Supported All Models

:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits for the registers that are set to one and are part of the Standard Operation Status Group. For example, if a sweep is in progress (bit 3), the value 8 is returned.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The data in this register is continuously updated and reflects current conditions.

Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:OPERation:ENABle

Supported All Models

:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value>

:STATus:OPERation:ENABle?

This command determines which bits in the Standard Operation Event Register will set the Standard Operation Status Summary bit (bit 7) in the Status Byte Register.

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:OPERation:NTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value>

:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Standard Operation Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Standard Operation Event Register when that bit has a negative transition (1 to 0).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

:OPERation:PTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value>

:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Standard Operation Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Standard Operation Event Register when that bit has a positive transition (0 to 1).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:OPERation:SUPPress

Supported All Models

:STATus:OPERation:SUPPress 0 | 1 | ON | OFF

:STATus:OPERation:SUPPress?

This command disables the instrument's management of the Standard Operation Condition Register and saves 50 us of switching time.

*RST OFF

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:OPERation[:EVENt]

Supported All Models

CAUTION This is a destructive read. The data in the register is latched until it is queried. Once queried, the data is cleared.

:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Standard Operation Event Register.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The equivalent PTR or NTR filters must be set before the condition register can

set the corresponding bit in the event register.

Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:PRESet

Supported All Models

:STATus:PRESet

This command presets all transition filters, enable registers, and error/event queue enable registers.

:QUEStionable:CALibration:CONDition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:CONDition?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Calibration Condition Register. For example, if the DCFM or DCΦM zero calibration fails (bit 0), a value of 1 is returned.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The data in this register is continuously updated and reflects the current

conditions.

Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle <value>

:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Calibration Event Register will set the calibration summary bit (bit 8) in the Data Questionable Condition Register.

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:OUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition <value>

:STATus:OUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Calibration Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Calibration Event Register when that bit has a negative transition (1 to 0).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition <value>

:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Calibration Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Calibration Event Register when that bit has a positive transition (0 to 1).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:CALibration[:EVENt]

Supported All Models

CAUTION This is a destructive read. The data in the register is latched until it is queried. Once queried, the data is cleared.

:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration[:EVENt]?

This command returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Calibration Event Register.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The equivalent PTR or NTR filters must be set before the condition register can

set the corresponding bit in the event register.

Refer to the Programming Guide for more information.

:QUEStionable:CONDition

Supported All Models

:STATus:OUEStionable:CONDition?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Condition Register. For example, if the ALC Heater Detector is cold (bit 4), a value of 16 is returned.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The data in this register is continuously updated and reflects current conditions.

:QUEStionable:ENABle

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value>

:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Event Register will set the Data Questionable Status Group Summary bit (bit 3) in the Status Byte Register.

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:FREQuency:CONDition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:CONDition?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Frequency Condition Register. For example, if the 1 GHz internal reference clock is unlocked (bit 2), a value of 4 is returned.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The data in this register is continuously updated and reflects current conditions.

Refer to the Programming Guide for more information.

:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle <value>

:STATus:OUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Frequency Event Register will set the frequency summary bit (bit 5) in the Data Questionable Condition Register.

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition <value>

:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Frequency Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Frequency Event Register when that bit has a negative transition (1 to 0).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition <value>

:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Frequency Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Frequency Event Register when that bit has a positive transition (0 to 1).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:FREQuency[:EVENt]

Supported All Models

CAUTION This is a destructive read. The data in the register is latched until it is queried. Once queried, the data is cleared.

:STATus:OUEStionable:FREQuency[:EVENt]?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Frequency Event Register.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The equivalent PTR or NTR filters must be set before the condition register can

set the corresponding bit in the event register.

:QUEStionable:MODulation:CONDition

Supported All Models

:STATus:OUEStionable:MODulation:CONDition?

This command returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Modulation Condition Register. For example, if the modulation is uncalibrated (bit 4), a value of 16 is returned.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The data in this register is continuously updated and reflects current conditions.

Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:OUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle <val>:STATus:OUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Modulation Event Register will set the modulation summary bit (bit 7) in the Data Questionable Condition Register.

The variable <val> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition <val>:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Modulation Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Modulation Event Register when that bit has a negative transition (1 to 0).

The variable <val> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition <val>

:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Modulation Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Modulation Event Register when that bit has a positive transition (0 to 1).

The variable <val> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:MODulation[:EVENt]

Supported All Models

CAUTION This is a destructive read. The data in the register is latched until it is queried. Once queried, the data is cleared.

:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation[:EVENt]?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Modulation Event Register.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The equivalent PTR or NTR filters must be set before the condition register can

set the corresponding bit in the event register.

Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:NTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value>

:STATus:OUEStionable:NTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Event Register when that bit has a negative transition (1 to 0).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

:QUEStionable:POWer:CONDition

Supported All Models

:STATus:OUEStionable:POWer:CONDition?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Power Condition Register. For example, if the RF output signal is unleveled (bit 1), a value of 2 is returned.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The data in this register is continuously updated and reflects current conditions.

Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle <value>

:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Power Event Register will set the power summary bit (bit 3) in the Data Questionable Condition Register.

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition <value>

:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Power Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Power Event Register when that bit has a negative transition (1 to 0).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

:OUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:OUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition <value>

:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Power Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Power Event Register when that bit has a positive transition (0 to 1).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

Remarks Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:POWer[:EVENt]

Supported All Models

CAUTION This is a destructive read. The data in the register is latched until it is queried. Once queried, the data is cleared.

:STATus:OUEStionable:POWer[:EVENt]?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Power Event Register.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The equivalent PTR or NTR filters must be set before the condition register can

set the corresponding bit in the event register.

Refer to the *Programming Guide* for more information.

:QUEStionable:PTRansition

Supported All Models

:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value>

:STATus:OUEStionable:PTRansition?

This command determines which bits in the Data Questionable Condition Register will set the corresponding bit in the Data Questionable Event Register when that bit has a positive transition (0 to 1).

The variable <value> is the sum of the decimal values of the bits that you want to enable.

Range 0-32767

:QUEStionable[:EVENt]

Supported All Models

CAUTION This is a destructive read. The data in the register is latched until it is queried. Once

queried, the data is cleared.

:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?

This query returns the decimal sum of the bits in the Data Questionable Event Register.

Range 0-32767

Remarks The equivalent PTR or NTR filters must be set before the condition register can

set the corresponding bit in the event register.

System Subsystem (:SYSTem)

:CAPability

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:CAPability?

This query returns the signal generator's capabilities and outputs the appropriate specifiers:

(RFSOURCE WITH ((AM | FM | PULM | PM) & (FSSWEEP | FLIST) & (PSSWEEP | PLIST) & TRIGGER&REFERENCE))

This is a list of the SCPI-defined basic functionality of the signal generator and the additional capabilities it has in parallel (a&b) and singularly (a|b).

:DATE

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:DATe <year>,<month>,<day>

:SYSTem:DATe?

This command sets the date as shown in the lower right area of the signal generator display.

<year> This variable requires a four digit integer.

The query returns the date in the following format:

<+year>, <+month>, <+day>

Range <month>: 1-12 <day>: 1-31

Key Entry Time/Date

:ERRor:CODE[:NEXt]

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:ERRor:CODE[:NEXt]?

This query returns the next error message number from the signal generator SCPI error queue. If there are no error messages, the query returns the following output:

+0

When there is more than one error message, the query will need to be sent for each message.

The Agilent MXG deletes the error messages from the front panel error queue after viewing the last message.

Key Entry Error Info View Next Error Message

:ERRor[:NEXt]

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXt]?
```

This query returns the next error message from the signal generator SCPI error queue. If there are no error messages, the query returns the following output:

```
+0, "No error"
```

When there is more than one error message, the query will need to be sent for each message.

The Agilent MXG deletes the error messages from the front panel error queue after viewing the last message.

Key Entry Error Info View Next Error Message

:ERRor:SCPI[:SYNTax]

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:ERROr:SCPI[:SYNTax] ON|OFF|1|0
:SYSTem:ERROr:SCPI[:SYNTax]?
```

0

This command enables or disables the reporting of SCPI syntax errors to the error queue.

*RST

:FILesystem:STORage:EXTernal

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:FILesystem:STORage:EXTernal?
```

This query checks to see if the external USB port is actively being used for data storage and retrieval on the signal generator. A returned value of 1 means the external USB media is being used for data storage and retrieval. For more information on non-volatile storage media settings, refer to

 $: FILe system: STORage: EXTernal: PATH, : FILe system: STORage: TYPE \ \ \textbf{and} \\$

:FILesystem:STORage:TYPE:AUTO commands.

:FILesystem:STORage:EXTernal:PATH

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:FILesystem:STORage:EXTernal:PATH < "USB media root path">:SYSTem:FILesystem:STORage:EXTernal:PATH?
```

This command selects the directory storage path on the USB media. For more information, refer to the signal generator's softkey Help. For more information on non-volatile storage media settings, refer to :FILesystem:STORage:EXTernal, :FILesystem:STORage:TYPE and :FILesystem:STORage:TYPE:AUTO commands.

Remarks

When reading and writing files from or to the USB media, different memory subsystem file types are marked by having a particular extender on the filename. Refer to "USB Media" Path Options" table on page 192.

Files with unrecognized extenders are treated as binary (.bin) files.

USB Media Path Options	Extender	File Type	Memory Subsystem
	.waveform	waveform	NVWFM
	.markers	waveform marker	NVMKR
	.header	waveform header	NVHDR
	.state	instrument state	STATE
	.list	list sweep	LIST
	.userflat	user flatness	USERFLAT
	.seq	waveform sequence	SEQ
	All others	All others	BIN

:FILesystem:STORage:TYPE

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:FILesystem:STORage:TYPE INTernal | EXTernal

This command selects the non-volatile storage location on the signal generator. For more information on non-volatile storage media settings, refer to :FILesystem:STORage:EXTernal,

 $: FILe system: STORage: EXTernal: PATH \ \ and \ : FILe system: STORage: TYPE: AUTO \ \ commands.$

Key Entry Storage Type Int Ext Auto

Example

:SYST:FIL:STOR:TYPE EXT

The preceding example selects the external USB port as the location for non-volatile file storage on the signal generator.

:FILesystem:STORage:TYPE:AUTO

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:FILesystem:STORage:TYPE:AUTO ON OFF | 1 | 0
```

This command enables the signal generator to auto-detect when the USB media is connected. When AUTO (ON|1) is selected, the file system uses the USB media, if available. When the USB media is removed, the file system uses the internal media. For more information, refer to the signal generator's softkey Help. For more information on non-volatile storage media settings, refer to :FILesystem:STORage:EXTernal, :FILesystem:STORage:EXTernal:PATH and :FILesystem:STORage:TYPE commands.

***RST** 1

Key Entry Storage Type Int Ext Auto

[:]SYSTem:FILesystem:STORage:TYPE?

[:]SYSTem:FILesystem:STORage:TYPE:AUTO?

Example

:SYST:FIL:STOR:TYPE:AUTO ON

The preceding example selects AUTOmatic as the non-volatile storage setting and the signal generator will detect if the external USB port has a memory storage device connected.

Remarks When the USB media is removed, the USB non-volatile user file system effectively

does not exist.

:IDN

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:IDN "string"

This command modifies the identification string that the *IDN? query returns. Sending an empty string sets the query output of *IDN? to its factory shipped setting. The maximum string length is 72 characters.

Remarks Modification of the *IDN? query output enables the signal generator to identify

itself as another signal generator when used as a replacement.

The display diagnostic information, shown by pressing the **Diagnostic Info** softkey, is not affected by this command.

:LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)

Supported N5161A/62A/81A/82A

```
:SYSTem:LANGuage
```

"SCPI"|"COMP"|"8648"|"E4428C"|"E4438C"|"E8257D"|"E8267D"|"E8663B"|"E8247C"|

"E8257C" | "E8267C" | "E8241A" | "E8244A" | "E8251A" | "E8254A" | "E8247C" | "E8257C" | "E8267C" | "SMU

200A"|"SMATE200A"|"SMJ100A"|"SMIQ"|"SML"|"SMV"|"3410"

:SYSTem:LANGuage?

This command sets the remote language for the signal generator. For the N5183A, refer to :LANGuage (N5183A) section.

SCPI This choice provides compatibility for SCPI commands.

COMP This choice provides compatibility for the 8656B, 8657A/B signal generator which

is supported only through the GPIB interface.

8648 This choice provides compatibility for the 8648A/B/C/D signal generator which is

supported only through a GPIB interface.

E4428C or

E4438C This choice provides compatibility for the E4428C or E4438C signal generators

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8257D, or E8267D, or

E8663B This choice provides compatibility for the E8257D, E8267D, or E8663B signal

generators which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8247C, or E8257C, or

E8267C This choice provides compatibility for the E8247C, E8257C, or E8267C signal

generators which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E442XB or

E443XB This choice provides compatibility for the E442XB or E443XB signal generators

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8241A or

E8244A This choice provides compatibility for the 8648A/B/C/D signal generator which is

supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8251A or

E8254A This choice provides compatibility for the E8251A or E8254A signal generators

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN or USB interface.G

SMU200A, or SMATE200A, or SMJ100A, or SMIQ, or SML, or SMV

This choice provides compatibility for the Rohde and Schwarz SMU200A,

SMATE200A, SMJ100A, SMIQ, SML, or SMV signal generators which are supported

through a GPIB, LAN or USB interface.

3410 This choice provides compatibility for the Aeroflex 3410 series signal generator,

which is supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

*RST "SCPI"

Key Entry SCPI SMJ100A 8648A/B/C/D E8257D, E8267D, E8663B SML 3410 Series 8656B, 8667A/B E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, E8264A

SMV E4428C,E4438C SMU200A, SMATE200A SMIQ E442xB, E443xB E8247C, E8257C, E8367C

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

For more information on supported SCPI commands and programming codes, refer

to the Programming Compatibility Guide.

:LANGuage (N5183A)

Supported N5183A

```
|"SCPI"|"8360"|"83712"|"83732"|"83752"|"8340"|"8662"|"8663"|"E4428C"|"E4438C"|
|"E8257D"|"E8267D"|"E8663B"|"E8247C"|"E8257C"|"E8267C"|"E8241A"|"E8244A"|"E8251A"|
|"E8254A"|"SMR"|"MG3691B"|"MG3692B"|"MG3693B"|"MG3694B"|
```

:SYSTem:LANGuage?

This command sets the remote language for the signal generator. For the N5161A/62A/81A/82A, refer to :LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A) section.

Key Entry	SCPI MG369xB 83711B, 83712B E8247C, E8257C, E8267C SMR 8360 Series 83731B, 83732B E8257D, E8267D, E8663B 8662A 8340B, 8341B 83751B, 83752B E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, E8254A 8663A E4428C,E4438C		
*RST	"SCPI"		
MG3691B or MG3692B or MG3693B or MG3694B	This choice provides compatibility for Anritsu MG369xB series signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB interface.		
SMR	This choice provides compatibility for the Rohde & Schwartz SMR signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.		
E8257D or E8267D or E8663B	This choice provides compatibility for the E8257D, E8267D, or E8663B signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.		
E8247C, or E8257C, or E8267C	This choice provides compatibility for the E8247C, E8257C, or E8267C signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.		
E8241A or E8244A or E8251A or E8254A	This choice provides compatibility for the E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, or E8254A signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.		
E4428C or E4438C	This choice provides compatibility for the E4428C or E4438C signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.		
8662A or 8663A	This choice provides compatibility for the 8662A or 8663A signal generators, which are supported only through a GPIB interface.		
8340	This choice provides compatibility for the 8340B or 8341B signal generators, which are supported only through a GPIB interface.		
83752	This choice provides compatibility for the 83751B or 83752B signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.		
83732	This choice provides compatibility for the 83731B or 83732B signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.		
83712	This choice provides compatibility for the 83711B or 83712B signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.		
8360	This choice provides compatibility for the 8360 signal generator, which is supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.		
SCPI	This choice provides compatibility for SCPI commands.		

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

For more information on supported SCPI commands and programming codes, refer

to the Programming Compatibility Guide.

:LICense:EXTernal:LIST

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:LICense:EXTernal:LIST?

This query provides a listing of the current licenses for external software installed on the signal generator.

:LICense:FPACk:SLOTs:FREE?

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:LICense:FPACk:SLOTs:FREE?

This queries the number of available 5-Pack slots open for waveforms

to be licensed.

:LICense:FPACk:WAVeform:IDList?

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:LICense:FPACk:WAVeform:IDList?

This query returns the list of 5-Pack licensed waveform IDs.

:LICense:FPACk:SLOTs:USED?

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:LICense:FPACk:SLOTs:USED?

This queries the number of 5-Pack slots used by licensed waveforms.

:LICense:FPACk:WAVeform:ADD

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:LICense:FPACk:WAVeform:ADD "filename"

This command assigns a new waveform to a 5-Pack license. Filename should be just the filename, no path information. The file must reside in a non-volatile waveform memory (NVWFM) before it can be licensed.

:LICense:INSTall

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:LICense:INSTall <license_line> | <block_of_license_lines>

This command installs the licenses into the signal generator.

cense_line>
This choice installs a license line.

<block of license lines> This choice installs a block of license

lines.

Example

```
:SYST:LIC:INST "FEATURE 403 aspk 0 permanent 0 389D66FB107E9B02 HOSTID=N5182A.US00000068"
```

The preceding example installs license "FEATURE 403 aspk 0 permanent 0 389D66FB107E9B02 HOSTID=N5182A,US00000068", into the signal generator.

Example

```
:SYST:LIC:INST #210Qaz37pY9oL
```

The preceding is an example of the syntax for installing a block of licenses into the signal generator. For more on handling block data, refer to the *Programming Guide*.

NOTE

The data, Qaz37pY9oL, in the above command are not valid and are shown for example purposes only. Typically, ASCII characters representing data are unprintable.

For additional information on downloading and installing licenses for applications, refer to the Agilent License Manager at http://www.agilent.com/find/LicenseManager.

:LICense:LIST

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:LICense:LIST?
```

This query provides a listing of the current licenses installed on the signal generator.

:LICense:REMove

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:LICense:REMove <license line>
```

This command removes a single license line.

Example

To remove a license line:

:SYST:LIC:REM "FEATURE 403 aspk 0 permanent 0 389D66FB107E9B02

HOSTID=N5182A, US00000068"

The preceding example removes a license "FEATURE 403 aspk 0 permanent 0 389D66FB107E9B02 HOSTID=N5182A,US00000068", from the signal generator.

Remarks

To remove multiple license lines: Repeat the process for removing a single license for each license line to be removed.

:0PT

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:OPT "string"

This command modifies the option string that the *OPT? query returns. Sending an empty string sets the query output of *OPT? to its factory shipped setting. The maximum string length is 72 characters.

Remarks

Modification of the *OPT? query output enables the signal generator, with a set of options, to *identify* itself as another signal generator when used as a replacement

The display diagnostic information, shown by pressing the **Diagnostic Info** softkey, is not affected by this command.

:PDOWn

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PDOWn

This command turns off the instrument.

:PMETer[1] | 2:CHANnel

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:CHANnel A | B :SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:CHANnel?

This command selects the external power meter channel that will be used by each channel's power meter measurement. The query returns the selected channel.

Key Entry External Power Meter Channel A B

Default Channel A

:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:LAN:DEVice

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:LAN:DEVice <deviceName>

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:LAN:DEVice?

This command enters a VXI-11 name for a power meter that is being controlled by the signal generator for power meter measurements. If connecting directly to the power meter enter the name as specified on your power meter documentation. If connecting via a LAN-GPIB gateway, enter the SICL address of the power meter.

Key Entry PM VXI-11 Device Name

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:LAN:IP

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:LAN:IP <ipAddress>

:SYSTem:PMET, er[1] | 2:COMMunicate:LAN:IP?

This command sets the internet protocol (IP) address for a power meter that is controlled by the signal generator for power meter measurements. It connecting to a GPIB power meter via a LAN-GPIB gateway, this command sets the IP address of the gateway.

Key Entry Amplitude > More > User Flatness > Configure Power Meter > Power Meter IP Address

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

Ensure that the power meter IP address is different from the signal generator

address.

:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:LAN:PORT

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:LAN:PORT <portNumber>

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:LAN:PORT?

This command sets the IP port on the power meter that is controlled by the signal generator.

Key Entry Power Meter IP Port Standard mode. The command enables standard mode for simple programming. Telnet mode. The command enables the telnet SCPI service for programming. Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST. For more information on standard mode and telnet SCPI mode, refer to the Programming Guide.

:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:TYPE

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:TYPE SOCKETS | VXI11 | USB

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:TYPE?

This command sets the type of control connection for communication with the external power meter for power meter measurements. The query returns the connection type.

Key Entry	Connection Type
SOCKETS	The command enables the power meter for sockets LAN control via the signal generator.
VXI11	The command enables the power meter for VXI-11 control via the signal generator. A power meter with GPIB can be controlled via VXI-11 using a LAN-GPIB gateway.
USB	The command enables the power meter for USB control via the signal generator.
Remarks	The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or $\star RST$.

:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:USB:DEVice

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] |2:COMMunicate:USB:DEVice <device>

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:USB:DEVice?

This command selects the USB device to be used for power meter measurements for Channel A or B. The query returns the USB device identification.

Key Entry Connection Type > USB Devise

:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:USB:LIST?

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:COMMunicate:USB:LIST?

This queries for the list of all connected USB devices.

:PMETer[1] | 2:MEASure?

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:MEASure?

This query starts the measurement and returns the result for Channel A or B.

:PMETer[1] | 2:SENSe:AVERage:COUNt

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTEm:PMETer[1] |2:SENSe:AVERage:COUNt <avgCount>
```

:SYSTEm:PMETer[1] | 2:SENSe:AVERage:COUNt?

This command sets the averaging count value for Channel A or B when automatic averaging is disabled (i.e. manual mode.) The query returns an integer.

Range: 1 to 2048

Key Entry Averaging Count

Default: 1024

:PMETer[1] | 2:SENSe:AVERage:COUNt:AUTO

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTEm:PMETer[1] | 2:SENSe:AVERage:COUNt:AUTO ON | OFF | 1 | 0
```

:SYSTEm:PMETer[1] | 2:SENSe:AVERage:COUNt:AUTO?

This command enables or disables the automatic averaging mode for Channel A or B. The query returns the state of the automatic averaging mode.

Key Entry Averaging Mode

Default: Auto

:PMETer[1] | 2:SENSe:AVERage[:STATe]

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:SENSe:AVERage[:STATe] ON | OFF | 1 | 0
:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:SENSe:AVERage[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables averaging for Channel A or B. The query returns the state of averaging.

Key Entry Averaging Mode

:PMETer[1] | 2:SENSe:FREQuency[:CW | :FIXed]

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:PMETer[1] |2:SENSe:FREQuency[:CW|:FIXed] <freq><unit>
:SYSTem:PMETer[1] |2:SENSe:FREQuency[:CW|:FIXed]?
```

This command sets channel frequency for channel A or B. The query returns the value.

Key Entry Channel Frequency

Default 50 MHz

:PMETer[1] | 2:UNIT:POWer

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] |2:UNIT:POWer DBM|W

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] | 2:UNIT:POWer?

This command selects the power measurement units for Channel A or B. The query returns that value.

Key Entry Measurement Units dBm W

:PMETer[1] | 2[:STATe]

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] |2[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0

:SYSTem:PMETer[1] |2[:STATe]?

This command enables or disables the power meter measurements for channel A or B.

Key Entry Averaging Mode > Off

:PON:TYPE

Supported All

:SYSTem:PON:TYPE PRESet LAST USER

:SYSTem:PON:TYPE?

This command sets the defined conditions for the signal generator at power on.

PRESet This choice sets the conditions to factory- or user-defined as determined by the

choice for the preset type.

LAST This choice retains the settings at the time the signal generator was last powered

down.

USER This choice sets the power on state to be the user preset value.

Key Entry Power On Last Preset

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

For a comparison of the SCPI preset commands, refer to Table 4-1, "Preset SCPI

Commands Overview," on page 203.

:PRESet

NOTE If this SCPI command is not responding as expected, use the E4428C/38C compatibility command: :SYST:PRESet:TYPE:NORMal to return the front panel **Preset** key to its factory default functionality.

Supported All

SYSTem: PRESet

This command returns the signal generator to a set of defined conditions. It is equivalent to pressing the front panel **Preset** hardkey.

Key Entry Preset

Remarks The defined conditions are either factory- or user-defined.

For a comparison of the SCPI preset commands, refer to Table 4-1, "Preset SCPI Commands Overview," on page 203.

Table 4-1 Preset SCPI Commands Overview

Command	Description	Remarks
*RST	This IEEE 488.2 Common Command uses the factory preset settings for the instrument preset.	Optimized for automated testing
:SYSTem:PRESet:PERSistent	Only the instrument's persistent parameters are returned to factory default value.	
:SYSTem:PON:TYPE PRESet LAST USER :SYSTem:PON:TYPE?	Sets the power on state (PON) to be the same as the front panel green Preset hardkey, or the last state, or to the user state.	
:SYSTem:PRESet	Performs the same preset as currently set for the front panel green Preset hardkey.	
:SYSTem:PRESet[:USER]:SAVE	Saves the current instrument state as the user preset state.	
:SYSTem:PRESet:ALL	Sets the instrument to the same default conditions performed by sequentially inputting: SYSTem:PRESet + :SYSTem:PERSistent:PRESet	
:SYSTem:PRESet:USER	Executes a user preset.	

:PRESet:ALL

Supported All

:SYSTem:PRESet:ALL

This command sets all states of the signal generator back to their factory default settings, including states that are not normally affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

For a comparison of the SCPI preset commands, refer to Table 4-1, "Preset SCPI Commands Overview," on page 203.

:PRESet:LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)

Supported N5161A/62A/81A/82A

:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage

"SCPI" | "COMP" | "8648" | "E4428C" | "E4438C" | "E8257D" | "E8267D" | "E8663B" | "E8247C" | "E8257C" | "E8267C" | "E442XB" | "E443XB" | "E8241A" | "E8244A" | "E8251A" | "E8254A" | "E8247C" | "E8257C" | "E8267C" | "E8267

7C" | "SMU200A" | "SMATE200A" | "SMJ100A" | "SMIQ" | "SML" | "SMV" | "3410"

:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage?

This command sets the remote language that is available when the signal generator is preset.

SCPI This choice provides compatibility for SCPI commands.

COMP This choice provides compatibility for the 8656B, 8657A/B signal generator which

is supported only through the GPIB interface.

8648 This choice provides compatibility for the 8648A/B/C/D signal generator which is

supported only through a GPIB interface.

E4428C or

E4438C This choice provides compatibility for the E4428C or E4438C signal generators

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8257D, or E8267D, or

E88663B This choice provides compatibility for the E8257D, or E8267D or E8663B signal

generators which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8247C, or E8257C, or

E8267C This choice provides compatibility for the E8247C, E257C, or E8267C signal

generators which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E442XB or

E443XB This choice provides compatibility for the E442XB or E443XB signal generators

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8241A or

E8244A This choice provides compatibility for the 8648A/B/C/D signal generator which is

supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8251A or

E8254A This choice provides compatibility for the E8251A or E8254A signal generators

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

SMU200A, or SMATE200A, or SMJ100A, or SMIQ, or SML, or

SMV This choice provides compatibility for the Rohde and Schwartz SMU200A,

SMATE200A, SMJ100A, SMIQ, SML, or SMV signal generators which are supported

through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

3410 This choice provides compatibility for the Aeroflex 3410 signal generator which

are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

*RST "SCPI"

Key Entry SCPI SMJ100A 8648A/B/C/D E8257D, E8267D, E8267D, E8663B

SML 3410 Series 8656B, 8667A/B E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, E8264A SMV E4428C.E4438C SMU200A, SMATE200A

E8247C, E8257C, E8367C

:PRESet:LANGuage (N5183A)

SMIQ

Supported N5183A

:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage

| "SCPI" | "8360" | "83712" | "83732" | "83752" | "8340" | "8662" | "8663" | "E4428C" | "E4438C" | | "E8257D" | "E8267D" | "E8663B" | "E8247C" | "E8257C" | "E8267C" | "E8241A" | "E8244A" | "E8251A" |

| "E8254A" | "SMR" | "MG3691B" | "MG3692B" | "MG3693B" | "MG3694B" |

E442xB, E443xB

:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage?

This command sets the remote language that is available when the signal generator is preset.

SCPI This choice provides compatibility for SCPI commands.

8360 This choice provides compatibility for the 8360 signal generator, which is

supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

83712 This choice provides compatibility for the 83711B or 83712B signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

83732 This choice provides compatibility for the 83731B or 83732B signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

83752 This choice provides compatibility for the 83751B or 83752B signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

8340 This choice provides compatibility for the 8340B or 8341B signal generators, which

are supported only through a GPIB interface.

8662 or

8663 This choice provides compatibility for the 8662A or 8663A signal generators,

which are supported only through a GPIB interface.

E4428C or

E4438C This choice provides compatibility for the E4428C or E4438C signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8241A or E8244A or E8251A or E8254A

This choice provides compatibility for the E8241A, E8244A, E8251A or E8254A

signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8247C, or E8257C, or

E8267C This choice provides compatibility for the E8247C, E8257C, or E8267C signal

generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

 $\begin{array}{c} \rm E8257D \ or \\ \rm E8267D \ or \end{array}$

E8663B This choice provides compatibility for the E8257D, E8267D, or E8663B signal

generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

SMR This choice provides compatibility for the Rohde & Schwartz SMR signal

generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

MG3691B or MG3692B or MG3693B or

MG3694B This choice provides compatibility for Anritsu MG369xB series signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB interface.

*RST "SCPI"

Key Entry SCPI MG369xB 83711B, 83712B E8247C, E8257C, E8267C

SMR 8360 Series 83731B, 83732B E8257D, E8267D, E8663B 8662A 8340B, 8341B 83751B, 83752B E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, E8254A

8663A E4428C,E4438C

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

For more information on supported SCPI commands and programming codes, refer

to the Programming Compatibility Guide.

:PRESet:PERSistent

Supported All

:SYSTem:PRESet:PERSistent

This command sets the states that are not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST to their factory default settings.

Key Entry Restore System Settings to Default Values

Remarks For a list of the persistent instrument factory default values refer to the

Programming Guide.

For a comparison of the SCPI preset commands, refer to Table 4-1, "Preset SCPI

Commands Overview," on page 203.

:PRESet:PN9

Supported N5162A/82A

:SYSTem:PRESet:PN9 NORMal QUICk

:SYSTem:PRESet:PN9?

This command sets the preset length of the PN9 sequence for personalities that require software

PRBS generation.

NORMal This choice provides a maximal length PN9 sequence.

QUICk This choice provides a truncated (216 bits) PN9 sequence.

:PRESet:TYPE

Supported All

:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER

This command defines the Preset hardkey as either factory preset or as the user preset saved in

memory.

NORMal This choice uses the factory-defined defaults when **Preset** is pressed.

COMP This choice uses the user-defined preset saved in the instrument when **Preset** is

pressed. Refer to :PRESet:USER and :PRESet[:USER]:SAVE commands.

Key Entry Preset

Remarks This command will return an error, if the USER parameter is sent without a user

preset saved in the instrument.

:PRESet:USER

Supported All

:SYSTem:PRESet:USER

This command presets the signal generator to the user's saved state.

Key Entry Execute User Preset

Remarks This command presets the signal generator to the saved user-defined state.

For a comparison of the SCPI preset commands, refer to Table 4-1, "Preset SCPI

Commands Overview," on page 203.

:PRESet[:USER]:SAVE

Supported All

:SYSTem:PRESet[:USER]:SAVE

This command saves your user-defined preset conditions to a state file.

Key Entry Save User Preset

Remarks Only one user-defined preset file can be saved. Subsequent saved user-defined

preset files will overwrite the previously saved file.

For a comparison of the SCPI preset commands, refer to Table 4-1, "Preset SCPI

Commands Overview," on page 203.

:SECurity:DISPlay

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay ON OFF 1 0

:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay?

This command enables or disables the secure display mode.

On(1) This selection turns the signal generator display back on, showing the current

settings. Cycling the signal generator power also restores the display, however the current settings may change depending on the power-on configuration choice. See

:PON:TYPE command for information on the power-on choices available.

OFF(0) This selection blanks the signal generator's display, hiding the settings and

disabling the front panel keys. While in this mode, the display shows

*** SECURE DISPLAY ACTIVATED ***.

For more information about security functions, refer to the *User's Guide*.

Example

:SYST:SEC:DISP OFF

The preceding example enables the secure display mode.

*RST 1 Range N/A

Key Entry Activate Security Display

:SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted

Supported All Models

```
:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted ON|OFF|1|0:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted?
```

This command enables or disables the secure restricted display mode. See also, :ANNotation:AMPLitude[:STATe] and :ANNotation:FREQuency[:STATe] commands.

On(1) This selection turns on the secure restricted display, blanking the frequency. Also,

the keys that access the frequency, sweep, and user flatness information are

disabled.

OFF(0) This selection turns off the secure restricted display mode signal generator's

display.

For more information about security functions, refer to the User's Guide.

Example

:SYST:SEC:DISP:REST ON

The preceding example enables the security restricted display mode.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Activate Restricted Display

:SECurity:ERASeall

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:SECurity:ERASeall

This command removes all user files, flatness correction files, and baseband generator files. In addition, all table editor files are returned to their original factory values.

This command differs from the :DELete:ALL command, which does not reset table editors to factory values. For more information about security functions, refer to the *User's Guide*.

Key Entry Erase All

:SECurity:LEVel

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel NONE | ERASe | OVERwrite | SANitize

:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel?

This command selects the security level operation for the signal generator.

NONE This selection causes the signal generator to reset to factory default settings.

ERASe This selection removes all user files, table editor files, flatness correction files, and

baseband generator files.

OVERwrite This selection removes all user files, table editor files, flatness correction files, and

baseband generator files. The memory is then overwritten with random data.

SRAM All addressable locations will be overwritten with random characters.

Hard Disk All addressable locations will be overwritten with random characters.

Flash Memory The flash blocks will be erased.

SANitize

This selection removes all user files, table editor files, flatness correction files, and baseband generator files using the same techniques as the OVERwrite selection for SRAM and flash memory. For the hard disk, the signal generator overwrites all addressable locations with a single character, its complement, and then with a random character.

Once you select the security level, you must execute the command from :SECurity:LEVel:STATe to arm the security level. The selected level of security operation will be executed after reboot.

NOTE Once you select a security level and arm it, you cannot change the level.

For other cleaning and security operation descriptions, see :SECurity:ERASeall, :SECurity:OVERwrite, and :SECurity:SANitize commands. For more information about security functions, refer to the *User's Guide*.

Example

```
:SYST:SEC:LEV ERASE
```

The preceding example sets the secure mode so it resets the signal generator to factory settings after completing the security operation.

Key Entry None Erase Overwrite Sanitize

:SECurity:LEVel:STATe

Supported All Models

Ensure that you select the security level prior to executing this command with the ON (1) selection. Once you enable the state, you cannot reduce the security level.

```
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe?
```

This command arms and executes the current security level parameter.

On (1) This selection arms and prevents any changes to the current security level. Refer

to :SECurity:LEVel command for setting the security level.

OFF (0) This selection performs the actions required for the current security level setting.

Cycling the signal generator power also performs the same function.

For more information about security functions, refer to the User's Guide.

Example

```
:SYST:SEC:LEV:STAT ON
```

The preceding example arms the secure mode selected with the SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel command.

Key Entry Enter Secure Mode

:SECurity:OVERwrite

Supported All Models :SYSTem:SECurity:OVERwrite

This command removes all user files, table editor files values, flatness correction files, and baseband generator files. The memory is then overwritten with random data as described below. For more information about security functions, refer to the *User's Guide*.

SRAM All addressable locations will be overwritten with random characters.

HARD DISK All addressable locations will be overwritten with random characters.

FLASH MEMORY The flash blocks will be erased.

Key Entry Erase and Overwrite All

:SECurity:SANitize

Supported All Models :SYSTem:SECurity:SANitize

This command removes all user files, table editor files values, flatness correction files, and baseband generator files. The memory is then overwritten with a sequence of data as described below. For more information about security functions, refer the *User's Guide*.

SRAM All addressable locations will be overwritten with random characters.

HARD DISK All addressable locations will be overwritten with a single character and then a

random character.

FLASH MEMORY The flash blocks will be erased.

Key Entry Erase and Sanitize All

:SSAVer:DELay

Supported All

:SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay <value>

:SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay?

This command sets the amount of time before the display light or display light and text is switched off. This will occur if there is no input via the front panel during the delay period.

The variable <value> is a whole number measured in hours.

Range 1-12

Key Entry Screen Saver Delay:

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

Refer to :SSAVer:MODE command for selecting the screen saver mode.

:SSAVer:MODE

Supported All

:SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE LIGHt | TEXT

:SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE?

This command toggles the screen saver mode between light only or light and text.

LIGHt This choice enables only the light to turn off during the screen saver operation

while leaving the text visible on the darkened screen.

TEXT This choice enables both the display light and text to turn off during the screen

saver operation.

Key Entry Screen Saver Mode

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:SSAVer:STATe

Supported All

:SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe ON|OFF|1|0

:SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe?

This command enables or disables the display screen saver.

Key Entry Screen Saver Off On

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:TIME

Supported All

:SYSTem:TIME <hour>, <minute>, <second>

:SYSTem:TIME?

This command sets the time displayed in the lower right area of the signal generator's display.

Range : 0-23 : 0-59 : 0-59

Key Entry Time/Date

:VERSion

Supported All

:SYSTem:VERSion?

This command returns the SCPI version number with which the signal generator complies.

Trigger Subsystem

:ABORt

Supported All

:ABORt

This command causes the List or Step sweep in progress to abort. If INIT: CONT[:ALL] is set to ON, the sweep will immediately re-initiate. The pending operation flag affecting *OPC, *OPC?, and *WAI will undergo a transition once the sweep has been reset.

:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL]

Supported All

:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON|OFF|1|0

:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL]?

This command selects either a continuous or single list or step sweep. Execution of this command does not affect a sweep in progress.

ON (1) This choice selects continuous sweep where, after the completion of the previous

sweep, the current sweep will restart automatically or wait until the appropriate

trigger source is received.

OFF (0) This choice selects a single sweep. Refer to :INITiate[:IMMediate][:ALL] command

for single sweep triggering information.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Sweep Repeat Single Cont

Remarks Execution of this command will not affect a sweep in progress.

:INITiate[:IMMediate][:ALL]

Supported All

:INITiate[:IMMediate][:ALL]

This command either sets or sets and starts a single List or Step sweep, depending on the trigger type. The command performs the following:

- arms a single sweep when BUS, EXTernal, or KEY is the trigger source selection
- · arms and starts a single sweep when IMMediate is the trigger source selection

This command is ignored if a sweep is in progress. See :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] command for setting continuous or single sweep. See :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce command to select the trigger source.

Key Entry Single Sweep

:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity

Supported All

:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity POSitive | NEGative

:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity?

Sets the TTL signal level present at the TRIGGER OUT connector to either high (5 vdc) or low (0 vdc). The trigger out is asserted after the frequency and/or power is set while the sweep is waiting for its step trigger.

Example

:TRIG:OUTP:POL NEG

The preceding example sets the trigger out polarity to be low when the trigger is preset.

*RST POS

Key Entry Trigger Out Polarity Neg Pos

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe

Supported All

```
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe POSitive|NEGative
```

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe?

This command sets the polarity of an external signal at the TRIG IN connector that will trigger a list or step sweep.

*RST POS

Key Entry Trigger In Polarity Neg Pos

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce

Supported All

```
: \verb|TRIGger[:SEQuence]: SOURce BUS | IMMediate | EXTernal | KEY | TIMer| \\
```

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce?

This command sets the sweep trigger source for a list or step sweep.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the *TRG or GET command. The *TRG

SCPI command can be used with any combination of GPIB, LAN, or USB. The GET

command requires USB, GPIB, or LAN-VXI-11.

IMMediate This choice enables immediate triggering of the sweep event.

EXTernal This choice enables the triggering of a sweep event by an externally applied signal

at the TRIG IN connector.

Trigger KEY

This choice enables triggering through front panel interaction by pressing the

Trigger hardkey.

TIMer Trigger This choice enables the sweep trigger timer.

*RST IMM

Remarks The wait for the BUS, EXTernal, or KEY trigger can be bypassed by sending

the :TRIGger[:SEQuence][:IMMediate] command.

Example

:TRIG:SOUR BUS

The preceding example sets the sweep trigger source to BUS.

*RST IMM

Key Entry Bus Free Run Ext Trigger Key Timer Trigger

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:TIMer

Supported All Models

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:TIMer <period>

:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:TIMer?

This command sets the period of the timer trigger.

***RST** 1 ms

Range .5ms-1000s

Key Entry Trig Timer Period

:TRIGger[:SEQuence][:IMMediate]

Supported All Models

:TRIGger[:SEQuence][:IMMediate]

This event command causes an armed List or Step sweep to immediately start without the selected trigger occurring.

:TSWeep

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:TSWeep

This command aborts the current sweep, then either arms or arms and starts a single list, depending on the trigger type.

The command performs the following:

- arms a single sweep when BUS, EXTernal, or Trigger KEY is the trigger source selection
- arms and starts a single sweep when IMMediate is the trigger source selection

Key Entry Single Sweep

Unit Subsystem (:UNIT)

:POWer

Supported All

:UNIT:POWer DBM | DBUV | DBUVEMF | V | VEMF | DB

:UNIT:POWer?

This command terminates an amplitude value in the selected unit of measure.

If the amplitude reference state is set to on, the query returns units expressed in dB and the dB choice will be displayed. Setting any other unit will cause a setting conflict error stating that the amplitude reference state must be set to off. Refer to, :REFerence:STATe command for more information.

*RST DBM

Key Entry dBm dBuV dBuVemf V mVemf dB

Remarks All power values in this chapter are shown with dBm as the unit of measure. If a

different unit of measure is selected, replace dBm with the newly selected unit

whenever it is indicated for the value.

:VOLT:TYPE

Supported All

:UNIT:VOLT:TYPE PD | EMF

:UNIT:VOLT:TYPE?

This command scales the voltage values to display potential differences or electromagnetic force.

Potential

Difference This choice sets the instrument to PD mode where the output voltage assumes

that a 50 ohm load is connected. PD is the default mode of the instrument.

Electro-motive

Force This choice sets the instrument to EMF mode where the output voltage assumes

no load is connected. the EMF value is twice the PD value.

*RST PD

5 Analog Modulation Commands

This chapter provides SCPI descriptions for subsystems dedicated to analog commands common to all Agilent MXG signal generator models. This chapter contains the following major sections:

- Amplitude Modulation Subsystem-Option UNT ([:SOURce]) on page 217
- Frequency Modulation Subsystem-Option UNT ([:SOURce]) on page 221
- Phase Modulation Subsystem-Option UNT ([:SOURce]) on page 224
- Pulse Modulation Subsystem-Option UNU and UNW([:SOURce]) on page 228

Amplitude Modulation Subsystem-Option UNT ([:SOURce])

:AM:EXTernal:COUPling

Supported All Models with Option UNT
[:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal:COUPling AC|DC
[:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal:COUPling?

This command sets the coupling for the amplitude modulation source through the selected external input connector.

AC This choice will only pass ac signal components.

DC This choice will pass both ac and dc signal components.

*RST DC

Key Entry Ext Coupling DC AC

Remarks The command does not change the currently active source or switch the current

modulation on or off. The modulating signal may be the sum of several signals,

either internal or external sources.

:AM:INTernal:FREQuency

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency <value><unit>|UP|DOWN
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency?
```

This command sets the internal amplitude modulation rate for the following applications:

- the start frequency for a swept-sine waveform
- the frequency rate for all other waveforms

***RST** +4.0000000E+002

Range Swept-Sine & Sine: 0.1 Hz-20 MHz

Key Entry AM Rate

:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num>
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?
```

This command sets the step increment for the amplitude modulation internal frequency.

The variable <num> is expressed in units of Hertz.

Remarks The value set by this command is used with the UP and DOWN choices for the

AM frequency setting. Refer to :AM:INTernal:FREQuency command for more

information.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:AM:INTernal:FUNCtion:SHAPe

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FUNCtion:SHAPe?
```

This command sets the AM waveform type.

*RST SINE

:AM:MODE

Supported All Models

```
[:SOURce]:AM:MODE DEEP|NORMal
[:SOURce]:AM:MODE?
```

This command sets the amplitude modulation mode. DEEP provides an AM depth with greater dynamic range. NORMal sets AM to standard operation.

Default DEEP

Key Entry AM > More > AM Mode Normal Deep

Remarks The RF carrier is modulated when you have set the signal generator's modulation

state to ON, see :MODulation[:STATe] command for more information.

Whenever amplitude modulation is enabled, the AM annunciator is turned on in

the display.

:AM:SOURce

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:AM:SOURce INT EXT

[:SOURce]:AM:SOURce?

This command sets the source to generate the amplitude modulation.

INT This choice selects the internal source to provide an ac-coupled signal.

EXT This choice selects the AM rear panel connector to provide an externally applied

signal that can be ac- or dc-coupled.

*RST INT

Key Entry Internal Ext

Remarks A 1.0 V_p input is required for calibrated AM depth settings.

The externally applied, ac-coupled input signal is tested for a voltage level and a display annunciator will report a high or low condition if that voltage is $> \pm 3\%$ of

1 V_p.

:AM:STATe

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:AM:STATe ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:AM:STATe?

This command enables or disables the amplitude modulation for the selected path.

***RST** 0

Key Entry AM Off On

Remarks The RF carrier is modulated when you have set the signal generator's modulation

state to ON, see :MODulation[:STATe] command for more information.

Whenever amplitude modulation is enabled, the AM annunciator is turned on in

the display.

:AM:TYPE

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:AM:TYPE LINear EXPonential

[:SOURce]:AM:TYPE?

This command enables LINear or EXPonential amplitude modulation.

The units effected are the AM Depth settings.

LIN This choice selects linear (percent/volt) AM.

EXP This choice selects exponential (db/volt).

*RST LIN

Key Entry AM Type LIN EXP

:AM[:DEPTh]:EXPonential

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:EXPonential <value>

[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:EXPonential?

This commands sets the amplitude modulation depth in dB.

***RST** +4.0000000E+001

Range 0-40 dB Key Entry AM Depth

Remarks Refer to :AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement] command for setting the value associated

with UP and DOWN choices.

:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement]

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement]?

This command sets the AM depth step increment.

 Range
 0.1-100%

 Key Entry
 Incr Set

Remarks The value set by this command is used with the UP and DOWN choices for the

AM depth setting. Refer to :AM[:DEPTh][:LINear] command for more information.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:AM[:DEPTh][:LINear]

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh][:LINear] <value><unit>|UP|DOWN
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh][:LINear]?

This commands sets the amplitude modulation depth in percent.

***RST** +1.0000000E-001

Range 0.00-90% Key Entry AM Depth

Remarks Refer to :AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement] command for setting the value associated

with UP and DOWN choices.

Frequency Modulation Subsystem-Option UNT ([:SOURce])

:FM:EXTernal:COUPling

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:FM:EXTernal:COUPling AC|DC
[:SOURce]:FM:EXTernal:COUPling?
```

This command sets the coupling for the frequency modulation source through the selected external input connector.

Use this command with the :DCFM command to remove the effects of DC and optimize the DCFM calibration.

AC This choice only passes ac signal components.

DC This choice passes both ac and dc signal components.

*RST DC

Key Entry Ext Coupling DC AC

Remarks The command does not change the currently active source or switch the current

modulation on or off. The modulating signal may be the sum of several signals,

either internal or external sources.

:FM:INTernal:FREQuency

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency <value><unit>|UP|DOWN
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency?
```

This command sets the internal frequency modulation rate for the following applications:

- the start frequency for a swept-sine waveform
- the frequency rate for all other waveforms

***RST** +4.0000000E+002

Range All Waveforms: 0.1 Hz-2 MHz

Key Entry FM Rate

:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num>
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?
```

This command sets the step increment for the internal frequency modulation.

The variable <num> sets the entered value in units of Hertz.

***RST** +5.0000000E+002

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Range} & 0.5\text{--}1E6 \\ \textbf{Key Entry} & \textbf{Incr Set} \end{array}$

Remarks The value set by this command is used with the UP and DOWN choices for the FM

frequency setting. Refer to :FM:INTernal:FREQuency command for more

information.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:FM:INTernal:FUNCtion:SHAPe

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FUNCtion:SHAPe?

This command sets the FM waveform type.

*RST SINE

Remarks The waveform selection is only valid when INT is the source selection. Refer to

:FM:SOURce command for type source selection.

:FM:SOURce

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:FM:SOURce INT|EXT
[:SOURce]:FM:SOURce?

This command sets the source to generate the frequency modulation.

INT This choice selects the internal source to provide an ac-coupled signal.

EXT This choice selects the FM rear panel connector to provide an externally applied

signal that can be ac- or dc-coupled.

*RST INT

Key Entry Internal Ext

Remarks The externally applied, ac-coupled input signal is tested for a voltage level and a

display annunciator will report a high or low condition if that voltage is $> \pm 3\%$ of

1 V_p.

:FM:STATe

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:FM:STATe ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:FM:STATe?

This command enables or disables the frequency modulation for the selected path.

***RST** 0

Key Entry FM Off On

Remarks The RF carrier is modulated when you set the signal generator's modulation state

to ON, see :MODulation[:STATe] command for more information.

Whenever frequency modulation is enabled, the FM annunciator is turned on in the

display.

:FM[:DEViation]

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:FM[:DEViation] <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:FM[:DEViation]?

This command sets the frequency modulation deviation. Please refer to *Data Sheet* for more information on FM deviation specifications.

***RST** +1.0000000E+003

Key Entry FM DEV

:FM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement]

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:FM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement]?

This command sets the step increment for the FM deviation of the signal generator.

***RST** +5.0000000E+003

Key Entry Incr Set

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

Phase Modulation Subsystem-Option UNT ([:SOURce])

:PM:BANDwidth | BWIDth

Supported All Models with Option UNT [:SOURCe]:PM:BANDwidth|BWIDth NORMal|HIGH [:SOURCe]:PM:BANDwidth|BWIDth?

This command toggles between normal phase modulation and high bandwidth phase modulation mode.

*RST NORM

Key Entry FM ΦM Normal High BW

:PM:EXTernal:COUPling

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:PM:EXTernal:COUPling AC|DC
[:SOURce]:PM:EXTernal:COUPling?

This command sets the coupling for the phase modulation source through the selected external input connector.

Use this command with the :DCFM command to remove the effects of DC and optimize the DCFM calibration.

AC This choice will only pass ac signal components.

DC This choice will pass both ac and dc signal components.

*RST DC

Key Entry Ext Coupling DC AC

Remarks This command does not change the currently active source or switch the current

modulation on or off. The modulating signal may be the sum of several signals,

either internal or external sources.

:PM:INTernal:FREQuency

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency <value><unit>|UP|DOWN
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency?
```

This command sets the internal modulation frequency rate for the following applications:

- the start frequency for a swept-sine waveform
- · the frequency rate for all other waveforms

***RST** +4.0000000E+002

Range All Waveforms: 0.1 Hz-2 MHz (Wideband)All Waveforms: 0.1 Hz-1 MHz (narrowband)

Key Entry ΦM Rate

:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num>
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?
```

This command sets the step increment of the phase modulation internal frequency.

The variable <num> sets the entered value in units of Hertz.

Range 0.5–1E6 Key Entry Incr Set

Remarks The value set by this command is used with the UP and DOWN choices for the FM

frequency command. Refer to :PM:INTernal:FREQuency command for more

information.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

:PM:INTernal:FUNCtion:SHAPe

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FUNCtion:SHAPe?
```

This command sets the phase modulation waveform type.

*RST SINE

:PM:SOURce

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:PM:SOURce INT EXT [:SOURce]:PM:SOURce?
```

This command sets the source to generate the phase modulation.

INT This choice selects internal source 1 to provide an ac-coupled signal.

EXT This choice selects the FM rear panel connector to provide an externally applied

signal that can be ac- or dc-coupled.

*RST INT

Key Entry Internal Ext

Remarks The externally applied, ac-coupled input signal is tested for a voltage level and a

display annunciator will report a high or low condition if that voltage is $> \pm 3\%$ of

1 V_p.

:PM:STATe

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:PM:STATe ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:PM:STATe?

This command enables or disables the phase modulation for the selected path.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Φ**M Off On**

Remarks The RF carrier is modulated when you set the signal generator's modulation state

to ON, see :MODulation[:STATe] command for more information.

Whenever phase modulation is enabled, the $\Phi\!\text{M}$ annunciator is turned on in the

display

:PM[:DEViation]

Supported All Models with Option UNT

[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation] <value><unit>|UP|DOWN

[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]?

This command sets the deviation of the phase modulation.

The variable <unit> will accept RAD (radians), PIRAD (pi-radians), and DEG (degrees); however, the query will only return values in radians.

*RST	+0.0000000E+000

Range	Frequency	$Normal\ Bandwidth$	$High\ Bandwidth$
	<250 MHz ^a	0-5 RAD	0-0.500 RAD
	250 MHz - <375 MHz	0-1.25 RAD	0-0.125 RAD
	375 MHz - <750 MHz	0-2.5 RAD	0-0.2500 RAD
	750 MHz - <1.5 GHz	0-5 RAD	0-0.500 RAD
	1.5 GHz - <3.000001 GHz	0-10 RAD	0-1 RAD
	> 3 GHz - 6 GHz	0-20 RAD	0-2 RAD

a. Settable, but not specified to 100 kHz. For more information on specifications, refer to the Data Sheet.

Key Entry ΦM Dev

Remarks Refer to :PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement] command for setting the value

associated with the UP and DOWN choices.

:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement]

Supported All Models with Option UNT

```
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement]?
```

This command sets the phase modulation deviation step increment.

Range 0.001-1E3RAD

Key Entry Incr Set

Remarks The value set by this command is used with the UP and DOWN choices for the FM

deviation command. Refer to :PM[:DEViation] command for more information.

The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

Pulse Modulation Subsystem-Option UNU and UNW([:SOURce])

:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity

Supported All with Option UNU and UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity?
```

This command selects the polarity of the TTL input signal at the TRIG IN rear panel connector. The signal generator can respond to either a normal (a TTL high) or an inverted (TTL low) signal.

Example

```
:PULM:EXT:POL NORM
```

The preceding example selects normal (TTL high) polarity.

*RST Normal

Key Entry Ext Polarity Normal Inverted

:PULM:INTernal:DELay:STEP

Supported All with Option UNU and UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:DELay:STEP <num><time_suffix>
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:DELay:STEP?
```

This command sets the step increment for the pulse delay.

The step value, set by this command, is used with the UP and DOWN choices in the :PULM:INTernal:DELay[1][2] command.

The step value set with this command is not affected by a signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST command.

Example

```
:PULM:INT:DEL:STEP 10NS
```

The preceding example sets the pulse delay step value to 10 nanoseconds.

Range 10nS to (pulse period – 20 nS)

Key Entry Incr Set

:PULM:INTernal:DELay[1] | 2

Supported All with Option UNU and UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:DELay[1] | [2] <num><time_suffix>|UP|DOWN
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:DELay[1] | [2]
```

This command sets the pulse delay for the internally-generated pulse modulation using the variable <num>[<time_suffix>]. The command, used with the UP|DOWN parameters, will change the delay by a user-defined step value. Refer to the :PULM:INTernal:DELay:STEP command for setting the value associated with the UP and DOWN choices.

The optional variable <time_suffix> accepts nS (nanoseconds) to S (seconds).

The range value is dependent on the pulse period. Refer to :PULM:INTernal:PERiod command for pulse period settings.

Use Delay1 with the DOUBlet parameter and Delay1 and Delay2 with the ADOublet parameter (refer to :PULM:Source:INTernal command).

Example

```
:PULM:INT:DEL 200E-9
```

The preceding example sets the internal pulse delay to 200 nanoseconds.

***RST** +0.0000000E+000

Range Internal Free Run: depends on pulse period and pulse width settings

Internal Triggered, Adjustable Doublet, & Triggered Doublet: 70nS to (42 S - 10

nS - pulse width)

Key Entry Pulse Delay

:PULM:INTernal:FREQuency

Supported All with Option UNU and UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:FREQuency <frequency>|MAXimum|MINimum|UP|DOWN [:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:FREQuency?
```

This command sets the pulse rate for the internally-generated square wave using the variable $\langle frequency \rangle$. The command, used with the UP|DOWN parameters, will change the frequency by a user-defined step value. Refer to the :PULM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP command for setting the value associated with the UP and DOWN choices.

This command is used when SQUare is the pulse modulation type. Refer to :PULM:SOURce command for the pulse modulation type selection.

Example

```
:PULM:INT:FREQ 1MHz
```

The preceding example sets the square wave pulse rate to 1 megahertz.

*RST +4.00000000E+002

Range 0.1Hz-10MHz

Key Entry Pulse Rate

:PULM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP

Supported All with Option UNU and UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <freq>|MAXimum|MINimum|DEFault [:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?
```

This command sets the step value for the internally-generated square wave pulse rate.

This command is used when SQUare is the pulse modulation type. Refer to :PULM:SOURce command for the pulse modulation type selection. The step value, set with this command, is used with the *UP* and *DOWN* choices in the :PULM:INTernal:FREQuency command.

The step value set with this command is not affected by a power-on, preset, or *RST command.

Example

```
:PULM:INT:FREQ:STEP MIN
```

The preceding example sets the step value for the square wave pulse rate to 0.1 Hz, the minimum rate.

Range 0.1Hz-10MHz

:PULM:INTernal:PERiod

Supported All with Option UNU and UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:PERiod <period>|MAXimum|MINimum|UP|DOWN [:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:PERiod?
```

This command sets the pulse period for the internally generated pulse modulation using the variables <value><units>. The command, used with the UP|DOWN parameters, will change the pulse period by a user-defined step value. Refer to the :PULM:INTernal:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement] command for setting the value associated with the UP and DOWN choices.

If the entered value for the pulse period is equal to or less than the value for the pulse width, the pulse width changes to a value that is less than the pulse period. Refer to :PULM:INTernal:PWIDth[1]|2 command for setting the pulse width.

Example

```
:PULM:INT:PER .5S
```

The preceding example sets the period of the internally generated pulse to 500 milliseconds.

*RST +4.00000000E-006

Range 30 nS - 42 S

Key Entry Pulse Period

:PULM:INTernal:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement]

Supported All with Option UNU or UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement] <step>|UP|DOWN
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement]?
```

This command sets the step value for the internal pulse period using the variable <value><units>.

The step value, set with this command, is used with the *UP* and *DOWN* choices available in the :PULM:INTernal:PERiod command.

The step value set with this command is not affected by a power-on, preset, or *RST command.

Example

```
:PULM:INT:PER:STEP .1S
```

The preceding example sets the square wave pulse rate to 100 milliseconds.

Range 30 nS - 42S

:PULM:INTernal:PWIDth:STEP

Supported All with Option UNU or UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:PWIDth:STEP <num><time_suffix>|MAXimum|MINimum|DEFault [:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:PWIDth:STEP?
```

This command sets the step increment for the pulse width using the variable <num><time suffix>.

The step value, set by this command, is used with the *UP* and *DOWN* choices available in the :PULM:INTernal:PWIDth[1][2] command.

The step value, set with this command, is not affected by a power-on, preset, or *RST command.

Example

```
:PULM:INT:PWID:STEP 100NS
```

The preceding example sets the pulse width step to 100 nanoseconds.

Range 20nS to (pulse period - 10 nS)

:PULM:INTernal:PWIDth[1] | 2

Supported All with Option UNU and UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:PWIDth[1] | 2 < num>< time_suffix> | UP | DOWN [:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal:PWIDth[1] | 2?
```

This command sets the pulse width for the internally generated pulse signal.

This command sets the pulse width for the internally-generated pulse modulation using the variables $< num > < time_suffix >$. The command, used with the UP | DOWN parameters, will change the pulse width by a user-defined step value. Refer to the :PULM:INTernal:PWIDth:STEP command for setting the value associated with the UP and DOWN choices.

If the entered value for the pulse width is equal to or greater than the value for the pulse period, the pulse width changes to a value that is less than the pulse period. For more information, refer to the :PULM:INTernal:PERiod command.

Use PWIDTH1 with the DOUBlet parameter and PWIDTH1 and PWIDTH2 with the ADOublet parameter (refer to :PULM:Source:INTernal command).

NOTE A power search is recommended for signals with pulse widths less than one microsecond. Refer to ":ALC:SEARch" on page 57.

Example

```
:PULM:INT:PWIDth 100MS
```

The preceding example sets the pulse width to 100 milliseconds.

*RST +2.0000000E-006

Range 20 nS to (pulse period - 10 nS)

Key Entry Pulse Width

:PULM:INTernal[1]:VIDe:POLarity

Supported All with Option UNU and UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:VIDeo:POLarity NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:VIDeo:POLarity?
```

This command inverts the polarity on the internally generated pulse video signal.

If the entered value for Trig Out BNC Video Polarity is set to Invert, the pulse video signal at the Trig Out BNC is inverted.

Example

```
:PULM:INT:VID INV
```

The preceding example inverts the video signal polarity at the Trig Out BNC.

*RST Normal

Key Entry Trig Out BNC Video Polarity

:PULM:SOURce

Supported All with Option UNU or UNW

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce INTernal | EXTernal
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce?
```

This command sets the source of the pulse modulation.

The INTernal selection accesses one of the six internally generated modulation inputs while EXTernal selects an external pulse (rear panel connector) input. To select an internally generated modulation input, refer to :PULM:Source:INTernal command.

Key Entry Pulse Source

:PULM:Source:INTernal

Supported All with Option UNU and UNW

[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INTernal SQUare|FRUN|TRIGgered|ADOublet|DOUBlet|GATEd [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INTernal?

This command selects one of the six internally generated modulation inputs. There is one external source: Ext Pulse selected by :PULM:SOURce command.

Example

:PULM:SOUR:INT SQU

The preceding example selects the internally-generated square wave pulse modulation format.

*RST FRUN (Int Free-Run)

Key Entry Square Free-Run Triggered Adjustable Doublet Trigger Doublet Gated

:PULM:STATe

Supported All with Option UNU or UNW

[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe?

This command enables or disables pulse modulation for the selected path.

When pulse modulation is enabled, the PULSE annunciator appears on the signal generator's front-panel display.

Example

: PULM: STAT ON

The preceding example enables the pulse modulation.

*RST

Key Entry Pulse Off On

Analog Modulation Commands Pulse Modulation Subsystem-Option UNU and UNW([:SOURce])

6 Arb Commands

This chapter provides arb signal generation SCPI command descriptions for use in either component or receiver test using the N5162A/82A Agilent MXG Vector Signal Generator.

NOTE

The internal baseband generator speed upgrade Options 670, 671, and 672 are option upgrades that *require* Option 651 and 652 to have been loaded at the factory (refer to the *Data Sheet* for more information). Any references to 651, 652, or 654 are inclusive of 671, 672, and 674.

This chapter contains the following major sections:

- All Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]) on page 235
- Dmodulation Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB) on page 236
- Dual ARB Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:ARB) on page 257
- LARB Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:LARB) on page 289
- Multitone Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB) on page 290
- Two Tone Subsystem-Option 651/652 /654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB) on page 305

All Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce])

:RADio:ALL:OFF

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ALL:OFF

This command turns off all digital modulation formats.

Remarks This command does not affect analog modulation.

Dmodulation Subsystem—Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB)

:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet?

This command offsets the baseband frequency relative to the carrier. The feature is useful for moving the signal such that the carrier feed-through is not in the center.

The Agilent MXG provides automatic DAC over-range protection when the offset value is something other than 0 Hz. It scales down the I/Q data by 1/square root of 2.

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Range +5.0E7 - 5.0E7 Hz

Key Entry Baseband Frequency Offset

Key Path Mode > Custom > ARB Setup > More > Baseband Frequency Offset

:FILTer

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|RECTangle|IS95|IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|WCDMa|AC4Fm|IS2000SR3DS|

UGGaussian | "<user FIR>"

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer?

This command specifies the pre-modulation filter type.

RNYQuist This choice selects a Root Nyquist (root raised cosine) filter. This filter is adjusted

using Alpha.

NYQuist This choice selects a Nyquist (raised cosine) filter. This filter is adjusted using

Alpha.

GAUSsian This choice selects a Gaussian Filter which is adjusted using Bbt values.

RECTangle This choice selects a one symbol wide rectangular filter.

IS95 This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.

IS95_EQ This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and

the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for

IS-95 baseband filtering.

IS95_MOD This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for

improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the

filter specified in the IS-95 standard.

IS95_MOD_EQ This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described

in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance), with lower passband

rejection.

WCDMa This choice selects a 0.22 Nyquist filter optimized for ACP.

AC4Fm This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications

Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.

IS2000SR3DS This choice selects an IS-2000 standard, spread rate 3 direct spread filter.

UGGaussian This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter

with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.

"<user FIR>" This variable is any FIR filter file that you have stored in memory. The variable

needs no directory path indicating the location of the file, such as FIR: or /USER/FIR. The command assumes the FIR directory. Refer to "File Name"

Variables" on page 13 for more information on file names.

*RST GAUS

Key Entry Root Nyquist Nyquist Gaussian Rectangle IS-95 IS-95 w/EQ

IS-95 Mod IS-95 Mod w/EQ WCDMA IS-2000 SR3 DS APCO 25 C4FM

UN3/4 GSM Gaussian User FIR

Key Path Mode > Custom > Digital Mod Setup > Filter type

:FILTer:ALPHa

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:ALPHa?

This command changes the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter alpha value.

The filter alpha value can be set to the minimum level (0), the maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

*RST +3.5000000E-001

Range 0.000-1.000 Key Entry Filter Alpha

Key Path Mode > Custom > Digital Mod Setup > Filter > Filter Alpha

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 236.

:FILTer:BBT

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:BBT?

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time (BbT) filter parameter.

The filter BbT value can be set to the minimum level (0), the maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001-0.999).

*RST +5.00000000E-001

Range 0.000-1.000 Key Entry Filter BbT

Key Path Mode > Custom > Digital Mod Setup > Filter > Filter BbT

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a Gaussian filter. It does not have

an effect on other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 236.

:FILTer:CHANnel

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:CHANnel EVM|ACP

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:CHANnel?

This command optimizes the Nyquist and root Nyquist filters to minimize error vector magnitude (EVM) or to minimize adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection.

*RST EVM

Key Entry Optimize FIR For EVM ACP

Key Path Mode > Custom > Digital Mod Setup > Filter > Filter BbT

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 236.

:HEADer:CLEar

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:HEADer:CLEar

This command clears the header information from the file header used by this modulation format.

Key Entry Clear Header

Remarks The Digital Modulation Off On softkey must be set to On for this command to function.

:HEADer:SAVE

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:HEADer:SAVE

This command saves the header information to the file header used by this modulation format.

Key Entry Save Setup To Header

Remarks The Digital Modulation Off On softkey must be set to On for this command to function.

:IQ:MODulation:ATTen

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen?

This command sets the attenuation level of the I/Q signals being modulated through the signal generator RF path.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** +6.0000000E+000

Range 0–40

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

:IO:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO ON|OFF|1|0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO?

This command enables or disables the I/Q attenuation auto mode.

ON (1) This choice enables the attenuation auto mode which optimizes the modulator

attenuation for the current conditions.

OFF (0) This choice holds the attenuator at its current setting or at a selected value. Refer

to ":IQ:MODulation:ATTen" on page 239 for setting the attenuation value.

***RST** 1

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

:DMODulation:ASK[:DEPTh]

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:ASK[:DEPTh] <0% - {100%}>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:ASK[:DEPTh]?
```

This command changes the depth for the amplitude shift keying (ASK) modulation. Depth is set as a percentage of the full power on level.

***RST** +1.0000000E+002

Range 0–100 Key Entry ASK

Remarks The modulation is applied to the I signal, the Q value is always kept at zero.

:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]?
```

This command sets the symmetric FSK frequency deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz and the maximum range value equals the current symbol rate value multiplied by ten, limited to 20 MHz.

***RST** +4.0000000E+002

Range0-2E7Key EntryFreq Dev

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 241.

Refer to ":SRATe" on page 250 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol

rate values.

To set an asymmetric FSK deviation value, refer to the User's Guide for more

information.

:MODulation[:TYPE]

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURCe]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation[:TYPE] BPSK|QPSK|IS95QPSK|GRAYQPSK|OQPSK|IS95OQPSK|P4DQPSK|PSK8|PSK16|D8PSK|EDGE|MSK|FSK2|FSK4|FSK8|FSK16|C4FM|QAM4|QAM16|QAM32|QAM64|QAM128|QAM256

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation[:TYPE]?

This command sets the modulation type for the digital modulation personality.

*RST P4DQPSK

Key Entry BPSK QPSK IS-95 QPSK Gray Coded QPSK OQPSK

IS-95 OQPSK $\pi/4$ DQPSK 8PSK 16PSK D8PSK EDGE MSK 2-LvI FSK 4-LvI FSK 8-LvI FSK 16-LvI FSK C4FM 4QAM 16QAM

32QAM 64QAM 128QAM 256QAM

:MP0Larity:MARKer1 | 2 | 3 | 4

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1|2|3|4 NEGative|

POSitive

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1|2|3|4?

This command sets the polarity for the selected marker. For a positive marker polarity, the marker signal is high during the marker points. For a negative marker polarity, the marker signal is high during the period of no marker points.

*RST POS

Key Entry Marker 1 Polarity Neg Pos Marker 2 Polarity Neg Pos Marker 3 Polarity Neg Pos

Marker 4 Polarity Neg Pos

:NOISe:BANDwidth

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:NOISe:BANDwidth <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:NOISe:BANDwidth?

This command selects the flat noise bandwidth value of the real-time noise for an ARB waveform.

Typically, this value is set slightly wider than the signal bandwidth.

*RST +1.0000000E+000

Range OSR Option 651: 1E0 - 24E6

OSR Option 652: 1E0 - 48E6

OSR Option 654: 1E0 - 100E6

Key Entry Noise Bandwidth

:NOISe:CBWidth

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth <1Hz-125MHz>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth?
```

This command selects the carrier bandwidth over which the AWGN (additive white gaussian noise) is applied. The noise power will be integrated over the selected bandwidth for the purposes of calculating C/N (carrier to noise ratio). The carrier bandwidth is limited to the ARB sample rate but cannot exceed 80 MHz. For more information refer to ":NOISe[:STATe]" on page 242.

*RST +1.0000000E+000

1.0 Hz

Range 1Hz – 125 MHz

Key Entry Carrier Bandwidth

:NOISe:CN

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:NOISe:CN <-100dB - 100dB>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:NOISe:CN?
```

This command sets the carrier to noise ratio in dB. The carrier power is defined as the total modulated signal power without noise power added. The noise power is applied over the specified bandwidth of the carrier signal. For more information, refer to ":NOISe:CBWidth" command.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:NOIS:CN 50DB
```

The preceding example sets the carrier to noise ratio to 50 dB.

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Key Entry Carrier to Noise Ratio

:NOISe[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:NOISe[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:NOISe[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables adding real-time, non-repeating additive white gaussian noise (AWGN) to the carrier modulated by the waveform being played by the Dual ARB waveform player. The noise bandwidth will be at least 0.8 times the sample rate, or 1.6 times the sample rate depending on the bandwidth factor.

When the bandwidth factor is 2, and the sample rate is greater than 50 Msamples/sec, noise cannot be enabled. Maximum bandwidth cannot exceed 80 MHz. Any oversampling in the waveform increases the noise bandwidth by a factor equal to the oversampling.

Example

:RAD:ARB:NOIS ON

The preceding example applies real-time AWGN to the carrier.

*RST (

Key Entry Real-time Noise Off On

:PHASe:NOISe:F1

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F1 <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F1?
```

This command sets the start frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :PHASe:NOISe:F2). If the value is set greater than the stop frequency value, the signal generator resets the stop value to equal the start value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically depending on the value of the stop frequency. This behavior is more noticeable at higher frequency values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

*RST +1.00000000E+003

Range 0Hz-48.43782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Start Freq (f1)

:PHASe:NOISe:F2

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

This command sets the stop frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :PHASe:NOISe:F1). If the value is set less than the start frequency value, the signal generator resets the start value to equal the stop value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically, which is more noticeable at higher frequency offset values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

If a DAC over-range error occurs while setting this value, see :PHASe:NOISe:LMID for information.

*RST +3.00000000E+004

Range 1Hz-48.43782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Stop Freq (f2)

:PHASe:NOISe:LMID

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:LMID <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:LMID?
```

This command sets the level amplitude of the flat area for the phase noise impairment. This phase noise is added to the base phase noise of the signal generator.

The signal generator has an automatic DAC over-range protection feature that is on by default. Using this feature may cause excessive scaling, which reduces dynamic range. This feature can be turned off (see ":DOPRotection" on page 258). When the automatic protection is off, manual adjustments are required to correct a DAC over-range condition, of which there are three options:

- · reduce the Lmid value
- reduce the waveform runtime scaling, see ":RSCaling" on page 277
- · decrease the stop frequency value

For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the User's Guide.

NOTE The amplitude range varies depending on the f2 value (":PHASe:NOISe:F2" on page 243). As f2 increases in value, the range for Lmid decreases. If the current Lmid setting is too high for the new f2 value, the signal generator changes the Lmid value and generates an error.

The range values are expressed in units of dBc/Hz.

***RST** -7.0000000E+001

Range -300 to 100

Key Entry Desired Flat Amplitude (Lmid)

:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe] ON OFF 10 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe]?
```

This command turns the phase noise impairment on or off. For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the *User's Guide*.

*RST

Key Entry Phase Noise Off On

:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency?

This command conveys the expected reference frequency value of an externally applied reference the signal generator.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz (Hz-MHz).

*RST +1.00000000E+007

 Range
 2.5E5-1E8

 Key Entry
 Reference Freq

Remarks The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an

external ARB reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel

connector.

To specify external as the ARB reference source type, refer to

":REFerence[:SOURce]" on page 245.

:REFerence[:SOURce]

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce] INTernal | EXTernal [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce]?

This command selects either an internal or external reference for the waveform clock.

*RST INT

Key Entry ARB Reference Ext Int

Remarks If the EXTernal choice is selected, the external frequency value *must* be entered

and the signal must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel

connector.

Refer to ":REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency" on page 245 to enter the external

reference frequency.

:RETRigger

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:RETRigger ON|OFF|IMMediate

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:RETRigger?

This command enables or disables the ARB retriggering mode; the retrigger mode controls how the retriggering function performs while a waveform is playing.

ON (1) This choice specifies that if a trigger occurs while a waveform is playing, the

waveform will retrigger at the end of the current waveform sequence and play

once more.

OFF (0) This choice specifies that if a trigger occurs while a waveform is playing, the

trigger will be ignored.

IMMediate This choice specifies that if a trigger occurs while a waveform is playing, the

waveform will reset and replay from the start immediately upon receiving a

trigger.

*RST ON

Key Entry On Off Immediate

:SCLock:RATE

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SCLock:RATE <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SCLock:RATE?

This command sets the sample clock rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz (kHz - MHz)

*RST +1.25000000E+008

Range 1E3-1E8

Key Entry ARB Sample Clock

Remarks The modulation format should be active before executing this command. If this

command is executed before the modulation format is active, the entered value will be overridden by a calculated factory default value. Refer to "[:STATe]" on

page 256 to activate the modulation format.

:SETup

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURCe]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup GSM|NADC|PDC|PHS|DECT|AC4Fm|ACQPsk|CDPD|PWT|EDGE|TETRa|BLUetooth|DEFault|MCARrier|"<file name>"[:SOURCe]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup?

This command selects the digital modulation format type or multicarrier, and turns multicarrier off or on (see the MCARrier choice description).

The *MCARrier* choice selects multicarrier and turns it on. Selecting any other setup such as GSM or CDPD turns multicarrrier off. To select the multicarrier setup, see :SETup:MCARrier.

*RST NADC

Key Entry GSM NADC PDC PHS DECT APCO 25 w/C4FM APCO w/CQPSK

CDPD PWT EDGE TETRA BLUetooth DEFault

Multicarrier Off On Select File

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:SETup:MCARrier

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier GSM|NADC|PDC|PHS|DECT|
AC4Fm|ACQPsk|CDPD|PWT|EDGE|TETRa,<num carriers>,<freq spacing>)|
"<file name>"
```

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier?

This command builds a table with the specified number of carriers and frequency spacing or retrieves the setup stored in the specified user file.

The carrier type, number of carriers, and frequency spacing value are returned when a query is initiated. The output format is as follows:

```
<carrier type>,<num carriers>,<freq spacing>
```

If a specific file is loaded and then queried, only the file name is returned.

The variable <freq spacing> is expressed in units of Hertz (kHz-MHz).

Range <num carriers>: 2-100

 $\langle freq\ spacing \rangle$: 2 ÷ ($\langle num\ carriers \rangle$ - 1) × 80 MHz

Key Entry GSM NADC PDC PHS DECT APCO 25 w/C4FM APCO w/CQPSK

CDPD PWT EDGE TETRA # of Carriers Freq Spacing

Custom Digital Mod State

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

To store a multicarrier setup refer to ":SETup:MCARrier:STORe" on page 248.

:SETup:MCARrier:PHASe

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier:PHASe FIXed RANDom

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier:PHASe?

This command toggles the phase settings for multicarrier digital modulation.

FIXed This choice sets the phase of all carriers to 0.

RANDom This choice sets random phase values for all of the carriers.

*RST FIX

Key Entry Carrier Phases Fixed Random

:SETup:MCARrier:STORe

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier:STORe "<file name>"

This command stores the current multicarrier setup information.

The stored file contains information that includes the digital modulation format, number of carriers, frequency spacing, and power settings for the multicarrier setup.

Key Entry Load/Store

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:SETup:MCARrier:TABLe

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier:TABLe INIT|APPend|
<carrier_num>,GSM|NADC|PDC|PHS|DECT|AC4Fm|ACQPsk|CDPD|PWT|EDGE|TETRa|
"<file name>",<freq_offset>,<power>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier:TABLe? <carrier num>
```

This command modifies the parameters of one of the available multicarrier digital modulation formats.

The variable <freq_offset> is expressed in units of Hertz (kHz-MHz).

The variable <power> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

INIT This choice clears the current information and creates a new one-row table,

allowing for further definition using additional parameters.

APPend This choice adds rows to an existing table.

<carrier num>

This variable specifies the number of the carriers in the multicarrier table that

will be modified.

The value of the variable <carrier_num> must be specified prior to selecting the

digital modulation format.

Carrier type, frequency offset, and power level are returned when a query is initiated. The output format is as follows:

<carrier type>,<freq offset>,<power>

*RST carrier type: NADC <freq_offset>: -5.00000000E+004

<power>: +0.00000000E+000

Range <*freq_offset>*: -1E5 to 1E6 <*power>*: -40 to 0

Key Entry Initialize Table Insert Row GSM NADC PDC PHS DECT

APCO 25 w/C4FM APCO w/CQPSK CDPD PWT EDGE TETRA

Custom Digital Mod State

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

To store a multicarrier setup refer to ":SETup:MCARrier:STORe" on page 248.

:SETup:MCARrier:TABLe:NCARriers

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier:TABLe:NCARriers?

This query returns the number of carriers in the current multicarrier setup.

*RST +2 Range 1-100

Key Entry # of Carriers

:SETup:STORe

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:STORe "<file name>"

This command stores the current custom digital modulation state.

The saved file contains information that includes the modulation type, filter and symbol rate for the custom modulation setup.

Key Entry Store Custom Dig Mod State

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:SRATe

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SRATe?

This command sets the transmission symbol rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of symbols per second (sps-Msps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the modulation type, and filter.

*RST

+2.4300000E+004

Range

Modulation Type	Bits per Symbol	Internal Data
BPSK	1	1sps-50 Msps
FSK2		
MSK		
C4FM	2	1sps-50 Msps
FSK4		
OQPSK		
OQPSK195		
P4QPPSK		
QAM4		
QPSK		
QPSKIS95		
QPSKISAT		
D8PSK	3	1sps-33.33 Msps
EDGE		
FSK8		
PSK8		
FSK16	4	1sps-25 Msps
PSK16		
QAM16		
QAM32	5	1sps-20 Msps
QAM64	6	1sps-16.67 Msps
QAM256	8	1sps-12.50 Msps

Key Entry

Symbol Rate

Remarks

When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 236, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated as follows:

- Above 12.5 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 32 symbols
- Above 25 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 16 symbols
 This will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 241.

:TRIGger:TYPE

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous|SINGle|GATE [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE?
```

This command sets the trigger mode (type) that controls the waveform's playback.

Triggers control the playback by telling the Agilent MXG when to play the modulating signal (waveform). Depending on the trigger settings for the Agilent MXG, the waveform playback can occur once, continuously, or the Agilent MXG may start and stop playing the waveform repeatedly (GATE mode).

A trigger signal comprises both positive and negative signal transitions (states), which are also called high and low periods. You can configure the Agilent MXG to trigger on either state of the trigger signal. It is common to have multiple triggers, also referred to as trigger occurrences or events, occur when the signal generator requires only a single trigger. In this situation, the Agilent MXG recognizes the first trigger and ignores the rest.

When you select a trigger mode, you may lose the signal (carrier plus modulating) from the RF output until you trigger the waveform. This is because the Agilent MXG sets the I and Q signals to zero volts prior to the first trigger event, which suppresses the carrier. After the first trigger event, the waveform's final I and Q levels determine whether you will see the carrier signal or not (zero = no carrier, other values = carrier visible). At the end of most files, the final I and Q points are set to a value other than zero.

There are four parts to configuring the trigger:

- Choosing the trigger type, which controls the waveform's transmission.
- Setting the waveform's response to triggers:
 - CONTinuous, see ":TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]" on page 252
 - SINGle, see ":RETRigger" on page 246
 - GATE, selecting the mode also sets the response
- Selecting the trigger source (see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 253), which determines how the Agilent MXG receives its trigger signal, internally or externally. The GATE choice requires an external trigger.
- Setting the trigger polarity when using an external source:
 - CONTinuous and SINGle see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe" on page 255
 - GATE, see ":TRIGger:TYPE:GATE" on page 253

For more information on triggering, see the User's Guide.

The following list describes the trigger type command choices:

CONTinuous Upon triggering, the waveform repeats continuously.

SINGle Upon triggering, the waveform segment or sequence plays once.

GATE An external trigger signal repeatedly starts and stops the waveform's playback

(transmission). The time duration for playback depends on the duty period of the trigger signal and the gate polarity selection (see ":TRIGger:TYPE:GATE" on page 253). The waveform plays during the inactive state and stops during the active polarity selection state. The active state can be set high or low. The gate

mode works only with an external trigger source.

NOTE The ARB gating behavior described above is opposite to the gating behavior for real-time custom mode.

Key Entry Continuous Single Gated

CONT

:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE

TRIGger RESet

*RST

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGqer:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?

This commands selects the waveform's response to a trigger signal while using the continuous trigger mode.

For more information on triggering and to select the continuous trigger mode, see ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 251.

The following list describes the waveform's response to each of the command choices:

FREE Turning the ARB format on immediately triggers the waveform. The waveform

repeats until you turn the format off, select another trigger, or choose another

waveform file.

TRIGger The waveform waits for a trigger before play begins. When the waveform receives

the trigger, it plays continuously until you turn the format off, select another

trigger, or choose another waveform file.

RESet The waveform waits for a trigger before play begins. When the waveform receives

the trigger, it plays continuously. Subsequent triggers reset the waveform to the beginning. For a waveform sequence, this means to the beginning of the first

segment in the sequence.

*RST FREE

Key Entry Free Run Trigger & Run Reset & Run

:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE LOW|HIGH
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE?
```

This command selects the active state (gate polarity) of the gate while using the gating trigger mode.

The LOW and HIGH selections correspond to the low and high states of an external trigger signal. For example, when you select HIGH, the active state occurs during the high of the trigger signal. When the active state occurs, the Agilent MXG starts the waveform playback at the last played sample point, then stops the playback at the next sample point when the inactive state occurs. For more information on triggering and to select gating as the trigger mode, see ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 251.

The following list describes the Agilent MXG's gating behavior for the polarity selections:

LOW The waveform playback starts when the trigger signal goes low (active state) and

stops when the trigger signal goes high (inactive state).

HIGH The waveform playback starts when the trigger signal goes high (active state) and

stops when the trigger signal goes low (inactive state).

*RST HIGH

Key Entry Gate Active Low High

:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command sets the trigger source.

For more information on triggering, see ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 251. The following list describes the command choices:

KEY

This choice enables manual triggering by pressing the front-panel Trigger .

EXT

An externally applied signal triggers the waveform. This is the only choice that works with gating. The following conditions affect an external trigger:

• The input connector selected for the trigger signal. You have a choice between the rear-panel PATTERN TRIG IN connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear-panel AUXILIARY I/O connector. To make the connector selection, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 255.

For more information on the connectors and on connecting the cables, see the *User's Guide*.

- The trigger signal polarity:
 - gating mode, see ":TRIGger:TYPE:GATE" on page 253
 - continuous and single modes, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe" on page 255

- The time delay between when the Agilent MXG receives a trigger and when the waveform responds to the trigger. There are two parts to setting the delay:
 - setting the amount of delay, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay" on page 254
 - turning the delay on, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe" on page 254

BUS This choice enables triggering over the GPIB or LAN using the *TRG or GET

commands or the AUXILIARY INTERFACE (RS-232) using the *TRG command.

*RST EXT

Key Entry Trigger Key Ext Bus

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?
```

This command sets the amount of time to delay the Agilent MXG's response to an external trigger.

The delay is a path (time) delay between when the Agilent MXG receives the trigger and when it responds to the trigger. For example, configuring a trigger delay of two seconds, causes the Agilent MXG to wait two seconds after receipt of the trigger before the Agilent MXG plays the waveform.

The delay does not occur until you turn it on (see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe" on page 254). You can set the delay value either before or after turning it on.

For more information on configuring an external trigger source and to select external as the trigger source, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 253.

The unit of measurement for the variable <val> is in seconds (nsec-sec).

*RST +1.00000000E-003

Range 1E-8 to 4E1

Key Entry Ext Delay Time

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe

Supported N5162A/82A

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:
STATE ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the external trigger delay function.

For setting the delay time, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay" on page 254, and for more information on configuring an external source, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 253.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Ext Delay Off On

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:
SLOPe POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?

This command sets the polarity for an external trigger signal while using the continuous, single triggering mode. To set the polarity for gating, see ":TRIGger:TYPE:GATE" on page 253.

The POSitive and NEGative selections correspond to the high (positive) and low (negative) states of the external trigger signal. For example, when you select POSitive, the waveform responds (plays) during the high state of the trigger signal. When the Agilent MXG receives multiple trigger occurrences when only one is required, the signal generator uses the first trigger and ignores the rest.

For more information on configuring an external trigger source and to select external as the trigger source, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 253.

*RST NEG

Key Entry Ext Polarity Neg Pos

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:
EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1|EPT2|EPTRIGGER1|EPTRIGGER2
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?

This command selects which PATTERN TRIG IN connection the Agilent MXG uses to accept an externally applied trigger signal when external is the trigger source selection.

For more information on configuring an external trigger source and to select external as the trigger source, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 253. For more information on the rear-panel connectors, see the *User's Guide*.

The following list describes the command choices:

EPT1 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER1 and selects the PATTERN TRIG IN

rear-panel connector.

EPT2 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin

on the rear-panel AUXILIARY I/O connector.

EPTRIGGER1 This choice is synonymous with EPT1 and selects the PATTERN TRIG IN

rear-panel connector.

EPTRIGGER2 This choice is synonymous with EPT2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the

rear-panel AUXILIARY I/O connector.

*RST EPT1

Key Entry Patt Trig In 1 Patt Trig In 2

[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A

[:SOURce]: RADio: DMODulation: ARB [:STATe] ON | OFF | 1 | 0

[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB[:STATe]?

This command enables or disables the digital modulation capability.

ON (1) This choice sets up the internal hardware to generate the currently selected digital

modulation format signal selection.

OFF (0) This choice disables the digital modulation capability.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Digital Modulation Off On

Remarks When ON is selected, the I/Q state is activated and the I/Q source is set to

internal.

Dual ARB Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:ARB)

:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet?

This command offsets the baseband frequency relative to the carrier. The feature is useful for moving the signal such that the carrier feed-through is not in the center.

The Agilent MXG provides an automatic DAC over-range protection feature, which can be turned off (factory default has it set to on). When turned on, the protection is active when the offset value is something other than 0 Hz. When active, it scales down the I/Q data by 1/square root of 2. To turn the protection off, see ":DOPRotection" on page 258.

*RST <value>: 0 Hz

Range +5.0E7 - 5.0E7 Hz

Key Entry Baseband Frequency Offset

:CLIPping

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

NOTE Clipping cannot be undone (i.e. restoring clipping value to 100% will have no effect on a previously clipped waveform.)

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:CLIPping "<file name>",IJQ|IORQ,<value>[,<value>]
```

This command sets the clipping level of the selected waveform segment to a percentage of its highest peak.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of percent.

IJQ This choice clips the composite I/Q waveform.

IORQ This choice clips I and Q separately. When this choice is enabled, percentage

values for both I and Q must be specified.

*RST IJQ <*value*>: +100

Range <*value>*: 10–100 (0.1% resolution)

Key Entry Clipping Type | I+jQ | | I | , |Q |

Remarks A value of 100 percent equates to no clipping.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:DOPRotection

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:DOPRotection ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:DOPRotection?

This commands turns the DAC over-range protection feature off or on.

The over-range protection feature works only with the Baseband Frequency Offset feature and the Option 432 Phase Noise Impairment.

On Minimizes the occurrence of a DAC over-range condition. In doing so, it can also

decrease the dynamic range of the waveform by scaling the data more than what is actually needed. For the Baseband Frequency Offset feature, this protection is

active only when the offset parameter is a value other than 0 Hz.

Off The automatic protection feature is not enabled. To correct a DAC over-range

condition, reduce the waveform runtime scaling value (see ":RSCaling" on

page 277).

For Option 432 Phase Noise Impairment, there are two additional methods to correct a DAC over-range condition. Refer to the phase noise commands in the

desired SCPI Command Subsystem for more information.

*RST ON

Key Entry DAC Over-range Protection Off On

:GENerate:SINE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:GENerate:SINE ["<file_name>"][,<osr>],[<scale>],
[I|0|I0][<phasedeq>]
```

This command creates a sine wave waveform file and saves it in the signal generator's volatile waveform memory (WFM1).

"<file_name>" This variable names the file used to save the generated sine wave data.

<osr> This variable sets the oversample ratio, which must be an even number and ≥ 4 .

The <osr> variable is expressed in samples. If the oversample ratio is < 60 (the minimum number of samples or I/Q points required for a waveform), multiple waveform periods are generated to create a waveform file with \geq 60 samples. The number of periods created is 60 \div <osr> (quotient will round up to an integer

value). A waveform with an oversample ratio ≥ 60 has one period.

<scale> This variable sets the scale factor for the waveform. The scale factor is a real

number from zero to one.

I|Q|IQ Selects I, Q, or I and Q paths for the waveform data. Sinewave data is generated

and applied to the I path if the I path is selected; Q data are set to zeros. Sine data is generated and applied to the Q path if the Q path is selected; I data are set to zeros. If the I and Q paths are selected, sinewave data are applied to the I

and Q paths.

<phasedeg>

Selects the phase angle of the waveform data. Sinewave data is generated and the phase angle in degrees is applied to the sine wave.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:GEN:SINE "Sine Wave",60,.5,IQ
```

The preceding example generates an I/Q sine wave and saves the data to a file named Sine_Wave. The oversampling ratio is 60, the scaling is set for 50%, and the data is applied to both the I and Q paths.

The signal generator's baseband option and available baseband memory determine the maximum number of samples for the waveform.

Range

```
OSR Option 651, 652, or 654: 4E0 - 8E6

OSR Option 019: 4E0 - 64E6

Scale: 0-1
```

:GENerate:TEST:WAVeforms

Supported

N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652 or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:GENerate:TEST:WAVeforms
```

This command recreates the arb waveform test files into BBG (waveform) memory (WFM1). When this command is sent to the instrument, the SINE_TEST_WFM and RAMP_TEST_WFM files are regenerated.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:GEN:TEST:WAV
```

:HEADer:CLEar

Supported

N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:HEADer:CLEar
```

This command clears the header information from the file header used by this modulation format (i.e. all file header fields are set to unspecified).

Key Entry Clear Header

Remarks A waveform must be selected for this command to function.

:HEADER:NOISe:RMS[:OVERride]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:HEADER:NOISe:RMS:OVERride "<file_name>",<value>|UNSPecified [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:HEADER:NOISe:RMS:OVERride? "<file name>"
```

This command sets the value of the waveform's I and Q RMS (root mean square) for noise.

The RMS is used strictly for calculating the relative power of the noise in the specified header. The RMS is specified in normalized linear units with |+1| or |-1| as full scale on I or Q, therefore the largest RMS that can be specified is the square root of 2 (1.414213562). If the value is unspecified, then the waveform file header's RMS is used.

This value is useful if you wish to have the noise be relative to only a portion of the waveform, such as a pilot channel, or be relative to only a single carrier that is mixed with other carriers.

For setting the header's RMS value, see ":HEADer:RMS" on page 260.

"<file_name>" This variable names the waveform file to which the RMS value will be applied.

The file name variable can designate a file in the WFM1, NVWFM, or SEQ directories. For information on the file name syntax, refer to "File Name"

Variables" on page 13.

<value> This variable is the user-measured RMS noise value for the specified carrier.

UNSPecified Sets RMS as unspecified, which causes the general RMS value to be used for

calculating the relative noise power.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:HEADER:NOISe:RMS:OVER "WFM1:Sine Wave", .835
```

The preceding example sets the file header RMS noise override value for a file type WFM1, named Sine_Wave, to .835.

```
:RAD:ARB:HEADER:NOISe:RMS:OVER "WFM1:Sine Wave", UNSP
```

In the second example, the signal generator calculates the RMS, using the waveform file header's RMS value. For setting the header's RMS value, see ":HEADer:RMS" on page 260.

The RMS value is expressed in volts.

Key Entry Edit Noise RMS Overide Unspecified Enter

:HEADer:RMS

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:HEADER:RMS "<file_name>",<value>|UNSPecified
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:HEADER:RMS? "<file name>"
```

This command sets the file header RMS value for the selected waveform file. The Agilent MXG uses the RMS value with the dual ARB's real-time noise function and to optimize the modulator drive level.

The signal generator reads the RMS value from the file header when a waveform is selected to play. If the value is unspecified, then it is calculated and stored in the header automatically.

When the waveform file is saved from volatile waveform memory (WFM1) to non-volatile waveform memory (NVWFM), the RMS value, auto-calculated or user-defined, is also saved.

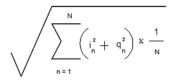
For setting the header noise carrier RMS override value, see ":HEADER:NOISe:RMS[:OVERride]" on page 260.

"<file name>"

This variable names the waveform file to which the RMS value will be applied. The file name variable can designate a file in the WFM1, NVWFM, or SEQ directories. For information on the file name syntax, refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13.

<value>

This variable is the user-measured RMS value for the specified waveform. The following figure shows the RMS calculation.



N = # of Samples

UNSPecified

Using this variable in the command clears the RMS value and sets it to unspecified. An unspecified RMS value causes the signal generator to calculate the value when the ARB personality is turned on. The RMS calculation includes rise/fall times and does not include consecutive zero level samples. DC offsets and noise are also included in the RMS measurement. But, the Marker values are *not* included in these calculations. Because the signal generator calculation uses so many factors, you may achieve better results calculating your own RMS value.

Examples

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:HEADER:RMS "WFM1:Sine Wave",.835

The first example shows a user-measured RMS value for the Sine_Wave waveform file in the waveform's file header.

:RAD:ARB:HEADER:RMS "WFM1:Sine Wave", UNSP

In the second example, the signal generator calculates the RMS value when the ARB is turned on with this file selected or a sequence which contains the file selected.

The RMS value is expressed in volts.

Range 0-1.414213562373095

Key Entry Edit RMS Enter Unspecified Calculate

:HEADer:SAVE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:HEADer:SAVE

This command saves the Dual ARB state information to the header of the currently selected

waveform.

Key Entry Save Setup To Header

Remarks A waveform must be selected for this command to function.

:IQ:MODulation:ATTen

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen?

This command sets the attenuation level of the I/Q signals being modulated through the signal generator RF path.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

*RST Varies (box dependent)

Range 0–40

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

:10:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO?

This command enables or disables the I/Q attenuation auto mode.

ON (1) This choice enables the attenuation auto mode which optimizes the modulator

attenuation for the current conditions.

OFF (0) This choice holds the attenuator at its current setting or at a selected value. Refer

to ":IQ:MODulation:ATTen" on page 262 for setting the attenuation value.

*RST

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

:MARKer:CLEar

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer:CLEar "<file name>",<marker>,<first point>,<last point>

This command clears a single marker point or a range of marker points on a waveform segment for the selected marker (1–4). The dual ARB player and all of the ARB modulation formats use this command.

"<file_name>" This variable specifies the name of the waveform file in volatile waveform memory

(WFM1). For information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on

page 13.

<marker> This variable selects the marker number; an integer value from one to four.

<first_point> This variable defines the first point in a range of points. The number must be

greater than or equal to one, and less than or equal to the total number of

waveform points.

If you enter a value for either the first marker point or the last marker point that would make the first marker point occur after the last, the last marker point

automatically adjusts to match the first marker point.

<last_point> This variable defines the last point in a range of points. The number must be

greater than or equal to the first point, and less than or equal to the total number

of waveform points.

To clear a single marker point, use the same marker point for the first and last point variables. For more information on markers and ARB files, refer to the *User's Guide*.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:MARK:CLE "Test Data",1,1,300
```

The preceding example clears marker 1 from the first point through the 300th point in the Test_Data file.

Range <marker>: 1-4

<first_Point>: 1-number of waveform points

<last_point>: <first_Point>-number of waveform points

Key Entry Set Marker Off Range Of Points Marker 1 2 3 4 First Mkr Point Last Mkr Point

:MARKer:CLEar:ALL

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer:CLEar:ALL "<file name>",<marker>

This command clears all marker points on a waveform segment for the selected marker (1–4). The dual ARB player and all of the ARB formats use this command. With all marker points cleared, the event output signal level is set low.

"<file_name>" This variable specifies the name of the waveform file in volatile waveform memory

(WFM1). For information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on

page 13.

<marker> This variable selects the marker number; an integer value from one to four.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:MARK:CLE:ALL "Test Data",1
```

The preceding example clears marker 1 from the all waveform points in the Test_Data file.

Range 1-4

Key Entry Marker 1 2 3 4 Set Marker Off All Points

:MARKer:ROTate

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer:ROTate "<file name>",<rotate count>
```

This command shifts the marker points for all markers in a waveform segment earlier or later by the value of the <rotate_count> variable. The dual ARB player and all of the ARB formats use this command.

You can use a positive or negative value. When a marker point is close to the end of the waveform and the <rotate_count> value is greater than the number of remaining marker points, but less than the total number of marker points, the marker points that would move beyond the end of the waveform wrap to the beginning of the waveform. For example, if a marker point resides at sample point 195 out of 200, and the <rotate_count> value is twenty-five, the marker point wraps to the beginning of the waveform and continues out to the twentieth waveform point.

To set the marker points in a waveform, refer to ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

"<file_name>"

This variable specifies the name of the waveform file in volatile waveform memory (WFM1). For information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on page 13.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:MARK:ROT "Test Data",100
```

The preceding example shifts all markers set in the Test_Data file 100 points later. If the first set point in the file is at 50, then after sending this command, the first set point will be 150 (assuming the Test_Data file has at least 150 points and no later set points wrapped around to the beginning of the file).

Range

```
-(n-1) to (n-1)
```

n = number of points in the waveform

:MARKer[:SET]

Supported

N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer[:SET] "<file_name>",<marker>,<first_point>,<last_point>,
```

This command sets a single marker point or a range of marker points on a waveform segment for the selected marker (1–4). The dual ARB player and all of the ARB formats use this command.

The Agilent MXG provides four independent markers. Two of the markers route output signals to rear-panel event connectors, Marker-1 to Event1 BNC and Marker-2 to Aux I/O. A marker consists of marker points placed at defined sample points in a waveform segment. This means that a marker

point cannot be less than one or greater than the last sample point in the waveform. Marker points are cumulative, so multiple command executions with different range values, without first clearing the existing points, places additional marker points on the waveform. Because of this cumulative behavior, it is a good practice to clear existing marker points prior to setting new points. This will eliminate unexpected marker pulses. Refer to ":MARKer:CLEar" on page 263 and ":MARKer:CLEar:ALL" on page 263 for information on clearing marker points.

For waveforms generated on the signal generator (baseband generator), the Agilent MXG automatically places a marker point at the first waveform sample for markers one and two.

NOTE You can set markers for either positive or negative polarity. The following discussions for this command assume positive marker polarity. When using negative marker polarity, the marker pulses occur during the periods of no marker points.

There are three ways to place marker points using this command:

- consecutive marker points over a range that collectively create a single marker pulse that spans the range
- equally spaced marker points over a range, so that a marker pulse occurs at each sample point that coincides with a marker point (Using this method, you can configure a clock signal by setting the <skip_count> variable to one.)
- a single marker point placed at a specific sample point in the waveform, which outputs a single pulse relative to the marker point location (To configure a single marker point, set the first and last points to the same number.)

For more information on markers, refer to the User's Guide.

The following list describes the command variables:

" <file_name>"</file_name>	This variable specifies the name of the waveform file in volatile waveform memory (WFM1). For information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on page 13.
<marker></marker>	This variable selects the marker number; an integer value from one to four.
<first_point></first_point>	This variable defines the first point in the range over which the marker is placed. This number must be greater than or equal to one, and less than or equal to the total number of waveform points.
	If you enter a value for either the first marker point or the last marker point that would make the first marker point occur after the last, the last marker point is automatically adjusted to match the first marker point.
<last_point></last_point>	This variable defines the last point in the range over which the marker will be placed. This value must be greater than or equal to the first point, and less than or equal to the total number of waveform points.
<skip_count></skip_count>	This variable defines the marker point pattern across the range. A zero value means the marker points occur consecutively across the range. A value greater than zero creates a repeating marker point pattern across the range, where the gap between the marker points is equal to the <skip_count> value. The gaps begin after the first marker point. Each marker point in the pattern, which is only one</skip_count>

point wide, produces a marker pulse.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:MARK "Test Data",1,40,100,2
```

The preceding example sets marker 1 on the first point, 40, the last point, 100, and every third point (skip 2) between 40 and 100 (assuming the Test_Data file has at least 100 points).

Range <marker>: 1-4

<first_Point>: 1-number of waveform points

<last_point>: <first_Point>-number of waveform points

<skip_count>: 0-number of points in the range

Key Entry Set Marker on Range Of Points Marker 1 2 3 4 First Mkr Point Last Mkr Point

Skipped Points Apply to Waveform

:MBSync

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MBSync OFF | MASTer | SLAVe

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MBSync?

This command disables or enables the multiple BBG synchronization setup for the current signal generator. Ensure that the Dual ARB play is off prior to executing this command.

OFF

Turns off multiple baseband synchronization for the signal generator.

MASTer

Sets the signal generator as the master for the setup. When selected, the following trigger features are unavailable:

Trigger Type

- Free Run, see page 282
- Gated, see page 281

Prior to selecting MASTer, ensure that the trigger type is something other than shown above. If not, the Agilent MXG generates a settings conflict error and changes the trigger type to TRIGger (continuous play once triggered).

SLAVe

Sets the signal generator as a slave in the setup. When selected, the following trigger features are unavailable:

Trigger Type

Trigger Source

- Free Run, see All selections, see page 284 page 282
- Gated, see page 281

Prior to selecting SLAVe, ensure that the trigger type is something other than shown above and that the trigger source is set according to the following list:

- EXT (external trigger signal-seepage 284) SLOPe POSitive (see page 286)
- EPT1 (PAT TRIG connector— see page 286) EXT DELay to OFF (see page 285)

If not, the Agilent MXG generates a settings conflict error and changes the trigger type to TRIGger (continuous play once triggered) and the trigger source to the above listed selections.

To set the slave position, see ":MBSync:SREFerence" on page 268.

For more information on the multiple BBG synchronization feature, see the User's Guide.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:MBS MAST
```

The preceding example sets the signal generator as the master in the master/slave setup.

*RST OFF

Key Entry Off Master Slave

:MBSync:NSLaves

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MBSync:NSLaves <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MBSync:NSLaves?
```

This command enters the number of signal generators designated as slaves in a multiple BBG synchronization setup. This value is required for both the master and slave signal generators.

This command does *not* designate which slave position a signal generator occupies. To set the slave position, see ":MBSync:SREFerence" on page 268.

The NSLaves value is a persistent settings that survives both preset and power cycling.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:MBS:NSL 7
```

The preceding example enters seven as the number of slaves the current signal generator master/slave setup.

Range 1-15

Key Entry Number of Slaves

:MBSync:SLISten

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MBSync:SLISten
```

For signal generators designated as slaves in the multiple BBG synchronization setup, this command enables them to receive a one-time baseband synchronization event trigger initiated by the master. The signal generator receives the trigger signal through the **PAT TRIG** connector.

Prior to executing this command, ensure that the Dual ARB player and the trigger source for the master is off.

Since this command is for a one-time event, you must send this command each time there is a need to synchronize the master/slave setup and prior to initiating the synchronization trigger from the master signal generator. After executing this command, each signal generator should show a status register weighting of 256 (waiting for sync). To check the status, see ":REGister:[:STATus]" on page 276. To initiate the synchronization signal, see ":MBSync:SSLaves" on page 269.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:MBS:SLIS
```

The preceding example enables a slave signal generator to receive the synchronization trigger.

Key Entry Listen for Sync

:MBSync:SREFerence

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MBSync:SREFerence <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MBSync:SREFerence?
```

For signal generators designated as slaves in the multiple BBG synchronization setup, this command sets the slave position of the signal generator.

The SREFerence value is a persistent settings that survives both preset and power cycling.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:MBS:SREF 13
```

The preceding example sets the signal generator to slave number 13.

Range 1–15

Key Entry Slave Position

:MBSync:SSLaves

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MBSync:SSLaves

For the signal generator designated as the master in the multiple BBG synchronization setup, this command initiates the trigger to synchronize the baseband generators. The trigger signal is output through the **EVENT 1** connector.

As each slave receives the synchronization signal, it automatically sends a synchronization signal to the next slave in the chain. Prior to executing this command, all of the slaves must be set to listen for the trigger. See ":MBSync:SLISten" on page 268 for more information. After executing this command, each signal generator should show a status register weighting of 512 (in sync). To check the status, see ":REGister:[:STATus]" on page 276.

NOTE

If any changes are made to the synchronization parameters after executing this command, the master/slave system must be resynchronized. See the *User's Guide* for more information and the process for resynchronizing a system.

Example

:RAD:ARB:MBS:SSL

The preceding example initiates the synchronization trigger signal.

Key Entry Sync Slaves

:MDEStination:ALCHold

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

CAUTION

Incorrect automatic level control (ALC) sampling can create a sudden unleveled condition that may create a spike in the RF output potentially damaging a DUT or connected instrument. Ensure that you set markers to let the ALC sample over an amplitude that accounts for the high power levels within the signal.

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold NONE | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 | SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold?
```

This command enables or disables the marker ALC hold function for the selected marker. For setting markers, see ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

Use the ALC hold function when you have a waveform signal that incorporates idle periods, or when the increased dynamic range encountered with RF blanking is not desired. The ALC leveling circuitry responds to the marker signal during the marker pulse (marker signal high), averaging the modulated signal level during this period.

The ALC hold function operates during the low periods of the marker signal. The marker polarity determines when the marker signal is high. For a positive polarity, this is during the marker points. For a negative polarity, this is when there are no marker points. For setting a marker's polarity, see ":MPOLarity:MARKer1|2|3|4" on page 272.

NOTE Do not use the ALC hold for more than 100 ms, because it can affect the waveform's output amplitude.

The marker signal has a minimum of a two-sample delay in its response relative to the waveform signal response. To compensate for the marker signal delay, offset marker points from the waveform sample point at which you want the ALC sampling to begin.

The ALC hold setting is part of the file header information, so saving the setting to the file header saves the current marker routing for the waveform file.

NOTE A waveform file that has unspecified settings in the file header uses the previous waveform's routing settings.

For more information on the marker ALC hold function, see the *User's Guide*. For setting the marker points, see ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

NONE This terminates the marker ALC hold function.

M1-M4 These are the marker choices. The ALC hold feature uses only one marker at a

time.

Example

:RAD:ARB:MDES:ALCH M1

The preceding example routes marker 1 to the ALC Hold function.

*RST NONE

Key Entry None Marker 1 Marker 2 Marker 3 Marker 4

:MDEStination:PULSe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

CAUTION

The pulse function incorporates ALC hold. Incorrect automatic level control (ALC) sampling can create a sudden unleveled condition that may create a spike in the RF output potentially damaging a DUT or connected instrument. Ensure that you set markers to let the ALC sample over an amplitude that accounts for the high power levels within the signal.

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe NONE | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4
```

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe?

This command enables or disables the marker pulse/RF blanking function for the selected marker.

This function automatically uses the ALC hold function, so there is no need to select both the ALC hold and pulse/RF blanking functions for the same marker.

NOTE Do not use ALC hold for more than 100 ms, because it can affect the waveform's output amplitude.

The signal generator blanks the RF output when the marker signal goes low. The marker polarity determines when the marker signal is low. For a positive polarity, this is during the marker points. For a negative polarity, this is when there are no marker points. For setting a marker's polarity, see ":MPOLarity:MARKer1 | 2 | 3 | 4" on page 272.

NOTE Set marker points prior to using this function. Enabling this function without setting marker points may create a continuous low or high marker signal, depending on the marker polarity. This causes either no RF output or a continuous RF output. See ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264 for setting the marker points.

The marker signal has a minimum of a two-sample delay in its response relative to the waveform signal response. To compensate for the marker signal delay, offset marker points from the waveform sample point at which you want the RF blanking to begin. The RF blanking setting is part of the file header information, so saving the setting to the file header saves the current marker routing for the waveform file.

NOTE A waveform that has unspecified settings in the file header uses the previous waveform's routing settings. This could create the situation where there is no RF output signal, because the previous waveform used RF blanking.

For more information on the marker RF blanking function, see the *User's Guide*.

NONE This terminates the marker RF blanking/pulse function.

M1-M4 These are the marker choices. The RF blanking/pulse feature uses only one marker

at a time.

Example

:RAD:ARB:MDES:PULS M2

The preceding example routes marker 2 to Pulse/RF Blanking.

*RST NONE

Key Entry None Marker 1 Marker 2 Marker 3 Marker 4

:MPOLarity:MARKer1 | 2 | 3 | 4

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
\hbox{\tt [:SOURce]: RADio: ARB: MPOLarity: MARKer1 | 2 | 3 | 4 NEGative | POSitive}\\
```

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1 2 3 4?

This command sets the polarity for the selected marker. For a positive marker polarity, the marker signal is high during the marker points. For a negative marker polarity, the marker signal is high during the period of no marker points.

Example

:RAD:ARB:MPOL:MARK3 NEG

The preceding example sets the polarity for marker 3 to negative.

*RST POS

Key Entry Marker 1 Polarity Neg Pos Marker 2 Polarity Neg Pos Marker 3 Polarity Neg Pos

Marker 4 Polarity Neg Pos

:NOISe:BANDwidth

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 403

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:NOISe:BANDwidth <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:NOISe:BANDwidth?

This command selects the flat noise bandwidth value of the real-time noise for an ARB waveform.

Typically, this value is set slightly wider than the signal bandwidth.

***RST** +1.0000000E+000

Range OSR Option 651: 1E0 - 24E6

OSR Option 652: 1E0 - 48E6

OSR Option 654: 1E0 - 100E6

Key Entry Noise Bandwidth

:NOISe:CBWidth

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth?
```

This command selects the carrier bandwidth over which the additive white gaussian noise (AWGN) is applied. The carrier RMS power and the noise power will be integrated over the selected carrier-bandwidth for the purposes of calculating carrier to noise ratio (C/N). For more information, refer to ":NOISe[:STATe]" and ":NOISe:BANDwidth".

*RST +1.00000000E+000

Range 1Hz-125 MHz

Key Entry Carrier Bandwidth

:NOISe:CN

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 403 [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:NOISe:CN <value><unit> [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:NOISe:CN?

This command sets the carrier to noise ratio (C/N) in dB. The carrier power is defined as the total modulated signal power without noise power added. The noise power is applied over the specified bandwidth of the carrier signal. For more information, refer to ":NOISe:CBWidth" on page 273.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:NOIS:CN 50DB
```

The preceding example sets the carrier to noise ratio to 50 dB.

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Range -100 to 100 dB

Key Entry Carrier to Noise Ratio

:NOISe[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 403 [:SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:NOISe[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0 [:SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:NOISe[:STATe]?

This command enables or disables adding real-time additive white gaussian noise (AWGN) to the carrier modulated by the waveform being played by the dual ARB waveform player.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:NOIS ON
```

The preceding example applies real-time AWGN to the carrier.

*RST 0

Key Entry Real-time Noise Off On

:PHASe:NOISe:F1

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F1 <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F1?

This command sets the start frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :PHASe:NOISe:F2). If the value is set greater than the stop frequency value, the signal generator resets the stop value to equal the start value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically depending on the value of the stop frequency. This behavior is more noticeable at higher frequency values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

*RST +1.00000000E+003

Range 0Hz-48.43782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Start Freq (f1)

:PHASe:NOISe:F2

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F2 <value><unit>

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F2?

This command sets the stop frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :PHASe:NOISe:F1). If the value is set less than the start frequency value, the signal generator resets the start value to equal the stop value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically, which is more noticeable at higher frequency offset values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

If a DAC over-range error occurs while setting this value, see :PHASe:NOISe:LMID for information.

*RST +3.00000000E+004

Range 1Hz-48.43782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Stop Freq (f2)

:PHASe:NOISe:LMID

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:LMID <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:LMID?
```

This command sets the level amplitude of the flat area for the phase noise impairment. This phase noise is added to the base phase noise of the signal generator.

The signal generator has an automatic DAC over-range protection feature that is on by default. Using this feature may cause excessive scaling, which reduces dynamic range. This feature can be turned off (see ":DOPRotection" on page 258). When the automatic protection is off, manual adjustments are required to correct a DAC over-range condition, of which there are three options:

- · reduce the Lmid value
- reduce the waveform runtime scaling, see ":RSCaling" on page 277
- · decrease the stop frequency value

For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the User's Guide.

NOTE

The amplitude range varies depending on the f2 value (":PHASe:NOISe:F2" on page 274). As f2 increases in value, the range for Lmid decreases. If the current Lmid setting is too high for the new f2 value, the signal generator changes the Lmid value and generates an error.

The range values are expressed in units of dBc/Hz.

***RST** -7.0000000E+001

Range -300 to 100

Key Entry Desired Flat Amplitude (Lmid)

:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

```
[:SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe]?
```

This command turns the phase noise impairment on or off. For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the *User's Guide*.

*RST (

Key Entry Phase Noise Off On

:REGister:[:STATus]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:REGister[:STATus]?

This query returns a weighted decimal value to indicate the status of the following Dual ARB settings:

- Dual ARB state (ARB)
- Multiple BBG synchronization (MBS1 and MBS2)
- Triggering modes (ARM and Run)

Weighting	0	0	0	0	0	0	512	256	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	1
Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Status Item	ı	_	ı	-	-	-	MBS2	MBS1	-	ı	-	-	-	Run	ARM	ARB

When the bit position is set high, the weighted position value equals 2^n where n = bit position. When the bit position is set low, the weighting equals zero. The sum of the weighted values indicates the status of all monitored items.

Table 6-1 Low and High Bit Position Description

ARB	
0	Dual ARB is off
1	Dual ARB is on
ARMa	
0	Trigger is not armed
1	Trigger is armed and the Dual ARB is waiting for a trigger to start the play-back of the waveform
RUN ^b	
0	The Dual ARB waveform is not playing
1	The Dual ARB waveform is playing
MBS1	
0	Multiple BBG synchronization is not waiting for a sync signal from the master
1	Multiple BBG synchronization is waiting for a sync signal from the master
MBS2	
0	Multiple BBG synchronization is out of sync
1	Multiple BBG synchronization is in sync

a. The ARM bit remains 0 for the following trigger type selections:

- FREE (Free Run) see page 282
- RESet (Reset and Run) see page 282
- IMMediate (Restart on Trigger) see page 277
- GATE see page 281
- b. For GATE triggering, the bit remains high for both states of the trigger signal.

*RST

0

:RETRigger

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:RETRigger ON|OFF|1|0|IMMediate [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:RETRigger?

This command enables or disables the ARB retriggering mode; the retrigger mode controls how the retriggering function performs while a waveform is playing.

ON (1) This choice (Buffered Trigger) specifies that if a trigger occurs while a waveform

is playing, the waveform will retrigger at the end of the current waveform

sequence and play once more.

OFF (0) This choice (No Retrigger) specifies that if a trigger occurs while a waveform is

playing, the trigger will be ignored.

IMMediate This choice (Restart on Trigger) specifies that if a trigger occurs while a waveform

is playing, the waveform will reset and replay from the start immediately upon

receiving a trigger.

*RST ON

Key Entry No Retrigger Buffered Trigger Restart on Trigger

Remarks This command applies to the single trigger type only.

:RSCaling

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:RSCaling <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:RSCaling?

This command adjusts the scaling value in percent that is applied to a waveform while it is playing. The variable <code><value></code> is expressed as a percentage. Runtime scaling does not alter the waveform data file. This feature is used to avoid DAC overflow. The scaling is compensated for at the modulator (i.e. when the modulator is the optimized path). For more information about runtime scaling, refer to the <code>User's Guide</code>.

Example

:RAD:ARB:RSC 50

The preceding example applies a 50% scaling factor to the selected waveform.

*RST +7.0000000E+001

Range 1–100

Key Entry Waveform Runtime Scaling

Remarks Runtime scaling does not alter the waveform data file.

:SCALing

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:SCALing "<file name>",<value>

This command scales the designated "<file_name>" waveform file while it is being played by the dual ARB player. The variable <value> is expressed as a percentage, 1-100%. The peak value of the waveform is disconnected and the whole waveform is scaled such that the peak value is at the specified percentage of full scale. For information on file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on page 13.

Unlike runtime scaling (:RSCaling), Scaling (:SCALing) has a permanent effect on the waveform data. Scaling up, after scaling down, typically results in a slightly different waveform from the original, as some data is lost in the scale-down process. For more information about waveform file scaling, refer to the *User's Guide*.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:SCAL "Test Data", 50
```

The preceding example applies a 50% scaling factor to the Test_Data waveform file.

Range 1–100

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

Key Entry Scaling Scale Waveform Data

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:SCLock:RATE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:SCLock:RATE <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:SCLock:RATE?
```

This command sets the sample clock rate for the dual ARB format.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of hertz.

*RST +125.000000E+006 (with Option 654), +60.000000E+006 (with Option 652), and

+30.000000E+006 (with Option 651)

Range 1–1.25E8

Range OSR Option 651: 1 kHz - 30 MHz

OSR Option 652: 1 kHz - 60 MHz
OSR Option 654: 1 kHz - 125 MHz

Key Entry ARB Sample Clock

:SEQuence[:MWAVeform]

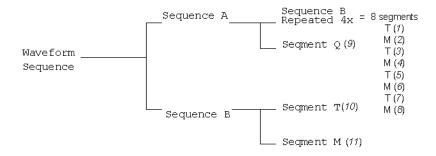
Supported All with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:SEQuence[:MWAVeform] <filename>, <waveform1>, <reps>, NONE | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 | M1M2 | M1M3 | M1M4 | M2M3 | M2M4 | M3M4 | M1M2M3 | M1M2M4 | M1M3M4 | M2M3M4 | M1M2M3M4 | ALL, {, <waveform2>, <reps>, NONE | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 | M1M2 | M1M3 | M1M4 | M2M3 | M2M4 | M3M4 | M1M2M3 | M1M2M4 | M1M3M4 | M2M3M4 | M1M2M3M4 | ALL, }

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:SEQuence[:MWAVeform]? <filename>
```

This command creates a waveform sequence. A waveform sequence is made up of segments and other sequences. Any number of segments, up to a segment count limit of 1024, can be used to create a sequence. The count limit is determined by the number of segments in the waveform sequence. Repeated segments are included in the count limit.

For example, using the figure below, suppose a waveform is created using two sequences: Sequence_A and Sequence_B. Sequence_A consists of Sequence_B and Segment_Q with Sequence_B repeated four times. The total segment count for this waveform sequence would be eleven.



The guery returns the contents and segment settings of the waveform sequence file

The segments and sequences play in the same order as placed into the waveform sequence by the command. Once you create the file, you cannot edit the segment settings or add further waveform segments unless you use the signal generator's front panel. Using the same waveform sequence name overwrites the existing file with that name. To use a segment's marker settings, you must enable the segment's markers within the segment or within the waveform sequence. A sequence is stored in the catalog of SEQ files USER/SEQ or SEQ: directory.

When you create a waveform sequence, the Agilent MXG also creates a file header for the sequence. This file header takes priority over segment or nested sequence file headers. Refer to the *User's Guide* for more information on file headers. To save the file header, see ":HEADer:SAVE" on page 262.

<file_name>" This variable names the waveform sequence file. For information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on page 13.

" <waveform1>"</waveform1>	This variable sr	pecifies the nar	ne of an e	existing waveform	seament or sequence file.
·wavelollill	TILD VALIABLE BY	occinios die mai	iic or air c	MIDUILS WAVEIOLIU	begine in bequeitee inc.

A waveform segment or the waveform segments in a specified sequence must reside in volatile memory, WFM1, before it can be played by the dual ARB player. For information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on page 13, and for more information on waveform segments, see the *User's Guide*.

"<waveform2>" This variable specifies the name of a second existing waveform segment or

sequence file. The same conditions required for waveform1 apply for this segment or sequence. Additional segments and other sequences can be inserted into the

file.

<reps> This variable sets the number of times a segment or sequence plays (repeats)

before the next segment or sequence plays.

NONE This choice disables all four markers for the waveform. Disabling markers means

that the waveform sequence ignores the segment's or sequence's marker settings.

M1, M2, M3, M4 These choices, either individually or a combination of them, enable the markers

for the waveform segment or sequence. Markers not specified are ignored for that

segment or sequence.

ALL This choice enables all four markers in the waveform segment or sequence.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:SEQ "SEQ:Test_Data","WFM1:ramp_test_wfm",25,M1M4,
"WFM1:sine test wfm",100,ALL
```

NOTE A carriage return or line feed is never included in a SCPI command. The example above contains a carriage return so that the text will fit on the page.

The preceding example creates a waveform sequence file named Test_Data. This file consists of the factory-supplied waveform segments, ramp_test_wfm and sine_test_wfm. The waveform is stored in the signal generator's SEO: directory.

- The first segment, ramp test wfm, has 25 repetitions with markers 1 and 4 enabled.
- The second segment, sine test wfm, has 100 repetitions with all four markers enabled.

Range <reps>: 1-65535

Key Entry Build New Waveform Sequence Name and Store Insert Waveform

Edit Repetitions Toggle Marker 1 Toggle Marker 2 Toggle Marker 3

Toggle Marker 4

Remarks These softkeys are located under the ARB menu.

:TRIGger:TYPE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous|SINGle|GATE|SADVance
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE?
```

This command sets the trigger mode (type) that controls the waveform's playback.

Triggers control the playback by telling the Agilent MXG when to play the modulating signal (waveform). Depending on the trigger settings for the Agilent MXG, the waveform playback can occur once, continuously, or the Agilent MXG may start and stop playing the waveform repeatedly (GATE mode).

A trigger signal comprises both positive and negative signal transitions (states), which are also called high and low periods. You can configure the Agilent MXG to trigger on either state of the trigger signal. It is common to have multiple triggers, also referred to as trigger occurrences or events, occur when the signal generator requires only a single trigger. In this situation, the Agilent MXG recognizes the first trigger and ignores the rest.

When you select a trigger mode, you may lose the signal (carrier plus modulating) from the RF output until you trigger the waveform. This is because the Agilent MXG sets the I and Q signals to zero volts prior to the first trigger event, which suppresses the carrier. After the first trigger event, the waveform's final I and Q levels determine whether you will see the carrier signal or not (zero = no carrier, other values = carrier visible). At the end of most files, the final I and Q points are set to a value other than zero.

There are four parts to configuring the trigger:

- Choosing the trigger type, which controls the waveform's transmission.
- Setting the waveform's response to triggers:
 - CONTinuous, see ":TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]" on page 282
 - SINGle, see ":RETRigger" on page 277
 - SADVance, see ":TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance[:TYPE]" on page 283
 - GATE, selecting the mode also sets the response
- Selecting the trigger source (see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 284), which determines how the Agilent MXG receives its trigger signal, internally or externally. The GATE choice requires an external trigger.
- Setting the trigger polarity when using an external source:
 - CONTinuous, SINGle, and SADVance see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe" on page 286
 - GATE, see ":TRIGger:TYPE:GATE" on page 283

To check the trigger status, see ":REGister:[:STATus]" on page 276. For more information on triggering, see the *User's Guide*.

The following list describes the trigger type command choices:

CONTinuous Upon triggering, the waveform repeats continuously.

SINGle Upon triggering, the waveform segment or sequence plays once.

SADVance The trigger controls the segment advance within a waveform sequence. To use this

choice, a waveform sequence must be the active waveform. Ensure that all

segments in the sequence reside in volatile memory.

GATE An external trigger signal repeatedly starts and stops the waveform's playback

(transmission). The time duration for playback depends on the duty period of the trigger signal and the gate polarity selection (see ":TRIGger:TYPE:GATE" on page 283). The waveform plays during the inactive state and stops during the active polarity selection state. The active state can be set high or low. The gate mode works only with an external trigger source.

With the multiple baseband generator synchronization feature active, GATE is

unavailable (see page 266 for more information).

*RST CONT

Key Entry Continuous Single Gate Segment Advance

:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE TRIGger RESet

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?

This command selects the waveform's response to a trigger signal while using the continuous trigger mode.

For more information on triggering and to select the continuous trigger mode, see ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 281.

The following list describes the waveform's response to each of the command choices:

FREE Turning the ARB format on immediately triggers the waveform. The waveform

repeats until you turn the format off, select another trigger, or choose another

waveform file.

With the multiple baseband generator synchronization feature active, this selection

is unavailable (see page 266 for more information).

TRIGger The waveform waits for a trigger before play begins. When the waveform receives

the trigger, it plays continuously until you turn the format off, select another

trigger, or choose another waveform file.

RESet The waveform waits for a trigger before play begins. When the waveform receives

the trigger, it plays continuously. Subsequent triggers reset the waveform to the beginning. For a waveform sequence, this means to the beginning of the first

segment in the sequence.

*RST FREE

Key Entry Free Run Trigger & Run Reset & Run

:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE LOW|HIGH
[:SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE?

This command selects the active state (gate polarity) of the gate while using the gating trigger mode.

The LOW and HIGH selections correspond to the low and high states of an external trigger signal. For example, when you select HIGH, the active state occurs during the high of the trigger signal. When the inactive state occurs, the Agilent MXG stops the waveform playback at the last played sample point, then restarts the playback at the next sample point when the active state occurs. For more information on triggering and to select gating as the trigger mode, see ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 281.

The following list describes the Agilent MXG's gating behavior for the polarity selections:

LOW The waveform playback stops when the trigger signal goes high and restarts when

the trigger signal goes low.

HIGH The waveform playback stops when the trigger signal goes low and restarts when

the trigger signal goes high.

*RST HIGH

Key Entry Active Low Active High

:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance[:TYPE]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance[:TYPE] SINGle | CONTinuous
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance[:TYPE]?
```

This commands selects the waveform's response to a trigger signal while using the segment advance (SADVance) trigger mode.

When the Agilent MXG receives multiple trigger occurrences when only one is required, the signal generator uses the first trigger and ignores the rest. For more information on triggering and to select segment advance as the trigger mode, see ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 281.

The following list describes the waveform's response to each of the command choices:

SINGle

Each segment in the sequence requires a trigger to play, and a segment plays only once, ignoring a segment's repetition value (see ":SEQuence[:MWAVeform]" on page 279 for repetition information). The following list describes a sequence's playback behavior with this choice:

- After receiving the first trigger, the first segment plays to completion.
- When the waveform receives a trigger after a segment completes, the sequence advances to the next segment and plays that segment to completion.
- When the waveform receives a trigger during play, the current segment plays
 to completion. Then the sequence advances to the next segment, and it plays
 to completion.

• When the waveform receives a trigger either during or after the last segment in a sequence plays, the sequence resets and the first segment plays to completion.

CONTinuous

Each segment in the sequence requires a trigger to play. After receiving a trigger, a segment plays continuously until the waveform receives another trigger. The following list describes a sequence's playback behavior with this choice:

- After receiving the first trigger, the first segment plays continuously.
- A trigger during the current segment play causes the segment to play to the end of the segment file, then the sequence advances to the next segment, which plays continuously.
- When last segment in the sequence receives a trigger, the sequence resets and the first segment plays continuously.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:TRIG:TYPE:SADV CONT
```

The preceding example selects the continuous segment advance mode.

*RST CONT

Key Entry Single Continuous

:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command sets the trigger source. With the multi-baseband generator synchronization slave selection, this command is unavailable (see page 266 for more information).

For more information on triggering, see ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 281. The following list describes the command choices:

KEY

This choice enables manual triggering by pressing the front-panel Trigger.

EXT

An externally applied signal triggers the waveform. This is the only choice that works with gating. The following conditions affect an external trigger:

• The input connector selected for the trigger signal. You have a choice between the rear-panel PATTERN TRIG IN connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear-panel AUXILIARY I/O connector. To make the connector selection, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 286.

For more information on the connectors and on connecting the cables, see the *User's Guide*.

- The trigger signal polarity:
 - gating mode, see ":TRIGger:TYPE:GATE" on page 283
 - continuous and single modes, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe" on page 286

- The time delay between when the Agilent MXG receives a trigger and when the waveform responds to the trigger. There are two parts to setting the delay:
 - setting the amount of delay, see ":TRIGger[SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay" on page 285
 - turning the delay on, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe" on page 285

BUS

This choice enables triggering over the GPIB or LAN using the *TRG or GET commands or the AUXILIARY INTERFACE (USB) using the *TRG command.

*RST EXT

Key Entry Trigger Key Ext Bus

:TRIGger[SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?
```

This command sets the amount of time to delay the Agilent MXG's response to an external trigger.

The delay is a path (time) delay between when the Agilent MXG receives the trigger and when it responds to the trigger. For example, configuring a trigger delay of two seconds, causes the Agilent MXG to wait two seconds after receipt of the trigger before the Agilent MXG plays the waveform.

The delay does not occur until you turn it on (see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe" on page 285). You can set the delay value either before or after turning it on.

For more information on configuring an external trigger source and to select external as the trigger source, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 284.

The unit of measurement for the variable <value> is in seconds (nsec-sec).

*RST +1.0000000E-003

Range 1E-8 to 3E1

Key Entry Ext Delay Time

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURCe]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURCe]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the external trigger delay function.

For setting the delay time, see ":TRIGger[SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay" on page 285, and for more information on configuring an external source, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 284.

*RST 0

Key Entry Ext Delay Off On

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive | NEGative [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?

This command sets the polarity for an external trigger signal while using the continuous, single triggering mode. To set the polarity for gating, see ":TRIGger:TYPE:GATE" on page 283.

The POSitive and NEGative selections correspond to the high (positive) and low (negative) states of the external trigger signal. For example, when you select POSitive, the waveform responds (plays) during the high state of the trigger signal. When the Agilent MXG receives multiple trigger occurrences when only one is required, the signal generator uses the first trigger and ignores the rest.

For more information on configuring an external trigger source and to select external as the trigger source, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 284.

*RST NEG

Key Entry Ext Polarity Neg Pos

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1 | EPT2 | EPTRIGGER1 | EPTRIGGER2

[:SOURce]: RADio: ARB: TRIGger [:SOURce]: EXTernal [:SOURce]?

This command selects which PATTERN TRIG IN connection the Agilent MXG uses to accept an externally applied trigger signal when external is the trigger source selection.

For more information on configuring an external trigger source and to select external as the trigger source, see ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 284. For more information on the rear-panel connectors, see the *User's Guide*.

The following list describes the command choices:

EPT1 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER1 and selects the PAT TRIG rear-panel

connector.

EPT2 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin

on the rear-panel AUX I/O connector.

EPTRIGGER1 This choice is synonymous with EPT1 and selects the PAT TRIG rear-panel

connector.

EPTRIGGER2 This choice is synonymous with EPT2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the

rear-panel AUXILIARY I/O connector.

*RST EPT1

Key Entry Patt Trig In 1 Patt Trig In 2

:WAVeform

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:WAVeform "WFM1:file_name" | "SEQ:file_name"
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:WAVeform?
```

This command selects a waveform file or sequence, for the dual ARB player to play. The file must be present in volatile memory, WFM1, or in the SEQ directory. If a file is in non-volatile memory (NVWFM), use the command ":COPY[:NAME]" on page 165 to copy the file to WFM1. Any specified values in the header are applied to the ABR upon selection. Unspecified fields in the header cause no change in the ARB state.

"WFM1:file_name" This variable names a waveform file residing in volatile memory (WFM1:). For information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on page 13.

"SEQ:file_name" This variable names a sequence file residing in the catalog of sequence files. For more information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on page 13.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:WAV "WFM1:Test Data"
```

The preceding example selects the file Test_Data from the list of files in volatile waveform memory, WFM1, and applies its file header settings.

Key Entry Select Waveform

:WAVeform:NHEAders

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:WAVeform:NHEaders "WFM1:file_name" | "SEQ:filename" | "SOURCe]:RADio:ARB:WAVeform:NHEaders?
```

This command, for the dual ARB mode, allows for a fast selection of a segment or sequence waveform file. No header information or settings are applied to the segment or sequence waveform file when this command is used. This will improve the access or loading speed of the waveform file. The file must be in volatile waveform memory (WFM1), or in the SEQ directory. If a file is in non-volatile waveform memory (NVWFM), use the command ":COPY[:NAME]" on page 165 to copy files to WFM1.

"WFM1:file_name" This variable names a waveform file residing in volatile memory:WFM1. For information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on page 13.

"SEQ:filename" This variable names a sequence file residing in the catalog of sequence files. For more information on the file name syntax, see "File Name Variables" on page 13.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:WAV:NHE "Test Data"
```

The preceding example selects the file Test Data, without applying header settings.

[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the arbitrary waveform generator function.

The Dual ARB Player provides a status register to show the status of the following items:

- Dual ARB state (off or on)
- Trigger arming
- · Waveform play-back
- Multiple BBG synchronization

To use the register, see ":REGister:[:STATus]" on page 276.

*RST

Key Entry ARB Off On

LARB Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:LARB)

[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:LARB[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:RADio:LARB[:STATe]?

This command enables or disables the waveform sweep function, when the signal generator is in list sweep mode.

setti

NOTE

Except for the sample clock rate, unspecified fields in the header result in the *default* settings of the dual arb's settings being used (i.e. *not the current arb's settings*). The sample clock rate must be specified for the file header of the waveform file being played. If the sample clock rate is unspecified in the file header, the instrument generates a header error.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Waveform Off On

Remarks The **Sweep Type** softkey must be set to **List** for this command to function.

Multitone Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB)

Creating a Multitone Waveform

Use the following steps to create a multitone waveform:

- 1. Initialize the phase for the multitone waveform. Refer to ":SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INITialize" on page 302.
- 2. Assign the frequency spacing between the tones. Refer to ":SETup:TABLe:FSPacing" on page 301.
- 3. Define the number of tones within the waveform. Refer to ":SETup:TABLe:NTONes" on page 301.
- 4. Modify the power level, phase, and state of any individual tones. Refer to ":SETup:TABLe:ROW" on page 303.

:ALIGnment

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:ALIGnment LEFT|CENTer|RIGHt [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:ALIGnment?

This command will align the mulitones either left, center or right of the carrier frequency.

Example

```
:RAD:TTON:ARB:ALIG CENT
```

The preceding example aligns each of the multitones equidistant from the carrier frequency.

Key Entry Alignment Left Cent Right

Key Path Mode > Multitone > Intialize Table > Alignment Left Cent Right

:BASEband:FREQuency:OFFSet

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet <val><unit>
```

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet?
```

This command offsets the baseband frequency relative to the carrier. The feature is useful for moving the signal such that the carrier feed-through is not in the center.

The Agilent MXG provides automatic DAC over-range protection when the offset value is something other than 0 Hz. It scales down the I/Q data by 1/square root of 2.

***RST** 0.000

Range +5.0E7 - 5.0E7 Hz

Key Entry Baseband Frequency Offset

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > More > Baseband Frequency Offset

:HEADer:CLEar

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:HEADer:CLEar

This command clears the header information from the file header used by this modulation format.

Key Entry Clear Header

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > Header Utilities > Clear Header

Remarks The **Multitone Off On** softkey must be set to On for this command to function.

:HEADer:SAVE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:HEADer:SAVE

This command saves the header information to the file header used by this modulation format.

Key Entry Save Setup To Header

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > Header Utilities > Save Setup To Header

Remarks The Multitone Off On softkey must be set to On for this command to function.

:IQ:MODulation:ATTen

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen <val>[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen?

This command attenuates the I/Q signals being modulated through the signal generator RF path.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** +2.0000000E+000

Range 0–40

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Modulator Atten Manual Auto

:IO:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]: RADio: MTONe: ARB: IQ: MODulation: ATTen: AUTO ON | OFF | 1 | 0 | OFF | 1 | 0 | OFF | 2 | OFF

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO?

This command enables or disables the I/Q attenuation auto mode.

ON (1) This choice enables the attenuation auto mode which optimizes the modulator

attenuation for the current conditions.

OFF (0) This choice holds the attenuator at its current setting or at a selected value. Refer

to ":IQ:MODulation:ATTen" on page 291 for setting the attenuation value.

*RST 1

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Modulator Atten Manual Auto

:MDEStination:ALCHold

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

CAUTION

Incorrect automatic level control (ALC) sampling can create a sudden unleveled condition that may create a spike in the RF output potentially damaging a DUT or connected instrument. Ensure that you set markers to let the ALC sample over an amplitude that accounts for the high power levels within the signal.

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold NONE | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 | SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold?
```

This command enables or disables the marker ALC hold function for the selected marker. For setting markers, see ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

Use the ALC hold function when you have a waveform signal that incorporates idle periods, or when the increased dynamic range encountered with RF blanking is not desired. The ALC leveling circuitry responds to the marker signal during the marker pulse (marker signal high), averaging the modulated signal level during this period.

The ALC hold function operates during the low periods of the marker signal. The marker polarity determines when the marker signal is high. For a positive polarity, this is during the marker points. For a negative polarity, this is when there are no marker points. For setting a marker's polarity, see ":MPOLarity:MARKer1 | 2 | 3 | 4" on page 294.

NOTE Do not use the ALC hold for more than 100 ms, because it can affect the waveform's output amplitude.

The marker signal has a minimum of a two-sample delay in its response relative to the waveform signal response. To compensate for the marker signal delay, offset marker points from the waveform sample point at which you want the ALC sampling to begin.

The ALC hold setting is part of the file header information, so saving the setting to the file header saves the current marker routing for the waveform file.

NOTE A waveform file that has unspecified settings in the file header uses the previous waveform's routing settings.

For more information on the marker ALC hold function, see the *User's Guide*. For setting the marker points, see ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

NONE This terminates the marker ALC hold function.

M1-M4 These are the marker choices. The ALC hold feature uses only one marker at a

time.

*RST NONE

Example

:RAD:AWGB:ARB:MDES:ALCH M1

The preceding example routes marker 1 to the ALC Hold function.

Key Entry None Marker 1 Marker 2 Marker 3 Marker 4

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > Marker Utilities > Marker Routing > ALC Hold > <Marker 1, ...

or Marker 4>

Remarks N/A

:MDEStination:PULSe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

CAUTION

The pulse function incorporates ALC hold. Incorrect automatic level control (ALC) sampling can create a sudden unleveled condition that may create a spike in the RF output potentially damaging a DUT or connected instrument. Ensure that you set markers to let the ALC sample over an amplitude that accounts for the high power levels within the signal.

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe NONE | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe?
```

This command enables or disables the marker pulse/RF blanking function for the selected marker.

This function automatically incorporates the ALC hold function, so there is no need to select both the ALC hold and pulse/RF blanking functions for the same marker.

 ${f NOTE}$ Do not use ALC hold for more than 100 ms, because it can affect the waveform's output amplitude.

The signal generator blanks the RF output when the marker signal goes low. The marker polarity determines when the marker signal is low. For a positive polarity, this is during the marker points. For a negative polarity, this is when there are no marker points. For setting a marker's polarity, see ":MPOLarity:MARKer1|2|3|4" on page 294.

NOTE

Set marker points prior to using this function. Enabling this function without setting marker points may create a continuous low or high marker signal, depending on the marker polarity. This causes either no RF output or a continuous RF output. See ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264 for setting the marker points.

The marker signal has a minimum of a two-sample delay in its response relative to the waveform signal response. To compensate for the marker signal delay, offset marker points from the waveform sample point at which you want the RF blanking to begin. The RF blanking setting is part of the file header information, so saving the setting to the file header saves the current marker routing for the waveform file.

NOTE

A waveform file that has unspecified settings in the file header uses the previous waveform's routing settings. This could create the situation where there is no RF output signal, because the previous waveform used RF blanking.

For more information on the marker RF blanking function, see the User's Guide.

NONE This terminates the marker RF blanking/pulse function.

M1-M4 These are the marker choices. The RF blanking/pulse feature uses only one marker

at a time.

Example

:RAD:ARB:MDES:PULS M2

The preceding example routes marker 2 to Pulse/RF Blanking.

*RST NONE

Key Entry None Marker 1 Marker 2 Marker 3 Marker 4

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > Marker Utilities > Marker Routing > Pulse/RF Blank > < Marker

1, ... or Marker 4>

:MPOLarity:MARKer1 | 2 | 3 | 4

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1|2|3|4 NEGative POSitive

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1 | 2 | 3 | 4?

This command sets the polarity for the selected marker. For a positive marker polarity, the marker signal is high during the marker points. For a negative marker polarity, the marker signal is high during the period of no marker points.

*RST POS

Key Entry Marker 1 Polarity Neg Pos Marker 2 Polarity Neg Pos Marker 3 Polarity Neg Pos

Marker 4 Polarity Neg Pos

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > Marker Utilities > Marker Polarity > Pulse/RF Blank > < Marker

1 Polarity Neg Pos, ... or Marker 4 Polarity Neg Pos>

:NOISe:BANDwidth

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:NOISe:BANDwidth <val><unit>

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:NOISe:BANDwidth?

This command sets the noise bandwidth for the two-tone waveform.

To configure the AWGN, refer to the following sections located in the multitone subsystem:

- To set the bandwidth over which the noise power is integrated for calculating the carrier to noise ratio, refer to ":NOISe:CBWidth" on page 295.
- To set the carrier to noise ratio as the active function, refer to ":NOISe:CN" on page 296.
- To enable the AWGN, refer to ":NOISe[:STATe]" on page 296.

 Range
 Option 651
 1 Hz to 24 MHz

 Option 652
 1 Hz to 48 MHz

 Option 654
 1 Hz to 100 MHz

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Key Entry Noise Bandwidth

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Real-Time AWGN Setup > Noise Bandwidth

:NOISe:CBWidth

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth <1Hz-80MHz>
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth?
```

This command selects the carrier bandwidth over which the AWGN (additive white gaussian noise) is applied. The noise power will be integrated over the selected bandwidth for the purposes of calculating C/N (carrier to noise ratio). The carrier bandwidth is limited to the ARB sample rate but cannot exceed 125 MHz. For more information refer to ":NOISe[:STATe]".

*RST +1.00000000E+000

 $1.0~\mathrm{Hz}$

Range 1Hz - 125 MHz (Minimum increment is .001 Hz)

Key Entry Carrier Bandwidth

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Real-Time AWGN Setup > Carrier Bandwidth

:NOISe:CN

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:NOISe:CN <-100dB - 100dB>
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:NOISe:CN?
```

This command sets the carrier to noise ratio in dB. The carrier power is defined as the total modulated signal power without noise power added. The noise power is applied over the specified bandwidth of the carrier signal. For more information, refer to ":NOISe:CBWidth" on page 295.

Example

```
:RAD:ARB:NOIS:CN 50DB
```

The preceding example sets the carrier to noise ratio to 50 dB.

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Key Entry Carrier to Noise Ratio

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Real-Time AWGN Setup > Carrier to Noise Ratio

:NOISe[:STATe]

```
Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURCe]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:NOISe[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0 [:SOURCe]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:NOISe[:STATe]?
```

This command enables the Two-Tone modulation mode.

To configure the AWGN, refer to the following sections located in the multitone subsystem:

- To set the AWGN noise bandwidth, refer to ":NOISe:BANDwidth" on page 295.
- To set the bandwidth over which the noise power is integrated for calculating the carrier to noise ratio, refer to ":NOISe:CBWidth" on page 295.
- To set the carrier to noise ratio as the active function, refer to ":NOISe:CN" on page 296.

*RST Off

Key Entry Real-Time AWGN

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Real-Time AWGN Setup > Real-Time AWGN

:PHASe:NOISe:F1

```
Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432
```

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F1 <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F1?
```

This command sets the start frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :PHASe:NOISe:F2). If the value is set greater than the stop frequency value, the signal generator resets the stop value to equal the start value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically depending on the value of the stop frequency. This behavior is more noticeable at higher frequency values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

*RST +1.00000000E+003

Range 0Hz-48.43782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Start Freq (f1)

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Real-Time Phase Noise Setup > Desired Start Freq

(f1)

:PHASe:NOISe:F2

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F2 <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F2?
```

This command sets the stop frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :PHASe:NOISe:F1). If the value is set less than the start frequency value, the signal generator resets the start value to equal the stop value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically, which is more noticeable at higher frequency offset values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

If a DAC over-range error occurs while setting this value, see ":PHASe:NOISe:LMID" on page 297 for information.

*RST +3.00000000E+004

Range 1Hz-48.43782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Stop Freq (f2)

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Real-Time Phase Noise Setup > Desired Start Freq

(f2)

:PHASe:NOISe:LMID

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:LMID <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:LMID?
```

This command sets the level amplitude of the flat area for the phase noise impairment. This phase noise is added to the base phase noise of the signal generator.

The signal generator has an automatic DAC over-range protection feature that is on by default. Using this feature may cause excessive scaling, which reduces dynamic range. This feature can be turned off (see ":DOPRotection" on page 258). When the automatic protection is off, manual adjustments are required to correct a DAC over-range condition, of which there are three options:

- reduce the Lmid value
- reduce the waveform runtime scaling, see ":RSCaling" on page 277
- decrease the stop frequency value

For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the *User's Guide*.

NOTE The amplitude range varies depending on the f2 value (":PHASe:NOISe:F2" on page 297). As f2 increases in value, the range for Lmid decreases. If the current Lmid setting is too high for the new f2 value, the signal generator changes the Lmid value and generates an error.

The range values are expressed in units of dBc/Hz.

***RST** -7.00000000E+001

Range -300 to 100

Key Entry Desired Flat Amplitude (Lmid)

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Real-Time Phase Noise Setup > Desired Flat

Amplitude (Lmid)

:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 432

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe]?

This command turns the phase noise impairment on or off. For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the *User's Guide*.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Phase Noise Off On

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > Real-Time Phase Noise Setup > Phase Noise Off On

:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency?

This command allows you to enter the frequency of the applied external reference.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz (Hz-MHz).

*RST +1.0000000E+007

Range2.5E5-1E8Key EntryReference Freq

Remarks The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an

external ARB reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel

connector.

To specify external as the ARB reference source type, refer to

":REFerence[:SOURce]" on page 299.

:REFerence[:SOURce]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce] INTernal | EXTernal
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce]?

This command selects either an internal or external reference for the waveform clock.

*RST INT

Key Entry ARB Reference Ext Int

Remarks If the EXTernal choice is selected, the external frequency value must be entered

and the signal must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel

connector.

Refer to ":REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency" on page 298 to enter the external

reference frequency.

:SCLock:RATE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SCLock:RATE <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SCLock:RATE?

This command sets the sample clock rate for the multitone modulation format.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of hertz.

***RST** +1.25000000E+008

Range 1E3–1.25E8

Key Entry ARB Sample Clock

Key Path Mode > Multitone > More > ARB Setup > ARB Sample Clock

Remarks The modulation format should be active before executing this command. If this

command is executed before the modulation format is active, the entered value will be overridden by a calculated factory default value. Refer to "[:STATe]" on

page 304 to activate the modulation format.

:SETup

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup "<file name>"

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup?

This command retrieves a multitone waveform file.

Key Entry Load From Selected File

Key Path Mode > Multitone > Load/Store > Load From Selected File

Remarks

The name of a multitone waveform file is stored in the signal generator file system of MTONE files. This information is held in memory until you send the command that turns the waveform on.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 13 for information on the file name syntax.

:SETup:STORe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURCe]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:STORe "<file name>"

This command stores the current multitone waveform setup in the signal generator file system of MTONE files.

Key Entry Store To File

Key Path Mode > Multitone > Load/Store > Store To File

:SETup:TABLe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe <freq_spacing>,
<num tones>,{<phase>,<state>}

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe?

This command creates and configures a multitone waveform.

The frequency offset, power, phase, and state value are returned when a query is initiated. The output format is as follows:

<frequency offset>,<power>,<phase>,<state>

The variable <freq_spacing> is expressed in units of Hertz (Hz-MHz).

The variable <power> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

*RST	Tone	<frequency offset=""></frequency>	<pre><power></power></pre>	<phase></phase>	<state></state>					
	Tone 1	-35000	+0.00000000E+000	+0	+1					
	Tone 2	-25000	+0.00000000E+000	+0	+1					
	Tone 3	- 15000	+0.0000000E+000	+0	+1					
	Tone 4	-5000	+0.00000000E+000	+0	+1					
	Tone 5	+5000	+0.00000000E+000	+0	+1					
	Tone 6	+15000	+0.00000000E+000	+0	+1					
	Tone 7	+25000	+0.00000000E+000	+0	+1					
	Tone 8	+35000	+0.00000000E+000	+0	+1					
Range	$<\!\!freq_\!spa$	<i>cing</i> > (2 tones): 1E1	-1E8 <num_ton< td=""><td>nes>: 2-64</td><td></td></num_ton<>	nes>: 2-64						
	<pre><freq_spacing> (>2 tones): 1E1 to (100 MHz ÷ (num_tones - 1))</freq_spacing></pre>									
	<pre><phase>: 0-359</phase></pre>									
Key Entry	Freq Spaci	ng Number Of To	nes Toggle State							

Key Path Mode > Multitone > Initialize Table > <Number of Tones or Freq Spacing>

NOTE The Toggle State softkey has a different softkey path but the same SCPI command when initializing the Multitone table (For the softkey path, refer to ":SETup:TABLe:ROW" on page 303).

Remarks To set the frequency spacing, refer to ":SETup:TABLe:FSPacing" on page 301.

:SETup:TABLe:FSPacing

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:FSPacing <freq_spacing>
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:FSPacing?

This command sets the frequency spacing between the tones.

The variable <freq_spacing> is expressed in units of Hertz (Hz-MHz).

*RST +1.0000000E+004

Range <freq_spacing> (2 tones): 1E1-1E8

<freq spacing> (>2 tones): 1E1 to (100 MHz ÷ (num_tones - 1))

Key Entry Freq Spacing

Key Path Mode > Multitone > Initialize Table > Freg Spacing

Remarks To set frequency spacing and additional parameters required to create or

configure a multitone waveform, refer to ":SETup:TABLe" on page 300.

This command is the second step in creating a multitone waveform. Refer to

"Creating a Multitone Waveform" on page 290 for all four steps.

:SETup:TABLe:NTONes

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:NTONes <num_tones>
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:NTONes?

This command defines the number of tones in the multitone waveform.

*RST +8
Range 2-64

Key Entry Number Of Tones

Key Path Mode > Multitone > Initialize Table > Number Of Tones

Remarks To specify the number of tones and additional parameters required to create or

configure a multitone waveform, refer to ":SETup:TABLe" on page 300.

This command is the third step in creating a multitone waveform. Refer to

"Creating a Multitone Waveform" on page 290 for all four steps.

:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INITialize

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INITialize FIXed RANDom

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INITialize?

This command initializes the phase in the multitone waveform table.

FIXed This choice sets the phase of all tones to the fixed value of 0 degrees.

RANDom This choice sets the phase of all tones to random values based on the setting on

the random seed generator.

*RST FIX

Key Entry Initialize Phase Fixed Random

Key Path Mode > Multitone > Initialize Table > Initialize Phase Fixed Random

Remarks To change the random number generator seed value, refer to

":SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INITialize:SEED" on page 302.

This command is the first step in creating a multitone waveform. Refer to

"Creating a Multitone Waveform" on page 290 for all four steps.

:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INITialize:SEED

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INITialize:SEED FIXed RANDom

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INITialize:SEED?

This command initializes the random number generator seed that is used to generate the random phase values for the multitone waveform.

FIXed This choice sets the random number generator seed to a fixed value.

RANDom This choice sets the random number generator seed to a random value. This

changes the phase value after each initialization of the phase.

*RST FIX

Key Entry Random Seed Fixed Random

Key Path Mode > Multitone > Initialize Table > More > Random Seed Fixed Random

:SETup:TABLe:ROW

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:ROW

<phase>,<state>

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:ROW? <row number>

This command modifies the indicated tone (row) of the multitone waveform.

<row_number> The number of rows for this variable is determined by the :SETup:TABLe

command.

<power> The power level of the tone defined in the row number. Power levels for all tones

must not exceed the power level of the signal generator. The power variable is

expressed in decibels (dB)

The phase of the tone relative to the carrier. The phase variable is expressed in

degrees.

<state> The state of the tone in this row can be enabled or disabled.

Frequency offset, power, phase, and state value are returned when a query is initiated. The output format is as follows:

<frequency_offset>,<power>,<phase>,<state>

Refer to ":SETup:TABLe" on page 300 for information on how to change the number of rows. This command is the final step in creating a multitone waveform. Refer to "Creating a Multitone Waveform" on page 290 for all four steps.

Example

```
:RAD:MTON:ARB:SET:TABL:ROW 2,-10,40,0
```

The preceding example modifies row number two in the currently selected multitone table. The power is set to -10 dB, the phase is set to 40 degrees, and the state is off.

*RST frequency offset: -3.50000000E+004 <power>: +0.00000000E+000

<state>: 1

Key Entry Goto Row Edit Item Toggle State

Key Path Mode > Multitone > Edit Table > <Goto Row, Edit Item, or Toggle State>

[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

 $[:SOURce]: RADio: MTONe: ARB [:STATe] \ ON \big| OFF \big| 1 \big| 0$

[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB[:STATe]?

This command enables or disables the multitone waveform generator function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Multitone Off On
Key Path Mode > Multitone

Two Tone Subsystem-Option 651/652 /654 ([:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB)

:ALIGnment

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURCe]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:ALIGnment LEFT|CENTer|RIGHt [:SOURCe]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:ALIGnment?

This command will align the two tones either left, center or right of the carrier frequency.

Example

:RAD:TTON:ARB:ALIG CENT

The preceding example aligns each of the two tones equidistant from the carrier frequency.

Key Entry Alignment Left Cent Right

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > Alignment Left Cent Right

:APPly

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:APPLy

This command will cause the two-tone waveform to be regenerated using the current settings.

This command has no effect unless the two-tone waveform generator is enabled and a change has been made to the frequency spacing setting.

Key Entry Apply Settings

:BASEband:FREQuency:OFFSet

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet <val><unit>

[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:BASeband:FREQuency:OFFSet?

This command offsets the baseband frequency relative to the carrier. The feature is useful for moving the signal such that the carrier feed-through is not in the center.

The Agilent MXG provides automatic DAC over-range protection when the offset value is something other than 0 Hz. It scales down the I/Q data by 1/square root of 2.

*RST 0.000

Range +5.0E7 - 5.0E7 MHz

Key Entry Baseband Frequency Offset

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > ARB Setup > More > Baseband Frequency Offset

:FSPacing

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:FSPacing <freq spacing>

[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:FSPacing?

This command sets the frequency spacing between the tones.

The variable <freq_spacing> is expressed in hertz (Hz-MHz).

Example

:RAD:TTON:ARB:FSP 10MHZ

The preceding example sets a 10 megahertz frequency spacing for the two tones.

*RST +1.0000000E+004

Range 1E1-1E8

Key Entry Freq Separation

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > Freq Separation

:HEADer:CLEar

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:HEADer:CLEar

This command clears the header information from the header file used for the two-tone waveform format. Header information consists of signal generator settings and marker routings associated with the waveform file. Refer to the *User's Guide* for information on file headers.

For this command to function, two tone must be on. To turn two tone on, see "[:STATe]" on page 316.

*RST N/A

Key Entry Clear Header

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > More > Header Utilities > Clear Header

:HEADer:SAVE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:HEADer:SAVE

This command saves the header information to the header file used for the two-tone waveform format. Header information consists of signal generator settings and marker routings associated with the waveform file. Refer to the *User's Guide* for information on header files.

For this command to function, two tone must be on. To turn two tone on, see "[:STATe]" on page 316.

*RST N/A

Key Entry Save Setup To Header

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > More > Header Utilities > Save Setup To Header

:10:MODulation:ATTen

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen <val><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen?
```

This command sets the attenuation level of the I/Q signals being modulated through the signal generator RF path. The variable <val> is expressed in decibels (dB).

Example

```
:RAD:TTON:ARB:IQ:MOD:ATT 20
```

The preceding example sets the modulator attenuator to 20 dB.

***RST** +2.0000000E+000

Range 0–40 dB

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > ARB Setup > Modulator Atten Manual Auto

:IO:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURCe]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURCe]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO?
```

This command enables or disables the modulator attenuator auto mode. The auto mode will be switched to manual if the signal generator receives an AUTO OFF or AUTO ON command.

ON (1) This choice enables the attenuation auto mode which allows the signal generator

to select the attenuation level that optimizes performance based on the current

conditions.

OFF (0) This choice holds the attenuator at its current setting or at a selected value. Refer

to ":IQ:MODulation:ATTen" on page 291 for setting the attenuation value.

Example

```
:RAD:TTON:ARB:IQ:MOD:ATT:AUTO ON
```

The preceding example enables the attenuator automatic mode.

***RST** 1

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > ARB Setup > Modulator Atten Manual Auto

:MDEStination:ALCHold

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

CAUTION

Incorrect ALC sampling can create a sudden unleveled condition that may create a spike in the RF output potentially damaging a DUT or connected instrument. Ensure that you set markers to let the ALC sample over an amplitude that accounts for the high power levels within the signal.

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold NONE | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold?
```

This command disables the marker ALC hold function, or it enables the marker hold function for the selected marker.

Use the ALC hold function when you have a waveform signal that incorporates idle periods, or when the increased dynamic range encountered with RF blanking is not desired. The ALC circuitry responds to the marker signal during the marker pulse (marker signal high), averaging the modulated signal level during this period.

The ALC hold function operates during the low periods of the marker signal. The marker polarity determines when the marker signal is high. For a positive polarity, this is during the marker points. For a negative polarity, this is when there are no marker points. To set a marker's polarity, see ":MPOLarity:MARKer1|2|3|4" on page 310. For more information on markers, see ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

NOTE Do not use the ALC hold for more than 100 ms, because it can affect the waveform's output amplitude.

The marker signal has a minimum of a two-sample delay in its response relative to the waveform signal response. To compensate for the marker signal delay, offset marker points from the waveform sample point at which you want the ALC sampling to begin.

The ALC hold setting is part of the file header information, so saving the setting to the file header saves the current marker routing for the waveform file.

NOTE A waveform file that has unspecified settings in the file header uses the previous waveform's routing settings.

For more information on the marker ALC hold function, see the *User's Guide*. To configure marker points, refer to the following sections located in the Dual ARB subsystem:

- For clearing a single marker point or a range of marker points, see":MARKer:CLEar" on page 263.
- For clearing all marker points, see ":MARKer:CLEar:ALL" on page 263.
- For shifting marker points, see ":MARKer:ROTate" on page 264.
- For setting marker points, see ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

NONE This terminates the marker ALC hold function.

M1-M4 These are the marker choices. The ALC hold feature uses only one marker at a time.

Example

:RAD:TTON:ARB:MDES:ALCH M2

The preceding example routes marker two to the ALC hold function.

*RST NONE

Key Entry None Marker 1 Marker 2 Marker 3 Marker 4

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > More > Marker Utilities > Marker Routing > ALC Hold > <Marker 1, ...

or Marker 4>

Remarks N/A

:MDEStination:PULSe

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

CAUTION

The pulse function incorporates ALC hold. Incorrect ALC sampling can create a sudden unleveled condition that may create a spike in the RF output, potentially damaging a DUT or connected instrument. Ensure that you set markers to let the ALC sample over an amplitude that accounts for the high power levels within the signal.

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe NONE | M1 | M2 | M3 | M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe?
```

This command disables the marker RF blanking/pulse function, or it enables the marker RF blanking/pulse function for the selected marker.

This function automatically incorporates the ALC hold function, so there is no need to select both functions for the same marker.

NOTE Do not use ALC hold for more than 100 ms, because it can affect the waveform's output amplitude.

The signal generator blanks the RF output when the marker signal goes low. The marker polarity determines when the marker signal is low. For a positive polarity, this is during the marker points. For a negative polarity, this is when there are no marker points. To set a marker's polarity, see ":MPOLarity:MARKer1|2|3|4" on page 310. For more information on markers, see ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

NOTE

Set marker points prior to using this function. Enabling this function without setting marker points may create a continuous low or high marker signal, depending on the marker polarity. This creates the condition where there is either no RF output or a continuous RF output.

To configure marker points, refer to the following sections located in the Dual ARB subsystem:

- For clearing a single marker point or a range of marker points, see":MARKer:CLEar" on page 263.
- For clearing all marker points, see ":MARKer:CLEar:ALL" on page 263.
- For shifting marker points, see ":MARKer:ROTate" on page 264.
- For setting marker points, see ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

The marker signal has a minimum of a two-sample delay in its response relative to the waveform signal response. To compensate for the marker signal delay, offset marker points from the waveform sample point at which you want the RF blanking to begin.

The RF blanking setting is part of the file header information, so saving the setting to the file header saves the current marker routing for the waveform file.

NOTE A waveform file that has unspecified settings in the file header uses the previous waveform's routing settings. This could create the situation where there is no RF output signal, because the previous waveform used RF blanking

For more information on the marker RF blanking function, see the User's Guide.

NONE This terminates the marker RF blanking/pulse function.

M1-M4 These are the marker choices. The RF blanking/pulse feature uses only one marker

at a time.

Example

:RAD:TTON:ARB:MDES:ALCH M3

The preceding example routes marker three to the Pulse/RF Blanking function.

*RST NONE

Key Entry None Marker 1 Marker 2 Marker 3 Marker 4

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > More > Marker Utilities > Marker Routing > Pulse/RF Blank > <Marker

1. ... or Marker 4>

:MP0Larity:MARKer1 | 2 | 3 | 4

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1|2|3|4 NEGative|POSitive [:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1|2|3|4?
```

This command sets the polarity for the selected marker.

For a positive marker polarity, the marker signal is high during the marker points. For a negative marker polarity, the marker signal is high during the period of no marker points. To configure marker points, refer to the following sections located in the Dual ARB subsystem:

- For clearing a single marker point or a range of marker points, see":MARKer:CLEar" on page 263.
- For clearing all marker points, see ":MARKer:CLEar:ALL" on page 263.
- For shifting marker points, see ":MARKer:ROTate" on page 264.
- For information on markers and setting marker points, see ":MARKer[:SET]" on page 264.

Example

```
:RAD:TTON:ARB:MPOL:MARK1 POS
```

The preceding example sets the polarity for marker one to positive.

*RST POS

Key Entry Marker 1 Polarity Neg Pos Marker 2 Polarity Neg Pos Marker 3 Polarity Neg Pos

Marker 4 Polarity Neg Pos

Key Path Mode > Tow Tone > More > Marker Utilities > Marker Polarity > Pulse/RF Blank > < Marker

1 Polarity Neg Pos, ... or Marker 4 Polarity Neg Pos>

:NOISe:BANDwidth

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:NOISe:BANDwidth <val><unit> [:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:NOISe:BANDwidth?

This command sets the noise bandwidth for the two-tone waveform.

To configure the AWGN, refer to the following sections located in the Two Tone subsystem:

- To set the bandwidth over which the noise power is integrated for calculating the carrier to noise ratio, refer to ":NOISe:CBWidth" on page 311.
- To set the carrier to noise ratio as the active function, refer to ":NOISe:CN" on page 312.
- To enable the AWGN, refer to ":NOISe[:STATe]" on page 312.

Range Option 651 1 Hz to 24 MHz
Option 652 1 Hz to 48 MHz
Option 654 1 Hz to 100 MHz

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Key Entry Noise Bandwidth

Key Path Mode > Two Tone > More > ARB Setup > Real-Time AWGN Setup > Noise Bandwidth

:NOISe:CBWidth

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth <val><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth?

This command selects the carrier bandwidth over which the AWGN (additive white gaussian noise) is applied. The noise power will be integrated over the selected bandwidth for the purposes of calculating C/N (carrier to noise ratio). The carrier bandwidth is limited to the ARB sample rate but cannot exceed 125 MHz. For more information refer to ":NOISe[:STATe]" on page 312.

To configure the AWGN, refer to the following sections located in the Two Tone subsystem:

- To set the AWGN noise bandwidth, refer to ":NOISe:BANDwidth" on page 311.
- To set the carrier to noise ratio as the active function, refer to ":NOISe:CN" on page 312.
- To enable the AWGN, refer to ":NOISe[:STATe]" on page 312.

Range 1 Hz to 125 MHz (Minumum increment is .001 MHz)

*RST +1.00000000E+000

Key Entry Carrier Bandwidth

:NOISe:CN

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:NOISe:CN <val><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:NOISe:CN?
```

This command makes Carrier to Noise Ratio the active function. The value you enter sets noise power as a ratio of carrier power to noise power (C/N). Carrier power equals the total modulated signal power before noise is added. When you add noise, the power output from the signal generator does not change; it is the sum of carrier power and the added noise power. You can apply noise in real time while the waveform is playing.

To configure the AWGN, refer to the following sections located in the Two Tone subsystem:

- To set the AWGN noise bandwidth, refer to ":NOISe:BANDwidth" on page 311.
- To set the bandwidth over which the noise power is integrated for calculating the carrier to noise ratio, refer to ":NOISe:CBWidth" on page 311.
- To enable the AWGN, refer to ":NOISe[:STATe]" on page 312.

*RST +0.00000000E+000

Key Entry Carrier to Noise Ratio

:NOISe[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654 [:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:NOISe[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0 [:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:NOISe[:STATe]?

This command enables the Two-Tone modulation mode.

To configure the AWGN, refer to the following sections located in the Two Tone subsystem:

- To set the AWGN noise bandwidth, refer to ":NOISe:BANDwidth" on page 311.
- To set the bandwidth over which the noise power is integrated for calculating the carrier to noise ratio, refer to ":NOISe:CBWidth" on page 311.
- To set the carrier to noise ratio as the active function, refer to ":NOISe:CN" on page 312.

*RST Off

Key Entry Real-Time AWGN

:PHASe:NOISe:F1

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 432

[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F1 <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F1?

This command sets the start frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :PHASe:NOISe:F2). If the value is set greater than the stop frequency value, the signal generator resets the stop value to equal the start value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically depending on the value of the stop frequency. This behavior is more noticeable at higher frequency values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

*RST +1.00000000E+003

Range 0Hz-48.43782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Start Freq (f1)

:PHASe:NOISe:F2

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F2 <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:F2?
```

This command sets the stop frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :PHASe:NOISe:F1). If the value is set less than the start frequency value, the signal generator resets the start value to equal the stop value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically, which is more noticeable at higher frequency offset values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

If a DAC over-range error occurs while setting this value, see ":PHASe:NOISe:LMID" on page 314 for information.

*RST +3.00000000E+004

Range 1Hz-48.43782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Stop Freq (f2)

:PHASe:NOISe:LMID

N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 432 Supported

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:LMID <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe:LMID?
```

This command sets the level amplitude of the flat area for the phase noise impairment. This phase noise is added to the base phase noise of the signal generator.

The signal generator has an automatic DAC over-range protection feature that is on by default. Using this feature may cause excessive scaling, which reduces dynamic range. This feature can be turned off (see ":DOPRotection" on page 258). When the automatic protection is off, manual adjustments are required to correct a DAC over-range condition, of which there are three options:

- reduce the Lmid value
- reduce the waveform runtime scaling, see ":RSCaling" on page 277
- decrease the stop frequency value

For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the *User's Guide*.

NOTE The amplitude range varies depending on the f2 value (":PHASe:NOISe:F2" on page 313). As f2 increases in value, the range for Lmid decreases. If the current Lmid setting is too high for the new f2 value, the signal generator changes the Lmid value and generates an error.

The range values are expressed in units of dBc/Hz.

*RST -7.00000000E+001

Range -300 to 100

Key Entry Desired Flat Amplitude (Lmid)

:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe]

N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 432 Supported

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe]?
```

This command turns the phase noise impairment on or off. For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the User's Guide.

*RST

Phase Noise Off On **Key Entry**

:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency?
```

This command allows you to enter the frequency of the external reference.

The variable <val> is expressed in hertz (Hz-MHz).

The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an external ARB reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear-panel connector.

Example

```
:RAD:TTON:ARB:REF:EXT:FREQ 1MHZ
```

The preceding example sets the external reference to 1 megahertz.

***RST** +1.0000000E+007

Range 2.5E5-1E8

Key Entry Reference Freq

:REFerence[:SOURce]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce] INTernal | EXTernal
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce]?
```

This command selects either an internal or external reference for the waveform clock. If EXTernal is selected, the external frequency *value must* be entered and the clock signal must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear-panel connector. See ":REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency" on page 298 to enter the external reference frequency.

Example

```
:RAD:TTON:ARB:REF EXT
```

The preceding example sets an external reference as the waveform clock.

*RST INT

Key Entry ARB Reference Ext Int

:SCLock:RATE

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB:SCLock:RATE <sample_clock_rate>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONE:ARB:SCLock:RATE?
```

This command sets the ARB sample clock rate.

The two tone generator should be on before executing this command. If this command is executed before the two tone generator is active, the entered value will be overridden by a calculated factory default value.

Example

```
:RAD:TTON:ARB:SCL:RATE 1MHZ
```

The preceding example sets the ARB sample clock to 1 MHz.

*RST +1.0000000E+008

Range 1-1E8

Key Entry ARB Sample Clock

[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

```
[:SOURCe]:RADio:TTONe:ARB[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURCe]:RADio:TTONe:ARB[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the on/off operational state of the two-tone waveform generator function.

Example

```
:RAD:TTON:ARB ON
```

The preceding example turns on the two-tone generator.

*RST

Key Entry Two Tone Off On

7 Real-Time Commands

This chapter provides real-time signal generation SCPI command descriptions for use in either component or receiver test using the N5162A/82A Agilent MXG Vector Signal Generator.

NOTE

The internal baseband generator speed upgrade Options 670, 671, and 672 are option upgrades that *require* Option 651 and 652 to have been loaded at the factory (refer to the *Data Sheet* for more information). Any references to 651, 652, or 654 are inclusive of 671, 672, and 674.

This chapter contains the following major sections:

- All Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce]) on page 317
- AWGN Real-Time Subsystem-Option 403 ([:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT) on page 318
- Phase Noise Subsystem-Option 432 ([SOURce:RADio:PHASe:NOISe) on page 319

All Subsystem-Option 651/652/654 ([:SOURce])

:RADio:ALL:OFF

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654

[:SOURce]:RADio:ALL:OFF

This command turns off all digital modulation formats.

Remarks This command does not affect analog modulation.

AWGN Real-Time Subsystem—Option 403 ([:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT)

:BWIDth

Supported N5162A/82A with 651, 652, or 654, and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:BWIDth <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:BWIDth?
```

This command adjusts the flat bandwidth of the real-time AWGN waveform.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of Hertz (Hz-MHz).

*RST +1.0000000E+006

Range 1-1.0E8

Key Entry Bandwidth

:IQ:MODulation:ATTen

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:IQ:MODulation:ATTen <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:IO:MODulation:ATTen?
```

This command attenuates the I/Q signals being modulated through the signal generator's RF path.

The variable <value> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

*RST Varies (box dependent)

Range 0–40

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 403 [:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO ON|OFF|1|0 [:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO?

This command enables or disables the I/Q attenuation auto mode.

ON (1) This choice enables the attenuation auto mode which optimizes the modulator

attenuation for the current conditions.

OFF (0) This choice holds the attenuator at its current setting or at a selected value. Refer

to ":IQ:MODulation:ATTen" on page 318 for setting the attenuation value.

***RST** 1

Key Entry Modulator Atten Manual Auto

[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 403

```
[:SOURCe]:RADio:AWGN:RT[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURCe]:RADio:AWGN:RT[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of real-time AWGN.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Real-time AWGN Off On

Phase Noise Subsystem—Option 432 ([SOURce:RADio:PHASe:NOISe)

:F1

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHASe:NOISe:F1 <value><unit>
```

[:SOURce]:RADio:PHASe:NOISe:F1?

This command sets the start frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :F2). If the value is set greater than the stop frequency value, the signal generator resets the stop value to equal the start value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically depending on the value of the stop frequency. This behavior is more noticeable at higher frequency values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

*RST +1.00000000E+003

Range 0Hz-48.3782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Start Freq (f1)

:F2

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHASe:NOISe:F2 <value><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHASe:NOISe:F2?
```

This command sets the stop frequency value of the flat area for the phase noise impairment.

Ensure that this value is less than or equal to the stop frequency value (see :F1). If the value is set less than the start frequency value, the signal generator resets the start value to equal the stop value.

The actual value may vary logarithmically, which is more noticeable at higher frequency offset values. For more information, see the *User's Guide*.

If a DAC over-range error occurs while setting this value, see :LMID command for information.

*RST +3.00000000E+004

Range 1Hz-48.3782781MHz

Key Entry Desired Stop Freq (f2)

:LMID

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHASe:NOISe:LMID <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHASe:NOISe:LMID?
```

This command sets the level amplitude of the flat area for the phase noise impairment. This phase noise is added to the base phase noise of the signal generator.

The signal generator has an automatic DAC over-range protection feature that is on by default. Using this feature may cause excessive scaling, which reduces dynamic range. This feature can be turned off (see ":DOPRotection" on page 258). When the automatic protection is off, manual adjustments are required to correct a DAC over-range condition, of which there are three options:

- · reduce the Lmid value
- reduce the waveform runtime scaling, see ":RSCaling" on page 277
- · decrease the stop frequency value

For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the User's Guide.

NOTE The amplitude range varies depending on the f2 value (":F2" on page 319). As f2 increases in value, the range for Lmid decreases. If the current Lmid setting is too high for the new f2 value, the signal generator changes the Lmid value and generates an error.

The range values are expressed in units of dBc/Hz.

***RST** -7.00000000E+001

Range -300 to 100

Key Entry Desired Flat Amplitude (Lmid)

[:STATe]

Supported N5162A/82A with Option 651, 652, or 654, and 432

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHASe:NOISe[:STATe]?
```

This command turns the phase noise impairment on or off. For more information on the phase noise impairment option, see the *User's Guide*.

*RST (

Key Entry Phase Noise Off On

8 N5161A/62A/81A/82A SCPI Command Compatibility

This chapter provides a comprehensive listing of SCPI commands and programming codes for signal generator models that are supported by the N5161A/62/81A/82A.

- Overview on page 322
- Changing the Signal Generator Identification String on page 323
- Changing the Signal Generator Option String on page 323
- Functional N5161A/62A/81A/82A SCPI Commands While in a Compatible Language Mode on page 324
- Replaced Backward Compatible Commands on page 327
- E44xxB Compatible Commands on page 330
- E4428C/38C Compatible Commands on page 348
- E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Compatible Commands on page 394
- 8648A/B/C/D Compatible Commands on page 440
- 8656B, 8657A/B/D Programming Codes on page 450
- Aeroflex IFR3410 Compatible Commands on page 457
- Rohde & Schwartz SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Compatible Commands on page 462

Overview

This Chapter contains the following major sections:

The following list shows the supported models along with the language type for each one:

SCPI commands
SCPI commands
programming codes
programming codes

These commands and programming codes are separated into compatible and non-compatible sections. In many instances, the non-compatible section has the least number of commands/codes, thus providing a more time-efficient way of determining whether or not a command/code is supported by the N5161A/62A/81A/82A.

In some cases, SCPI commands are only partially supported. This usually occurs due to a variance in parameters between the N5161A/62A/81A/82A and other signal generator models. When this condition occurs, the remarks column in each compatibility commands table specifies the exception condition.

In addition to providing the compatible command/code listing, this chapter also provides you with N5161A/62A/81A/82A SCPI commands that lets you change the signal generator identification output (see :SYSTem:IDN command), select a compatible programming language (see :SYSTem:LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A) section), and query the signal generator for errors (see :SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]).

Included is a section of obsolete/non-supported commands and their replacement if applicable. Refer to Replaced Backward Compatible Commands.

Changing the Signal Generator Identification String

:SYSTem:IDN

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:IDN "<string>"

This Agilent MXG signal generator command modifies the identification string that the *IDN? query returns. Sending an empty string returns the *IDN? query output to its factory shipped setting. The maximum string length is 72 characters.

Modification of the *IDN? query output enables the Agilent MXG signal generator to identify itself as another signal generator when it is used as a backward compatible replacement. This modification of the identification string does not affect the display diagnostic information, which is shown by pressing the **Diagnostic Info** softkey.

Changing the Signal Generator Option String

:SYSTem:OPT

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:OPT "<string>"

This Agilent MXG signal generator command modifies the option string that the *OPT? query returns. Sending an empty string returns the *OPT? query output to its factory shipped setting. The maximum string length is 72 characters.

Modification of the *OPT? query output enables the Agilent MXG signal generator with options, to identify itself as another signal generator when it is used as a backward compatible replacement. This modification of the option string does not affect the display diagnostic information, which is shown by pressing the **Diagnostic Info** softkey.

Functional N5161A/62A/81A/82A SCPI Commands While in a Compatible Language Mode

The commands in this section are used for configuring the signal generator compatible programming language and for isolating problems.

:PRESet:LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)

All Models

Supported

:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage "SCPI" | "COMP" | "8648" | "E4428C" | "E4438C" | "E8257D" | "E8267D" | "E8663B" | "E8247C" | "E8257C" | "E8267C"|"E8241A"|"E8244A"|"E8251A"|"E8254A"|"8657D"|"8667D"|"SMU200A"| "SMATE200A" | "SMJ100A" | "SMIQ" | "SML" | "SMV" | "3410" :SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage? This command sets the remote language that is available when the signal generator is preset. SCPI This choice provides compatibility for SCPI commands, using GPIB, LAN, or USB. This choice provides compatibility for the 8656B, 8657A/B signal generator, which COMP is supported only through a GPIB interface. 8648 This choice provides compatibility for the 8648A/B/C/D signal generator, which is supported only through a GPIB interface. E4428C or E4438C This choice provides compatibility for the E4428C or E4438C signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface. E8257D or E8267D or E8663B This choice provides compatibility for the E8257D, E8267D, or E8663B signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface. E8247C, or E8257C, or E8267C This choice provides compatibility for the E8247C, E8257C or E8267C signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface. E442XB or E443XB This choice provides compatibility for the E442XB or E443XB signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface. E8241A or E8244A or E8251A or E8254A This choice provides compatibility for the E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, or E8254A signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface. This choice provides compatibility for the 8657D signal generator, which is 8657D supported only through a GPIB interface.

SMU200A, or SMATE200A, or SMJ100A, or SMIQ, or SML, or

SMV This choice provides compatibility for the Rohde and Schwartz SMU200A,

SMATE200A, SMJ100A, SMIQ, SML, or SMV signal generators, which are supported

through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

3410 This choice provides compatibility for the Aeroflex 3410 signal generator, which is

supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

*RST "SCPI"

Key Entry SCPI SMJ100A 8648A/B/C/D E8257D, E8267D, E8663B

SML 3410 Series 8656B, 8667A/B E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, E8264A

SMV E4428C,E4438C SMU200A, SMATE200A SMIQ E442xB, E443xB E8247C, E8257C, E8367C

:SYSTem:LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:LANGuage

"SCPI"|"COMP"|"8648"|"E4428C"|"E4438C"|"E8257D"|"E8267D"|"E8663B"|"E8247C"|

"E8257C" | "E8267C" | "E442XB" | "E443XB" | "E8241A" | "E8244A" | "E8251A" | "E8254A" | "8657D" |

"SMU200A" | "SMATE200A" | "SMJ100A" | "SMIO" | "SML" | "SMV" | "3410"

:SYSTem:LANGuage?

This command sets the remote language for the signal generator.

SCPI This choice provides compatibility for SCPI commands.

COMP This choice provides compatibility for the 8656B, 8657A/B signal generator which

is supported only through the GPIB interface.

8648 This choice provides compatibility for the 8648A/B/C/D signal generator which is

supported only through a GPIB interface.

E4428C or

E4438C This choice provides compatibility for the E4428C or E4438C signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8257D or E8267D or

E8663B This choice provides compatibility for the E8257D, E8267D, or E8663B signal

generators which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8247C, or E8257C, or

E8267C This choice provides compatibility for the E8247C, E8257C, or E8267C signal

generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E442XB or

E443XB This choice provides compatibility for the E442XB or E443XB signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8241A or E8244A or E8251A or E8254A

This choice provides compatibility for the E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, or E8254A

signal generator, which is supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

8657D This choice provides compatibility for the 8657D signal generator which is

supported only through a GPIB interface.

SMU200A, or SMATE200A, or SMJ100A, or SMIQ, or SML, or SMV

This choice provides compatibility for the Rohde and Schwartz SMU200A,

SMATE200A, SMJ100A, SMIQ, SML, or SMV signal generators, which are supported

through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

3410 This choice provides compatibility for the Aeroflex 3410 signal generator, which is

supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

*RST "SCPI"

Key Entry SCPI SMJ100A 8648A/B/C/D E8257D, E8267D, E8663B

SML 3410 Series 8656B, 8667A/B E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, E8264A SMV E4428C, E4438C SMU200A, SMATE200A

SMIQ E442xB, E443xB E8247C, E8257C, E8367C

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

For more information on supported SCPI commands and programming codes, refer

to the Programming Compatibility Guide.

:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?

This query returns the most recent error message from the signal generator error queue. If there are no error messages, the query returns the following output:

+0, "No error"

When there is more than one error message, the query will need to be sent for each message. Each error message is erased after being queried.

Key Entry View Next Error Message

Replaced Backward Compatible Commands

:ALC:SEARch

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARCH AUTO|SPAN|ON|1|ONCE

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch?

This command sets the internal power search mode. A power search is recommended for pulse modulated signals with pulse widths less than one microsecond.

AUTO ON (1) This choice executes the power search automatically with each change in RF

frequency or power.

SPAN This mode pre-computes power search settings for a span of user defined

start/stop frequencies. In this mode, the instrument's default automatic

(AUTO) power search is disabled. The power search is not repeated until manually

or remotely directed to do so.

This power search is not valid for a change in power level. If the power level is changed, the power search needs to be repeated. For best results, the power search needs to be repeated at periodic intervals. Refer to the *Data Sheet* and

the User's Guide.

ONCE This choice executes a single power search of the current RF output signal and

the current mode is returned (i.e. 1 = AUTO and 0 = NON-AUTO). This action

requires the RF output to be on. (Refer to [:STATe] command).

*RST 1

Key Entry Do Power Search

Remarks Use this command when the ALC state is set to OFF. Refer to :ALC[:STATe]

command for setting the ALC state.

This command was replaced by ":ALC:SEARch" on page 57.

:PMETer:DEVice

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:DEVice <deviceName>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:DEVice?

This command enters a VXI-11 name for a power meter that is being controlled by the signal generator. If connecting directly to the power meter enter the name as specified on your power meter documentation. If connecting via a LAN-GPIB gateway, enter the SICL address of the power meter.

Key Entry PM VXI-11 Device Name

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

The power meter is controlled only through a LAN cable.

This command was replaced by ":PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:DEVice" on page 22.

:PMETer:IP

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IP <ipaddr>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IP?

This command sets the internet protocol (IP) address for a power meter that is controlled by the signal generator. It connecting to a GPIB power meter via a LAN-GPIB gateway, this command sets the IP address of the gateway.

Key Entry Meter IP Address

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

The power meter is controlled only through a LAN cable.

Ensure that the power meter IP address is different from the signal generator

address.

This command was replaced by ":PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:IP" on page 22.

Remarks

:PMETer:PORT

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:PORT <portNum>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:PORT?

This command sets the IP port on the power meter that is controlled by the signal generator.

Standard mode. The command enables standard mode for simple programming. Telnet mode. The command enables the telnet SCPI service for programming. The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST. The power meter is controlled only through a LAN cable. For more information on standard mode and telnet SCPI mode, refer to the Programming Guide. This command was replaced by ":PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:PORT" on page 23.

:PMETer:TYPE

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TYPE SOCKETS | VXI11 | USB

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TYPE?

This command sets the type of control connection on the power meter for communication with the signal generator.

Key Entry	Connection Type
SOCKETS	The command enables the power meter for sockets LAN control via the signal generator.
VXI11	The command enables the power meter for VXI-11 control via the signal generator. A power meter with GPIB can be controlled via VXI-11 using a LAN-GPIB gateway.
USB	The command enables the power meter for USB control via the signal generator.
Remarks	A single-channel power meter uses channel A and selecting channel B will have no effect.
	The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or $\star RST$.
	This command was replaced by ":PMETer:COMMunicate:TYPE" on page 23.

E44xxB Compatible Commands

-

NOTE

The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
IEEE Common Commands		
*CLS	1	
*ESE <data> *ESE?</data>	1	
*ESR?	1	
*IDN?	1	
*OPC *OPC?	1	
*RCL <reg_num></reg_num>	1	
*RST	1	
*SAV <reg_num></reg_num>	1	
*SRE <data> *SRE?</data>	1	
*STB?	1	
*TRG	1	
*TST?	1	
*WAI	1	
Calibration Subsystem		
:CALibration:DCFM	1	
:CALibration:IQ	1	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
:CALibration:IQ:DEFault	1	
:CALibration:IQ:FULL	1	
:CALibration:IQ:STARt <value> :CALibration:IQ:STARt?</value>	\	
:CALibration:IQ:STOP <value> :CALibration:IQ:STOP?</value>	\	
Communication Subsystem		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess <number> :SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess?</number>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD <number> :SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD?</number>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:CONTrol:RTS ON OFF IBFull RFR :SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:CONTrol:RTS?	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO ON OFF :SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO?	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:RESet	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT <value> :SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT?</value>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:CONTrol:RTS ON OFF IBFull RFR :SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:CONTrol:RTS?	-	
Diagnostic Subsystem		
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:BOARds?	-	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:ATTenuator?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:PON?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:PROTection?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:DISPlay:OTIMe?	1	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:LIDN?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions:DETail?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OTIMe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:SDATe?	1	
Display Subsystem		
:DISPlay:BRIGhtness <value> :DISPlay:BRIGhtness?</value>	1	
:DISPlay:CONTrast <value> :DISPlay:CONTrast?</value>	1	
:DISPlay:INVerse ON OFF 1 0	1	Supported but the following query is not supported: :DISPlay:INVerse?
:DISPlay:REMote ON OFF 1 0 :DISPlay:REMote?	1	
Memory Subsystem		
:MEMory:CATalog:BINary?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:BIT?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:CDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:DMOD?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:DWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FIR?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:FSK?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:FWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:IQ?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:LIST?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:MCDMa?	_	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
:MEMory:CATalog:MDMod?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MDWCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MFCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MFWCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MTONe?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:RCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:RWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:SEQ?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:SHAPe?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:STATe?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:UWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:WCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:COPY[:NAME] " <file name="">","<file name="">"</file></file>	1	
:MEMory:DATA " <file name="">",<datablock></datablock></file>	1	
:MEMory:DATA? " <file name="">"</file>	1	
:MEMory:DATA:BIT " <file name>",<bit_count>,<datablock></datablock></bit_count></file 	-	
:DATA:BIT? " <file name="">"</file>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:FIR " <file name>",osr,coefficient{,coefficient}</file 	-	
:MEMory:DATA:FIR? " <file name="">"</file>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:FSK " <file name>",<num_states>,<f0>,<f1>,<f(n)> [,<diff_state>,<num_diff_states>,<diff0>,<diff 1>,<diff(n)>]</diff(n)></diff </diff0></num_diff_states></diff_state></f(n)></f1></f0></num_states></file 	_	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
:MEMory:DATA:FSK? " <file name="">"</file>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:IQ " <file name>",<offsetq>,<num_states>,<i0>,<q0>,<i1>, <q1>,<i(n),q(n)>[,<diff_state>,<num_diff_st ates>,<diff0>, <diff1>,<diff(n)>]</diff(n)></diff1></diff0></num_diff_st </diff_state></i(n),q(n)></q1></i1></q0></i0></num_states></offsetq></file 	-	
:MEMory:DATA:IQ? " <file name="">"</file>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM?	-	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM:BLOCk <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM:LIST <uint8>{,<uint8>,<>}</uint8></uint8>	-	
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:SHAPe "<file name="">",<num_rise_points>,<rp0>, <rp1>,<rp(n)>,<num_fall_points>,<fp0>,<fp1> ,<fp(n)></fp(n)></fp1></fp0></num_fall_points></rp(n)></rp1></rp0></num_rise_points></file></pre>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:SHAPe? " <file name="">"</file>	-	
:MEMory:DELete:ALL	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BINary	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BIT	-	
:MEMory:DELete:CDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:DMOD	-	
:MEMory:DELete:DWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FIR	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FSK	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:IQ	-	
:MEMory:DELete:LIST	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MCDMa	-	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG– = Not supported by Agilent MXG	E44xxB	Remarks
:MEMory:DELete:MDMod	1	
:MEMory:DELete:MDWCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MFCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MFWCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MTONe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:RCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:RWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:SEQ	1	
:MEMory:DELete:SHAPe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:STATe	1	
:MEMory:DELete:UWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:WCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete[:NAME] " <file name="">"</file>	1	
:MEMory:FREE[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:LOAD:LIST " <file name="">"</file>	1	
:MEMory:MOVE <src_file>, <dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent <reg_num>,<seq_num>,"<comment>"</comment></seq_num></reg_num>	1	
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent? <reg_num>,<seq_num></seq_num></reg_num>	1	
:MMEMory:CATalog? " <msus>"</msus>	1	
:MMEMory:COPY " <file name="">","<file name="">"</file></file>	1	
:MMEMory:DATA " <file name="">",<datablock></datablock></file>	1	
:MMEMory:DATA? " <file name="">"</file>	1	
:MMEMory:DELete[:NAME] " <file name>",["<msus>"]</msus></file 	1	
:MMEMory:LOAD:ARB:ALL	1	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
:MMEMory:LOAD:LIST " <file name="">"</file>	1	
:MMEMory:MOVE <src_file>,<dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	
:MMEMory:STORe:ARB:ALL	1	
:MMEMory:STORe:LIST " <file name="">"</file>	1	
:MEMory:STORe:LIST " <file name="">"</file>	1	
Output Subsystem		
:OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO?	1	
:OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe]?	1	
:OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe]?	1	Requires Option UNT (AM/FM/PM Modulation)
:OUTPut:PROTection:CLEar	1	
:OUTPut:PROTection:MODE "NORMAL" "8648" :OUTPut:PROTection:MODE?	-	
:OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe]? :OUTPut:PROTection:TRIPped?	1	
:OUTPut:SETTled:POLarity NORMal INVerted :OUTPut:SETTled:POLarity?	-	
:OUTPut:SETTled:RFOFf NORMal INVerted :OUTPut:SETTled:RFOFf?	-	
:OUTPut:SETTled[:STATe]?	-	
:OUTPut[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut[:STATe]?	1	
Route Subsystem		

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG– = Not supported by Agilent MXG	E44xxB	Remarks
:ROUTe:HARDware:DGENerator:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Status Subsystem		
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value> :STATus:OPERation:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:PRESet	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:ENABle?</value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:NTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:NTRansition?</value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:PTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:PTRansition?</value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT[:EVENt]?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration[:EVENt]?	1	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle?</value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition?</value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition?</value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation[:EVENt]?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition?</value>	1	

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Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	1	
System Subsystem		
:SYSTem:CAPability?	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?	1	
:SYSTem:HELP:MODE SINGle	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: CONTinuous
		Supported but the following query is not supported:
		:SYSTem:HELP:MODE?
:SYSTem:LANGuage "SCPI" "COMP" "8648" :SYSTem:LANGuage?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: "NADC" "PDC" "PHS"
:SYSTem:PON:TYPE PRESet LAST :SYSTem:PON:TYPE?	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:ALL	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage "SCPI" "COMP" "8648" :SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: "NADC" "PDC" "PHS"
:SYSTem:PRESet:PERSistent	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:PN9 NORMal QUICk :SYSTem:PRESet:PN9?	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet[:USER]:SAVE	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay <value> :SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay?</value>	1	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
:SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE LIGHt TEXT :SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE?	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe ON OFF :SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe?	1	
:SYSTem:VERSion?	✓	
Trigger Subsystem		
:ABORt	✓	
:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON OFF 1 0 :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL]?	1	
:INITiate[:IMMediate][:ALL]	✓	
:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity POSitive NEGative :TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity?	✓	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe POSitive NEGative :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe?	✓	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce BUS IMMediate EXTernal KEY :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce?	<	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence][:IMMediate]	1	
[:SOURce]:TSWeep	1	
Unit Subsystem		
:UNIT:POWer DBM DBUV DBUVEMF V VEMF :UNIT:POWer?	1	
Amplitude Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe?	J	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency <value><unit> [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency?</unit></value>	1	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate <value><unit> [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate?</unit></value>	ı	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal [1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate:AMPLitude: PERCent <value><unit> [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal [1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate:AMPLitude:PERCent?</unit></value>	ı	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe <enum> [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?</enum>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME <value><unit> [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger <enum> [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?</enum>	\	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] EXT1 EXT2 [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:SOURce?	\	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh] <value><unit> [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh]?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh]:TRACk?	✓	
AWGN ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:ARB	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Bluetooth Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:BLUEtooth:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Calculate Subsystem		
:CALCulate:BERT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
CDMA ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:CDMA:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
CDMA2000 ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:CDMA2000:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
CDMA2000 BBG Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:CDMA2000[:BBG]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Custom Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:CUSTom:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Data Subsystem		
:DATA:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Digital Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:BURSt:SOURce INTernal[1]	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: EXTernal[1]
		Supported but the following query is not supported:
		[:SOURce]:BURSt:SOURce?
[:SOURce]:DM:BBFilter <value> THRough</value>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal INVerted [:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:POLarity?	1	
[:SOURce]:BURSt:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:BURSt:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth NORMal NARRow [:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth?	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:HICRest[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	Supported but the following query is not supported:
		[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:HICRest[:STATe]?

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:Gain <value><unit> [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:Gain?</unit></value>	✓	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:IOFFset <value><unit> [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:IOFFset?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QOFFset <value><unit> [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QOFFset?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QSKew <value><unit> [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QSKew?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment[:STATe]?	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:SOURce EXTernal INTernal [1] [:SOURce]:DM:SOURce?	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:DM:STATe?	1	
Dmodulalion Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Dect Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:ALPHa	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Dual ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:CLIPping " <file name="">",IJQ IORQ,<10-100%></file>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:CLOCk:REFerence:EXTerna l:FREQuency <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:CLOCk:REFerence:EXTerna l:FREQuency?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:CLOCk:REFerence[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:CLOCk:REFerence[:SOURce]?	-	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:CLOCk:SRATe <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:CLOCk:SRATe?</value>	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer:CLEar "<file name="">",<mkr(1 2)>,<first_point>, <last_point></last_point></first_point></mkr(1 2)></file></pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer:CLEar:ALL " <file name="">",<mkr(1 2)></mkr(1 2)></file>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer:POLarity NEGative POSitive [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer:POLarity?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer:RFBLank ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer:RFBLank?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:MARKer[:SET] " <file name>",<mkr(1 2)>,<first_point>, <last_point>,<skip_count></skip_count></last_point></first_point></mkr(1 2)></file 	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:RETRigger 1 0	1	This command is not recommended; the following command is the preferred syntax for the ESG E44xxB.
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:RETRigger ON OFF [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:RETRigger?	1	This query for the Agilent MXG Vector Signal Generator (N5182A) only returns the string ON or OFF. This is different from the ESG E44xxB query which returns a 1 or 0.
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:RFILter <value> THRough</value>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
		The query form of the command is not compatible.
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:RFILter?	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:SCALing " <file name="">",<1%-100%></file>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:SEQuence " <file name="">","<waveform>",<reps>,<mkr1(1 0)>, <mkr2(1 0)>{,"<waveform>",<rep>,<mkr1(1 0)>,<m kr2(1 0)="">} [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:SEQuence? "<file name="">"</file></m></mkr1(1 0)></rep></waveform></mkr2(1 0)></mkr1(1 0)></reps></waveform></file>	1	

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous SINGle GATE SADVance [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE?	1		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive LOW HIGH [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive?	1		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY EXT BUS [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]?	1		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: DELay <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: DELay?</value>	1		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: DELay:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: DELay:STATe?	1		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: SLOPe POSitive NEGative [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: SLOPe?	1		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:WAVeform " <file name="">" [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:WAVeform?</file>	1		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB[:STATe]?	1		
Edge Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
GSM Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
Input Subsystem			
:INPut:BERT[:BASeband]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
Measure Subsystem			

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG– = Not supported by Agilent MXG	E44xxB	Remarks
:MEASure	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Multi-Tone Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup " <file name="">" [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup?</file>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:STORe " <file name="">"</file>	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe</pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:FSPacing <freq_spacing> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:FSPacing ?</freq_spacing>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:NTONes <num_tones> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:NTONes?</num_tones>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:IN ITialize FIXed RANDom [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:IN ITialize?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:IN ITialize:SEED FIXed RANDom [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:IN ITialize:SEED?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:ROW <row_number>,<power>,<phase>, <state> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:ROW? <row_number></row_number></state></phase></power></row_number>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB[:STATe]?	1	
NADC Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:NADC:	-	This subsystem is not supported.

Table 8-1 E44xxB Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	E44xxB	Remarks
PDC Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
PHS Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Sense Subsystem		
:SENSe:BERT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Tetra Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Wideband CDMA ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Wideband CDMA BBG Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.

E4428C/38C Compatible Commands

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG– = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N51xxA	Remarks
System Function Commands		
IEEE Common Commands		
*CLS	1	
*ESE <data> *ESE?</data>	1	
*ESR?	1	
*IDN?	1	
*OPC *OPC?	1	
*RCL <reg_num></reg_num>	1	
*RST	1	
*SAV <reg_num></reg_num>	1	
*SRE <data> *SRE?</data>	1	
*STB?	1	
*TRG	1	
*TST?	1	
*WAI	1	
Calibration Subsystem		
:CALibration:DCFM	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:CALibration:IQ	1	
:CALibration:IQ:DC	1	
:CALibration:IQ:DEFault	1	
:CALibration:IQ:FULL	1	
:CALibration:IQ:STARt <value><units></units></value>	1	
:CALibration:IQ:STARt?	1	
:CALibration:IQ:STOP <value><units></units></value>	1	
:CALibration:IQ:STOP?	1	
:CALibration:WBIQ	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:DC	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:DEFault	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:FULL	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STARt <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STARt?	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STOP <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STOP?	-	
Communication Subsystem		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess <number></number>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GTLocal	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig DHCP MANual	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname <string></string>	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess <value></value>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:CHANnel A B	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:CHANnel?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IDN E4418B E4419B E4416A E4417A	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IDN?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TIMEout <num>[<time suffix="">]</time></num>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TIMEout?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD <number></number>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD?	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO ON OFF	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO?	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:RESet	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT <value></value>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT?	_	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG– = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N51xxA	Remarks
Diagnostic Subsystem		
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:BOARds?	-	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:ATTenuator ?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:PON?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:PROTection ?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:DISPlay:OTIMe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:LICense:AUXiliary ?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:LICense:WAVeform?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions:DETail?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OTIMe?	✓	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:REVision?	✓	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:SDATe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:WLICense[:VALu e]? <waveformtype></waveformtype>	1	
Memory Subsystem		
:MEMory:CATalog:BINary?	✓	
:MEMory:CATalog:BIT?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:CDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:DMOD?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:DWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FSK?	-	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:MEMory:CATalog:IQ?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:LIST?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MDMod?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:MDWCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MFCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MTONe?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:FIR?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:RCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:SEQ?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:SHAPe?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:STATe?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:UFLT?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:UPC?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:UWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:COPY[:NAME] <"filename">,<"filename">	1	
:MEMory:DATA <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MEMory:DATA? <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:DATA:APPend <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MEMory:DATA:BIT <"filename">, <bit_count>,<datablock> :MEMory:DATA:BIT? <"filename"></datablock></bit_count>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:FIR <"filename">,osr,coefficient{,coefficient} :MEMory:DATA:FIR? <"filename">	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:FSK <"filename">,num_states,f0,f0,[,diff_state,n um_diff_states,diff0,diff1,] :MEMory:DATA:FSK? <"filename"></pre>	1	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM[1] 2 3 4:FILE:BLOCk <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM[1] 2 3 4:FILE:LIST <"filename">, <uint8>[,<uint8>,<>]</uint8></uint8>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:IQ <"filename">,offsetQ,num_states,i0,q0,i1,q1, [,diff_state,num_diff_states,diff0,diff1,]	ı	
:MEMory:DATA:IQ? <"filename">	-	
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:SHAPe <"filename">,num_rise_points,rp0,rp1,num_fal l_points,fp0,fp1, :MEMory:DATA:SHAPe? <"filename"></pre>	_	
:MEMory:DATA:UNPRotected <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MEMory:DELete:ALL	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BINary	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BIT	-	
:MEMory:DELete:CDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:DMOD	1	
:MEMory:DELete:DWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FIR	1	
:MEMory:DELete:FSK	1	
:MEMory:DELete:IQ	-	
:MEMory:DELete:LIST	-	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:MEMory:DELete:MCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MDMod	1	
:MEMory:DELete:MDWCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MFCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MTONe	1	
:MEMory:DELete:RCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:SEQ	1	
:MEMory:DELete:SHAPe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:STATe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:UFLT	1	
:MEMory:DELete:UPC	-	
:MEMory:DELete:UWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete[:NAME] <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:FREE[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:LOAD:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:MOVE <src_file>,<dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent <reg_num>,<seq_num>,<"comment"></seq_num></reg_num>	1	
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent? <reg_num>,<seq_num></seq_num></reg_num>	1	
:MEMory:STORe:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:CATalog? <"msus">	1	
:MMEMory:COPY <"filename">,<"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:DATA <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MMEMory:DATA? <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:DELete:NVWFm	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:MMEMory:DELete:WFM	1	
:MMEMory:DELete:WFM1	1	
:MMEMory:DELete[:NAME] <"filename">,[<"msus">]	1	
:MMEMory:HEADer:CLEar <filename></filename>	1	
:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription <"filename">, < "description">	1	
:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription? <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:LOAD:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:MOVE <src_file>,<dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	
:MMEMory:STORe:LIST <"filename">	1	
Output Subsystem	•	
:OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO?	1	
:OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe]?	1	
:OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe]?	1	
:OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe]?	1	
:OUTPut:SETTled:POLarity NORMal INVerted :OUTPut:SETTled:POLarity?	-	
:OUTPut:SETTled:RFOFf NORMal INVerted :OUTPut:SETTled:RFOFf?	-	
:OUTPut:SETTled[:STATe]?	-	
:OUTPut[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut[:STATe]?	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
Route Subsystem		
:ROUTe:HARDware:DGENerator:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Status Subsystem		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:ENABle <value> :STATus:OPERation:BASeband:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:NTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:BASeband:NTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:PTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:BASeband:PTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value> :STATus:OPERation:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:PRESet:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration: ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:CONDition? :STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:ENABle?</value>	_	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:NTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:NTRansition?</value>	-	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:PTRansition <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT[:EVENt]?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	<	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration[:EVENt]?	<	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency[:EVENt]?	✓	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:CONDition?	_	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG– = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N51xxA	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation[:EVENt]?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value></value>	✓	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:CONDition?	✓	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	✓	
System Subsystem	ı	
:SYSTem:CAPability?	1	
:SYSTem:DATE <year>,<month>,<day> :SYSTem:DATE?</day></month></year>	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor:SCPI[:SYNTax] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor:SCPI[:SYNTax]?		
:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:SYSTem:FILEsystem:SAFEmode ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:FILEsystem:SAFEmode	-	
:SYSTem:HELP:MODE SINGle	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: CONTinuous Supported but the following query is not supported: :SYSTem:HELP:MODE?
:SYSTem:IDN "string"	1	
:SYSTem:LANGuage "SCPI" "COMP" "8648" :SYSTem:LANGuage?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: "8340" "8360" "83712" "83732" "83752" "8757" "8662" "8663" "NADC" "PDC" "PHS"
:SYSTem:PON:TYPE PRESet LAST :SYSTem:PON:TYPE?	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet	1	Always performs the same action as the Preset hardkey.
		For related Preset hardkey information, refer to ":SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?" on page 360
:SYSTem:PRESet:ALL	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage "SCPI" "COMP" "8648" :SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: "8340" "8360" "83712" "83732" "83752" "8757" "8662" "8663" "NADC" "PDC" "PHS"
:SYSTem:PRESet:PERSistent	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:PN9 NORMal QUICk :SYSTem:PRESet:PN9?	-	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?	1	This command toggles the Preset hardkey state between factory- and user-defined conditions. The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST. NOTE If the Preset hardkey is not responding correctly, using the SCPI command: :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal will return the Preset hardkey to its default factory behavior.
:SYSTem:PRESet[:USER]:SAVE	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay ON OFF {1} 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:ERASeall	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel {NONE} ERASe OVERwrite SANitize :SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:OVERwrite	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:SANitize	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay <value> :SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay?</value>	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE LIGHt TEXT :SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE?	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe ON OFF :SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe?	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:SYSTem:TIME <hour>,<minute>,<second> :SYSTem:TIME?</second></minute></hour>	1	
:SYSTem:VERSion?	1	
Trigger Subsystem		
:ABORt	1	
:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON OFF 1 0 :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL]?	1	
:INITiate[:IMMediate][:ALL]	1	
:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity POSitive NEGative :TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity?	1	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe POSitive NEGative :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe?	1	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce BUS IMMediate EXTernal KEY	1	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce?		
:TRIGger[:SEQuence][:IMMediate]	1	
Unit Subsystem		
:UNIT:POWer DBM DBUV DBUVEMF V VEMF DB :UNIT:POWer?	1	
Amplitude Modulation Subsystem		
<pre>[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num> [:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?</num></pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:MODE DEEP	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:MODE NORMal [:SOURce]:AM:MODE?	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe OFF 0	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance <50 600>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te:AMPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te:AMPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported:
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		"TRIangle" "SQUare" "RAMP" "NOISe" "DUALsine" "SWEPtsine"
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe GAUSsian UNIForm	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP POSitive NEGative	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh]:EXPonential <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh]:EXPonential?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh] [:LINear]:TRACk?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:POLarity NORMal INVerted	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:POLarity?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] INT2 EXT[1] EXT2	1	The Agilent MXG accepts the EXT2 parameter but only has a single external output and
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:SOURce?		selects EXT on the signal generator if EXT2 is used.
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:TYPE LINear EXPonential	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:SENSitivity <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:SENSitivity?		
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe ON 1	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear] <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh] [:LINear]?		
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement]?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
Frequency Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer? [MAXimum MINimum]		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND NBASe NMOBile BPGSm MPGSm BEGSm MEGSm BRGSm MRG Sm GM450 M480 M850 B450 B480 B850BDCS MDCS BPCS MPCS B8 M8 B15 M15 B390 B420 B460 B915 M380 M4 10 M450 M870 PHS DECT	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer <number></number>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:FIXed <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:FIXed?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MANual <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MANual?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE FIXed CW SWEep LIST	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe ON OFF	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence?		

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Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:SET	✓	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	<	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN? [MAXimum MINimum]		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt <value><unit></unit></value>	<	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SYNThesis <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SYNThesis?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:FIXed]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	<	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:FIXed]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:PHASe:REFerence	✓	
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust] <value><unit></unit></value>	√	
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust]?		
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:DEFaults	ı	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:EXTernal	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:EXTernal?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:INTernal <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:INTernal?		
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce?	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO?		
Frequency Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance <50 600>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance?		
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te:AMPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te:AMPLitude:PERCent?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe GAUSsian UNIForm	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP POSitive NEGative	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] INT2 EXT[1] EXT2	1	The Agilent MXG accepts the EXT2 parameter but only has a single external output and
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:SOURce?		selects EXT on the signal generator if EXT2 is used.
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk?		
List/Sweep Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection UP DOWN	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:TYPE LIST STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	<	
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual <value> UP DOWN</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE AUTO MANual	<	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace ON OFF 0 1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce BUS IMMediate EXTernal KEY	<	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE LIST STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:FSTep	✓	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:PRESet	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:STATe?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE MASTer SLAVe	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWELl <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWEL1?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration ANALog STEPped	1	Command accepted without error but does
[:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration?		nothing.
[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO MANual	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME 10mS - 99S	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:AUTO ON OFF 0 1	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:AUTO?		
Low Frequency Output Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:LFOutput:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Phase Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te:AMPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTerna te:AMPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]	1	
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:BANDwidth BWIDth NORMal HIGH	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:BANDwidth BWIDth?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1]:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1]:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance <50 600>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe GAUSsian UNIForm	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP POSitive NEGative	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported:
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] INT2 EXT[1] EXT2 [:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:SOURce?	1	The Agilent MXG accepts the EXT2 parameter but only has a single external output and selects EXT on the signal generator if EXT2 is used.
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]?		
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
Power Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth <num>[freq suffix]</num>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth:AUTO?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel <value>dB</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch ON OFF 1 0 ONCE	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence FIXed MODulated	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:POINts <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:POINts?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STARt <value><units></units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STARt?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG- = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP <value><units></units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:TYPE FULL USER	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal DIODe MMHead	1	Supported on the N5183A only. But the following parameter is not supported:
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce?		MMHead.
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling (0dB-32dB)	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:AMPLitude <value>dB</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:AMPLitude?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:MANual MAIN DELTa	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:MANual?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:TRIGger[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal MANual	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:TRIGger[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE FIXed LIST SWEep	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] ?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] :STEP[:INCRement] <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] :STEP[:INCRement]?		
Pulse Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal INVerted	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay <delay> UP DOWN</delay>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay? [UP DOWN]		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay:STEP <step></step>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay:STEP?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency <frequency> MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</frequency>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:STEP[:INCR ement] <freq> MAXimum MINimum DEFault</freq>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:STEP[:INCR ement]? [MIN MAX DEF]		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SQUare PULSe	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod <period> MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</period>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod:STEP[:INCReme nt] <step> UP DOWN</step>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod:STEP[:INCReme nt]?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth <width></width>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth:STEP <step> DEFault MAXimum MINimum</step>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth:STEP?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce INT EXT[1] EXT2	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: SCALar
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce?		Also, the Agilent MXG accepts the EXT2 parameter but only has a single external output and selects EXT on the signal generator if EXT2 is used.

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INTernal SQUare FRUN TRIGgered DOUBlet GATEd	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INTernal?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe?		
Digital Function Commands		
All Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ALL:OFF	1	
AWGN ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:AWGN	-	This subsystem is not supported.
AWGN Real Time Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:BWIDth <val> [:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:BWIDth?</val>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT[:STATe]?	1	
Bluetooth Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:BLUEtooth:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Calculate Subsystem		
:CALCulate:BERT:BTS:LOOPback:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
CDMA ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:CDMA:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Custom Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:CUSTom:	_	This subsystem is not supported.
Data Subsystem		
:DATA:BERT:	_	This subsystem is not supported.
DECT Subsystem		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:DECT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Dmodulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer RNYQuist NYQuist GAUSsian RECTangle IS95 IS9 5_EQ IS95_MOD IS95_MOD_EQ WCDMa AC4Fm IS2000 SR3DS UGGaussian "user FIR" [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:ALPHa <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:ALPHa?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:BBT <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:BBT?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:CHANnel EVM ACP [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:CHANnel?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:HEADer:CLEar	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:HEADer:SAVE	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FIL Ter 40e6 THRough [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FIL Ter?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing. Queries return a fixed valid answer.
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FIL Ter:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FIL Ter:AUTO?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing. Queries return a fixed valid answer.
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:A TTen <val><unit> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:A TTen?</unit></val>	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:A TTen:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:A TTen:AUTO?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:F ILTer 2.1e6 40e6 THRough [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:F ILTer?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing. Queries return a fixed valid answer.
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:F ILTer:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation:F ILTer:AUTO?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing. Queries return a fixed valid answer.
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:AA MPlitude {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:AA MPlitude?	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:AL CHold {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:AL CHold?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:PU LSe {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:PU LSe?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:ASK[:DEPTh] <0% - {100%}> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:ASK[:DEPTh]?	√	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation] <val><unit> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]?</unit></val>	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation[:TYP E] ASK BPSK QPSK IS95QPSK GRAYQPSK OQPSK IS950QPSK P4DQPSK PSK8 PSK16 D8PSK EDGE MSK FSK2 FSK4 FS K8 FSK16 C4FM QAM4 QAM16 QAM32 QAM64 QAM128 QAM 256 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation[:TYP E]?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKe r1 2 3 4 NEGative {POSitive} [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKe r1 2 3 4?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence:EXTer nal:FREQuency <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence:EXTer nal:FREQuency?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal	✓	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:RETRigger ON OFF IMMediate [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:RETRigger?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SCLock:RATE <1Hz - 1.0e8 kHz {1.0e8 kHz}> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SCLock:RATE?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup GSM NADC PDC PHS DECT AC4Fm ACQPsk CDPD PWT EDG E TETRa MCARrier "file name" [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier (GSM NADC PDC PHS DECT AC4Fm ACQPsk CDPD PWT ED GE TETRa, <num carriers="">,<freq spacing="">) "file name" [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier?</freq></num>	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier: PHASe {FIXed} RANDom [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier: PHASe?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier: STORe "file name"	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier: TABLe INIT APPend <carrier_num>,GSM NADC PDC PHS DECT AC4Fm ACQPsk CDPD PWT EDGE TETRa "file name",<freq_offset>,<power> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier: TABLe? <carrier_num></carrier_num></power></freq_offset></carrier_num>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier: TABLe:NCARriers?	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:STORe "file name" [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SRATe <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SRATe?</value></pre>	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE :CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE TRIGger RESet [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE :CONTinuous[:TYPE]?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous SINGle GATE [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GA TE LOW HIGH [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GA TE?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive NEGative [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1 EPT2 EPTRIGGER1 EPTRIGGER2 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB[:STATe]?	1	
Digital Subsystem		
:DIGital	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Digital Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:BURSt:SOURce INTernal[1]	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: EXTernal[1] Supported but the following query is not supported: [:SOURce]:BURSt:SOURce?
[:SOURce]:BURSt:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:BURSt:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:BURSt:TYPE:EXT LOG LIN	-	
[:SOURce]:BURSt:TYPE:EXT?		

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Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:BURSt:TYPE:INT LOG LIN	-	
[:SOURce]:BURSt:TYPE:INT?		
[:SOURce]:BURSt:TYPE[:ALL] LOG LIN	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:FILTer 40e6 THRough	✓	Commands are accepted without error by the signal generator, but no action occurs. But the following query is not supported: [:SOURCe]:DM:EXTernal:FILTer? If the query is used, the following error is generated: -113, Undefined header
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:FILTer:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	✓	Supported but the following query is not supported: [:SOURCe]:DM:EXTernal:FILTer:AUTO?
		If the query is used, the following error is generated: -113, Undefined header
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:HCRest[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	/	
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:HCRest[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal INVert INVerted	<	
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:POLarity?		
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:SOURce EXTernal INTernal BBG1 OFF SUM	\	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: BBG2 BBG3 BBG4 EXT600
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:DELay	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:DELay?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:DELay:EVENts ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:DELay:EVENts ?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:SKEW:PATH {RF} BB	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:SKEW:PATH?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

	ы	
✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG- = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:SKEW[:DELay]	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:SKEW[:DELay] ?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:COFFset	<	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:COFFset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DIOFfset	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DIOFfset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DQOFfset	<	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DQOFfset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IOFFset	✓	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IOFFset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IQATten	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IQATten?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:QOFFset	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:QOFFset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:GAIN?	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:GAIN[1 2] <value><unit></unit></value>		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:IOFFset <value><unit></unit></value>	✓	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:IOFFset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QOFFset <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QOFFset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QSKew <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QSKew?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

N51xxA	Remarks
1	
1	
1	
1	
1	
1	
1	
1	Supported but the following query generates an error: -113, Undefined header: [:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:FILTer?
1	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. The following query is not supported: [:SOURCe]:DM:MODulation:FILTer:AUTO? (If the query is used, an error -113,
	Undefined header will be displayed on the signal generator.)
1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:SKEW:PATH RF BB	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:SKEW:PATH?		
[:SOURce]:DM:SKEW[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:DM:SKEW[:STATe]?	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:SOURce[1] 2 EXTernal INTernal BBG1 OFF [:SOURce]:DM:SOURce?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: BBG2 BBG3 BBG4 EXT600
[:SOURce]:DM:SRATio <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:SRATio?		
[:SOURce]:DM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:STATe?		
Display Subsystem		
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT DBM DBUV DBUVEMF V VEMF DB	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT?		
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat MDY DMY	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat?		
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe]?		
:DISPlay:BRIGhtness <value></value>	1	
:DISPlay:BRIGhtness?		
:DISPlay:CAPTure	1	
:DISPlay:CONTrast <value></value>	1	
:DISPlay:CONTrast?		
:DISPlay:INVerse ON OFF 1 0	1	Supported but the following query is not supported: :DISPlay:INVerse?
:DISPlay:REMote ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay:REMote?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe]?		
Dual ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio2:ARB:VCO:INTernal:SOURce:BBG1 ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio2:ARB:VCO:INTernal:SOURce:BBG1?		
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:BASEband:FREQuency:OFFSet <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:BASEband:FREQuency:OFFSet?</value></pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:CLIPping "filename",IJQ IORQ,<10-100%>[,<10-100%>]	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:DACS:ALIGn	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:GENerate:SINE ["filename"],[<osr>],[<scale>],[I Q {IQ}]</scale></osr>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HEADer:CLEar	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HEADer:RMS <"filename">, <rms:0 -="" 1.414213562373095=""> UNSPecified</rms:0>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HEADer:RMS? <"filename">		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HEADer:SAVE	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HCRest[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HCRest[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer 40e6 THRough	1	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. But the following query is not supported and generates an ERROR: -113, Undefined header:
		[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer?

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. But the following query is not supported and generates an ERROR: -113, Undefined header: [:SOURCe]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FIL Ter:AUTO?
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO ?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer 2.1e6 40e6 THRough	1	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. But the following query is not supported and generates an ERROR: -113, Undefined header: [:SOURCe]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTER?
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer:AUT O ON OFF 1 0	✓	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. But the following query is not supported and generates an ERROR: -113, Undefined header: [:SOURCe]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer:AUTO?
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MARKer:CLEar "filename", <mkr(1 2 3 4)>,<first_point>,<last_p oint=""></last_p></first_point></mkr(1 2 3 4)>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MARKer:CLEar:ALL "filename", <mkr(1 2 3 4)></mkr(1 2 3 4)>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MARKer:ROTate "filename", <rotate_count></rotate_count>	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MARKer:[SET] "filename",<mkr(1 2 3 4)>,<first_point>,<last_p oint="">,<skip_count></skip_count></last_p></first_point></mkr(1 2 3 4)></pre>	√	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:AAMPlitude {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:AAMPlitude?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1 NEGative {POSitive}	<	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer2 NEGative {POSitive}	<	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer2?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer3 NEGative {POSitive}	<	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer3?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer4 NEGative {POSitive}	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer4?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:BFACtor <1 - 2 {1}>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:BFACtor?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth <1Hz-80Mhz {1Hz}>	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:CN <-100dB - 100dB {0dB}>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:CN?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe[:STATe] ON {OFF} 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:RETRigger ON OFF IMMediate	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:RETRigger?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:RSCaling <1%-100%>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:RSCaling?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:SCALing "filename",<1%-100%>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:SCLock:RATE <1Hz - 100MHz {100MHz}>	1	Agilent MXG range is 1 kHz - 125 MHz with a default of 125 MHz.
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:SCLock:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:SEQuence[:MWAVeform] <filename>,<waveform>,<reps>,NONE M1 M2 M3 M4 M 1M2 M1M3 M1M4 M2M3 M2M4 M3M4 M1M2M3 M1M2M4 M1M3 M4 M2M3M4 M1M2M3M4 ALL,{,<waveform>,<reps>,NONE M1 M2 M3 M4 M1M2 M1M3 M1M4 M2M3 M2M4 M3M4 M1M2 M3 M1M2M4 M1M3M4 M2M3M4 M1M2M3M4 ALL,} [:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:SEQuence[:MWAVeform]?</reps></waveform></reps></waveform></filename>	1	
<pre><filename></filename></pre>		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous SINGle GATE SADVance	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE TRIGger RESet	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE LOW HIGH	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance:SO RDer LINear DYNamic	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance:SO RDer?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance:TH OFf ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance:TH OFf?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance[:T YPE] SINGle CONTinuous	<	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance[:T YPE]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY BUS EXT	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTerna 1:DELay <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTerna 1:DELay?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTerna 1:DELay:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTerna 1:DELay:STATe?		

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTerna l:SLOPe POSitive NEGative	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTerna 1:SLOPe?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTerna 1[:SOURce] EPT1 EPT2 EPTRIGGER1 EPTRIGGER2	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTerna 1[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:VCO:CLOCk:RATE?	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:VCO:CLOCk[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:VCO:CLOCk[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:WAVeform "WFM1:filename" "SEQ:filename"	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:WAVeform?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:WAVeform:NHEaders "WFM1:filename" "SEQ:filename"	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:WAVeform:NHEaders?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB[:STATe]?		
Edge Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:EDGE:	ı	This subsystem is not supported.
GSM Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:GSM:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Input Subsystem		
:INPut:BERT[:BASeband]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Measure Subsystem		
:MEASure:[SCALar]:BERT:BTS:LOOPback:EDGE:MCS5[: SENSitivity]?	_	This subsystem is not supported.

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
Multi-Tone Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:HEADer:CLEar	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:HEADer:SAVE	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer 40e6 THRough [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer:AU TO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer:AU TO?	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen <val><unit> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen?</unit></val>	1	
:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AU TO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:A UTO?	1	
:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer 2.1e6 40e6 THRough [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer: AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer: AUTO?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:AAMPlitu de {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:AAMPlitu de?	-	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1 2 3 4 NEGative {POSitive} [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1 2 3 4?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FR EQuency <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FR EQuency?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce]?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SCLock:RATE <1Hz - 100MHz {100MHz}> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SCLock:RATE?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup <filename> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup?</filename>	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:STORe "file name" [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe <freq_spacing>,<num_tones>{,<phase>,<state>} [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe?</state></phase></num_tones></freq_spacing></pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:FSPacing <freq_spacing> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:FSPacing?</freq_spacing>	1	

Table 8-2 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:NTONes <num_tones> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:NTONes?</num_tones>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INI Tialize FIXed RANDom [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INI Tialize?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INI Tialize:SEED FIXed RANDom [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:INI Tialize:SEED?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:ROW <row_number>,<power>,<phase>,<state> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:ROW? <row_number></row_number></state></phase></power></row_number>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB[:STATe]?	1	
NADC Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1][:NADC]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
PDC Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:PDC:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
PHS Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:PHS:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Sense Subsystem		
:SENSe:BERT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Tetra Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:TETRa:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Wideband CDMA ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:WCDMa:TGPP:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.

E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Compatible Commands

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Some subsystems may *only* be supported by the *Agilent N5162A/82A Vector Signal Generator*. These subsystem exceptions are indicated in the subsystem headings.

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
System Function Commands		
IEEE Common Commands		
*CLS	1	
*ESE <data> *ESE?</data>	1	
*ESR?	1	
*IDN?	1	
*OPC *OPC?	1	
*RCL <reg_num></reg_num>	1	
*RST	1	
*SAV <reg_num></reg_num>	1	
*SRE <data> *SRE?</data>	1	
*STB?	1	
*TRG	1	
*TST?	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
*WAI	1	
Calibration Subsystem		
:CALibration:DCFM	1	
:CALibration:IQ	-	
:CALibration:IQ:DC	-	
:CALibration:IQ:DEFault	-	
:CALibration:IQ:FULL	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STARt <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STARt?	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STOP <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STOP?	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:DC	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:DEFault	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:FULL	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STARt <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STARt?	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STOP <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STOP?	-	
Communication Subsystem		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess <number></number>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GTLocal	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig DHCP MANual	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig?	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG- = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N51xxA	Remarks
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname <string></string>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet?	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess <value></value>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess?	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:CHANnel A B	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:CHANnel?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IDN E4418B E4419B E4416A E4417A	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IDN?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TIMEout <num>[<time suffix="">]</time></num>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TIMEout?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD <number></number>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD?	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO ON OFF	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO?	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:RESet	-	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT <value></value>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT?	-	
Diagnostic Subsystem		
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:BOARds?	-	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:ATTenuator?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:PON?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:DISPlay:OTIMe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:LICense:AUXiliar y?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:LICense:WAVeform ?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions:DETail?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OTIMe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:REVision?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:SDATe?	✓	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:WLICense[:VAL ue]? <waveformtype></waveformtype>	\	
Memory Subsystem		
:MEMory:CATalog:BINary?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:BIT?	_	
:MEMory:CATalog:CDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:DMOD?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:DWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FIR?	-	-

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:MEMory:CATalog:FSK?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:IQ?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:LIST?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MDMod?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MDWCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MFCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MTONe?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FIR?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:RCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:SEQ?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:SHAPe?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:STATe?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:UFLT?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:UPC?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:UWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:COPY[:NAME] <"filename">,<"filename">	1	
:MEMory:DATA <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MEMory:DATA? <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:DATA:APPend <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MEMory:DATA:BIT <"filename">, <bit_count>, <datablock> :MEMory:DATA:BIT? <"filename"></datablock></bit_count>	_	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:FIR <"filename">,osr,coefficient{,coefficient} :MEMory:DATA:FIR? <"filename"></pre>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:FSK <"filename">,num_states,f0,f0,[,diff_state, num_diff_states,diff0,diff1,] :MEMory:DATA:FSK? <"filename">	_	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM[1] 2 3 4:FILE:BLOCk <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM[1] 2 3 4:FILE:LIST <"filename">, <uint8>[,<uint8>,<>]</uint8></uint8>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:IQ <"filename">,offsetQ,num_states,i0,q0,i1,q1, .[,diff_state,num_diff_states,diff0,diff1,]	-	
:MEMory:DATA:IQ? <"filename">	-	
:MEMory:DATA:SHAPe <"filename">,num_rise_points,rp0,rp1,num_fa ll_points,fp0,fp1, :MEMory:DATA:SHAPe? <"filename">		
:MEMory:DATA:UNPRotected <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	-	
:MEMory:DELete:ALL	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BINary	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BIT	-	
:MEMory:DELete:CDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:DMOD	-	
:MEMory:DELete:DWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FCDMa	_	
:MEMory:DELete:FIR	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FSK	-	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:MEMory:DELete:IQ	-	
:MEMory:DELete:LIST	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MDMod	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MDWCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MFCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MTONe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:RCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:SEQ	-	
:MEMory:DELete:SHAPe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:STATe	1	
:MEMory:DELete:UFLT	1	
:MEMory:DELete:UPC	-	
:MEMory:DELete:UWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete[:NAME] <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:FREE[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:LOAD:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:MOVE <src_file>,<dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	
:MEMory:SIZE? <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent <reg_num>,<seq_num>,<"comment"></seq_num></reg_num>	1	
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent? <reg_num>,<seq_num></seq_num></reg_num>	1	
:MEMory:STORe:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:CATalog? <"msus">	1	
:MMEMory:COPY <"filename">,<"filename">	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:MMEMory:DATA <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MMEMory:DATA? <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:DELete:NVWFm	1	
:MMEMory:DELete:WFM	-	
:MMEMory:DELete:WFM1	-	
:MMEMory:DELete[:NAME] <"filename">, [<"msus">]	1	
:MMEMory:HEADer:CLEar <filename></filename>	1	
:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription <"filename">, < "description">	1	
:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription? <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:LOAD:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:MOVE <src_file>, <dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	
:MMEMory:STORe:LIST <"filename">	1	
Output Subsystem		
:OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO?	1	
:OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe]?	1	
:OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe]?	1	
:OUTPut:SETTled:POLarity NORMal INVerted :OUTPut:SETTled:POLarity?	-	
:OUTPut:SETTled:RFOFf NORMal INVerted :OUTPut:SETTled:RFOFf?	-	
:OUTPut:SETTled[:STATe]?	-	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:OUTPut[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:OUTPut[:STATe]?		
Route Subsystem		
:ROUTe:HARDware:DGENerator:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Status Subsystem		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:ENABle?		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:NTRansition?		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:PTRansition?		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle?		
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?		
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?		
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:PRESet	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle?</value>	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	_	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation[:EVENt]?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	1	
System Subsystem		
:SYSTem:ALTernate <reg num=""></reg>	1	
:SYSTem:ALTernate? [MAXimum MINimum]		
:SYSTem:ALTernate:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
:SYSTem:ALTernate:STATe?		
:SYSTem:CAPability?	1	
:SYSTem:DATE <year>,<month>,<day></day></month></year>	1	
:SYSTem:DATE?		
:SYSTem:ERRor:SCPI[:SYNTax] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor:SCPI[:SYNTax]?		
:SYSTem:ERROr[:NEXT]?	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:SYSTem:FILEsystem:SAFEmode ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:FILEsystem:SAFEmode	-	
:SYSTem:HELP:MODE SINGle	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: CONTinuous Supported but the following query is not supported: :SYSTem:HELP:MODE?
:SYSTem:IDN "string"	1	
:SYSTem:LANGuage "SCPI" "COMP" "8648" "8662" "8663" "GT9000S" " GT900" :SYSTem:LANGuage?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: "8340" "8360" "83712" "83732" "83752" "8757"
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:BAND WR15 WR12 WR10 WR8 WR6 WR5 WR3 :SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:BAND?	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:MULTiplier <val> :SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:MULTiplier?</val>	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STARt <val> :SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STARt?</val>	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STOP <val> :SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STOP?</val>	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:SELect ON OFF NONE REAR FRONt :SYSTem:OEMHead:SELect?	-	
:SYSTem:OPT "string"	1	
:SYSTem:PON:TYPE PRESet LAST :SYSTem:PON:TYPE?	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:SYSTem:PRESet	1	Always performs the same action as the Preset hardkey. For related Preset hardkey information, refer to ":SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?" on page 360
:SYSTem:PRESet:ALL	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage "SCPI" "COMP" "8662" "8663" "GT90005" "GT900" :SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: "8340" "8360" "83712" "83732" "83752" "8757"
:SYSTem:PRESet:PERSistent	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:PN9 NORMal QUICk :SYSTem:PRESet:PN9?	-	
:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?	/	This command toggles the Preset hardkey state between factory- and user-defined conditions. The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST. NOTE If the Preset hardkey is not responding correctly, using the SCPI command: :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal will return the Preset hardkey to its default factory behavior.
:SYSTem:PRESet[:USER]:SAVE	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay ON OFF {1} 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted ON OFF {1} 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:ERASeall	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel {NONE} ERASe OVERwrite SANitize :SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:OVERwrite	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:SANitize	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay <value> :SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay?</value>	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE LIGHt TEXT :SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE?	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe ON OFF :SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe?	1	
:SYSTem:TIME <hour>,<minute>,<second> :SYSTem:TIME?</second></minute></hour>	1	
:SYSTem:VERSion?	1	
Trigger Subsystem		
:ABORt	1	
:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON OFF 1 0 :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL]?	1	
:INITiate[:IMMediate][:ALL]	1	
:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity POSitive NEGative :TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity?	1	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe POSitive NEGative :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe?	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce BUS IMMediate EXTernal KEY	1	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce?		
:TRIGger[:SEQuence][:IMMediate]	1	
[:SOURce]:TSWeep	1	
Unit Subsystem		
:UNIT:POWer DBM DBUV DBUVEMF V VEMF DB :UNIT:POWer?	1	
Amplitude Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRemen t] <num></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:AM:MODE DEEP	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:MODE NORMal	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance <50 600>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate <value><unit></unit></value>	_	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate:AMPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate:AMPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported:
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:SHAPe		"TRIangle" "SQUare" "RAMP" "NOISe" "DUALsine" "SWEPtsine"
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe GAUSsian UNIForm	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP POSitive NEGative	_	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:POLarity NORMal INVerted	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:POLarity?		
[:SOURCe]:AM[1] 2:SOURCe	<	The Agilent MXG accepts the EXT2 parameter
INT[1] INT2 EXT[1] EXT2 [:SOURce]: AM[1] 2:SOURce?		but only has a single external output and selects EXT on the signal generator if EXT2 is used.
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATe?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:TYPE LINear EXPonential [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:TYPE?	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:SENSitivity <value> [:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:SENSitivity?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2 [:DEPTh]:EXPonential <val> [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2 [:DEPTh]:EXPonential?</val>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear] <value><unit> UP DOWN [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear]?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear]:TRACk?	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit> [:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement]?</unit></value></pre>	1	
Frequency Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer? [MAXimum MINimum]</freq></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND NBASe NMOBile BPGSm MPGSm BEGSm MEGSm BRGSm MR GSm GM450 M480 M850 B450 B480 B850BDCS MDCS BP CS MPCS B8 M8 B15 M15 B390 B420 B460 B915 M380 M410 M450 M870 PHS DECT	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer <number> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer?</number>	_	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe]?	_	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:FIXed <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:FIXed?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MANual <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MANual?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE FIXed CW SWEep LIST	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe ON OFF	\	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:SET	<	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN? [MAXimum MINimum]		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:FIXed]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:FIXed]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:PHASe:REFerence	1	
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust] <value><unit> [:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust]?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:DEFaults	-	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:EXTernal	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:EXTernal?		
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:INTernal <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:INTernal?		
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce?	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO?		
Frequency Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance <50 600>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance?		
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRemen t] <num></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE [:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate:AMPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate:AMPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe GAUSsian UNIForm	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP POSitive NEGative	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS [:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] INT2 EXT[1] EXT2	1	The Agilent MXG accepts the EXT2 parameter but only has a single external output and
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:SOURce?		selects EXT on the signal generator if EXT2 is used.
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:STATe?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2 [:DEViation]?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk?		
List/Sweep Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:LIST:CPOint?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection UP DOWN	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:POINts?	\	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:TYPE LIST STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency:POINts?	\	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual <value> UP DOWN</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE AUTO MANual	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer:POINts?	\	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace ON OFF 0 1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce BUS IMMediate EXTernal KEY	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE LIST STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:FSTep	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:PRESet	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE MASTer SLAVe	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CPOint?	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWELl <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWELl?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration ANALog STEPped	1	Command accepted without error but does
[:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration?		nothing.
[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO MANual	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:SPACing LINear LOGarithmic	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:SPACing?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME 10mS - 99S	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:AUTO ON OFF 0 1	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:AUTO?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:COMP:AUTO ON OFF 0 1	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:COMP:AUTO?		
Phase Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal [1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate:AMPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTern ate:AMPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRemen t]	1	
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRemen t]?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:BANDwidth BWIDth NORMal HIGH	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:BANDwidth BWIDth?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1]:COUPling AC DC	<	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1]:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance <50 600>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe GAUSsian UNIForm	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP POSitive NEGative	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		SWEPtsine
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] INT2 EXT[1] EXT2	1	The Agilent MXG accepts the EXT2 parameter but only has a single external output and
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:SOURce?		selects EXT on the signal generator if EXT2 is used.
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk?		
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
Power Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth <num>[freq suffix]</num>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth:AUTO?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel <value>dB</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch ON OFF 1 0 ONCE	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence FIXed MODulated MANual MODulated	1	Supported on the N5162/82A only.
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel <value> [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel?</value>	1	Supported on the N5162A/82A Only.
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:POINts <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:POINts?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STARt <value><units></units></value>	/	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STARt?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:TYPE FULL USER	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal DIODe [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce?	1	Supported on the N5183A only. But the following parameter is not supported: MMHead.

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling (0dB-32dB)	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE FIXed LIST SWEep	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]]?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]:STEP[:INCRement] <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
Pulse Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal INVerted	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay <delay> UP DOWN</delay>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay? [UP DOWN]		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay:STEP <step></step>	\	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay:STEP?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency <frequency> MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</frequency>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:STEP[:INC Rement] <freq> MAXimum MINimum DEFault</freq>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:STEP[:INC Rement]? [MIN MAX DEF]		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod <period> MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</period>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement] <step> UP DOWN</step>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth <width></width>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth:STEP <step> DEFault MAXimum MINimum</step>	1		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth:STEP?			
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce INT EXT	1	Supported but the following parameters are	
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce?		not supported: SCALar	
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INTernal SQUare FRUN TRIGgered DOUBlet GATEd	1		
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INTernal?			
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1		
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe?			
Digital Function Commands			
All Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ALL:OFF	1		
AWGN ARB Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:AWGN	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
AWGN Real Time Subsystem (This subsystem is auppor	rted on	the N5162A/82A only.)	
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:BWIDth <val> [:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:BWIDth?</val>	1		
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT[:STATe]?	1		
Custom Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:CUSTom:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
Dmodulation Subsystem (This subsystem supported on the N5162A/82A only.)			
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer RNYQuist NYQuist GAUSsian RECTangle IS95 IS 95_EQ IS95_MOD IS95_MOD_EQ WCDMa AC4Fm IS20 00SR3DS UGGaussian "user FIR" [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer?	1		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:ALPHa <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:ALPHa?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:BBT	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:CHANnel EVM ACP [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:FILTer:CHANnel ?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:HEADer:CLEar	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:HEADer:SAVE	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FI LTer 40e6 THRough [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FI LTer?	1	Command accepted on the N5162A/82A without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FI LTer:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FI LTer:AUTO?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation: ATTen <val><unit> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation: ATTen?</unit></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation: ATTen:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation: ATTen:AUTO?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation: FILTer 2.1e6 40e6 THRough [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation: FILTer?	1	Command accepted on the N5162A/82A without error but does nothing.

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation: FILTer:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:IQ:MODulation: FILTer:AUTO?	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:A AMPlitude {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:A AMPlitude?	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:A LCHold {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:A LCHold?	>	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe?	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:ASK [:DEPTh] <0% - {100%}> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:ASK [:DEPTh]?	✓	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:FSK [:DEViation] <val><unit> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation:FSK [:DEViation]?</unit></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation[:TY PE] ASK BPSK QPSK IS95QPSK GRAYQPSK OQPSK IS95OQPS K P4DQPSK PSK8 PSK16 D8PSK EDGE MSK FSK2 FSK4 FSK8 FSK16 C4FM QAM4 QAM16 QAM32 QAM64 QAM128 QAM256 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MODulation[:TY PE]?	<	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MPOLarity:MARK er1 2 3 4 NEGative {POSitive} [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:MPOLarity:MARK er1 2 3 4?	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence:EXTe rnal:FREQuency <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence:EXTe rnal:FREQuency?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence[:SOU Rce] INTernal EXTernal [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:REFerence[:SOU Rce]?	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:RETRigger ON OFF IMMediate [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:RETRigger?</pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SCLock:RATE <1Hz - 1.0e8 kHz {1.0e8 kHz}> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SCLock:RATE?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup GSM NADC PDC PHS DECT AC4Fm ACQPsk CDPD PWT ED GE TETRa MCARrier "file name" [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier (GSM NADC PDC PHS DECT AC4Fm ACQPsk CDPD PWT E DGE TETRa, <num carriers="">,<freq spacing="">) "file name" [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier ?</freq></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier :PHASe {FIXed} RANDom [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier :PHASe?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier :STORe "file name"	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier :TABLe INIT APPend <carrier_num>,GSM NADC PDC PHS DEC T AC4Fm ACQPsk CDPD PWT EDGE TETRa "file name",<freq_offset>,<power> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier :TABLe?</power></freq_offset></carrier_num>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:MCARrier:TABLe:NCARriers?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SETup:STORe "file name"	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SRATe <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:SRATe?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE :CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE TRIGger RESet [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE :CONTinuous[:TYPE]?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous SINGle GATE [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:G ATE LOW HIGH [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:G ATE?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e] KEY BUS EXT [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e]?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e]:EXTernal:DELay <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e]:EXTernal:DELay?</value>	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG- = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive NEGative [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e]:EXTernal:SLOPe?	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1 EPT2 EPTRIGGER1 EPTRIGGER2 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURc e]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?</pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB[:STATe]?	1	
Digital Subsystem		
:DIGital	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Digital Modulation Subsystem (This subsystem support	ed on	the N5162A/82A only.)
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:FILTer 40e6 THRough	1	Commands are accepted without error by the signal generator, but no action occurs. But the following query is not supported: [:SOURCe]:DM:EXTernal:FILTer?
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:FILTer:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	Supported but the following query is not supported: [:SOURCe]:DM:EXTernal:FILTer:AUTO?
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal INVert INVerted	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:POLarity?		
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:SOURce EXTernal INTernal BBG1 OFF SUM	✓	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: BBG2 BBG3 BBG4 EXT600
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:SOURce?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:DELay	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:DELay?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:DELay:EVENt s ON OFF 1 0	<	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:DELay:EVENt s?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:SKEW:PATH {RF} BB	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:SKEW:PATH?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:SKEW[:DELay] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:BBG[1] 2:SKEW[:DELay]?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:COFFset	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:COFFset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DIOFfset	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DIOFfset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DQOFfset	<	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:DQOFfset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IOFFset	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IOFFset?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IQATten	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:IQATten?		
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:QOFFset	\	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:EXTernal:QOFFset?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:GAIN? [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:GAIN[1 2] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:IOFFset <value><unit> [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:IOFFset?</unit></value></pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QOFFset <value><unit> [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QOFFset?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QSKew <value><unit> [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment:QSKew?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:DM:IQADjustment[:STATe]?	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen <value><unit> [:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen:AUTO?	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen:EXTernal DEFault MANual MEASure [:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen:EXTernal?</pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen:EXTernal:LEVel <value> <volt_units></volt_units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen:EXTernal:LEVel? [:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen:EXTernal:LEVel:M EASurement	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen:OPTimize:BANDwid th <value> <bw_rate_units> [:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:ATTen:OPTimize:BANDwid th?</bw_rate_units></value>	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:FILTer THRough	1	Supported but the following query generates an error: -113, Undefined header: [:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:FILTer?
[:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:FILTer:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 2.1e6 40e6 [:SOURce]:DM:MODulation:FILTer:AUTO?	1	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. (An error -113, Undefined header will be displayed on the signal generator.)
[:SOURce]:DM:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal INVert INVerted [:SOURce]:DM:POLarity?	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:SKEW:PATH RF BB	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:SKEW:PATH?		
[:SOURce]:DM:SKEW[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:DM:SKEW[:STATe]?	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:SOURce[1] 2 EXTernal INTernal BBG1 OFF [:SOURce]:DM:SOURce?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: BBG2 BBG3 BBG4 EXT600
[:SOURce]:DM:SRATio <value><unit> [:SOURce]:DM:SRATio?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:DM:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:WDM:IQADjustment:IOFFset <val><unit> [:SOURce]:WDM:IQADjustment:IOFFset?</unit></val>	-	
[:SOURce]:WDM:IQADjustment:QOFFset <val><unit> [:SOURce]:WDM:IQADjustment:QOFFset?</unit></val>	-	
[:SOURce]:WDM:IQADjustment:QSKew <val><unit> [:SOURce]:WDM:IQADjustment:QSKew?</unit></val>	-	
[:SOURce]:WDM:IQADjustment[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:WDM:IQADjustment[:STATe]?	-	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:WDM:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:WDM:STATe?	-	
Display Subsystem		
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT DBM DBUV DBUVEMF V VEMF DB	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT?		
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat MDY DMY :DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat?	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe]?	1	
:DISPlay:BRIGhtness <value> :DISPlay:BRIGhtness?</value>	1	
:DISPlay:CAPTure	1	
:DISPlay:CONTrast <value> :DISPlay:CONTrast?</value>	1	
:DISPlay:INVerse ON OFF 1 0	1	Supported but the following query is not supported: :DISPlay:INVerse?
:DISPlay:REMote ON OFF 1 0 :DISPlay:REMote?	1	
:DISPlay:MENU[:NAME] AM FMPM SWEep UTILity PULSe LFOut FREQuency AM PLitude SAVE RECall IQ MUX MODE MODesetup BERT BGSM BEDGe	-	
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe]?	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
Dual ARB Subsystem (This subsystem supported on the	N516	2A/82A only.)
[:SOURce]:RADio2:ARB:VCO:INTernal:SOURce:BBG1 ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio2:ARB:VCO:INTernal:SOURce:BBG1?		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:BASEband:FREQuency:OFFSet <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:BASEband:FREQuency:OFFSet?		
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:CLIPping "filename",IJQ IORQ,<10-100%>[,<10-100%>]</pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:DACS:ALIGn	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:GENerate:SINE ["filename"],[<osr>],[<scale>],[I Q {IQ}]</scale></osr>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HEADer:CLEar	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:HEADer:NOISe:RMS:OVERride <"filename">, <rms:0 -<br="">1.414213562373095> UNSPecified [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:HEADer:NOISe:RMS:OVERride? <"filename"></rms:0>	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HEADer:RMS <"filename">, <rms:0 -<br="">1.414213562373095> UNSPecified</rms:0>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HEADer:RMS? <"filename">		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:HEADer:SAVE	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer 40e6 THRough	1	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. But the following query is not supported and generates an ERROR: -113, Undefined header:
		[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer?

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. But the following query is not supported and generates an ERROR: -113, Undefined header: [:SOURCe]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILT er:AUTO?
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUT O ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:AUT 0?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer 2.1e6 40e6 THRough	1	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. But the following query is not supported and generates an ERROR: -113, Undefined header: [:SOURCe]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FI LTer?
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer:AU TO ON OFF 1 0	1	Commands are accepted by the signal generator, but no action is taken. But the following query is not supported and generates an ERROR: -113, Undefined header: [:SOURCe]:RADio[1]:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FI LTer:AUTO?
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MARKer:CLEar "filename", <mkr(1 2="" 3="" 4)="" ="">, <first_point>, <last_ point=""></last_></first_point></mkr(1>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MARKer:CLEar:ALL "filename", <mkr(1 2 3 4)></mkr(1 2 3 4)>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MARKer:ROTate "filename", <rotate_count></rotate_count>	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MARKer:[SET] "filename", <mkr(1 2 3 4)>, <first_point>, <last_ point="">, <skip_count></skip_count></last_></first_point></mkr(1 2 3 4)></pre>	✓	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4	<	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1 NEGative {POSitive}	\	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer2 NEGative {POSitive}	<	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer2?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer3 NEGative {POSitive}	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer3?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer4 NEGative {POSitive}	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer4?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:BFACtor <1 - 2 {1}>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:BFACtor?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth <1Hz-80Mhz {1Hz}>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:CBWidth?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:CN <-100dB - 100dB {0dB}>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe:CN?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG- = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe[:STATe] ON {OFF} 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:NOISe[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQ uency <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:FREQ uency?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:RETRigger ON OFF IMMediate	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:RETRigger?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:RSCaling <1%-100%>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:RSCaling?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:SCALing "filename",<1%-100%>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:SCLock:RATE <1Hz - 100MHz {100MHz}> [:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:SCLock:RATE?	1	Agilent MXG range is 1 kHz - 125 MHz with a default of 125 MHz.
[:SOURCe]:RADIO[1]:ARB:SCHOCK:RATE? [:SOURce]:RADIO[1]:ARB:SEQuence[:MWAVeform] <filename>, <waveform>, <reps>, NONE M1 M2 M3 M4 M1M2 M1M3 M1M4 M2M3 M2M4 M3M4 M1M2M3 M1M2M4 M1 M3M4 M2M3M4 M1M2M3M4 ALL, { , <waveform>, <reps>, N ONE M1 M2 M3 M4 M1M2 M1M3 M1M4 M2M3 M2M4 M3M4 M1M2M3 M1M2M4 M1M3M4 M2M3M4 M1M2M3M4 ALL, } [:SOURce]:RADIo[1]:ARB:SEQuence[:MWAVeform]? <filename></filename></reps></waveform></reps></waveform></filename>	✓	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous SINGle GATE SADVance [:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE?	1	
[.555.65]12010[1]1110.11115901.11111.		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous [:TYPE] FREE TRIGger RESet	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous [:TYPE]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE LOW HIGH	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance:S ORDer LINear DYNamic	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance:SORDer?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance:T HOFf ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance:T HOFf?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance[: TYPE] SINGle CONTinuous	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger:TYPE:SADVance[:TYPE]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY BUS EXT	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: DELay:SAMPles <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: DELay:SAMPles?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTern al:DELay:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTern al:DELay:STATe?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: DELay[:TIME] <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal: DELay[:TIME]?</value></pre>	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTern al:SLOPe POSitive NEGative	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTern al:SLOPe?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTern al[:SOURce] EPT1 EPT2 EPTRIGGER1 EPTRIGGER2	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTern al[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:VCO:CLOCk:RATE?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:VCO:CLOCk[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:VCO:CLOCk[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:WAVeform "WFM1:filename" "SEQ:filename"	-	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:WAVeform?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:WAVeform:NHEaders "WFM1:filename" "SEQ:filename"	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB:WAVeform:NHEaders?		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ARB[:STATe]?		
Multi-Tone Subsystem (This subsystem supported on th	e N516	52A/82A only.)
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:HEADer:CLEar	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:HEADer:SAVE	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer 40e6 THRough	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer?		

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer:A UTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:EXTernal:FILTer:A UTO?	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen <val><unit> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen?</unit></val></pre>	1	
:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen:A UTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:ATTen: AUTO?	1	
:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer 2.1e6 40e6 THRough [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer ?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer :AUTO ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:IQ:MODulation:FILTer :AUTO?	√	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:ALCHold ?	✓	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe {NONE} M1 M2 M3 M4 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MDEStination:PULSe?	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1 2 3 4 NEGative {POSitive} [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:MPOLarity:MARKer1 2 3 4?</pre>	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:F REQuency <value> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence:EXTernal:F REQuency?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:REFerence[:SOURce]?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SCLock:RATE <1Hz - 100MHz {100MHz}> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SCLock:RATE?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup <filename> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup?</filename>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:STORe "file name" [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe <freq_spacing>,<num_tones>{,<phase>,<state>} [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe?</state></phase></num_tones></freq_spacing>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:FSPacing <freq_spacing> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:FSPacing ?</freq_spacing>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:NTONes <num_tones> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:NTONes?</num_tones>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:IN ITialize FIXed RANDom [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:IN ITialize?	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:IN ITialize:SEED FIXed RANDom [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:PHASe:IN ITialize:SEED?	1	

Table 8-3 E8257D/67D, E8247C/57C/67C, E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:ROW <row_number>,<power>,<phase>,<state> [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:SETup:TABLe:ROW? <row_number></row_number></state></phase></power></row_number>	1	
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB[:STATe]?	1	

8648A/B/C/D Compatible Commands

Selecting the Programming Language

NOTE Compatibility is provided for GPIB only; USB and LAN are *not* supported.

The Agilent MXG has only one AM path, one internal source, and one dedicated external source for AM. AM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

INT2 and EXT2 source selections are accepted by the signal generator, but are equivalent to selecting INT[1] and EXT[1], respectively.

When using the programming codes in this section, you must set the remote programming language to the correct language format.

• On the front-panel, press the following keys:

```
Utility > I/O Config > GPIB Setup > Remote Language > 8648A/B/C/D or
```

• Execute the SCPI command :SYSTem:LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A) found on page 325.

To keep the remote language choice so that it does not reset with either preset, instrument power cycle, or *RST, perform the following.

• On the front-panel, press the following keys:

```
Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language > 8648A/B/C/D or
```

• Execute the SCPI command :PRESet:LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A) found on page 324.

To set the *IDN? response to match the remote language setting, use the command :SYSTem:IDN located in "Changing the Signal Generator Identification String" on page 323.

Table 8-4 8648A/B/C/D Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
System Function Commands		
IEEE Common Commands		
*CLS?	1	
*ESE <dec. data="" num.=""> *ESE?</dec.>	1	
*IDN?	1	
*OPC *OPC?	1	
*RCL <reg_num>[,<seq_num>]</seq_num></reg_num>	1	
*RST?	1	
*SAV <reg_num>[,<seq_num>]</seq_num></reg_num>	1	
*SRE <dec. data="" num.=""> *SRE?</dec.>	1	
*STB?	1	
*TST?	1	
*WAI?	1	
Status Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:PAGing:CONDition ?	-	
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:PAGing:ENABle <nr1> [:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:PAGing:ENABle?</nr1>	-	
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:PAGing:EVENt?	-	
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:CONDition?	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle <nr1> [:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle?</nr1></pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:EVENt?	1	

Table 8-4 8648A/B/C/D Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:CONDition?	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABl e <nr1> [:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABl e?</nr1></pre>	-	
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:EVENt ?	-	
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:FEXT ension[:EVENt]?	1	
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:FEXT ension:CONDition?	1	
[:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENAB le <nr1> [:SOURce]:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENAB le?</nr1>	1	
System Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:SYSTem:LANGuage "COMP" "SCPI" [:SOURce]:SYSTem:LANGuage?	1	
[:SOURce]:SYSTem:ERRor?	1	
[:SOURce]:SYSTem:VERSion?	1	
Analog Function Commands		
Amplitude Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:OUTPut:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:OUTPut:STATe?	\	
[:SOURce]:POWer:AMPLitude <value><units> [:SOURce]:POWer:AMPLitude?</units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON OFF [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO?	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence <value><units> [:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence?</units></value>	1	

Table 8-4 8648A/B/C/D Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe?	1	
Frequency Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CW <value><units> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CW?</units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence <value><units> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence?</units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe?	1	
Amplitude Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:AM:DEPTh <value>PCT [:SOURce]:AM:DEPTh?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal2:FREQuency <value><units> [:SOURce]:AM:INTernal2:FREQuency?</units></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINe TRIangle SQUare SAW [:SOURce]:AM:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe?	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:AM:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:SOURce INTernal[1]	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: INTernal2
[:SOURce]:AM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal EX	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency 1kHz [:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency 400Hz	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal:COUPling AC DC [:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal:COUPling?	1	
Frequency Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:CALibration:DCFM	1	

Table 8-4 8648A/B/C/D Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FM:DEViation <value>kHz [:SOURce]:FM:DEViation?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:FM:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:SOURce INTernal[1]	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: 2
[:SOURce]:FM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal [:SOURce]:FM:SOURce?	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency 1kHz [:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency 400Hz [:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency?	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal2:FREQuency <value><units> [:SOURce]:FM:INTernal2:FREQuency?</units></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINe [:SOURce]:FM:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe?	-	
[:SOURce]:FM:EXTernal:COUPling AC DC [:SOURce]:FM:EXTernal:COUPling?	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe TRIangle SQUare SAW [:SOURce]:FM:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe?	-	
Phase Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PM:DEViation <value>RAD [:SOURce]:PM:DEViation?</value>	1	
[:SOURCe]:PM:STATe ON OFF [:SOURCe]:PM:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:PM:SOURce INTernal[1]	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: 2
[:SOURce]:PM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1	
[:SOURce]:PM:SOURce?	1	

Table 8-4 8648A/B/C/D Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency 1kHz [:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency 400Hz	1	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency? [:SOURce]:PM:INTernal2:FREQuency <value><units> [:SOURce]:PM:INTernal2:FREQuency?</units></value></pre>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINe TRIangle SQUare SAW [:SOURce]:PM:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe?	-	
[:SOURce]:PM:EXTernal:COUPling AC DC [:SOURce]:PM:EXTernal:COUPling?	1	
Pulse Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:PULM:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:INITiate:IMMediate	1	Supported but without the [:SOURce] command. Including :SOUR will generate an "Error -113: Undefined header" on the Agilent MXG.
[:SOURce]:ABORt	1	Supported but without the [:SOURce] command. Including :SOUR will generate an "Error -113: Undefined header" on the Agilent MXG.
[:SOURce]:TRIGger:COUNt <value> [:SOURce]:TRIGger:COUNt?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FORMat FSK2 FSK4 [:SOURce]:DM:FORMat?	-	
[:SOURCe]:DM:STATe ON OFF [:SOURCe]:DM:STATe?	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:DEViation <value> [:SOURce]:DM:DEViation?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:POLarity NORMal INVert [:SOURce]:DM:POLarity?	_	

Table 8-4 8648A/B/C/D Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:FILTer:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:DM:FILTer:STATe?	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:SELect POCS FLEX FTD RESY PN15 [:SOURce]:PAGing:SELect?	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD PN15}:RATE <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD PN15}:RATE?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:MESSage:SELec t <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:MESSage:SELec t?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:MESSage:DEFin e "string" [:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:MESSage:DEFin e?</pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:MESSage:LENGt h <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:MESSage:LENGt h?</value></pre>	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:ARBitrary:DEF ine <value>,<val(n)></val(n)></value>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:ARBitrary:STA Rt <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:ARBitrary:STA Rt?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:ARBitrary:STO P <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{POCS FLEX FTD}:ARBitrary:STO P?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:TYPE TONE NUMeric ALPHanumeric HBINary [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:TYPE?</pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:VECTor STANdard SPECial NUMBered [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:VECTor?</pre>	-	

Table 8-4 8648A/B/C/D Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG- = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:NUMBered <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:NUMBered?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:CYCLe <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:CYCLe?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:FRAMe <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:FRAMe?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:CCOunt?	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:FCOunt?	1	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:PHASe A B C D [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:PHASe?	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:COLLapse <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:COLLapse?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:CODE <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:CODE?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ATYPe SHORt LONG [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ATYPe?	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ADDRess{1 2} <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ADDRess{1 2}?</value></pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ISTop:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ISTop:STATe?	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:HEADer:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:HEADer:STATe?</pre>	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:TERMinator:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:TERMinator:STATe?	_	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:VECTor STANdard SPECial NUMBered [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:VECTor?	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:HBINary BIT1 BIT7 BIT8 BIT14 BIT16 [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:HBINary?</pre>	_	

Table 8-4 8648A/B/C/D Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:DCAL:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:DCAL:STATe?	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:DCAL:ADDress{1 2} <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:DCAL:ADDress{1 2}?</value></pre>	ı	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SELect NONE SSID NID [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SELect?</pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:LID <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:LID?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:CZONe <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:CZONe ?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:CCODe <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:CCODe ?</value></pre>		
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:TMF <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:TMF?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:FOFF <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:SSID:FOFF?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:ADDRes s <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:ADDRes s?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:AREA <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:AREA?</value></pre>	_	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:MULTip lier <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:MULTip lier?</value></pre>	_	

Table 8-4 8648A/B/C/D Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG - = Not supported by Agilent MXG 	N51xxA	Remarks
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:TMF <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:TMF?</value></pre>	ı	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:FOFF <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:{FLEX FTD}:ROAMing:NID:FOFF?</value></pre>	-	
<pre>[:SOURce]:PAGing:FTD:REFerence <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:FTD:REFerence?</value></pre>	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:FTD:RCO?	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:POCS:TYPE TONE NUMeric ALPHanumeric ALPH7 ALPH8 [:SOURce]:PAGing:POCS:TYPE?	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:POCS:CODE <value> [:SOURce]:PAGing:POCS:CODE?</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PAGing:POCS:FUNCtion 0 1 2 3 [:SOURce]:PAGing:POCS:FUNCtion?	-	

8656B, 8657A/B/D Programming Codes

Programming Codes

NOTE Compatibility is provided for GPIB only; USB and LAN are *not* supported.

When using the programming codes in this section, you must set the remote programming language to the correct language format.

• On the front-panel, press the following keys:

```
Utility > 1/0 Config > Remote Language > More > 8656B, 8657A/B or
```

• Execute the SCPI command :SYSTem:LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A) found on page 325.

To keep the remote language choice so that it does not reset with either preset, instrument power cycle, or *RST, perform the following.

• On the front-panel, press the following keys:

```
Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language > More > 8656B, 8657A/B or
```

• Execute the SCPI command :PRESet:LANGuage (N5161A/62A/81A/82A) found on page 324.

To set the *IDN? response to match the remote language setting, use the command :SYSTem:IDN located in "Changing the Signal Generator Identification String" on page 323.

Compatible Codes

8656B, 8657A/B/D/J Codes ^a	Description	Equivalent SCPI Command Syntax
AM	Amplitude Modulation	[:SOURce]:AM[1][:DEPTh][:LINear] <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>
		For additional commands, refer to, "S1, S2, or S3 used with AM" on page 454
AO	Amplitude Offset	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][IMMediate]: OFFSet <value><unit></unit></value>
AP	Amplitude (carrier)	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude] <value><unit></unit></value>
DB	Unit used with the power command	DB
DF	Unit used with the power command	DB
DM	Unit used with the power command	DBM
DN	Step Down	No equivalent SCPI command
ЕМ	Unit used with the power command	EMF
FM	Frequency Modulation	[:SOURce]:FM[1][:DEViation] <value><unit></unit></value>
		For additional commands, refer to, "S1, S2, or S3 used with FM" on page 455.
FR	Frequency (carrier)	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] <value><unit></unit></value>
GT	Flexible Sequence	No equivalent SCPI command
Hz	Unit used with the frequency command	Hz
ISb	Increment Set	No equivalent SCPI command
KZ	Unit used with the frequency command	kHz
MV	Unit used with the power command	mV

8656B, 8657A/B/D/J Codes ^a	Description	Equivalent SCPI Command Syntax
MZ	Unit used with the frequency command	MHz
P0 ^c	Digital Modulation Off	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
P4 ^c	Digital Modulation On	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
PC^d	Unit used with the modulation command	PCT
PD	Phase Decrement	[:SOURce]:PHASE[:ADJust] <value><rad></rad></value>
PF	Pulse Modulation (Fast Mode)	Refer to, "PF (Pulse Modulation-Fast Mode) or PM (Pulse Modulation)" on page 454.
PI	Phase Increment	[:SOURce]:PHASE[:ADJust] <value><rad></rad></value>
PM	Pulse Modulation	[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce EXT2 [:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON
QS	Reverse Sequence	*RCL <reg></reg>
RC	Recall (0-9)	*RCL <reg></reg>
RL	Recall (0-99)	*RCL <reg></reg>
RP^e	Reverse Power Protection Reset	No equivalent SCPI command
R2	RF Off	OUTPut[:STATe] OFF
R3	RF On	OUTPut[:STATe] ON
R5	RF Dead (Full Attenuator)	OUTPut[:STATe] OFF
$_{ m SQ}$	Sequence	*RCL <reg></reg>
ST	Save (0–9)	*SAV <reg></reg>
SV	Save (0–99)	*RCL <reg></reg>
S1	External Modulation Source	Refer to, "S1, S2, or S3 used with AM" on page 454 or "S1, S2, or S3 used with FM" on page 455.
S2	Internal 400 Hz Modulation Source	Refer to, "S1, S2, or S3 used with AM" on page 454 or "S1, S2, or S3 used with FM" on page 455.
S3	Internal 1 kHz Modulation Source	Refer to, "S1, S2, or S3 used with AM" on page 454 or "S1, S2, or S3 used with FM" on page 455.

8656B, 8657A/B/D/J Codes ^a	Description	Equivalent SCPI Command Syntax
S4	Modulation Source Off	Refer to, "S4 (Modulation Source Off)" on page 456.
S5	DC FM	Refer to, "S5 (DC FM)" on page 456.
UP	Step Up	No equivalent SCPI command
UV	Unit used with the power command	UV
VL	Unit used with the power command	V
0-9	Numerals 0-9	0-9
-	Minus Sign	-
	Decimal Point	
%d	Unit used with the modulation command	PCT

a. Program codes are either upper or lower case.

Non-Compatible Codes

8656B, 8657A/B/D/J Codes	Description
НІ	HI ALC
LO	LO ALC
RO	Standby
R1	On

Command Mapping

When using the 8656B, 8657A/B/D/J-compatible programming codes, the N5161A/62A/81A/82A internally maps these codes to an equivalent SCPI response. In addition, the modulation source selections for the 8656B, 8657A/B/D/J differ from those available in the N5161A/62A/81A/82A and therefore, are mapped to a valid selection. (Refer to Table 8-5.)

b. Increment Set is implemented for frequency (FR) and amplitude (AP) only.

c. This code is used with the NADC, PDC, and PHS digital modulation.

d. Either PC or % can be used.

e. The source of reverse power must be removed.

Table 8-5

Modulation Sources		
8656B, 8657A/B/D/J	Agilent MXG Signal Generators	
AM, Internal	AM1, Internal 1	
AM, External	AM1, External 1	
FM, Internal	FM1, Internal 1	
FM, External	FM1, External 1	
AM, Internal and External	AM1, Internal 1, External 1	
FM, Internal and External	FM1, Internal 1, External 1	

NOTE The 8656, 8657A/B/D/J signal generators allow multiple modulations to use the same input; the N5161A/62A/81A/82A does not. If you configure multiple modulations on the same input, the N5161A/62A/81A/82A automatically disables the modulations.

The mapping between the 8656B, 8657A/B/D/J-compatible programming codes and the SCPI commands changes depending on the programming codes being executed. Refer to the following sections for explanations of the codes that are affected.

PF (Pulse Modulation-Fast Mode) or PM (Pulse Modulation)

The N5161A/62A/81A/82A supports only one input selection for pulse which is EXTernal 1 (PULSE connector). This is a DC-coupled input. Internal pulse modulation, therefore, is not supported in the 8656B, 8657A/B/D/J-compatible language modes. The PF or PM code is mapped to the following SCPI commands:

- [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce EXTernal1
- [:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON

S1, S2, or S3 used with AM

When the AM code is executed, the following occurs:

· AM becomes the active function.

NOTE The N5182A has only one AM channel: [1]. If AM2 is used in a SCPI command, it will be ignored and AM1 will be selected.

If AM is on, or there is no active modulation, a sequence of SCPI commands are implemented when an AM code is executed with a modulation source code. Table 8-6 shows the sequence of SCPI commands that are implemented.

Table 8-6

	AM On	No Active Modulation
S1	<pre>[:SOURce]:AM[1]:EXTernal[1]: COUPling AC [:SOURce]:AM[1]:SOURce EXTernal1</pre>	<pre>[:SOURce]:AM[1]:EXTernal[1]: COUPling AC [:SOURce]:AM[1]:SOURce EXTernal1 [:SOURce]:AM[1]:STATE ON</pre>
S2	[:SOURce]:AM[1]:SOURce INT[1] [:SOURce]:AM[1]:INTernal[1]: FREQuency 400 Hz	[:SOURce]:AM[1]:SOURce INT[1] [:SOURce]:AM[1]:INTernal[1]: FREQuency 400 Hz [:SOURce]:AM[1]:STATE ON
S3	[:SOURce]:AM[1]:SOURce INT[1] [:SOURce]:AM[1]:INTernal[1]: FREQuency 1 kHz	[:SOURCe]:AM[1]:SOURCe INT[1] [:SOURCe]:AM[1]:INTernal[1]: FREQuency 1 kHz [:SOURCe]:AM[1]:STATE ON

• If FM or pulse modulation is on, the signal generator attempts to set up AM with the same settings and turns off the other modulation.

S1, S2, or S3 used with FM

When the FM code is executed, the following occurs:

• FM becomes the active function.

If FM is on, or there is no active modulation, a sequence of SCPI commands are implemented when an FM code is executed with a modulation source code. Table 8-7 shows the sequence of SCPI commands that are implemented.

Table 8-7

	FM On	No Active Modulation
S1	[:SOURce]:FM[1]:EXTernal[1]: COUPling AC [:SOURce]:FM[1]:SOURce EXTernal1	[:SOURce]:FM[1]:EXTernal[1]: COUPling AC [:SOURce]:FM[1]:SOURce EXTernal1 [:SOURce]:FM[1]:STATE ON
S2	[:SOURce]:FM[1]:SOURce INT[1] [:SOURce]:FM[1]:INTernal[1]: FREQuency 400 Hz	[:SOURCe]:FM[1]:SOURCe INT[1] [:SOURCe]:FM[1]:INTernal[1]: FREQuency 400 Hz [:SOURCe]:FM[1]:STATE ON
S3	[:SOURce]:FM[1]:SOURce INT[1] [:SOURce]:FM[1]:INTernal[1]: FREQuency 1 kHz	[:SOURCe]:FM[1]:SOURCe INT[1] [:SOURCe]:FM[1]:INTernal[1]: FREQuency 1 kHz [:SOURCe]:FM[1]:STATE ON

• If AM or pulse modulation is on, the signal generator attempts to set up FM with the same settings and turns off the other modulation.

S4 (Modulation Source Off)

 If PM is the current active function, pulse modulation is disabled by mapping to the following command:

```
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe OFF
```

· If the last code executed is S2 or S3, internal modulation is turned off for the AM and FM:

```
[:SOURce]:AM[1]:STATe OFF
[:SOURce]:FM[1]:STATe OFF
```

• If the last code executed is S1, external modulation is turned off for the AM and FM:

```
[:SOURce]:AM[1]:STATe OFF
[:SOURce]:FM[1]:STATe OFF
```

If the current active function is AM or FM, the appropriate modulation is turned off:

```
[:SOURce]:AM[1]:STATe OFF
[:SOURce]:FM[1]:STATe OFF
```

• If S4 is executed with S1, S2, or S3, it will turn off the current modulation.

S5 (DC FM)

- · FM becomes the active function.
- In addition, the following commands are mapped:

```
[:SOURce]:FM[1]:SOURce EXTernal1
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATE OFF
[:SOURce]:AM[1]:STATE OFF
[:SOURce]:FM[1]:EXTernal[1]:COUPling DC
[:SOURce]:FM[1]:STATE ON
```

Aeroflex IFR3410 Compatible Commands

MXG and R&S Signal Generator Compatibility

The Aeroflex IFR3410 has dual RF outputs.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 8-8 MXG to IFR3410 SCPI Command Comparison

IFR3410 Command ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A/81A	N5162A/82A	REMARKS
:CALibration:IQUSer:ADJust	1	1	
:CALibration:IQUSer:MODE SPOT SPAN :CALibration:IQUSer:MODE?	1	1	Supported but the frequency unit suffix is not supported.
:CALibration:IQUSer:SPAN SPAN20 SPAN40 SPAN80 SPAN120 :CALibration:IQUSer:SPAN?	1	1	
:OUTPut[:POWer][:STATe] OFF ON 0 1 :OUTPut[:POWer][:STATe]?	1	1	
[:SOURCe]:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed] <nrf>(Hz) MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN </nrf>	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: RETurn REFerence
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]:STEP[:INCRement] <nrf>(Hz) MAXimum MINimum</nrf>	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:AM[1][:DEPTh] <nrf>(PCT) MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN </nrf>	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: RETurn REFerence
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:AM[1]:EXTernal:COUPling AC DC	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:AM[1]:INTernal:FREQuency[:FIXed] <nrf>(Hz) MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN </nrf>	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: RETurn REFerence

Table 8-8 MXG to IFR3410 SCPI Command Comparison

IFR3410 Command ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A/81A	N5162A/82A	REMARKS
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:AM[1]:INTernal:SHAPe SINE	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: SQUare TRIangle RAMP
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:AM[1]:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:AM[1]:STATe OFF ON 0 1	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:FM[1][:DEViation] <value>(Hz) MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN </value>	1	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: RETurn REFerence
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:FM[1]:EXTernal:COUPling AC DC	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:FM[1]:INTernal:FREQuency[:FIXed] <value>(Hz) MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN </value>	1	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: RETurn REFerence
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:FM[1]:INTernal:SHAPe SINE	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: SQUare TRIangle RAMP
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:FM[1]:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:FM[1]:STATe OFF ON 0 1	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:ABORt	-	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:INITiate	-	1	
[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB[:MEMory]:FORMat <wide_sectors> [:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB[:MEMory]:FORMat?</wide_sectors>	-	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:MODE SINGle CONTinuous [:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:MODE?	-	1	
[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:RMSoffset <rms_offset> [:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:RMSoffset?</rms_offset>	-	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing. Query always returns a 0.
[:SOURCe] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:TOFFset <sample_rate_offset_in_parts_per_million></sample_rate_offset_in_parts_per_million>	-	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:TOFFset?			

Table 8-8 MXG to IFR3410 SCPI Command Comparison

IFR3410 Command ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A/81A	N5162A/82A	REMARKS
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:TRIGger IMMediate STARt SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:TRIGger?	_	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: SSTOP Supported but the polarity is only positive.
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:BURSt:PRESet	-	-	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:CATalog?	-	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:CHECksum? <"filename.aiq">	-	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing. Query always returns a 1.
[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:DATA <"filename.aiq">,#blockdata	-	1	
[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:DELete:ALL	_	1	
[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:DELete[:FILE] <"filename.aiq">	-	1	
[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:DLOad <"filename.aiq">,#blockdata	-	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:FORMat	-	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:FORMat?			
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:HEADer?	_	-	
<pre>[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:SELect <"filename.aiq"> [SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:SELect?</pre>	-	1	Supported but the path is not returned, only the basename. Auto enables ARB On when waveform is downloaded.
[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:ARB:WAVeform:SUMMary? <"filename.aiq">	-	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:DIFFerential:ICHannel:OFFSet <value></value>	=	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:DIFFerential:QCHannel:OFFSet <value></value>	-	1	
[:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:STATe OFF ON 0 1 [:SOURce] [:MODulation]:IQ:STATe?	-	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:SOURce ARB EANalog [:SOURce][:MODulation]:IQ:SOURce?	-	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: DIFFerential DM EDIGital

Table 8-8 MXG to IFR3410 SCPI Command Comparison

IFR3410 Command ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A/81A	N5162A/82A	REMARKS
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:PM[1][:DEViation] <value>(rad) MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN </value>	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: RETurn REFerence
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:PM[1]:INTernal:FREQuency[:FIXed] <nrf>(Hz) MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN </nrf>	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: RETurn REFerence
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:PM[1]:INTernal:SHAPe SINE	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: SQUare TRIangle RAMP
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:PM[1]:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:PM[1]:STATe OFF ON 0 1	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:PULM:STATe OFF ON 0 1	1	1	
[:SOURce][:MODulation]:PULM:SOURce EXTernal	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: INTernal
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BW AUTO MODerate NARRow BROad [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BW?	1	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] AUTO NORMal AM FROZen SCALed	1	1	Supported but if queried, the Agilent MXG only returns a 1 or a 0.
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] <numeric_value></numeric_value>	1	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB[:SELF]:ADDRess <number></number>	1	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor:ALL?	1	1	Supported but the error codes will be Agilent MXG specific (i.e. Aeroflex error codes do not apply).
:SYSTem:ERRor:CODe:ALL?	1	1	Supported but the error codes will be Agilent MXG specific (i.e. Aeroflex error codes do not apply).
:SYSTem:ERRor:CODe[:NEXT]?	1	1	Supported but the error codes will be Agilent MXG specific (i.e. Aeroflex error codes do not apply).
:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?	1	1	Supported but the error codes will be Agilent MXG specific (i.e. Aeroflex error codes do not apply).

Table 8-8 MXG to IFR3410 SCPI Command Comparison

IFR3410 Command ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A/81A	N5162A/82A	REMARKS
:SYSTem:PRESet	1	1	
:SYSTem:SETTings:FULL:SAVE <099>	1	1	
:SYSTem:SETTings:FULL:RECall <099>	1	1	
:UNIT:VoltTYPe PD EMF :UNIT:VoltTYPe?	1	1	

Rohde & Schwartz SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Compatible Commands

MXG and R&S Signal Generator Compatibility

The R&S SMIQ, SMATE, SMU, and SMU200A have dual RF outputs.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
:ABORt	1	1	1	1	
:ABORt:LIST	1	1	1	1	
:ABORt:MSEQuence	-	-	-	-	
:ABORt[:SWEep]	1	1	1	1	
:ARB:ASET:BERT:TYPE ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:ASET:DM:IQFilter ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:ASET:DM:IQSWap ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:ASET:STATE ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:ASET:TRIGger:MODE ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:CLOCk	-	1	-	1	
:ARB:CLOCk:DELay	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:CLOCk:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:IQ:LEVel	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:IQ:LEVel:MODE MANuell AUTO	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:IQ:SKEW	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:SEQuence AUTO RETRigger AAUTo ARETrigger	-	1	-	1	
:ARB:STATe ON OFF	-	1	-	1	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
:ARB:TRIGger:DELay	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:TRIGger[:EXTernal<[1] 2>]:DELay	-	1	-	1	
:ARB:TRIGger:INHibit:POLarity POSitive NEGative	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2:DELay	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2:MODE:CATalog?	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2:MODE USER 'mode_string'	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2:OFFTime	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2:ONTime	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2:POLarity POSitive NEGative	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:TRIGger:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	-	1	-	1	
:ARB:WAVeform:CATalog?	-	1	-	1	
:ARB:WAVeform:CATalog:LENGth?	-	-	ì	ı	
:ARB:WAVeform:DATA "name", <binary block="" data=""></binary>	-	1	-	1	
:ARB:WAVeform:DELete " <name>"</name>	-	1	-	1	
:ARB:WAVeform:FREE?	-	-	ì	ı	
:ARB:WAVeform:POINts?	-	-	-	-	
:ARB:WAVeform:SELect " <name>"</name>	-	1	-	1	
:ARB:WAVeform:TAG? " <tagname>"</tagname>	-	-	-	-	
:BERT	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
:BLER	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
:CALibration[:ALL]?	1	1	1	1	
:CALibration:ALL[:MEASure]?	1	1	1	1	
:CALibration[1]:FMOFfset[:MEASure]?	1	1	1	1	Returns a 0 value when calibration is completed.
:CALibration[1]:FREQuency[:MEASure]?	1	1	1	1	Command is accepted, returns a 0, but no other action is taken in the Agilent MXG.
:CALibration:FSIM[:MEASure]?	-	_	-	-	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
:CALibration[1] 2:IQModulator:FULL?	-	1	-	1	
:CALibration:LATTenuation[:MEASure]?	_	-	-	-	
:CALibration:LEVel:DATA?	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration:LEVel:STATe ON OFF :CALibration:LEVel:STATe	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration:LFGenerator[:MEASure]?	1	1	1	1	Command is accepted but no action is taken in the Agilent MXG.
:CALibration:LFGenLevel[:MEASure]?	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration[1]:LFOutput[:MEASure]?	1	1	1	1	Command is accepted, returns a 0, but no other action is taken in the Agilent MXG.
:CALibration:LPReset[:MEASure]?	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration:LPReset:DATA?	-	_	-	-	
:CALibration:MAINloop[:MEASure]?	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration:NDSim[:MEASure]?	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration:ROSCillator[:DATA]	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration:VMODulation[:MEASure]?	1	1	1	1	
:CALibration:VSUMmation[:MEASure]?	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration:VSUMmation:DAC?	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration:VSUMmation:KOS?	-	-	-	-	
:CALibration:VSUMmation:OFFS?	-	-	-	-	
:DIAGnostic[:MEASure]:POINt?	-	_	-	-	
:DIAGnostic:CLISt:CHECksum:CALculate	-	-	-	-	
:DIAGnostic:CLISt:CHECksum:DATA?	-	-	-	-	
:DIAGnostic:CNMeasure:MODE CN CARRier NOISe	-	_	-	-	
:DIAGnostic:DLISt:CHECksum:CALculate	-	-	-	-	
:DIAGnostic:DLISt:CHECksum:DATA?	_	-	-	-	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
:DIAGnostic:INFO:CCOunt:ATTenuator1 2 3 4?	-	-	-	-	Supported but the numeric suffixes, 1/2/3/4 and
:DIAGnostic:INFO:CCOunt:ATTenuator1 2 3 4 5 6?	1	1	1	1	1/2/3/4/5/6, are ignored . Regardless of the numeric suffix used, the command alway returns the total attenuator count.
:DIAGnostic:INFO:CCOunt:POWer?	-	-	-	-	
:DIAGnostic:INFO:MODules?	-	-	-	-	
:DIAGnostic:INFO:OTIMe?	1	1	1	1	
DIAGnostic:INFO:POCounter?	1	1	1	1	
:DIAGnostic:INFO:SDATe?	-	-	-	-	
:DISPlay:ANNotation[:ALL] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:FREQuency ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:FORMat[:DATA] ASCii PACKed	-	-	-	-	
:FORMat:BORDer NORMal SWAPped	-	-	-	-	
:MEMory:NSTates?	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut[:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut2[:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut1 3[:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	Output 1-Blank output unsupported
:OUTPut[:STATe]:PON OFF UNCHanged	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut1[:STATe]:PON OFF UNCHanged	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut:AFIXed RANGe LOWer?	_	_	_	_	
:OUTPut:AFIXed RANGe UPPer?	_	_	_	_	
:OUTPut:AMODe AUTO FIXed ELECtronic	_	-	_	_	
:OUTPut2:AMODe AUTO FIXed	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut1 3:AMODe AUTO FIXed	-	-	-	-	FIXed mode not available on Output 3.

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands	14	2A	14	2A	Remarks
✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG- = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	
:OUTPut1:ATTenuation 0-110dB	-	-	-	-	Output 2 and 3 unsupported.
:OUTPut:BLANk:POLarity NORMal INVerted	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut:IMPedance?	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut1 3:IMPedance?	-	-	-	_	Always returns 50 ohms. Output 2 is not supported.
:OUTPut:PROTection:CLEar	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut:PROTection:TRIPped?	-	-	-	-	
:OUTPut3:SCALe 0.5 1	-	-	-	-	Output 1 and 2 unsupported.
:OUTPut2:VOLTage	_	-	-	-	
*RCL	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:BBANd[:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal:COUPling AC DC	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal:COUPling AC DC	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal1 2:COUPling AC DC	-	_	-	-	The Agilent MXG accepts either suffix, 1 2, to change the coupling on its single external input.
[:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal1 2:IMPedance 600 Ohm 100 kOhm	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency	1	1	1	1	Preset value is 1KHz.
[:SOURce]:AM:SOURce EXTernal INTernal	1	1	1	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: TTONE EXT, INT
[:SOURce]:AM:SOURce INTernal EXT2	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:STATe ON OFF	1	1	1	1	In the N5162A/82A, AM On does not turn off digital modulation formats.
					May need to turn on the LF Source in conjunction with this command.

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
*SAV	1	1	1	1	SMATE200A & SMIQ: The Agilent MXG supports the parameters [1-1000].
					SMJ100A: The Agilent MXG supports the parameters [0-10], where 0 is the instrument preset state.
					SMV: The Agilent MXG supports the parameters [1-100].
					SML: The Agilent MXG supports the parameters [0-50].
[:SOURce[1]]:AWGN	_	-	_	-	
[:SOURce[1]]:BB:CFACtor?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce][1]:BB:ARB:CLOCk <value> [:SOURce][1]:BB:ARB:CLOCk?</value>	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce:] [1]:BB:ARB:SEQuence AUTO RETRigger	-	1	-	1	AUTO: CONTinuous + Free Run
AAUTo ARETrigger SINGle [:SOURce:][1]:BB:ARB:SEQuence					RETRigger: CONTinuous + Reset & Run + implicit trigger
					AAUTo: CONTinuous + Trigger & Run
					ARETrigger: CONTinuous + Reset & Run
					SINGle: SINGle + Restart on Trig
[:SOURce] [1]:BB:ARB:STATE ON OFF [:SOURce] [1]:BB:ARB:STATE?	_	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]]BB:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4:MODE UNCHanged RESTart PULSe PATTern RATio	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]]:BB:ARB:TRIGger[:EXTernal[1] 2]:DELay [:SOURce[1]]:BB:ARB:TRIGger[:EXTernal[1] 2]:DELay?	-	1	-	1	Supported but applied at the current sample rate when the command is sent.
[:SOURce[1] 2]:BB:ARB:TRIGger:SOURce INTernal EXTernal BEXTernal [:SOURce[1] 2]:BB:ARB:TRIGger:SOURce?	-	1	_	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: OBASeband
					If parameters are used, they will generate a parameter error.
[:SOURce][1]:BB:ARB:WAVeform:CATalog? [<path>]</path>	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce][1]:BB:ARB:WAVeform:DATA <"filename.wv">	_	1	-	1	
[:SOURce][1]:BB:ARB:WAVeform:DELete <"filename.wv">	_	/	_	1	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce] [1]:BB:ARB:WAVeform:SELect <"filename.wv"> [:SOURce] [1]:BB:ARB:WAVeform:SELect?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]]:BB:IQOutput:SOURce A [:SOURce[1]]:BB:IQOutput:SOURce?	-	1	-	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: B Supported, but query always returns A.
[:SOURce[1]]:BB:PATH:COUNt?	-	1	-	1	Supported, but query always returns 1.
[:SOURce[1]]:BB:PGAin <value> does nothing [:SOURce[1]]:BB:PGAin?</value>	-	1	-	1	Command is accepted but no action is taken in the Agilent MXG. Supported, but query always returns 0.
[:SOURce[1]]:BB:ROUTe A [:SOURce[1]]:BB:ROUTe?	-	1	-	✓	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: B AB Supported, but query always returns A.
[:SOURCe[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:BERT:TYPE ON OFF [:SOURCe[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:BERT:TYPE?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:DM:IQFilter ON OFF 1 0 - does nothing [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:DM:IQFilter? - returns OFF	-	_	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:DM:IQSWap ON OFF 1 0 - does nothing [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:DM:IQSWap? - returns OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:STATE ON {OFF} [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:STATE?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:TRIGger:MODE ON OFF [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:ASET:TRIGger:MODE?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:CLOCk:DELay 0.0 - 0.8 (sample) [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:CLOCk:DELay?	-	1	-	1	Supported but applied at the current sample rate when the command is sent.
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:CLOCk:MODE SAMPle MSAMple [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:CLOCk:MODE?	-	-	-	-	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:CLOCk:MULTiplier 164 [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:CLOCk:MULTiplier?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:CLOCk:SOURce INTernal [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:CLOCk:SOURce?	-	1	-	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: EXTernal.
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:IQ:LEVel -3dB to 6dB [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:IQ:LEVel?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURCe[1]][:BB]:ARB:IQ:LEVel:MODE MANuell AUTO [:SOURCe[1]][:BB]:ARB:IQ:LEVel:MODE?	-	-	-	_	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:IQ:SKEW <valueinseconds> [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:IQ:SKEW?</valueinseconds>	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:MCARrier	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:PRESet	_	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:ARM:EXECute	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:EXECute	-	1	-	1	
<pre>[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger[:EXTernal[1] 2]: INHibit 0 - 2^32-1 samples [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger[:EXTernal[1] 2]:</pre>	-	_	-	-	
INHibit?					
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OBASeband:DELay 0 2^32-1 samples	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OBASeband:DELay?					
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OBASeband:INHibit 0 2^32-1 samples	-	_	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OBASeband:INHibit?					
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: DELay 0 - 2^20-1 Samples	_	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: DELay?					
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut:DELay:FIXed ON OFF	-	_	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut:DELay:FIXed?					
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4:DELay: MAX?	-	-	-	-	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4:DELay: MIN?		-		-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2: MODE USER 'mode_string' [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2:MODE?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2:MODE: CATalog?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURCe[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: OFFTime 0-waveform_len-1 samples [:SOURCe[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: OFFTime?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: ONTime 0-waveform_len-1 samples [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: ONTime?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: PATTern #B0,1 #B1111,32 [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: PATTern?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4:PULSe: DIVider 2 - 2^10 [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4:PULSe: DIVider?	-	1	_	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: POLarity POSitive NEGative [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4: POLarity?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2 3 4:PULSe: FREQuency?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:RMODe?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:SLENgth 1 [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:SLENgth?	-	_	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:SLUNit SEQuence [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:SLUNit?	-	1	-	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: SAMPle.
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger: SMODe SAME NEXT NSEam [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TRIGger:SMODe?	-	-	-	-	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TSIGnal:SINE:FREQuency 100 Hz 25 MHz	-	-	-	_	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TSIGnal:SINE:FREQuency?					
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TSIGnal:SINE:PHASe -180.00 Deg - + 180.00 Deg	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TSIGnal:SINE:PHASe?					
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TSIGnal:SINE:SAMPles 3 - 1000 samples per period	-	-	-	_	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:TSIGnal:SINE:SAMPles?					
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:WAVeform:CATalog:LENGth? [<"path">]	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:WAVeform:FREE?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:WAVeform:POINts? [<"filename.wv">]	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:WAVeform:DATA? <"filename.wv">, <tag></tag>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:WAVeform:FREE?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:WAVeform:TAG? "comment" "marker name" "poweroffset"	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:ARB:WSEGment	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce[1]]:BB:FOFFset -50Mhz - +50Mhz [:SOURce[1]]:BB:FOFFset?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce[1]][:BB]:IQGain AUTO DBM3 DB0 DB3 DB6 [:SOURce[1]][:BB]:IQGain?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET[:SELect] < 'table_name'>	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:CATalog?	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DATA:FREQuency 300 Khz to RFmax {,300 kHz to RFmax}	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DATA:POWer -40dB to 6dB {,-40dB to 6dB}	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DATA:POWer:POINts?	1	1	1	1	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DELete <'table_name'>	1	✓	1	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:FREE?	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:DECT:CLOCk:DELay	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:CLOCk:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:DLISt:CATalog?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FILTer:PARameter	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FILTer:SELect	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURCe]:DECT:FILTer:TYPE GAUSSs SCOSine COSine USER	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FLISt:CATalog?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FLISt:DELete <'name'>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FLISt:LOAD <'name'>	_	-	_	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FLISt:PREDefined:CATalog?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FLISt:PREDefined:LOAD 'Framelisten-Name'	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FLISt:STORe <'Framelisten-Name'>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FORMat GFSK P4DQpsk	_	-	_	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:FSK:DEViation	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:PRAMp:FOFFset	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:PRAMp:PRESet	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:PRAMp:ROFFset	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:PRAMp:SHAPe LINear COSine	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:PRAMp:TIME	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:PREamble:TYPE NORMal PROLonged	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SEQuence AUTO RETRigger AAUTo ARETrigger	-	1	=	_	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SIMulation:TADJustment	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SIMulation:JITTer	_	_	=	=	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT:ATTenuation	-	-	-	=	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>[:SOURce]:AFIeld PN9 PN11 PN15 PN16 PN20 PN21 PN23 DLISt SDATa</i>	-	_	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>[:SOURce]:AFIeld:DLISt 'name'</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>[:SOURce]:BFIeld PN9 PN11 PN15 PN16 PN20 PN21 PN23 DLISt SDATa</i>	-	-	-	=	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>[:SOURce]:BFIeld:DLISt 'name'</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>[:SOURce]:ZFIeld ON OFF</i>	-	_	_	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>:LEVel OFF ATT FULL</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>:PREamble:DATA</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>:PREamble:PROLonged:DATA</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>:PRESet</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>:RAMP:CW ON OFF</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>:RAMP:DATA</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>:STSHift</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>:SYNC</i>	-	-	-	_	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SLOT <i>:TYPE FULL DOUBle ADATA</i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:SRATe	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:STANdard	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:STATe ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:TRIGger:DELay	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:TRIGger:INHibit	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURCe]:DECT:TRIGger:OUTPut[1] 2:DELay	-	-	_	-	
[:SOURCe]:DECT:TRIGger:OUTPut[2]:PERiod	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DECT:TRIGger:SOURce EXTernal INTernal	_	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion[:STATe] ON OFF	_	_	_	_	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:AM	-	-	-	-	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:AMBase	-	ı	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:AM:FREE?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:AM:POINTs?	-	ı	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:CATalog?	-	1	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:DELete 'Name der Kennlinie'	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:DELete:ALL	-	1	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:LEVel:CORRection	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:PM	-	1	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:PMBase	-	1	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:PMBase:POINTs?	-	ı	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:PM:FREE?	-	1	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:PM:POINTs?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:DATA:SELect "Name der Kennlinie"	-	ı	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:MODE POLYnomial DATA	1	ì	-	i	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:POLYnomial:AMAM:K <i></i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:POLYnomial:AMPM:K <i></i>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:POLYnomial:IFUNction ON OFF	_	ı	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:POLYnomial:LEVel:CORRection	-	ı	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DISTortion:RECalculate	-	1	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:ASK:DEPTh	-	ı	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLISt:CATalog?	-	1	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLISt:CONTrol[:STATe] ON OFF	_	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLISt:COPY " <datenlisten-name>"</datenlisten-name>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLISt:DATA <struc>{,<struc>}</struc></struc>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLISt:DELete " <name>"</name>	_	-	-	-	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:CLISt:POINts?	-	_	_	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLISt:SELect " <name>"</name>	-	_	_	_	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLOCk:DELay	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLOCk:MODE BIT SYMBol	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLOCk:POLarity NORMal INVerted	_	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CLOCk:SOURce INTernal EXTernal COUPled	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:CODing OFF DIFF DPHS DGRay GSM NADC PDC PHS TETRa TFTS INMarsat APCO25 VDL	ı	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:DLISt:CATalog?	-	-	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:DLISt:COPY " <datenlisten-name>"</datenlisten-name>	_	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:DLISt:DATA 0 1{,0 1 }	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:DLISt:DATA? [<start>[,<länge>]]</länge></start>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:DLISt:DATA:APPend 0 1{,0 1 }	_	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:DLISt:DELete " <datenlisten-name>"</datenlisten-name>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:DLISt:FREE?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:DLISt:POINts <n></n>	_	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:DLISt:SELect " <datenlisten-name>"</datenlisten-name>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:IMPedance 600 Ohm 100 kOhm	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FILTer:MODE LACP LEVM	_	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FILTer:PARameter	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FILTer:TYPE SCOSine COSine GAUSs BESS1 BESS2 IS95 EIS95 APCO TETRa WCDMa SPHase USER	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FLISt:CATalog?	_	_	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FLISt:DATA A,B,C,D,I1,Q1,I2,Q2.	_	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FLISt:DELete " <name>"</name>	-	-	-	=	
[:SOURce]:DM:FLISt:FREE?	_	_	_	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FLISt:POINts?	_	_	_	-	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:FLISt:SELect " <name>"</name>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURCe]:DM:FORMat BPSK QPSK QIS95 QINMarsat QICO QWCDma QQPSk OIS95 P4QPsk P4DQpsk PSK8 PSKE8 GFSK GMSK ASK FSK2 FSK4 AFSK4 QAM16 QAM32 QAM64 QAM256 USER	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FSK:DEViation	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FSK[:DEViation]	-	i	-	ı	
[:SOURce]:DM:FSK:POLarity NORMal INVerted	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:INPut:IMPedance G1K G50 ECL	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQ:CREStfactor	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQ:FILTer:FREQuency	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQ:FILTer:STATe ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQ:IMPairment[:STATe] ON OFF [:SOURce]:DM:IQ:IMPairment[:STATe]?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQ:LEAKage[:MAGNitude] [:SOURce]:DM:IQ:LEAKage[:MAGNitude]?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQ:PRAMp OFF AEXTernal	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQ:QUADrature:ANGLe [:SOURce]:DM:IQ:QUADrature:ANGLe?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQRatio[:MAGNitude] [:SOURce]:DM:IQRatio[:MAGNitude]?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQ:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:DM:IQ:STATe?	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQSWap[:STATe] ON OFF	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:IQ:TRANsition ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:LEAKage[:MAGnitude]	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:LDIStortion[:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:MDELay?	_	_	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:MLISt:CATalog?		-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:MLISt:DATA A,B,C,D,E,F,I1,Q1,I2,Q2	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:MLISt:DELete " <name>"</name>	-	-	-	-	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:MLISt:FREE?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:MLISt:POINts?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:MLISt:SELect " <name>"</name>	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:PATTern ZERO ONE ALTernate	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:PRAMp[:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:PRAMp:SOURce CLISt AEXTernal DEXTernal	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:PRAMp:TIME	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:PRAMp:DELay	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:PRAMp:SHAPe LINear COSine	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:PRAMp:ATTenuation	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:PRBS[:LENGth] 9 15 16 20 21 23	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:SEQuence AUTO RETRigger AAUTo ARETrigger SINGle	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURCe]:DM:SOURCe PRBS PATTern DLISt SERial PARallel SDATa	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:SRATe	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURCe]:DM:STANDard APCFm APCQpsk ASK BLUetooth CDPD CT2 DECT GSM GSMEdge IRIDium FIS95 RIS95 NADC PDC PHS TETRa TFTS PWT ICOBpsk ICOGmsk ICOQpsk WORLdspace QWCDma AT55	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:STATe ON OFF	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:THReshold[:ALL]	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:TRIGger:DELay	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:TRIGger:INHibit	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:TRIGger:SLOPe POSitive NEGative	-	1	_	1	
[:SOURce]:DM:TRIGger:SOURce EXTernal INTernal	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURCe]:DM:TYPE ASK FSK	-	_	-	-	
[:SOURce]:FM:EXTernal1 2:COUPling AC DC	1	1	1	1	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal1 2:IMPedance 600 Ohm 100 kOhm	-	-	_	-	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal1	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:STATe ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FM1[:DEViation]	1	1	1	1	On SMATE200A and SMIQ the preset value is 10 kHz
[:SOURce]:FM1:EXTernal1:COUPling AC DC	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FM1:INTernal:FREQuency	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FM1:PREemphasis 0 50us 75us	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:FM1:SOURce INTernal EXTernal1 EXTernal2	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FM1:STATe ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer <num>[<freq suffix="">]</freq></num>	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:RCL INCLude EXCLude	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]:RCL INCLude EXCLude	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MANual	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE CW FIXed SWEep LIST	1	1	1	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: SWEep.
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier	1	/	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN <num>[<freq suffix="">]</freq></num>	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FSIMulator	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
[:SOURce]:GPS	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:GSM	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
[:SOURce]:IQ:CREStfactor <val>dB</val>	-	1	-	1	
<pre>[:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment:IQRatio[:MAGNitude] <value><unit> [:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment:IQRatio[:MAGNitude]?</unit></value></pre>	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment:LEAKage:I <value><unit> [:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment:LEAKage:I?</unit></value>	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment:LEAKage:Q <value><unit> [:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment:LEAKage:Q?</unit></value>	-	1	-	1	
<pre>[:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment:QUADrature[:ANGLe] <value><unit> [:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment:QUADrature[:ANGLe]?</unit></value></pre>	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment[:STATe] ON OFF [:SOURCE]:IQ:IMPairment[:STATe]?	-	1	-	1	
[SOURce]:IQ:OUTPut:OFFSet:I	-	1	-	1	
[SOURce]:IQ:OUTPut:OFFSet:Q	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:IQ:SOURce ANALog BASeband	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:IQ:STATe ON OFF	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:IQ:SWAP[:STATe] ON OFF	-	1	-	1	
[:SOURce]:IS95	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
[:SOURce]:LFOutput:FREQuency	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:CATalog?	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DELete <'List_name'>	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DELete:ALL	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl:POINts?	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREE?	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency:POINts?	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:LEARn	1	1	1	1	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE AUTO STEP	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer <val>dBm block_data</val>	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer:POINts?	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:SELect <"list_name">	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce][1] 2:LIST:TRIGger:EXECute	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce][1] 2:LIST:RESET	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURCe]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURCe AUTO IMM SINGle BUS EXTernal	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4[:FSWeep][:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4[:FSWeep]:AMPLitude ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10[:FSWeep]:AMPLit ude ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4[:FSWeep]:AOFF	-	_	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10[:FSWeep]:AOFF					
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4[:FSWeep]:FREQuency	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10[:FSWeep]: FREQuency 1 GHz to Fmax	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4:PSWeep[:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10[:FSWeep][:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4:PSWeep:AOFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10:PSWeep:AOFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4:PSWeep:POWer	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10:PSWeep:POWer	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10: PSWeep[:STATe] ON OFF	_	_	_	_	
[:SOURce]:MARKer:POLarity NORMal INVerted	_	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:MODulation[ALL]:STATe ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:NADC	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:NOISe:SNRatio	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:NOISe[:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:PDC	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust]	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:PHASe:REFerence	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:PHS	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
[:SOURce]:PM1[:DEViation]	1	1	1	1	On the SMATE200A, SMJ100A, and SMIQ the preset value is 1 radian.
[:SOURce]:PM1:EXTernal1:COUPling AC DC	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:PM1:INTernal:FREQuency	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:PM1:SOURce INTernal EXTernal1 EXTernal	1	1	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TTONE EXT, INT EXTernal2
[:SOURce]:PM1:STATe ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC OFF	1	1	1	1	When ALC is OFF a power search will be triggered when the level changes.
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:OMODe SHOLd	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:REFerence	-	-	=	-	Power meter leveling mode is unsupported.
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch ON OFF ONCE	\	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SONCe	1	/	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal DIODe	1	1	1	1	PMETer not supported.
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON OFF	1	1	1	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: AUTO.
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:TABLe[:MEASure]?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]	1	1	1	1	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPL]:OFFSet	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:LIMit[:AMPLitude]	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:MANual	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE FIXed SWEep LIST	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:PEP?	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STEP[:INCRement]	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:IMPedance 50 Ohm 10 kOhm	-	_	-	_	
[:SOURce]:PULM:POLarity NORMal INVerted	-	-	-	-	Does not affect the polarity of the INTernal source selection.
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce EXTernal INTernal	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce] [1] 2:PULM:SOURce INT EXT	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DELay <delay></delay>	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DOUBle:DELay 50 ns to 1.3 s	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DOUBle[:STATe] ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:PULSe:PERiod <period></period>	1	1	1	1	SMV & SML preset value is 10 micro-seconds.
[:SOURce]:PULSe:WIDTh <width></width>	1	1	1	1	SMV & SML preset value is 1 micro-second.
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:EXTernal:FREQuency	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator[:INTernal]: ADJust[:STATe] ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator[:INTernal]:ADJust[:VALue]	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1	1	1	1	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:SWEep:BTIMe NORMal LONG	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:DWEL1	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:EXECute	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:MODE AUTO MANual STEP	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:POINts	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:SPACing LINear LOGarithmic	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP[:LINear]	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP:LOGarithmic	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POWer:DWELl	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURCe]:SWEep:POWer:MODE AUTO MANual STEP	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POWer:POINts	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POWer:SPACing LOGarithmic	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POWer:STEP[:LOGarithmic]	-	-	-	-	
[:SOURce] [1] 2:SWEep:RESet[:ALL]	1	1	1	1	
[:SOURce]:WCDMa	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
[:SOURce]:W3GPp	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
:SOURce2:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:FREQuency:MANual	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:FREQuency:MODE CW FIXed SWEep	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:FREQuency:STARt	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:FREQuency:STOP	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:MARKer1 2 3[:FSWeep]:AOFF	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:MARKer1 2 3[:FSWeep]:FREQuency	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:MARKer1 2 3[:FSWeep][:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:MARKer1 2 3:POLarity NORMal INVerted	_		_	_	
:SOURce2:SWEep:BTIMe NORMal LONG	_	_	-	_	

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:DWEL1	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:MODE AUTO MANual STEP	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:POINts	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:SPACing LINear LOGarithmic	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP[:LINear]	-	-	-	-	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP:LOGarithmic	-	-	-	-	
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	1	1	1	On the N5183A, the SMR values
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	1	1	1	of the status bytes are accepted but the bits are not mapped, so they perform no function.
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value> :STATus:OPERation:ENABle?</value>	1	1	1	1	they perform to function.
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?</value>	1	1	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?</value>	1	1	1	1	
:STATus:PRESet	1	1	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?	-	-	-	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?</value>	1	1	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	1	1	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?</value>	1	1	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?</value>	1	1	1	1	
STATus:QUE?	1	1	1	1	
:STATus:QUEue[:NEXT]?	1	1	1	1	Returns all errors and clears the error queue.
:SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:LTERminator EOI STANdard	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB[:SELF]:ADDRess	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SDATa:BAUD 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200	-	-	-	-	

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Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:CONTrol:RTS ON IBFull RFR	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:PACE XON NONE	_	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:DISPlay:UPDate ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:DISPlay:UPDate[:STATe] ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor?	1	1	1	1	Supported but error codes will not match with R&S codes.
:SYSTem:ERRor:ALL?	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor:CODE:ALL?	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor:CODe[:NEXT]?	1	1	1	1	Supported but error codes will not match with R&S codes.
:SYSTem:ERRor:COUNt?	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:KLOCk ON OFF	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:MODE FIXed MSEQuence	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:CATalog?	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:DELete 'sequence_name'	_	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:DELete:ALL	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:DWELl	_	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:FREE?	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:MODE AUTO STEP	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence[:RCL]	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence[:RCL]:POINts?	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:SELect	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:PRESet	1	1	1	1	MXG's RST state is different.
:SYSTem:PROTect[1 2 3][:STATE] ON OFF, <passwd></passwd>	-	-	-	-	Command is accepted but no action is taken in the N5183A.

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
:SYSTem:PROTect[1] 2 3 4 5[:STATE] ON OFF 1 0, <passwd></passwd>	1	1	1	1	Command is accepted but no action is taken in the MXG.
:SYSTem:PROTect[:STATe] ON OFF "123456"	1	1	1	1	Command is accepted but no action is taken in the MXG.
:SYSTem:SECurity[:STATe] ON OFF	-	-	-	-	
:SYSTem:SERRor?	1	1	1	1	Supported but error codes will not match with R&S codes.
:SYSTem:SREStore	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVe	1	1	1	1	
:SYSTem:VERSion?	-	-	-	-	
:TEST	-	-	-	-	This subsystem is not supported.
:TEST:RAM?	-	-	-	-	
:TEST:ROM?	-	-	-	-	
:TRIGger:BERT[:IMMediate]	-	-	-	-	
:TRIGger:DM[:IMMediate]	-	-	-	-	
:TRIGger:DM:SOURce AUTO SINGle EXTernal	-	-	-	-	
:TRIGger:FSWeep[:IMMediate]	1	1	1	1	
:TRIGger:FSWeep:SOURce AUTO IMM SINGle/BUS EXTernal	1	1	1	1	
:TRIGger:FSWeep:SOURce SINGle BUS	1	1	1	1	
:TRIGger:LIST[:IMMediate]	1	1	1	1	
:TRIGger:LIST:SOURce AUTO SINGle EXTernal	1	1	1	1	
:TRIGger:MSEQuence[:IMMediate]	-	-	-	-	
:TRIGger:MSEQuence:SOURce SINGle EXTernal AUTO	-	-	-	-	
:TRIGger:SLOPe POSitive NEGative EITHer	-	-	-	-	
:TRIGger[:SWEep][:IMMediate]	1	1	1	1	
:TRIGger[:SWEep]:SOURce AUTO SINGle EXTernal	1	1	1	1	
:TRIGger1[:SWEep][:IMMediate]	-	-	-	-	Trigger 2 is unsupported.
:TRIGger1[:SWEep]:SOURce AUTO SINGle EXTernal	-	-	-	-	Trigger 2 is unsupported.

Table 8-9 MXG to R&S SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Product Command Comparison (Continued)

R&S Commands ✓ = Supported by Agilent MXG – = Not supported by Agilent MXG	N5161A	N5162A	N5181A	N5182A	Remarks
:TRIGger1 2:PULSe:SOURce AUTO EXTernal EGATed	1	1	1	✓	
:UNIT:ANGLe DEGRee DEGree RADian	-	-	-	-	
:UNIT:POWer DBM DBW DBWW DBUW DBVV DBMV DBUV V	-	-	-	-	

N5161A/62A/81A/82A SCPI Command Compatibility Rohde & Schwartz SMATE/SMIQ/SML/SMU Compatible Commands

9 N5183A SCPI Command Compatibility

This chapter provides a compatibility listing of SCPI commands. Many commands for other Agilent signal generator models are also supported by the N5183A Signal Generator.

This chapter contains the following major sections:

- Overview on page 490
- Changing the Signal Generator Identification String on page 491
- Changing the Signal Generator Option String on page 491
- Functional N5183A SCPI Commands While in a Compatible Language Mode on page 492
- Replaced Backward Compatible SCPI Commands on page 495
- E4428C/38C Compatible SCPI Commands on page 498
- E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257D/67D and E8663B Compatible SCPI Commands on page 526
- 8340B/41B Compatible SCPI Commands on page 559
- 836xxB/L Compatible SCPI Commands on page 573
- 8373xB and 8371xB Compatible SCPI Commands on page 592
- 8375xB Compatible SCPI Commands on page 603
- 8662A/63A Compatible SCPI Commands on page 616
- Anritsu MG369xB Compatible SCPI Commands on page 626
- Rohde & Schwartz SMR Compatible SCPI Commands on page 653

Overview

The following list shows the supported models along with the language type for each:

N5183A	SCPI commands
8340B/41B	programming codes
8360 series	SCPI commands
83711B/12B	SCPI commands
83731B/32B	SCPI commands
83751B/52B	SCPI commands
8662A/63A	programming codes
Anritsu MG369xB	programming codes ^a
E4428C/38C	SCPI commands
E8241A/44A/51A/54A	SCPI commands
E8247C/57C/67C	SCPI commands
E8257D/67D/E8663B	SCPI commands
Rohde & Schwartz SMR	SCPI commands

a.Only available on instruments with serial prefixes ≥US/MY/SG4818.

These commands and programming codes are separated into compatible and non-compatible sections. In many instances, the non-compatible section has the least number of commands/codes, thus providing a more time efficient way of determining whether or not a command/code is supported by the Agilent MXG.

In some cases, SCPI commands are only partially supported. This usually occurs due to a variance in parameters between the Agilent MXG and other signal generator models. When this condition occurs, the remarks column in each compatibility commands table specifies the exception condition.

In addition to providing the compatible command/code listing, this chapter also provides you with Agilent MXG SCPI commands that let you change the signal generator identification output (see :SYSTem:IDN command), select a compatible programming language (see :LANGuage (N5183A)), and query the signal generator for errors (see :SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]).

Changing the Signal Generator Identification String

:SYSTem:IDN

Supported All

:SYSTem:IDN "<string>"

This Agilent MXG signal generator command modifies the identification string that the *IDN? query returns. The maximum string length is 72 characters. Sending an empty string restores the *IDN? query output to its factory defined setting.

Modification of the *IDN? query output enables the Agilent MXG signal generator to identify itself as another signal generator when it is used as a backward compatible replacement. This modification of the identification string does not affect the diagnostic information displayed using the **Diagnostic Info** softkey.

Changing the Signal Generator Option String

:SYSTem:OPT

Supported All

:SYSTem:OPT "<string>"

This Agilent MXG signal generator command modifies the option string that the *OPT? query returns. The maximum string length is 72 characters. Sending an empty string restores the *OPT? query output to its factory shipped setting.

Modification of the *OPT? query output enables the Agilent MXG signal generator with options to identify itself as another signal generator when it is used as a backward compatible replacement. This modification of the option string does not affect the diagnostic information displayed using the **Diagnostic Info** softkey.

Functional N5183A SCPI Commands While in a Compatible Language Mode

The commands in this section are used for configuring the compatible programming language for the signal generator.

:LANGuage (N5183A)

Supported N5183A

```
:SYSTem:LANGuage
```

```
|"SCPI"|"8360"|"83712"|"83732"|"83752"|"8340"|"8662"|"8663"|"E4428C"|"E4438C"|
|"E8257D"|"E8267D"|"E8663B"|"E8247C"|"E8257C"|"E8267C"|"E8241A"|"E8244A"|"E8251A"|
|"E8254A"|"SMR"|"MG3691B"|"MG3692B"|"MG3693B"|"MG3694B"|
```

:SYSTem:LANGuage?

This command sets the remote language for the signal generator.

SCPI	This choice provides compatibility for SCPI commands.
8360	This choice provides compatibility for the 8360 signal generator, which is supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.
83712	This choice provides compatibility for the 83711B or 83712B signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.
83732	This choice provides compatibility for the 83731B or 83732B signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.
83752	This choice provides compatibility for the 83751B or 83752B signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.
8340	This choice provides compatibility for the 8340B or 8341B signal generators, which are supported only through a GPIB interface.
8662A or 8663A	This choice provides compatibility for the 8662A or 8663A signal generators, which are supported only through a GPIB interface.
E4428C or E4438C	This choice provides compatibility for the E4428C or E4438C signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.
E8241A or E8244A or E8251A or E8254A	This choice provides compatibility for the E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, or E8254A signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.
E8247C, or E8257C, or E8267C	This choice provides compatibility for the E8247C, E8257C, or E8267C signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8257D or E8267D or

E8663B This choice provides compatibility for the E8257D, E8267D, or E8663B signal

generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

SMR This choice provides compatibility for the Rohde & Schwartz SMR signal

generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

MG3691B or MG3692B or MG3693B or

MG3694B This choice provides compatibility for Anritsu MG369xB series signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB interface.

*RST "SCPI"

Key Entry SCPI MG369xB 83711B, 83712B E8247C, E8257C, E8267C

SMR 8360 Series 83731B, 83732B E8257D, E8267D, E8663B 8662A 8340B, 8341B 83751B, 83752B E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, E8254A

8663A E4428C.E4438C

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

For more information on supported SCPI commands and programming codes, refer

to the Programming Compatibility Guide.

:PRESet:LANGuage (N5183A)

Supported N5183A: SYSTem: PRESet: LANGuage

|"SCPI"|"8360"|"83712"|"83732"|"83752"|"8340"|"8662"|"8663"|"E4428C"|"E4438C"| |"E8257D"|"E8267D"|"E8663B"|"E8247C"|"E8257C"|"E8267C"|"E8241A"|"E8244A"|"E8251A"| |"E8254A"|"SMR"|"MG3691B"|"MG3692B"|"MG3693B"|"MG3694B"|

:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage?

This command sets the remote language that is available when the signal generator is preset.

SCPI This choice provides compatibility for SCPI commands.

8360 This choice provides compatibility for the 8360 signal generator, which is

supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

83712 This choice provides compatibility for the 83711B or 83712B signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

83732 This choice provides compatibility for the 83731B or 83732B signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

83752 This choice provides compatibility for the 83751B or 83752B signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

8340 This choice provides compatibility for the 8340B or 8341B signal generators, which

are supported only through a GPIB interface.

8662 or

8663 This choice provides compatibility for the 8662A or 8663A signal generators,

which are supported only through a GPIB interface.

E4428C or

E4438C This choice provides compatibility for the E4428C or E4438C signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8257D or

E8267D or

E8663B This choice provides compatibility for the E8257D, E8267D, or E8663B signal

generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8247C, or

E8257C, or

E8267C This choice provides compatibility for the E8247C, E8257C, or E8267C signal

generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

E8241A or E8244A or

E8251A or

E8254A This choice provides compatibility for the E8241A, E8244A, E8251A or E8254A

signal generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

SMR This choice provides compatibility for the Rohde & Schwartz SMR signal

generators, which are supported through a GPIB, LAN, or USB interface.

MG3691B or MG3692B or

MG3693B or

MG3694B This choice provides compatibility for Anritsu MG369xB series signal generators,

which are supported through a GPIB interface.

*RST "SCPI"

Key Entry SCPI MG369xB 83711B, 83712B E8247C, E8257C, E8267C

SMR 8360 Series 83731B, 83732B E8257D, E8267D, E8663B

8662A 8340B, 8341B 83751B, 83752B E8241A, E8244A, E8251A, E8254A

8663A E4428C,E4438C

:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]

Supported

:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?

This query returns the most recent error message from the signal generator error queue. If there are no error messages, the query returns the following output:

+0, "No error"

When there is more than one error message, the query must be sent for each message. Each error message is erased after being queried.

Key Entry View Next Error Message

A11

Replaced Backward Compatible SCPI Commands

:ALC:SEARch

Supported All Models

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARCH AUTO|SPAN|ON|1|ONCE

[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch?

This command sets the internal power search mode. A power search is recommended for pulse modulated signals with pulse widths less than one microsecond.

AUTO ON (1) This choice executes the power search automatically with each change in RF

frequency or power.

SPAN This mode pre-computes power search settings for a span of user defined

start/stop frequencies. In this mode, the instrument's default automatic

(AUTO) power search is disabled. The power search is not repeated until manually

or remotely directed to do so.

This power search is not valid for a change in power level. If the power level is changed, the power search needs to be repeated. For best results, the power search needs to be repeated at periodic intervals. Refer to the $Data\ Sheet$ and

the User's Guide.

ONCE This choice executes a single power search of the current RF output signal and

the current mode is returned (i.e. 1 = Auto and 0 = Non-Auto). This action

requires the RF output to be on. (Refer to [:STATe] command).

***RST** 1

Key Entry Do Power Search

Remarks Use this command when the ALC state is set to OFF. Refer to :ALC[:STATe]

command for setting the ALC state.

This command was replaced by :ALC:SEARch on page 57.

:PMETer:DEVice

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:DEVice <deviceName>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:DEVice?

This command enters a VXI-11 name for a power meter that is being controlled by the signal generator. If connecting directly to the power meter enter the name as specified on your power meter documentation. If connecting via a LAN-GPIB gateway, enter the SICL address of the power meter.

Key Entry PM VXI-11 Device Name

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

The power meter is controlled only through a LAN cable.

This command was replaced by :PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:DEVice on page 22.

:PMETer:IP

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IP <ipaddr>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IP?

This command sets the internet protocol (IP) address for a power meter that is controlled by the signal generator. It connecting to a GPIB power meter via a LAN-GPIB gateway, this command sets the IP address of the gateway.

Key Entry Meter IP Address

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on,

preset, or *RST.

The power meter is controlled only through a LAN cable.

Ensure that the power meter IP address is different from the signal generator

address.

This command was replaced by :PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:IP on page 22.

Remarks

:PMETer:PORT

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:PORT <portNum>

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:PORT?

This command sets the IP port on the power meter that is controlled by the signal generator.

Standard mode. The command enables standard mode for simple programming. Telnet mode. The command enables the telnet SCPI service for programming. The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST. The power meter is controlled only through a LAN cable. For more information on standard mode and telnet SCPI mode, refer to the Programming Guide. This command was replaced by :PMETer:COMMunicate:LAN:PORT on page 23.

:PMETer:TYPE

Supported All Models

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TYPE SOCKETS | VXI11 | USB

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TYPE?

This command sets the type of control connection on the power meter for communication with the signal generator.

Key Entry	Connection Type
SOCKETS	The command enables the power meter for sockets LAN control via the signal generator.
VXI11	The command enables the power meter for VXI-11 control via the signal generator. A power meter with GPIB can be controlled via VXI-11 using a LAN-GPIB gateway.
USB	The command enables the power meter for USB control via the signal generator.
Remarks	A single-channel power meter uses channel A and selecting channel B will have no effect.
	The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or $\star RST$.
	This command was replaced by :PMETer:COMMunicate:TYPE on page 23.

E4428C/38C Compatible SCPI Commands

Table 9-1 is a comprehensive list of E4428C/38C SCPI commands arranged by subsystem. Commands are indicated as supported or not supported by the N5183A. Use the legend within the table to determine command compatibility.

When using the programming codes in this section, you can:

• set the N5183A system language to E4428C/38C for the current session:

Utility > I/O Config > Remote Language > E4428C, E4438C

or send the command:

```
:SYST:LANG "E4428C" or "E4438C"
```

• set the N5183A system language to E4428C/38C so that it does not reset with either preset, instrument power cycle or *RST command:

Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language > E4428C, E4438C

or send the command:

```
:SYST:PRESet:LANG "E4428C" or "E4438C"
```

set the *IDN? response to any E4428C/38C-like response you prefer. Refer to the :SYSTem:IDN command.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
System Function Commands		
IEEE Common Commands		
*CLS	1	
*ESE <data> *ESE?</data>	1	
*ESR?	1	
*IDN?	1	
*OPC *OPC?	1	
*OPT?	1	
*PSC ON OFF 1 0	1	
*PSC?		
*RCL <reg_num></reg_num>	1	
*RST	1	
*SAV <reg_num>[,<seq_num>]</seq_num></reg_num>	1	
*SRE <data> *SRE?</data>	1	
*STB?	1	
*TRG	1	
*TST?	1	
*WAI	1	
Calibration Subsystem	•	
:CALibration:DCFM	1	
:CALibration:IQ	-	
:CALibration:IQ:DC	-	
:CALibration:IQ:DEFault	_	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:CALibration:IQ:FULL	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STARt <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STARt?		
:CALibration:IQ:STOP <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STOP?		
Communication Subsystem		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess <number></number>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GTLocal	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig DHCP MANual	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname <string></string>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess <value></value>	_	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:CHANnel A B	1	Command accepted without error but
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:CHANnel?		does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IDN	1	Command accepted without error but
E44188 E44198 E4416A E4417A :SYSTem: COMMunicate: PMETer: IDN?		does nothing.

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TIMEout <num>[<time suffix="">]</time></num>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TIMEout?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD <number></number>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO ON OFF	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:RESet	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT <value></value>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT?		
Diagnostic Subsystem		
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:BOARds?	-	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:ATTenuator?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:PON?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:PROTection?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:DISPlay:OTIMe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:LICense:AUXiliary?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:LICense:WAVeform?	-	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions:DETail?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OTIMe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:REVision?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:SDATe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:WLICense[:VALue]? <pre></pre>	-	
Memory Subsystem		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:MEMory:CATalog:BINary?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:BIT?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:CDMA?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:DMOD?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:DWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FIR?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:FSK?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:IQ?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:LIST?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:MCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MDMod?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MDWCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MFCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MTONe?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:RCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:SEQ?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:SHAPe?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:STATe?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:UFLT?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:UWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:COPY[:NAME] <"filename">,<"filename">	1	
:MEMory:DATA <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MEMory:DATA? <"filename">	1	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:MEMory:DATA:APPend <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	\	
:MEMory:DATA:BIT <"filename">, <bit_count>,<datablock></datablock></bit_count>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:BIT? <"filename">		
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:FIR <"filename">,osr,coefficient{,coefficient}</pre>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:FIR? <"filename">		
:MEMory:DATA:FSK <"filename">,num_states,f0,f0,[,diff_state,num_d iff_states,diff0,diff1,]	-	
:MEMory:DATA:FSK? <"filename">		
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:IQ <"filename">,offsetQ,num_states,i0,q0,i1,q1,[,di ff_state,num_diff_states,diff0,diff1,] :MEMory:DATA:IQ? <"filename"></pre>	ı	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM[1] 2 3 4:FILE:BLOCk <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM[1] 2 3 4:FILE:LIST <"filename">, <uint8>[,<uint8>,<>]</uint8></uint8>	-	
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:SHAPe</pre>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:UNPRotected <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	_	
:MEMory:DELete:ALL	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BINary	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BIT	-	
:MEMory:DELete:CDMA	-	
:MEMory:DELete:DMOD	-	
:MEMory:DELete:DWCDma	_	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:MEMory:DELete:FCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FIR	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FSK	-	
:MEMory:DELete:IQ	-	
:MEMory:DELete:LIST	1	
:MEMory:DELete:MCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MDMod	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MDWCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MFCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MTONe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:RCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:SEQ	-	
:MEMory:DELete:SHAPe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:STATe	1	
:MEMory:DELete:UFLT	1	
:MEMory:DELete:UWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete[:NAME] <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:FREE[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:LOAD:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:MOVE <src_file>, <dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent <reg_num>,<seq_num>,<"comment"></seq_num></reg_num>	1	
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent? <reg_num>,<seq_num></seq_num></reg_num>	1	
:MEMory:STORe:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:CATalog? <"msus">	1	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:MMEMory:COPY <"filename">, < "filename">	1	
:MMEMory:DATA <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MMEMory:DATA? <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:DELete:NVWFm	-	
:MMEMory:DELete:WFM	-	
:MMEMory:DELete[:NAME] <"filename">, [<"msus">]	-	
:MMEMory:HEADer:CLEar <filename></filename>	-	
:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription <"filename">, < "description">	-	
:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription? <"filename">		
:MMEMory:LOAD:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:MOVE <src_file>, <dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	
:MMEMory:STORe:LIST <"filename">	1	
Output Subsystem		
:OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO?	1	
:OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe]?	1	
:OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe]?	1	
:OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe]?	-	
:OUTPut[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut[:STATe]?	1	
Route Subsystem		
:ROUTe:HARDware:DGENerator:	-	This subsystem is not supported.

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
Status Subsystem		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:ENABle <value></value>	-	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:ENABle?		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:NTRansition <value></value>	-	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:NTRansition?		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:PTRansition <value></value>	-	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:PTRansition?		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband[:EVENt]?	_	
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle?		
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?		
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?		
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:PRESet	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:ENABle <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:NTRansition <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:PTRansition <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:BERT[:EVENt]?	-	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition <value></value>	_	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation[:EVENt]?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	1	
System Subsystem		
:SYSTem:CAPability?	1	
:SYSTem:DATE <year>,<month>,<day></day></month></year>	1	
:SYSTem:DATE?		
:SYSTem:ERRor:SCPI[:SYNTax] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor:SCPI[:SYNTax]?		
:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?	1	
:SYSTem:FILEsystem:SAFEmode ON OFF 1 0	-	
:SYSTem:FILEsystem:SAFEmode?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	N5183A	Remarks
:SYSTem:HELP:MODE SINGle CONTinuous :SYSTem:HELP:MODE?	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:IDN "string"	1	
:SYSTem:LANGuage "SCPI" "COMP" "8648" "8662" "8663" "8340" "8360" "83712" "83732" "83752" "8757" :SYSTem:LANGuage?	1	See ":LANGuage (N5183A)" on page 492.
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:BAND WR15 WR12 WR10 WR8 WR6 WR5 WR3 :SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:BAND?	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:MULTiplier <val> :SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:MULTiplier?</val>	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STARt <val> :SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STARt?</val>	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STOP <val> :SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STOP?</val>	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:SELect ON OFF NONE REAR FRONT :SYSTem:OEMHead:SELect?	-	
:SYSTem:OPT "string"	1	
:SYSTem:PON:TYPE PRESet LAST :SYSTem:PON:TYPE?	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet	1	Always performs the same action as the Preset hardkey. For related Preset hardkey information, refer to ":SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?" on page 510
:SYSTem:PRESet:ALL	1	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage "SCPI" "COMP" "8648" "8340" "8360" "83712" "83732" "83752" "8757" "8662" "8663" :SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage?	1	See ":PRESet:LANGuage (N5183A)" on page 493.
:SYSTem:PRESet:PERSistent	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:PN9 NORMal QUICk :SYSTem:PRESet:PN9?	-	
:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?	✓	This command toggles the Preset hardkey state between factory- and user-defined conditions. The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST. NOTE If the Preset hardkey is not responding correctly, using the SCPI command: :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal will return the Preset hardkey to its default factory behavior.
:SYSTem:PRESet[:USER]:SAVE	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay ON OFF {1} 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted ON OFF {1} 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:ERASeall	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel {NONE} ERASe OVERwrite SANitize :SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe?	1	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:SYSTem:SECurity:OVERwrite	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:SANitize	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay <value> :SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay?</value>	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE LIGHt TEXT :SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE?	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe ON OFF :SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe?	1	
:SYSTem:TIME <hour>,<minute>,<second></second></minute></hour>	1	
:SYSTem:TIME?		
:SYSTem:VERSion?	1	
Trigger Subsystem		
:ABORt	1	
:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL]?		
:INITiate[:IMMediate][:ALL]	1	
:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity POSitive NEGative	1	
:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity?		
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe POSitive NEGative	1	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe?		
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce BUS IMMediate EXTernal KEY	1	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce?		
:TRIGger[:SEQuence][:IMMediate]	1	
[:SOURce]:TSWeep	1	
Unit Subsystem	•	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:UNIT:POWer DBM DBUV DBUVEMF V VEMF DB :UNIT:POWer?	1	
Amplitude Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num></num>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency <val><unit> UP DOWN</unit></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported:
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		"TRIangle" "SQUare" "RAMP" "NOISe" "DUALsine" "SWEPtsine"
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] EXT[1] EXT2	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh] <val><unit> UP DOWN</unit></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh]?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh]:TRACk?		
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
Correction Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:LOAD <"filename">	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PAIR <freq>,<corr></corr></freq>	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PRESet	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STORe <"filename">	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe]?		
Frequency Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer? [MAXimum MINimum]		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND NBASe NMOBile BPGSm MPGSm BEGSm MEGSm BRGSm MRGSm G M450 M480 M850 B450 B480 B850BDCsM380 M410 M450 M87 0 PHS DECT	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer <number> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer?</number>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe]?	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:FIXed <value><unit> UP DOWN [:SOURce]:FREQuency:FIXed?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE FIXed CW SWEep LIST [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE?	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier <value> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet <value><unit> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence <value><unit> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:SET	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN [:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN? [MAXimum MINimum]</freq></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt <value><unit> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP <value><unit> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP?</unit></value>	1	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SYNThesis <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SYNThesis?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:FIXed]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:FIXed]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:PHASe:REFerence	1	
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust]?		
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce?	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO?		
Frequency Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported:
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] EXT[1] EXT2	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk?		
List/Sweep Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:LIST:CPOint?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection UP DOWN	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl:POINts?	1	

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl:TYPE LIST STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual <value> UP DOWN</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE AUTO MANual	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace ON OFF 0 1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce BUS IMMediate EXTernal KEY	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE LIST STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:FSTep	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:PRESet	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CPOint?	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWELl <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWELl?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:SWEep:SPACing LINear LOGarithmic [:SOURce]:SWEep:SPACing?	1	
Low Frequency Output Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:LFOutput:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Phase Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:BANDwidth BWIDth NORMal HIGH [:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:BANDwidth BWIDth?	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1]:COUPling AC DC [:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1]:COUPling?	✓	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <pre><value><unit></unit></value></pre>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]	1	
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate <val><unit></unit></val>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent <val><unit></unit></val>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine [:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsin
		e SWEPtsine
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TIME?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] EXT[1] EXT2	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk?		
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
Power Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth <num>[freq suffix]</num>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth:AUTO?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch ON OFF 1 0 ONCE	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence RMS FIXed MANual MODulated	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel <value></value>		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:POINts <value></value>	_	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:POINts?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STARt <value><units></units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STARt?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP <value><units></units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:TYPE FULL USER	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALCHold:EXTernal[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALCHold:EXTernal[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALCHold:INTernal[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALCHold:INTernal[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:AMPLitude <value>dB</value>	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:AMPLitude?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:MANual MAIN DELTa	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:MANual?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:TRIGger[:SOURce] INTernal EXTernal MANual	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALTernate:TRIGger[:SOURce]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE FIXed LIST SWEep	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]:STE P[:INCRement] <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]:STE P[:INCRement]?		
Pulse Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal INVerted	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency <frequency> UP DOWN</frequency>	1	_
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency?		

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRemen t] <freq></freq>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SQUare PULSe	-	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod <period> MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</period>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement] <step> UP DOWN</step>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth <width></width>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth:STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth:STEP?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce INT EXT[1] EXT2	1	Supported but the following parameters
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce?		are not supported: SCALar
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe?		
Digital Function Commands		
All Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ALL	-	This subsystem is not supported.
AWGN Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Bluetooth Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:BLUEtooth:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks	
Calculate Subsystem			
:CALCulate:BERT:BTS:LOOPback:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
CDMA ARB Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio:CDMA:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
CDMA2000 ARB Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio:CDMA2000:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
CDMA2000 BBG Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio:CDMA2000[:BBG]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
CDMAEVDV Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio:CDMAEVDV[:BBG]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
Custom Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio:CUSTom	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
Data Subsystem			
:DATA:BERT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
DECT Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
Dmodulation Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB	ı	This subsystem is not supported.	
Digital Subsystem			
:DIGital	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
Digital Modulation Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:BURSt:	-	This subsystem is not supported.	
[:SOURce]:DM:			
Display Subsystem			

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT DBM DBUV DBUVEMF V VEMF DB	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT?		
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat MDY DMY	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat?		
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe]?		
:DISPlay:BRIGhtness <value></value>	1	
:DISPlay:BRIGhtness?		
:DISPlay:CAPTure	1	
:DISPlay:CONTrast <value></value>	1	
:DISPlay:CONTrast?		
:DISPlay:INVerse ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay:INVerse?		
:DISPlay:MENU[:NAME] AM FMPM SWEep UTILity PULSe LFOut FREQuency AMPLitu de SAVE RECall IQ MUX MODE MODesetup BERT BGSM BEDG e	-	
:DISPlay:REMote ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay:REMote?		
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe]?		
Dual ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB		This subsystem is not supported.
Edge Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:	_	This subsystem is not supported.
GSM Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:GSM:	-	This subsystem is not supported.

Table 9-1 E4428C/38C Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
Input Subsystem		
:INPut:BERT[:BASeband]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Measure Subsystem		
:MEASure:[SCALar]:BERT:BTS:LOOPback:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Multi-Tone Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB	-	This subsystem is not supported.
GPS Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:GPS:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
NADC Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
PDC Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
PHS Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Sense Subsystem		
:SENSe:BERT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Tetra Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Wideband CDMA ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Wideband CDMA BBG Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:HSDPa[:BBG]: [:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:HSPA[:BBG]: [:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:	_	This subsystem is not supported.

E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257D/67D and E8663B Compatible SCPI Commands

Table 9-2 is a comprehensive list of E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257D/67D/E8663B SCPI commands arranged by subsystem. Commands are indicated as supported or not supported by the N5183A. Use the legend within the table to determine command compatibility.

When using the programming codes in this section, you can:

 set the N5183A system language to E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C or E8257D/67D/E8663B for the current session:

Utility > I/O Config > Remote Language >

E8241A.E8244A.E8251A.E8254A or E8247C.E8257C.E8267C or E8257D.E8267D.E8663B

or send the command:

:SYST:LANG "E8241A" or "E8247C" or "E8257D"

• set the N5183A system language to E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257D/67D or E8663B so that it does not reset with either preset, instrument power cycle or *RST command:

Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language >

E8241A.E8244A.E8251A.E8254A or E8247C.E8257C.E8267C or E8257D.E8267D.E8663B

or send the command:

:SYST:PRESet:LANG "E8241A" or "E8247C" or "E8257D"

• set the *IDN? response to any E8241A, E8247C or E8257D like response you prefer. Refer to the :SYSTem:IDN command on page 491.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks	
System Function Commands			
IEEE Common Commands			
*CLS	1		
*ESE <data> *ESE?</data>	✓		
*ESR?	1		
*IDN?	1		
*OPC *OPC?	1		
*OPT?	1		
*PSC ON OFF 1 0 *PSC?	✓		
*RCL <reg_num>[,<seq_num>]</seq_num></reg_num>	1		
*RST	✓		
*SAV <reg_num>[,<seq_num>]</seq_num></reg_num>	1		
*SRE <data> *SRE?</data>	✓		
*STB?	1		
*TRG	✓		
*TST?	1		
*WAI	1		
Calibration Subsystem			
:CALibration:DCFM	1		
:CALibration:IQ	-		
:CALibration:IQ:DC	-		
:CALibration:IQ:DEFault	-		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:CALibration:IQ:FULL	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STARt <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STARt?		
:CALibration:IQ:STOP <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:IQ:STOP?		
:CALibration:WBIQ	_	
:CALibration:WBIQ:DC	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:DEFault	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:FULL	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STARt <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STARt?		
:CALibration:WBIQ:STOP <value><units></units></value>	-	
:CALibration:WBIQ:STOP?		
Communication Subsystem		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess <number></number>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GTLocal	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig DHCP MANual	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:CONFig?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:GATeway?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname <string></string>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:HOSTname?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IP?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet <ipstring></ipstring>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:SUBNet?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess <value></value>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:CHANnel A B	1	Command accepted without error but
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:CHANnel?		does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IDN E4418B E4419B E4416A E4417A	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:IDN?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TIMEout <num>[<time suffix="">]</time></num>	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TIMEout?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD <number></number>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO ON OFF	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:ECHO?		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:RESet	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT <value></value>	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:TOUT?		
Diagnostic Subsystem		
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:BOARds?	-	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:ATTenuator?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:CCOunt:PON?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:DISPlay:OTIMe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:LICense:AUXiliary?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:LICense:WAVeform?	1	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OPTions:DETail?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:OTIMe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:REVision?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:SDATe?	1	
:DIAGnostic[:CPU]:INFOrmation:WLICense[:VALue]? <waveformtype></waveformtype>	1	
Memory Subsystem		
:MEMory:CATalog:BINary?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:BIT?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:CDMA?	_	
:MEMory:CATalog:DMOD?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:DWCDma?	_	
:MEMory:CATalog:FCDMa?	_	
:MEMory:CATalog:FIR?	_	
:MEMory:CATalog:FSK?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:IQ?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:LIST?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:MCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MDMod?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MDWCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MFCdma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MTONe?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:RCDMa?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:SEQ?	-	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:MEMory:CATalog:SHAPe?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:STATe?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:UFLT?	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:UPC?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:UWCDma?	-	
:MEMory:CATalog[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:COPY[:NAME] <"filename">,<"filename">	1	
:MEMory:DATA <"filename">, <datablock> :MEMory:DATA? <"filename"></datablock>	1	
:MEMory:DATA:APPend <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MEMory:DATA:BIT <"filename">, <bit_count>,<datablock></datablock></bit_count>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:BIT? <"filename">		
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:FIR <"filename">,osr,coefficient{,coefficient} :MEMory:DATA:FIR? <"filename"></pre>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:FSK <"filename">,num_states,f0,f0,[,diff_state,num_d iff_states,diff0,diff1,] :MEMory:DATA:FSK? <"filename">	-	
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:IQ <"filename">,offsetQ,num_states,i0,q0,i1,q1,[,di ff_state,num_diff_states,diff0,diff1,] :MEMory:DATA:IQ? <"filename"></pre>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM[1] 2 3 4:FILE:BLOCk <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:PRAM[1] 2 3 4:FILE:LIST <"filename">, <uint8>[,<uint8>,<>]</uint8></uint8>	-	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
<pre>:MEMory:DATA:SHAPe <"filename">,num_rise_points,rp0,rp1,num_fall_po ints,fp0,fp1, :MEMory:DATA:SHAPe? <"filename"></pre>	-	
:MEMory:DATA:UNPRotected <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	-	
:MEMory:DELete:ALL	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BINary	1	
:MEMory:DELete:BIT	-	
:MEMory:DELete:CDMA	-	
:MEMory:DELete:DMOD	-	
:MEMory:DELete:DWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FIR	-	
:MEMory:DELete:FSK	-	
:MEMory:DELete:IQ	-	
:MEMory:DELete:LIST	1	
:MEMory:DELete:MCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MDMod	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MDWCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MFCdma	-	
:MEMory:DELete:MTONe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:RCDMa	-	
:MEMory:DELete:SEQ	-	
:MEMory:DELete:SHAPe	-	
:MEMory:DELete:STATe	1	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:MEMory:DELete:UFLT	1	
:MEMory:DELete:UPC	-	
:MEMory:DELete:UWCDma	-	
:MEMory:DELete[:NAME] <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:FREE[:ALL]?	1	
:MEMory:LOAD:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MEMory:MOVE <src_file>,<dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	
:MEMory:SIZE? <"filename">	1	Returns - 1 if the file does not exist in a valid msus or directory
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent <reg_num>,<seq_num>,<"comment"></seq_num></reg_num>	1	
:MEMory:STATe:COMMent? <reg_num>,<seq_num></seq_num></reg_num>		
:MEMory:STORe:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:CATalog? <"msus">	1	
:MMEMory:COPY <"filename">,<"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:DATA <"filename">, <datablock></datablock>	1	
:MMEMory:DATA? <"filename">		
:MMEMory:DELete:NVWFm	-	
:MMEMory:DELete:WFM	-	
:MMEMory:DELete[:NAME] <"filename">, [<"msus">]	-	
:MMEMory:HEADer:CLEar <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription <"filename">, <"description">	1	
:MMEMory:HEADer:DESCription? <"filename">		
:MMEMory:LOAD:LIST <"filename">	1	
:MMEMory:MOVE <src_file>,<dest_file></dest_file></src_file>	1	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:MMEMory:STORe:LIST <"filename">	1	
Output Subsystem		
:OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
:OUTPut:BLANking:AUTO?		
:OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:OUTPut:BLANking[:STATe]?		
:OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe]?		
:OUTPut:SETTled:POLarity NORMal INVerted	-	
:OUTPut:SETTled:POLarity?		
:OUTPut:SETTled:RETRace NORMal INVerted	-	
:OUTPut:SETTled:RETRace?		
:OUTPut:SETTled:RFOFf NORMal INVerted	-	
:OUTPut:SETTled:RFOFf?		
:OUTPut:SETTled[:STATe]?	-	
:OUTPut[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:OUTPut[:STATe]?		
Route Subsystem		
:ROUTe:HARDware:DGENerator:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Status Subsystem		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:ENABle <value></value>	-	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:ENABle?		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:NTRansition <value></value>	_	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:NTRansition?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:PTRansition <value></value>	-	
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband:PTRansition?		
:STATus:OPERation:BASeband[:EVENt]?	-	
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value> :STATus:OPERation:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value> :STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?</value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:PRESet	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle <value> :STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:ENABle?</value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition <pre><value></value></pre>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:CALibration[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?	✓	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:CONDition?	1	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:FREQuency[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:CONDition?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition <value></value>	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:MODulation[:EVENt]?	-	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:ENABle?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:NTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable:POWer[:EVENt]?	1	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?		
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	1	
System Subsystem		
:SYSTem:ALTernate <reg num=""> :SYSTem:ALTernate? [MAXimum MINimum]</reg>	-	
:SYSTem:ALTernate:STATe ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:ALTernate:STATe?	-	
:SYSTem:CAPability?	1	
:SYSTem:DATE <year>,<month>,<day> :SYSTem:DATE?</day></month></year>	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor:SCPI[:SYNTax] ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:ERRor:SCPI[:SYNTax]?	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor[:NEXT]?	1	
:SYSTem:FILEsystem:SAFEmode ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:FILEsystem:SAFEmode?	_	
:SYSTem:HELP:MODE SINGle CONTinuous :SYSTem:HELP:MODE?	-	
:SYSTem:IDN "string"	1	
:SYSTem:LANGuage "8340" "8360" "83712" "83732" "83752" "8757" "8662" "8663"	1	See ":LANGuage (N5183A)" on page 492.
:SYSTem:LANGuage?		
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:BAND WR15 WR12 WR10 WR8 WR6 WR5 WR3	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:BAND?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:MULTiplier <val></val>	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:MULTiplier?		
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STARt <val></val>	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STARt?		
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STOP <val></val>	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:FREQuency:STOP?		
:SYSTem:OEMHead:SELect ON OFF NONE REAR FRONt	-	
:SYSTem:OEMHead:SELect?		
:SYSTem:OPT "string"	1	
:SYSTem:PON:TYPE PRESet LAST	1	
:SYSTem:PON:TYPE?		
:SYSTem:PRESet	1	Always performs the same action as the Preset hardkey.
		For related Preset hardkey information, refer to ":SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?" on page 510
:SYSTem:PRESet:ALL	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage "8340" "8360" "83712" "83732" "83752" "8757" "8662" "8663"	1	See ":PRESet:LANGuage (N5183A)" on page 493.
:SYSTem:PRESet:LANGuage?		
:SYSTem:PRESet:PERSistent	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:PN9 NORMal QUICk	-	
:SYSTem:PRESet:PN9?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?	1	This command toggles the Preset hardkey state between factory- and user-defined conditions. The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST. NOTE If the Preset hardkey is not responding correctly, using the SCPI command: :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE NORMal will return the Preset hardkey to its default factory behavior.
:SYSTem:PRESet[:USER]:SAVE	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay ON OFF {1} 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted ON OFF {1} 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:DISPlay:RESTricted?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:ERASeall	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel {NONE} ERASe OVERwrite SANitize :SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:SECurity:LEVel:STATe?	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:OVERwrite	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:SANitize	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay <value> :SYSTem:SSAVer:DELay?</value>	1	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE LIGHt TEXT	1	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:MODE?		
:SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe ON OFF	✓	
:SYSTem:SSAVer:STATe?		
:SYSTem:TIME <hour>,<minute>,<second></second></minute></hour>	1	
:SYSTem:TIME?		
:SYSTem:VERSion?	1	
Trigger Subsystem		
:ABORt	1	
:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL]?		
:INITiate[:IMMediate][:ALL]	1	
:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity POSitive NEGative	1	
:TRIGger:OUTPut:POLarity?		
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe POSitive NEGative	1	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SLOPe?		
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce BUS IMMediate EXTernal KEY	1	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce?		
:TRIGger[:SEQuence][:IMMediate]	1	
[:SOURce]:TSWeep	1	
Unit Subsystem		
:UNIT:POWer DBM DBUV DBUVEMF V VEMF DB	1	
:UNIT:POWer?		
Amplitude Modulation Subsystem		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:AM:MODE DEEP NORMal	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:SENSitivity <val></val>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:SENSitivity?		
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:WIDeband:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance <50 600>	-	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance?		aoes nothing.
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported:
		"TRIangle" "SQUare" "RAMP" "NOISe"
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported:
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		"TRIangle" "SQUare" "RAMP" "NOISe" "DUALsine" "SWEPtsine"

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <val><unit> UP DOWN</unit></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe GAUSsian UNIForm	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP POSitive NEGative	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:POLarity NORMal INVerted	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:POLarity?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] INT2 EXT[1] EXT2	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATE ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:TYPE LINear EXPonential	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh]:EXPonential <val></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh]:EXPonential?		
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear] <val><unit> UP DOWN</unit></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2 [:DEPTh] [:LINear]?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:AM[1] 2[:DEPTh][:LINear]:TRACk?		
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
Correction Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:LOAD <"filename">	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PAIR <freq>,<corr></corr></freq>	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PRESet	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STORe <"filename">	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:LOAD <"filename">	-	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:OFFSet:DEFault	-	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:OFFSet:HI <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:OFFSet:HI?		
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:OFFSet:LO <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:OFFSet:LO?		
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:PAIR <level>,<corr></corr></level>	-	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:POINts?	-	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:PRESet	-	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:POWer:STORe <"filename">	-	
[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe]?		
Frequency Subsystem		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer? [MAXimum MINimum]		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND NBASe NMOBile BPGSm MPGSm	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:BAND?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer <number> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels:NUMBer?</number>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CHANnels[:STATe]?	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:FIXed <value><unit> UP DOWN [:SOURce]:FREQuency:FIXed?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MANual <value><unit> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MANual?</unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE FIXed CW SWEep LIST [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE?	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier <value> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet <value><unit> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe ON OFF [:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe?	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence <value><unit> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence?</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:SET	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:FREQuency:REFerence:STATe?	1	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN? [MAXimum MINimum]		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:FIXed]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:FIXed]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:PHASe:REFerence	1	
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PHASe[:ADJust]?		
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:DEFaults	-	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:EXTernal <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:EXTernal?		
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:INTernal <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:BANDwidth:INTernal?		
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce?	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO?		
Frequency Modulation Subsystem		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance <50 600>	-	Command accepted without error but
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance?		does nothing.
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported:
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe GAUSsian UNIForm	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP POSitive NEGative	-	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] INT2 EXT[1] EXT2	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation] <val><unit></unit></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]?		
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	_	
[:SOURce]:FM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk?		
List/Sweep Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:LIST:CPOint?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection UP DOWN	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DIRection?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:TYPE LIST STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWEL1:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency:POINts?	1	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual <value> UP DOWN</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MANual?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE AUTO MANual	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer <value>{,<value>}</value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace ON OFF 0 1	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:RETRace?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce BUS IMMediate EXTernal KEY	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE LIST STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:FSTep	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE:LIST:INITialize:PRESet	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE MASTer SLAVe	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:CPOint?	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWELl <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:DWEL1?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration ANALog STEPped	1	Only the STEPped parameter is accepted
[:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration?		without error.

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO MANual	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts <value> [:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts?</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:SPACing LINear LOGarithmic [:SOURce]:SWEep:SPACing?	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME 10mS - 99S [:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME?	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:AUTO ON OFF 0 1 [:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:AUTO?	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:COMP:AUTO ON OFF 0 1 [:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME:COMP:AUTO?	-	
Low Frequency Output Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:LFOutput:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Phase Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] [:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:BANDwidth BWIDth NORMal HIGH [:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:BANDwidth BWIDth?	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling AC DC [:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:COUPling?	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance <50 600> [:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:EXTernal[1] 2:IMPedance?	-	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal2:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:ALTernate:A MPLitude:PERCent?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe SINE TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported:
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:FUNCtion:SHAPe?		TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe DUALsine SWEPtsine
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE <value><unit></unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:RATE?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger IMMediate KEY EXTernal BUS	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1]:SWEep:TRIGger?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>	✓	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FREQuency?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe GAUSsian UNIForm	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:NOISe?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP POSitive NEGative	ı	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:RAMP?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:INTernal[1] 2:FUNCtion:SHAPe?	>	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:SOURce INT[1] INT2 EXT[1] EXT2	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2:STATe?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation] <val><unit></unit></val>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2 [:DEViation]?		
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:PM[1] 2[:DEViation]:TRACk?		
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement] <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement]?		
Power Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth <num>[freq suffix]</num>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth BWIDth:AUTO?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel <value>dB</value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel?		
[:SOURCe]:POWer:ALC:SEARCh ON OFF 1 0 ONCE	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence RMS FIXed MANual MODulated	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel <value></value>	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:REFerence:LEVel?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:POINts <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:POINts?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STARt <value><units></units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STARt?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP <value><units></units></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:TYPE FULL USER	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN:TYPE?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEARch:SPAN[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal DIODe MMHead	1	Supported on the N5183A. But the
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce?		following parameter is not supported: MMHead.
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling (0dB-32dB)	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALCHold:EXTernal[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALCHold:EXTernal[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALCHold:INTernal[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALCHold:INTernal[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE FIXed LIST SWEep	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:REFerence:STATe?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt?		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate]:OFFSet?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]?		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]:STE P[:INCRement] <value></value>	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]:STE P[:INCRement]?		
Pulse Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal INVerted	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay <delay> UP DOWN</delay>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay? [UP DOWN]		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay:STEP <step></step>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:DELay:STEP?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency <frequency> MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</frequency>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency?		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRemen t] <freq> MAXimum MINimum DEFault</freq>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRemen t]? [MIN MAX DEF]		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod <period> MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</period>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement] <step> UP DOWN</step>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PERiod:STEP[:INCRement]?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth <width></width>	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth:STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:INTernal[1]:PWIDth:STEP?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INTernal SQUare FRUN TRIGgered DOUBlet GATEd	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INTernal?		
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe?		
Digital Function Commands		
All Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:ALL:OFF	_	This subsystem is not supported.
AWGN ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:AWGN	-	This subsystem is not supported.
AWGN Real Time Subsystem		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio:AWGN:RT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Bluetooth Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:BLUEtooth:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Calculate Subsystem		
:CALCulate:BERT:BTS:LOOPback:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
CDMA ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:CDMA:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Custom Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:CUSTom:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Data Subsystem		
:DATA:BERT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
DECT Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:DECT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Dmodulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:DMODulation:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Digital Subsystem		
:DIGital	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Digital Modulation Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:BURSt:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
[:SOURce]:DM:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Display subsystem		
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT DBM DBUV DBUVEMF V VEMF DB :DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude:UNIT?	1	

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat MDY DMY	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk:DATE:FORMat?		
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay:ANNotation:CLOCk[:STATe]?		
:DISPlay:BRIGhtness <value></value>	1	
:DISPlay:BRIGhtness?		
:DISPlay:CAPTure	1	
:DISPlay:CONTrast <value></value>	1	
:DISPlay:CONTrast?		
:DISPlay:INVerse ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay:INVerse?		
:DISPlay:MENU[:NAME] AM FMPM SWEep UTILity PULSe LFOut FREQuency AMPLitude SAVE RECall IQ MUX MODE MODesetup BERT BGSM BEDGe	-	
:DISPlay:REMote ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay:REMote?		
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe]?		
Dual ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Edge Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:EDGE:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
GSM Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:GSM:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Input Subsystem		
:INPut:BERT[:BASeband]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	N5183A	Remarks
Lbfilter Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:LBFilter ON OFF 1 0	-	
[:SOURce]:LBFilter?		
Marker Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:MARKer:AMPLitude:VALue <num>[DB]</num>	1	
[:SOURce]:MARKer:AMPLitude:VALue? [MAXimum MINimum]		
[:SOURce]:MARKer:AMPLitude[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:MARKer:AMPLitude[:STATe]?		
[:SOURce]:MARKer:AOFF	1	
[:SOURce]:MARKer:DELTa? <num>, <num></num></num>	1	
[:SOURce]:MARKer:MODE FREQuency DELTa	1	
[:SOURce]:MARKer:MODE?		
[:SOURce]:MARKer:REFerence <marker></marker>	1	
[:SOURce]:MARKer:REFerence?		
[:SOURce]:MARKer[0] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9:FREQuency <frequency></frequency>	1	
[:SOURce]:MARKer[0] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9:FREQuency? [MAXimum MINimum]		
[:SOURce]:MARKer[0] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9:[STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce]:MARKer[0] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9:[STATe]?		
Measure Subsystem		
:MEASure:[SCALar]:BERT:BTS:LOOPback:EDGE:MCS5[:SENS itivity]?	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Multi-Tone Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:MTONe:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
NADC Subsystem		

Table 9-2 E8241A/44A, E8251A/54A, E8247C/57C/67C, E8257/67D and E8663B Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:RADio[1][:NADC]:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
PDC Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:PDC:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
PHS Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:PHS:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Sense Subsystem		
:SENSe:BERT:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Tetra Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:TETRa:	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Two Tone Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio:TTONe:ARB	-	This subsystem is not supported.
Wideband CDMA ARB Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]:WCDMa:TGPP:ARB:	-	This subsystem is not supported.

8340B/41B Compatible SCPI Commands

The tables in this section provide the following:

Table 9-3 is a comprehensive list of 8340B/41B programming codes, listed in alphabetical order. The equivalent SCPI command sequence for each supported code is provided; codes that are *not* supported by the N5183A are indicated as such in the command sequence column.

Table 9-4 is a list of the implemented 8340B/41B programming codes that set the active function. This table also indicates which codes are compatible with the RB command (knob), and lists the operation active (OA) query, the operation prior (OP) query, and the increment (up), and the decrement (down) SCPI commands.

NOTE Compatibility is provided for GPIB only; RS-232 and LAN are *not* supported.

When using the programming codes in this section, you can:

• set the N5183A system language to 8340 for the current session:

Utility > I/O Config > Remote Language > More > 8340B/8341B

or send the command:

:SYST:LANG "8340"

 set the N5183A system language to 8340 so that it does not reset with either preset, instrument power cycle or *RST command:

Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language > More > 8340B/8341B

or send the command:

:SYST:PRESet:LANG "8340"

• set the *IDN? response to any 8340 like response you prefer. Refer to the :SYSTem:IDN command.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences

Cmd	Description	8340	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
A1	Internal leveling mode	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal
A2	External leveling mode with diode detector	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce DIODe [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling <val> dB</val>
A3	External leveling mode with power meter	Y	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
AK0	Amplitude markers off	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer:AMPLitude OFF 0
AK1	Amplitude markers on	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer:AMPLitude ON 1
AL0	Alternate sweep mode off	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
AL1	Alternate sweep mode on	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
AM0	Amplitude modulation off	Y	[:SOURce]:AM:STATe OFF 0
AM1	Amplitude modulation on	Y	[:SOURCe]:AM:SOURCE EXT [:SOURCe]:AM:EXTernal:COUPling DC [:SOURCe]:AM:DEPTh 90 [:SOURCe]:AM:EXTernal:IMPedance 600 [:SOURCe]:AM:STATE ON 1
AS0	Alternate state selection: select current front panel	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
AS1	Alternate state selection: select recalled state	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
AT	Set attenuator	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation <val><unit></unit></val>
AU	Auto-coupled mode to obtain shortest possible sweep time	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
BC	Advance to next frequency bandcrossing	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
C1	1 MHz crystal marker frequency	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
C2	10 MHz crystal marker frequency	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
С3	50 MHz crystal marker frequency	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
C4	External crystal marker frequency	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
CA0	Amplitude crystal markers off	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
CA1	Amplitude crystal markers on	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
CF	Center frequency (step sweep)	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE SWEep [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer <val><unit></unit></val>
CL0	Intensity crystal markers off	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Cmd	Description	8340	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
CL1	Intensity crystal markers on	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
CS	Clear both status bytes	Y	*CLS
CW	Set CW frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE CW [:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] <val><unit></unit></val>
DB	dB(m) terminator	Y	DB
DF	Delta frequency (step sweep)	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE SWEep [:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN <val> <unit></unit></val>
DM	dB(m) terminator	Y	DB
DN	Step down (decrements active function by step value)	Y	supported, see Table 9-4 on page 570
DP0	Display blanking off	N	DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] OFF 0
DP1	Display blanking on	N	DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON 1
DU0	Display update off	Y	DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] OFF 0
DU1	Display update on	Y	DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON 1
EF	Entry display off	Y	DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON 1
EK	Enable knob	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
ЕМО	Extended marker mode off	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
EM1	Extended marker mode on	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
F1	20 MHz/V FM sensitivity	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
F2	6 MHz/V FM sensitivity	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
FA	Start frequency (step sweep)	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE SWEep [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt <val><unit></unit></val>
FB	Stop frequency (step sweep)	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE SWEep [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP <val><unit></unit></val>
FL0	CW filter off	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
FL1	CW filter on	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
FM0	Frequency modulation off	Y	[:SOURce]:FM:STATe OFF 0

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Cmd	Description	8340	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
FM1	Frequency modulation on	Y	[:SOURce]:FM:SOURce EXT [:SOURce]:FM:EXTernal:COUPling DC [:SOURce]:FM:EXTernal:IMPedance 50 [:SOURce]:FM:STATE ON 1
FM1	Frequency modulation sensitivity	Y	[:SOURce]:FM[:DEViation] <val><unit></unit></val>
FP	Fast phaselock	Y	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
GZ	GHz terminator	Y	GHZ
HZ	Hz terminator	Y	HZ
IF	Increment frequency	Y	TRIGger[:SEQuence][:IMMediate] or [:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] UP
IL	Input learn string	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
IP	Instrument preset	Y	SYSTem:PRESet [:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP [:INCRement] 1 GHZ [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier <saved multiplier=""> [:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE SWEep [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt 2 GHz or MIN [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP MAX [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude] 0 dB OUTput[:STATe] ON 1</saved>
ΙΡ	Instrument preset	N	SYSTem:PRESet SYSTem:LANGuage "8757" [:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE SWEep [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt 2 GHz or MIN [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP MAX [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude] 0 dB OUTput[:STATe] ON 1
IX	Input micro learn string	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
KR	Key release	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
KZ	kHz terminator	Y	KHZ
MO MO	Frequency marker off	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer[n]:[STATe] OFF 0

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Cmd	Description	8340	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
MA	Turn on and set frequency marker 0	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer0:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer0:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
M1	Turn on and set frequency marker 1	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer1:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer1:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
M2	Turn on and set frequency marker 2	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer2:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer2:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
М3	Turn on and set frequency marker 3	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer3:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer3:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
M4	Turn on and set frequency marker 4	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer4:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer4:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
M5	Turn on and set frequency marker 5	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer5:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer5:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
M6	Turn on and set frequency marker 6	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer6:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer6:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
M7	Turn on and set frequency marker 7	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer7:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer7:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
M8	Turn on and set frequency marker 8	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer8:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer8:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
M9	Turn on and set frequency marker 9	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer9:[STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:MARKer9:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>
MC	Active marker to center frequency	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
MD	Marker delta	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
MP0	Marker 1-2 sweep off	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
MP1	Marker 1-2 sweep on	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
MS	Milliseconds terminator	Y	мs
MZ	MHz terminator	Y	MHZ
NA	Network analyzer mode	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
NT	Network analyzer trigger	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
OA	Output active parameter	Y	supported, see Table 9-4 on page 570
ОВ	Output next bandcross frequency	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
ос	Output coupled parameters (start frequency, center frequency, sweep time)	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt? [:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer? [:SOURce]:SWEep:TIME?

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Cmd	Description	8340	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
OD	Output diagnostic values	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
OE	Output when executed	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
OF	Output fault	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
OI	Output identification	Y	*IDN?
ок	Output last lock frequency	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
OL	Output learn string	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
OM	Output mode string	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
OP	Output interrogated parameter	Y	supported, see Table 9-4 on page 570
OPA2	Output external detector coupling factor	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal :COUPling?
OPAT	Output attenuator	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation?
OPCF	Output center frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer?
OPCW	Output CW frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CW?
OPDF	Output delta frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN?
OPFA	Output start frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt?
OPFB	Output stop frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP?
OPFM1	Output FM sensitivity	Y	[:SOURce]:FM[:DEViation]?
OPMA	Output marker 0 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer0:FREQuency?
OPM1	Output marker 1 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer1:FREQuency?
OPM2	Output marker 2 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer2:FREQuency?
ОРМ3	Output marker 3 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer3:FREQuency?
OPM4	Output marker 4 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer4:FREQuency?
OPM5	Output marker 5 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer5:FREQuency?
OPM6	Output marker 6 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer6:FREQuency?
OPM7	Output marker 7 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer7:FREQuency?
OPM8	Output marker 8 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer8:FREQuency?

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Cmd	Description	8340	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
ОРМ9	Output marker 9 frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer9:FREQuency?
OPPL	Output power level	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude]?
OPPS	Output power sweep span	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:SPAN?
OPSB	Output # of sweep buckets	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
OPSF	Output frequency step size	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP [:INCRement]?
OPSHA1	Output power level	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude]?
OPSHA2	Output ALC level	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
OPSHA3	Output ALC level	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel?
OPSHAZ	Output ALC level	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
OPSHCF	Output frequency step size	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP [:INCRement]?
OPSHCW	Output swept CW frequency	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt? or [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP?
OPSHFA	Output frequency multiplier	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier?
OPSHFB	Output frequency offset	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet?
OPSHPL	Output power step size	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude]:STEP[:INCRement]?
OPSHPS	Output ALC level	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel?
OPSHRF	Output power level	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude]?
OPSHSL	Output attenuator	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation?
OPSHSN	Output sweep step points	N	[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts?
OPSL	Output power slope	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:SLOPe?
OPSM	Output manual frequency	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
OPSN	Output sweep step points	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts?
OPSP	Output power step size	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude]:STEP[:INCRement]?
OPST	Output sweep time	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Cmd	Description	8340	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
OPTL	Output sweep time limit	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
OR	Output internally measured power level	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
os	Output status bytes	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
OX	Output micro learn string	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
PL	Set power level	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON 1 [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude] <val><unit></unit></val>
PM0	Pulse modulation off	Y	[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe OFF 0
PM1	Pulse modulation on	Y	[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce EXTernal [:SOURce]:PULM:STATE ON 1
PM1	27.8 kHz square wave pulse modulation on	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
PS0	Power sweep off	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE FIXed
PS1	Power sweep on	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE SWEep [:SOURce]:POWer:SPAN <val> dB</val>
R2	Extended status byte #2 mask	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
RB	Control knob remotely	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
RC	Recall state	Y	*RCL <reg_num>[,<seq_num>]</seq_num></reg_num>
RE	Extended status byte mask	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
RF0	RF output off	Y	OUTPut[:STATe] OFF 0
RF1	RF output on	Y	OUTPut[:STATe] ON 1
RM	Status byte mask	Y	*SRE <mask></mask>
RP0	RF peaking off	Y	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
RP0	RF blanking off	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
RP1	RF peaking on	Y	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
RP1	RF blanking on	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
RS	Reset sweep	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Cmd	Description	Description 8340 Equivalent SCPI Command					
S1	Continuous sweep mode	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO				
			:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce IMMediate :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON				
S2	Single sweep mode	Y [:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce IMMediate :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] OFF					
S3	Manual frequency sweep mode	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.				
SB	Number of sweep buckets	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.				
SC	Seconds terminator	Y	s				
SF	Frequency step size	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement] <val><unit></unit></val>				
SG	Single sweep mode	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce IMMediate :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] OFF				
SH	Shift prefix	Y	supported, by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence				
SH01	Blank display	N	DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] OFF 0				
SHA1	Disable ALC and set power level	Y	<pre>[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] OFF 0 [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude] <val><unit></unit></val></pre>				
SHA2	External leveling mode with millimeter head module	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.				
SHA3	Directly control linear modulator circuit (bypassing ALC)	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO OFF 0 [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] OFF 0 [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel <val>dB</val>				
SHAK	Immediate YTF peak	Y	supported, but has no effect on PSG				
SHAL	Retain multiplication factor on power on/off and preset	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence				
SHAM	Pulse modulation enhancement	Y	supported, but has no effect on PSG				
SHAZ	External leveling mode with millimeter head module	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.				
SHCF	Frequency step size	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement] <val><unit></unit></val>				
SHCF	Coarse CW resolution	N	supported, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG				

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Cmd	Description	8340	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
SHCW	Swept CW	N	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE SWEep [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt <val><unit> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP <val><unit></unit></val></unit></val>
SHDF	Fine CW resolution	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
SHEF	Restore cal. const. access function	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
SHFA	Frequency multiplier	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier <val></val>
SHFB	Frequency offset	Y	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet <val><unit></unit></val>
SHIP	Reset multiplication factor to 1 and preset instrument	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
SHM0	All frequency markers off	Y	[:SOURce]:MARKer:AOFF
SHM1	Turn on and set marker delta	N	[:SOURce]:MARKer:MODE DELTa
SHM2	Enable counter interface	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
SHM3	Disable counter interface	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
SHM4	Diagnostics: test/display results	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
SHMO	All frequency markers off	N	[:SOURce]:MARKer:AOFF
SHMP	Set start frequency to marker 1 and set stop frequency to marker 2	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MARKer:XFER
SHPL	Power step size	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude]:STEP[:INCRement] <val></val>
SHPM	27.8 KHz square wave pulse modulation on	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
SHPS	Decouple attenuator and ALC (control ALC independently)	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO OFF 0 [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON 1 [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel <val>dB</val>
SHRC	Unlock save/recall	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
SHRF	Disable ALC and set power level	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] OFF 0
			[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude] <val><unit></unit></val>
SHRP	Auto track	Y	supported, but has no effect on PSG
SHS10	Disable display update	Y	DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] OFF 0
SHS11	Re-enable display update	Y	DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON 1

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Display fault diagnostic Set attenuator from front panel	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
Set attenuator from front panel		The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation <val><unit></unit></val>			
Stepped sweep	N	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration STEPped [:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE STEP			
		<pre>[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce IMMediate :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce IMMediate :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON</pre>			
		[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts <val></val>			
Reset step sizes to default values	N	supported, but has no effect on PSG			
Zoom function	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
Lock save/recall	Y	supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence			
Test displays	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
Bandcrossing penlift	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
Display unlock indicators	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
IO Channel	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
IO Subchannel	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
Write to IO	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
Read from IO	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
Frequency offset	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
Power slope off	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:SLOPe:STATe OFF 0			
Power slope on	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:SLOPe:STATe ON 1 [:SOURce]:POWer:SLOPe <value> [DB/GHz]</value>			
Power slope on	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer:SLOPe:STATe ON 1 [:SOURce]:POWer:SLOPe <value> [DB/Hz]</value>			
Manual frequency sweep mode	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.			
Number of points in a stepped sweep	Y	[:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE AUTO [:SOURce]:SWEep:GENeration STEPped [:SOURce]:LIST:TYPE STEP			
		[:SOURce]:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce BUS :TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce IMMediate:INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON [:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts <val></val>			
	Zoom function Lock save/recall Test displays Bandcrossing penlift Display unlock indicators IO Channel IO Subchannel Write to IO Read from IO Frequency offset Power slope off Power slope on Power slope on Manual frequency sweep mode	Zoom function N Lock save/recall Y Test displays N Bandcrossing penlift N Display unlock indicators N IO Channel N IO Subchannel N Write to IO N Read from IO N Frequency offset N Power slope off Y Power slope on Y Manual frequency sweep mode N			

Table 9-3 8340B/41B Prog. Codes & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Cmd	Description	8340	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
SP	Power step size	Y	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate] [:AMPLitude]:STEP[:INCRement] <val></val>
ST	Sweep time	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
sv	Save state	Y	*SAV <reg_num>[,<seq_num>]</seq_num></reg_num>
swo	Swap network analyzer channels	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
SW1	Swap network analyzer channels	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
SX	External sweep type	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG
Т1	Free run sweep trigger mode	Y	:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce IMMediate :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON
T2	Line sweep trigger mode	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
Т3	External sweep trigger mode	Y	:TRIGger[:SEQuence]:SOURce EXTernal :INITiate:CONTinuous[:ALL] ON
Т4	Single sweep trigger mode	N	:INITiate[:IMMediate][:ALL]
TL	Sweep time limit	N	The Agilent MXG does not support this feature.
TS	Take sweep	Y	:TSWeep
UP	Step up (increments active function by step value)	Y	supported, see Table 9-4 on page 570
US	Microseconds terminator	Y	US
VR	CW vernier	N	command is accepted, but has no effect on the Agilent MXG

Table 9-4 8340 Code Compatibility

Code	Active	with	Comp. with UP/DN	Comp. with RB (Knob)	Equivalent SCPI Commands for OA/OP query and UP/DN command
A2	1	1	1		[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:EXTernal:COUPling? [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation UP [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation DOWN
АТ	1	1	1		[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation? [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation UP [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation DOWN
CF	1	1			[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer?

Table 9-4 8340 Code Compatibility (Continued)

Code	Sets Active Function	Comp. with OA/OP	Comp. with UP/DN	Comp. with RB (Knob)	Equivalent SCPI Commands for OA/OP query and UP/DN command
CW	1	1	1	1	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]? [:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] UP [:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW] DOWN
DF	1	1			[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN?
FA	1	1			[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt?
FB	1	1			[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP?
FM1	1	1			[:SOURce]:FM[:DEViation]?
MA	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer0:FREQuency?
M1	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer1:FREQuency?
M2	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer2:FREQuency?
М3	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer3:FREQuency?
M4	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer4:FREQuency?
М5	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer5:FREQuency?
М6	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer6:FREQuency?
М7	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer7:FREQuency?
М8	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer8:FREQuency?
М9	1	1			[:SOURce]:MARKer9:FREQuency?
PL	1	1	1	1	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]? [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] UP [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] DOWN
PS	1	1			[:SOURce]:POWer:SPAN?
RC	1				none
SB	1	1			supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence
SF	1	1		1	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement]?
SHA1	1	1	1	1	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]? [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] UP [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] DOWN
SHA2	1	1		1	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel?

Table 9-4 8340 Code Compatibility (Continued)

Code	Active	Comp. with OA/OP	Comp. with UP/DN	Comp. with RB (Knob)	Equivalent SCPI Commands for OA/OP query and UP/DN command
SHA3	1	1	1	1	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel? [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation UP [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation DOWN
SHAZ	1	1		1	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel?
SHCF	1	1		1	[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW]:STEP[:INCRement]?
SHCW	1	1			[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt? or [:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP?
SHFA	1	1		1	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier?
SHFB	1	1		1	[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet?
SHPL					[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]:STEP[:INCRement]?
	1	1	1	1	[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation UP [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation DOWN
SHPS	1	1	1	1	[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:LEVel? [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation UP [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation DOWN
SHRF	1	1	1	1	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]? [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] UP [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] DOWN
SHSL	1	1			[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation?
SHSN	1	1		1	[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts?
SL	1	1			[:SOURce]:POWer:SLOPe?
SM	1	1			not supported
SN	1	1		1	[:SOURce]:SWEep:POINts?
SP	1	1		1	[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude]:STEP [:INCRement]?
ST	1	1			not supported
sv	1				none
TL	1	1			not supported

836xxB/L Compatible SCPI Commands

Table 9-5 is a comprehensive list of 836xxB/L SCPI commands arranged by subsystem. Commands are indicated as supported by the N5183A or not supported by the N5183A. Use the legend within the table to determine command compatibility.

The preset state of the N5183A differs from that of the 836xxB/L. The RF output and sweep are turned off in the N5183A, while in the 836xxB/L these parameters are turned on. To optimize the benefit of using 836xxB/L compatible commands with a N5183A, set up a user-defined preset state that emulates the preset state of the 836xxB/L.

To use the commands, select **8360 Series** as the remote language. See :LANGuage (N5183A) section for information about selecting the language type.

When using the programming codes in this section, you can:

• set the N5183A system language to 8360 Series for the current session:

```
Utility > I/O Config > Remote Language > More > 8360 Series
```

or send the command:

:SYST:LANG "8360"

• set the N5183A system language to 8360 Series so that it does not reset with a preset, an instrument power cycle, or a *RST command:

Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language > More > 8360 Series

or send the command:

:SYST:PRESet:LANG "8360"

• set the *IDN? response to any 8360-like response you prefer. Refer to the :SYSTem:IDN command.

NOTE Some of the N5183A supported commands are a subset of the 836xxB/L commands. When this occurs, the syntax supported by the N5183A is shown in addition to the syntax that is not supported

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks						
IEEE Common Commands									
*CLS	1	1							
*ESE <data></data>	1	1							
*ESE?	1	1							
*ESR?	1	1							
*IDN?a	1	1							
*LRN?	-	-							
*OPC	1	1							
*OPC?	1	1							
*OPT?	1	1							
*RCL <reg_num></reg_num>	1	1							
*RST	1	1							
*SAV <reg_num></reg_num>	1	1							
*SRE <data></data>	1	1							
*SRE?	1	1							
*STB?	1	1							
*TRG	1	1							
*TST?	1	1							
*WAI	1	1							
Abort Subsystem									
:ABORt	1	1							
Amplitude Modulation Subsystem									
:AM[:DEPTh] <num>[PCT] MAXimum MINimum <num>DB</num></num>	1	1							

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:AM[:DEPTh]? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:AM:INTernal:FREQuency <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</freq></num>	1		
:AM:INTernal:FREQuency? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:AM:INTernal:FUNCtion SINusoid SQUare TRIangle RAMP NOISe	1		Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe
:AM:INTernal:FUNCtion?	1		
:AM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1		
:AM:SOURce?	1		
:AM:MODE DEEP NORMal	-		
:AM:MODE?	-		
:AM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1		
:AM:STATe?	1		
:AM:TYPE LINear EXPonential	1		
:AM:TYPE?	1		
Calibration Subsystem	•	1	
:CALibration:AM:AUTO ON OFF 1 0			
:CALibration:AM:AUTO?	-		
:CALibration:AM[:EXECute]	-		
:CALibration:PEAKing:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	_	-	
: CALibration: PEAKing: AUTO?	-	-	
:CALibration:PEAKing[:EXECute]	_	-	
:CALibration:PMETer:DETector:INITiate ? IDETector DIODe	_	_	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:CALibration:PMETer:DETector:NEXT? <num>[<lvl suffix="">]</lvl></num>	-	-	
:CALibration:PMETer:FLATness:INITiate ? USER DIODe PMETER MMHead	-	-	
:CALibration:PMETer:FLATness:NEXT? <value>[<lvl suffix="">]</lvl></value>	-	_	
:CALibration:SPAN:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	-	-	
:CALibration:SPAN:AUTO?	-	-	
:CALibration:SPAN[:EXECute]	-	-	
:CALibration:TRACk	-	-	
Correction Subsystem			
:CORRection:ARRay[i]{ <value>[DB]}</value>	-	-	
:CORRection:ARRay[i]?	-	-	
:CORRection:FLATness { <num>[freq suffix],<num>[DB]}2*801</num></num>	1	1	
:CORRection:FLATness?	✓	✓	
:CORRection:SOURce[i] ARRay FLATness	-	-	
:CORRection:SOURce[i]?	-	-	
:CORRection:FLATness:POINts? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:CORRection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:CORRection[:STATe]?	1	1	
Diagnostics Subsystem		ı	
:DIAGnostics:ABUS? <value></value>	_	_	
:DIAGnostics:ABUS:AVERage <value></value>	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:ABUS:AVERage?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:ABUS:STATus?	-	-	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:DIAGnostics:INSTrument:PMETer:ADDRes s <value></value>	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:INSTrument:PMETer:ADDRes s?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:INSTrument:PRINter:ADDRe ss <value></value>	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:INSTrument:PRINter:ADDRe ss?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:IORW <value>,<value></value></value>	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:IORW? <value></value>	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:OUTPut:FAULt?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:RESult?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:CONTinue	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:DATA:DESC?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:DATA:MAXimum?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:DATA:MINimum?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:DATA:VALue?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:DISable { <num>}1*? ALL</num>	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:ENABle { <num>}1*? ALL</num>	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST[:EXECute] <value></value>	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:LOG:SOURce ALL FAIL	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:LOG:SOURce?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:LOG[:STATe]?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:LOG[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:LOOP ON OFF 1 0	-	-	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A – = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:DIAGnostics:TEST:LOOP?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:NAME? [<value>]</value>	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:POINts?	-	-	
:DIAGnostics:TEST:RESult? [<value>]</value>	_	-	
:DIAGnostics:TINT? <value></value>	-	-	
Display Subsystem			
:DISPlay[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:DISPlay[:STATe]?	1	1	
Frequency Modulation Subsystem			
:FM:COUPling AC DC	1		
:FM:COUPling?	1		
:FM[:DEViation] <val><unit> MAXimum MINimum</unit></val>	1		
:FM[:DEViation]? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:FM:FILTer:HPASs <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</freq></num>	-		
:FM:FILTer:HPASs? [MAXimum MINimum]	_		
:FM:INTernal:FREQuency <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</freq></num>	1		
:FM:INTernal:FREQuency? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:FM:INTernal:FUNCtion SINusoid SQUare TRIangle RAMP NOISe	1		Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe
:FM:INTernal:FUNCtion?	1		
:FM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1		
:FM:SOURce?	1		

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:FM:SENSitivity <val><freq suffix="" v=""> MAXimum MINimum</freq></val>	1		
:FM:SENSitivity? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:FM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1		
:FM:STATe?	1		
Frequency Subsystem			
:FREQuency:CENTer <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	1	
:FREQuency:CENTer? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed] <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	1	
:FREQuency[:CW]? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:FREQuency[:FIXed]? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:FREQuency[:CW]:AUTO ON OFF 1 0		-	
:FREQuency[:CW]:AUTO?	-	-	
:FREQuency[:FIXed]:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	-	-	
:FREQuency[:FIXed]:AUTO?	-	-	
:FREQuency:MANual <num>[freq suffix] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</num>	-	-	
:FREQuency:MANual? [MAXimum MINimum]	-	-	
:FREQuency:MODE FIXed CW SWEep LIST	1	1	
:FREQuency:MODE?	1	1	
:FREQuency:MULTiplier <num> MAXimum MINimumb</num>	1	1	
:FREQuency:MULTiplier? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks		
:FREQuency:MULTiplier:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	-			
:FREQuency:MULTiplier:STATe?	-	-			
:FREQuency:OFFSet <num> MAXimum MINimum</num>	1	1			
:FREQuency:OFFSet? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1			
:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	1			
:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe?	1	1			
:FREQuency:SPAN <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	1			
:FREQuency:SPAN? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1			
:FREQuency:STARt <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	1			
:FREQuency:STARt? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1			
:FREQuency:STEP:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	1			
:FREQuency:STEP:AUTO?	1	1			
:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</freq></num>	1	1			
:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?	1	1			
:FREQuency:STOP <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</freq></num>	1	1			
:FREQuency:STOP? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1			
Initiate Subsystem					
:INITiate:CONTinuous ON OFF 1 0	1	1			
:INITiate:CONTinuous?	1	1			
:INITiate[:IMMediate]	1	1			
List Subsystem					

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:LIST:DWELl { <num>[<time suffix>] MAXimum MINimum}</time </num>	1	1	
:LIST:DWELL? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:LIST:DWEL1:POINts? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:LIST:FREQuency { <value>[<freq suffix>] MAXimum MINimum}</freq </value>	1	1	
:LIST:FREQuency?	1	1	
:LIST:FREQuency:POINts? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:LIST:MANual <num></num>	1	1	
:LIST:MANual?	1	1	
:LIST:MODE AUTO MANual	1	1	
:LIST:MODE?	1	1	
:LIST[:POWer]:CORRection { <value>[DB] MAXimum MINimum}</value>	-	-	
:LIST[:POWer]:CORRection?	-	-	
:LIST[:POWer]:CORRection:POINts? [MAXimum MINimum]	-	-	
:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce IMMediate BUS EXTernal	1	/	
:LIST:TRIGger:SOURce?	1	1	
Marker Subsystem			
:MARKer[n]:AMPLitude[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:MARKer[n]:AMPLitude[:STATe]?	1	1	
:MARKer[n]:AMPLitude:VALue <value>[DB] MAXimum MINimum</value>	1	1	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks	
:MARKer[n]:AMPLitude:VALue? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1		
:MARKer[n]:AOFF	1	1		
:MARKer[n]:DELTa? <value>,<value></value></value>	1	1		
:MARKer[n]:FREQuency <value>[<freq suffix>] MAXimum MINimum</freq </value>	1	1		
:MARKer[n]:FREQuency? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1		
:MARKer[n]:MODE FREQuency DELTa	1	1		
:MARKer[n]:MODE?	1	1		
:MARKer[n]:REFerence <n></n>	1	1		
:MARKer[n]:REFerence?	1	1		
:MARKer[n][:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	1		
:MARKer[n][:STATe]?	1	1		
Measure Subsystem				
:MEASure:AM?	_			
:MEASure:FM?	_			
Modulation Subsystem				
:MODulation:OUTPut:SOURce AM FM	-			
:MODulation:OUTPut:SOURce?	-			
:MODulation:OUTPut:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-			
:MODulation:OUTPut:STATe?	_			
:MODulation:STATe?	1			
Power Subsystem				

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth :BWIDth <value>[<freq suffix>] MAXimum MINimum</freq </value>	-	-	
:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth? :BWIDth? [MAXimum MINimum]	-	-	
:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth :BWIDth:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:POWer:ALC:BANDwidth :BWIDth:AUTO?	1	1	
:POWer:ALC:CFACtor <value>[DB] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</value>	-	_	
:POWer:ALC:CFACtor? [MINimum MAXimum]	-	-	
:POWer:ALC:SOURce PMETer INTernal DIODe MMHead	1	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: PMETer MMHead
:POWer:ALC:SOURce?	1	1	
:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:POWer:ALC[:STATe]?	1	1	
:POWer:AMPLifier:STATE ON OFF 1 0			
:POWer:AMPLifier:STATE?	-	-	
:POWer:AMPLifier:STATE:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	-	-	
:POWer:AMPLifier:STATE:AUTO?	_	-	
:POWer:ATTenuation <num>[DB] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</num>	1	1	
:POWer:ATTenuation? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
: POWer: ATTenuation: AUTO?	1	1	
:POWer:CENTer <num>[<lv1 suffix>] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</lv1 </num>	1	1	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:POWer:CENTer? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:POWer[:LEVel] <num>[<lvl suffix>] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</lvl </num>	1	1	
:POWer[:LEVel]? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:POWer:MODE FIXed SWEep	1	1	
:POWer:MODE?	1	1	
:POWer:OFFSet <num>[DB] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</num>	1	1	
:POWer:OFFSet? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:POWer:OFFSet:STATe ON 1 ^c :POWer:OFFSet:STATe OFF 0 ^d	- /	- /	
:POWer:OFFSet:STATe?	1	1	
:POWer:RANGe <value>[<lvl suffix>] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</lvl </value>	_	-	
: POWer: RANGe?	-	-	
:POWer:SEARch ON OFF 1 0 ONCE	1	1	
:POWer:SEARch?	1	✓	
:POWer:SLOPe <value>[DB/<freq suffix>] MIN MAX UP DOWN</freq </value>	1	1	
:POWer:SLOPe? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:POWer:SLOPe:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:POWer:SLOPe:STATe?	1	1	
:POWer:SPAN <value>[DB] MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</value>	1	1	
:POWer:SPAN? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:POWer:STARt <val><unit> MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</unit></val>	1	1	
:POWer:STARt? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:POWer:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:POWer:STATe?	1	1	
:POWer:STEP:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:POWer:STEP:AUTO?	1	1	
:POWer:STEP[:INCRement] <num>[DB] MAXimum MINimum</num>	1	1	
:POWer:STEP[:INCRement]? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:POWer:STOP <val><unit> MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN</unit></val>	1	✓	
:POWer:STOP? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
Pulse Modulation Subsystem			
:PULM:EXTernal:DELay <value>[<time suffix>] MAXimum MINimum</time </value>	-		
:PULM:EXTernal:DELay? [MAXimum MINimum]	-		
:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal INVerted	1		
:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity?	1		
:PULM:INTernal:FREQuency <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</freq></num>	1		
:PULM:INTernal:FREQuency? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:PULM:INTernal:GATE ON OFF 1 0	_		
:PULM:INTernal:GATE?	_		

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:PULM:INTernal:PERiod <num>[<time suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</time></num>	1		
:PULM:INTernal:PERiod? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:PULM:INTernal:TRIGger:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1		
:PULM:INTernal:TRIGger:SOURce? [INTernal EXTernal]	1		
:PULM:INTernal:WIDTh <num>[<time suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</time></num>	1		
:PULM:INTernal:WIDTh? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:PULM:SLEW <value>[<time suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</time></value>	-		
:PULM:SLEW? [MAXimum MINimum]			
:PULM:SLEW:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	-		
: PULM: SLEW: AUTO?	-		
:PULM:SOURce SCALar :PULM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	- •		
:PULM:SOURce?	1		
:PULM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1		
:PULM:STATe?	1		
Pulse Subsystem			
:PULSe:FREQuency <num>[<freq suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</freq></num>	1		
:PULSe:FREQuency? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:PULSe:PERiod <num>[<time suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</time></num>	1		

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A– = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:PULSe:PERiod? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
:PULSe:WIDTh <pre></pre> <pre><td>1</td><td></td><td></td></pre>	1		
:PULSe:WIDTh? [MAXimum MINimum]	1		
Reference Oscillator Subsystem			
:ROSCillator:SOURce INTernal EXTernal NONE	1	1	
:ROSCillator:SOURce?	1	1	
:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO?	1	1	
Status Subsystem		-	
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle?	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?	1	1	
:STATus:PRESet	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	1	1	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?	1	1	
Sweep Subsystem			
:SWEep:CONTrol:STATe ON OFF 1 0	_	-	
:SWEep:CONTrol:STATe?	-	-	
:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE MASTer SLAVe	-	-	
:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE?	-	-	
:SWEep:DWEL1 <num>[<time suffix="">] MAXimum MINimum</time></num>	1	1	
:SWEep:DWEL1? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:SWEep:DWEL1:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	-	-	
:SWEep:DWEL1:AUTO?	-	-	
:SWEep:GENeration STEPped ANALog	1	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: ANALog
:SWEep:GENeration?	1	1	
:SWEep:MANual:POINt <num> MAXimum MINimum</num>	1	1	
:SWEep:MANual:POINt? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:SWEep:MANual[:RELative] <value></value>	-	-	
:SWEep:MANual[:RELative]?	-		
:SWEep:MARKer:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	-	
:SWEep:MARKer:STATe?	-	-	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:SWEep:MARKer:XFER	1	1	
:SWEep:MODE AUTO MANual	1	1	
:SWEep:MODE?	1	1	
:SWEep:POINts <num> MAXimum MINimum</num>	1	1	
:SWEep:POINts? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:SWEep:STEP <value>[<freq suffix>] MAXimum MINimum</freq </value>	1	1	
:SWEep:STEP? [MAXimum MINimum]	1	1	
:SWEep:TIME <value>[<time suffix>] MAXimum MINimum</time </value>	-	-	
:SWEep:TIME? [MAXimum MINimum]	-	-	
:SWEep:TIME:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	-	-	
:SWEep:TIME:AUTO?	-	-	
:SWEep:TIME:LLIMit <value>[<time suffix>] MAXimum MINimum</time </value>	-	-	
:SWEep:TIME:LLIMit? [MAXimum MINimum]	-	-	
:SWEep:TRIGger:SOURce IMMediate BUS EXTernal	1	1	
:SWEep:TRIGger:SOURce?	✓	1	
System Subsystem			,
:SYSTem:ALTernate <value> MAXimum MINimum</value>	-	-	
:SYSTem:ALTernate? [MAXimum MINimum]	-	-	
:SYSTem:ALTernate:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	-	
:SYSTem:ALTernate:STATe?			

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess < number>	1	1	
:SYSTem:DUMP:PRINter?	-	-	
:SYSTem:ERRor?	1	1	
:SYSTem:LANGuage CIIL COMPatible :SYSTem:LANGuage SCPI	- ⁄	- /	
:SYSTem:MMHead:SELect:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	-	-	
:SYSTem:MMHead:SELect:AUTO?	-	-	
:SYSTem:MMHead:SELect FRONt REAR NONE ^e	-	_	
:SYSTem:MMHead:SELect?	-	-	
:SYSTem:PRESet[:EXECute]	1	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:SAVE	1	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE FACTory USER	1	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?	1	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:COUNt <value>fg</value>	1	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:COUNt? [MINimum MAXimum]	1	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 ^e	1	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity[:STATe]?	1	1	
:SYSTem:VERSion?	1	1	
Trigger Subsystem			
:TRIGger[:IMMediate]	1	1	
:TRIGger:ODELay <value>[time suffix] MAXimum MINimum</value>	_	-	
:TRIGger:ODELay? [MAXimum MINimum]	-	-	

Table 9-5 836xxB/L SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83620B & 83640B	83620L & 83640L	Remarks
:TRIGger:SOURce IMMediate BUS EXTernal	1	1	
:TRIGger:SOURce?	✓	1	
Tsweep Subsystem			
:TSWeep	✓	1	
Unit Subsystem			
:UNIT:AM DB PCT	-		
:UNIT:AM?	-		
:UNIT:POWer { <lvl suffix="">}</lvl>	✓	1	
:UNIT:POWer?	✓	1	

a. The identification information can be modified for the N5183A to reflect the signal generator that is being replaced. Refer to ":SYSTem:IDN" on page 491 and ":SYSTem:OPT" on page 491 for more information.

b. A multiplier of zero is not allowed.

c. The N5183A will accept this command, but it has no effect.

d. This command resets the power offset level to 0dBm. It does not turn off or disable the power offset feature.

e. Since the N5183A does not have a front panel millimeter head (source module) interface connector, the "FRONT" suffix defaults to the rear connector.

f. Flash memory allows only a limited number of "writes and erasures", excessive use of this command will reduce the memory lifetime.

g. This command can take several hours to execute because the N5183A memory size is much larger than the HP 836xx memory.

8373xB and 8371xB Compatible SCPI Commands

Table 9-6 is a comprehensive list of 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI commands arranged by subsystem. Commands are indicated as supported by the N5183A or not supported by the N5183A. Use the legend within the table to determine command compatibility.

To use the commands, select 8371xB or 8373xB as the remote language. See :LANGuage (N5183A) section for information about selecting the language type.

When using the programming codes in this section, you can:

• set the N5183A system language to 8371xB or 8373xB for the current session:

```
Utility > I/O Config > Remote Language > More > 83711B,83712B \,\mathrm{or}\, 83731B,83732B
```

or send the command:

```
:SYST:LANG "83712" or "83732"
```

• set the N5183A system language to 8371xB or 8373xB so that it does not reset with a preset, a instrument power cycle, or a *RST command:

```
Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language > More > 83711B,83712B or 83731B,83732B
```

or send the command:

```
:SYST:PRESet:LANG "83712" or "83732"
```

• set the *IDN? response to any 8371xB or 8373xB response preferred. Refer to the :SYSTem:IDN and :SYSTem:OPT commands.

NOTE Some of the N5183A supported commands are subsets of the 8373xB and 8371xB commands. When this occurs, the syntax supported by the N5183A is shown in addition to the syntax that is not supported.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A – = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks		
IEEE Common Commands					
*CLS	✓	✓			
*DMC	-	-			
*EMC	_	-			
*EMC?	_	-			
*ESE <data></data>	✓	✓			
*ESE?	1	✓			
*ESR?	1	1			
*GMC?	-	-			
*IDN?ª	1	1			
*LMC?	-	-			
*LRN?	_	-			
*OPC	✓	✓			
*OPC?	✓	✓			
*OPT?ª	1	1			
*PMC	-	-			
*PSC	1	1			
*PSC?	1	1			
*RCL <reg_num></reg_num>	1	1			
*RMC	-	-			
*RST	1	1			
*SAV <reg_num></reg_num>	1	1			
*SRE <data></data>	1	1			
*SRE?	1	1			

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks
*STB?	✓	1	
*TST?	✓	1	
*WAI	✓	1	
Abort Subsystem			
:ABORt	✓		
Amplitude Modulation Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh] <val><unit>b</unit></val>	✓		
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh] <num>[<pct>] <num>DB</num></pct></num>	✓		
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh]:STEP[:INCRement] incr MINimum MAXimum DEFault	1		
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency <num>[<freq suffix="">] incr MINimum MAXimum DEFault</freq></num>	1		
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]	-		
[:SOURCe]:AM:INTernal:FUNCtion SINusoid SQUare TRIangle RAMP NOISe UNIForm GAUSsian	/		Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe UNIForm GAUSsian
[:SOURCe]:AM:SENSitivity <val> MIN MAX DEF</val>	-		
[:SOURCe]:AM:SOURCe FEED INTernal EXTernal	✓		
[:SOURce]:AM:SOURce?d	1		
[:SOURCe]:AM:STATe ON OFF	1		
[:SOURce]:AM:STATe?	1		
[:SOURce]:AM:TYPE LINear EXPonential	1		
[:SOURce]:AM:TYPE?	1		
Display Subsystem	•	•	
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	✓	1	
:DISPlay[:WINDow][:STATe]?	1	1	

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks		
Initiate Subsystem					
:INITiate:CONTinuous ON OFF 1 0	1				
:INITiate:CONTinuous?	1				
Correction Subsystem					
<pre>[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness[:DATA] <freq>,<corr.>, <freq>,<corr.></corr.></freq></corr.></freq></pre>	1	1			
[:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:POINts <points></points>	1	1			
[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe] ON OFF	1	1			
[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe]?	1	1			
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET[:SELect] tableno	-	-			
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET[:SELect]?	-	-			
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	-			
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:STATe?	-	-			
Frequency Modulation Subsystem					
[:SOURce]:FM:COUPling AC DC	1				
[:SOURce]:FM:COUPling?	1				
[:SOURce]:FM[:DEViation] <val><unit></unit></val>	1				
[:SOURce]:FM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement] <val> [<freq suffix="">]</freq></val>	-				
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency <num>[<freq suffix="">]</freq></num>	1				
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] incr MINimum MAXimum DEFault	1				
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FUNCtion SINusoid SQUAre TRIAngle RAMP UNIForm GAUSsian	✓		Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe UNIForm GAUSsian		
[:SOURce]:FM:SENSitivity?	1				

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FM:SOURce FEED INTernal External	1		
[:SOURce]:FM:SOURce?d	1		
[:SOURce]:FM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1		
[:SOURce]:FM:STATe?	1		
Frequency Subsystem	•		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed] <num>[<freq suffix="">] UP DOWN DEFault</freq></num>	✓	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed] [MAXimum MINimum DEFault]	✓	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]:STEP <val><unit></unit></val>	1	✓	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]:STEP?	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier <val> UP DOWN DEFault^c</val>	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier?	1	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier:STEP[:INCRement] incr MINimum MAXimum DEFault	-	_	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier:STEP[:INCRement]?	-	-	
Memory Subsystem			
:MEMory:CATalog[:ALL]?	1	1	
:MEMory:CATalog:TABLe?	-	-	
:MEMory:CATalog:MACRo	-	-	
:MEMory:RAM:INITialize	-	-	
:MEMory:TABLe:FREQuency freq,freq MINimum MAXimum	-	_	
:MEMory:TABLe:FREQuency? MINimum MAXimum	-	-	
:MEMory:TABLe:FREQuency:POINts?	-	-	
:MEMory:TABLe:LOSS[:MAGNitude] cf,cf MINimum MAXimum	-	_	

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A -= Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks
:MEMory:TABLe:LOSS[:MAGNitude]?	-	-	
:MEMory:TABLe:LOSS[:MAGNitude]:POINts?	-	-	
:MEMory:TABLe:SELect tableno	-	-	
:MEMory:TABLe:SELect?	-	-	
Modulation Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:MODulation:AOFF	1		
[:SOURce]:MODulation:STATe ON OFF	-		
[:SOURce]:MODulation:STATe?	1		
Output Subsystem			
:OUTPut:IMPedance?	-	-	
:OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe] ON OFF	1	✓	
:OUTPut:PROTection[:STATe]?	1	1	
:OUTPut[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	1	
:OUTPut[:STATe]?	1	1	
Phase Modulation Subsystem	•		
[:SOURce]:PM:COUPling AC DC	1		
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation] <val><unit></unit></val>	1		
[:SOURce]:PM[:DEViation]:STEP[:INCRement]	1		
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency <val><unit></unit></val>	1		
[:SOURce]:PM:INTernal:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]	1		
[:SOURCe]:PM:INTernal:FUNCtion SINusoid SQUare TRIAngle RAMP UNIForm GAUSsian	1		Supported but the following parameters are not supported: TRIangle SQUare RAMP NOISe UNIForm GAUSSian
[:SOURce]:PM:RANGe AUTO LOW HIGH	-		
[:SOURce]:PM:SENSitivity sens MINimum MAXimum DEFault	-		

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PM:SOURce INTernal FEED EXTernal	1		FEED and INTernal are synonymous.
[:SOURce]:PM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1		
Power Subsystem		1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:PMETer pmeter MINimum MAXimum DEFault	-	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:PMETer?			
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:PMETer:STEP incr MINimum MAXimum DEFault	-	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:PMETer:STEP?	-	-	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce PMETer [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal DIODe	- 🗸	- /	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce?	1	✓	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ONCE [:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON OFF	- /	- 🗸	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO?	1	✓	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel] ampl MINimum MAXimum UP DOWN DEFault	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel]?	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel]:STEP incr MINimum MAXimum DEFault	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel]:STEP?	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection:STATe ON OFF	1	1	
[:SOURce]:POWer:PROTection:STATe?	1	1	
Pulse Modulation Subsystem		-	
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity NORMal INVerted	1		
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:POLarity?	1		

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce?	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe?	1		
Pulse Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DELay delay MINimum MAXimum UP DOWN DEFault	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DELay?	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DELay:STEP <num>[<time suffix="">][DEFault]</time></num>	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DELay:STEP? [DEFault]	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DOUBle[:STATE] ON OFF	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DOUBle[:STATE]?	✓		
[:SOURCe]:PULSe:FREQuency freq MINimum MAXimum UP DOWN DEFault	/		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:FREQuency?	1		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:FREQuency:STEP freq DEFault	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:FREQuency:STEP? [MIN MAX DEF]	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:PERiod <num>[<time suffix="">] UP DOWN</time></num>	1		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:PERiod?	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:PERiod:STEP <num>[<time suffix="">]</time></num>	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:PERiod:STEP?	✓		
[:SOURce]:PULse:TRANSition[:LEADing] SLOW MEDium FAST	-		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:TRANsition[:LEADing]?	_		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:TRANsition:STATe ON OFF	-		

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A − = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PULSe:TRANsition:STATe?	-		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:WIDTh MAXimum MINimum UP DOWN DEFault	1		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:WIDTh? [MAXimum MINimum DEFault]	1		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:WIDTh:STEP <num>[<time suffix="">] DEFault</time></num>	1		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:WIDTh:STEP? [MINimum MAXimum DEFault]	1		
Reference Oscillator Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce?	1	1	
Status Subsystem	1		
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	✓	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle?	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?	1	/	
:STATus:PRESet	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?	1	1	

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A – = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value></value>	1	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?	1	1	
System Subsystem			
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess <number></number>	1	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess?	1	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess	-		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess?	-	-	
:SYSTem:ERRor?	1	1	
:SYSTem:KEY keycode MINimum MAXimum	-	-	
:SYSTem:KEY?	-	-	
:SYSTem:LANGuage "COMP=8673" "COMPatibility=8673" :SYSTem:LANGuage "SCPI"	-	-	
.5101cm.nanddage 5011	✓	1	
:SYSTem:LANGuage?	1	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet	1	1	
:SYSTem:VERSion?	1	1	
Trigger Subsystem		•	
:TRIGger[:SEQuence :STARt]:SOURce IMMediate EXTernal	1		
:TRIGger[:SEQuence :STARt]:SOURce?	1		
:TRIGger:SEQuence2:STOP:SOURce IMMediate EXTernal	-		
:TRIGger:SEQuence2:STOP:SOURce?	-		
:TRIGger:SEQuence2:SLOPe	-		
Unit Subsystem			
:UNIT:FREQuency { <freq suffix="">}</freq>	1	1	
:UNIT:FREQuency?	1	1	

Table 9-6 8373xB and 8371xB SCPI Commands

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A	83731B & 83732B	83711B & 83712B	Remarks
:UNIT:POWer { <lvl suffix="">}</lvl>	1	1	
:UNIT:POWer?	1	1	
:UNIT:TIME	-	-	
:UNIT:TIME?	-	-	
:UNIT:VOLTage { <lvl suffix="">}</lvl>	-	-	
:UNIT:VOLTage?	-	-	

a. The identification information can be modified for the N5183A to reflect the signal generator that is being replaced. Refer to :SYSTem:IDN or :SYSTem:OPT on page 491 for more information.

b.In linear mode,% cannot be used to select percent as the unit. Use PCT to specify percent as the unit.

c. A multiplier of zero is not allowed.

d.If FEED is selected, the query returns INT. FEED and INTernal are synonymous.

8375xB Compatible SCPI Commands

Table 9-7 is a comprehensive list of 83751B and 83752B SCPI commands, arranged by subsystem. Commands are identified as supported by the N5183A or not supported by then N5183A. Use the legend within the table to determine command compatibility.

To use the commands, select 8375xB as the remote language. See :LANGuage (N5183A) section for information about selecting the language type.

When using the programming codes in this section, you can:

• set the PSG system language to 83751B,83752B for the current session:

```
Utility > I/O Config > Remote Language > More > 83751B,83752B
```

or send the command:

```
:SYST:LANG "83752"
```

• set the N5183A system language to 8375xB so that it does not reset with either preset, instrument power cycle or *RST command:

Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language > More > 83751B,83752B

or send the command:

```
:SYST:PRESet:LANG "83752"
```

• set the *IDN? response to any 8375xB-like response you prefer. Refer to the :SYSTem:IDN and :SYSTem:OPT commands.

NOTE Some supported commands require the installation of hardware or firmware options.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A – = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
IEEE Common Commands	-	
*CLS	1	
*DMC	-	
*EMC	-	
*EMC?	-	
*ESE <value></value>	✓	
*ESE?	1	
*ESR?	1	
*GMC? <label></label>	-	
*IDN?	1	
*LMC?	-	
*LRN?	-	
*OPC	1	
*OPC?	1	
*OPT?	1	
*PMC	-	
*PSC ON OFF 1 0	1	
*PSC?	1	
*RCL <reg_num></reg_num>	1	
*RMC <label></label>	-	
*RST	1	
*SAV <reg_num></reg_num>	✓	
*SRE <value></value>	1	
*SRE?	✓	

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
*STB?	1	
*TRG	1	
*TST?	1	
*WAI	1	
Abort Subsystem		
:ABORt	✓	
Amplitude Modulation Subsystem		
:AM:SOURcel INTernal EXTernal	1	
:AM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	✓	
:AM:SOURce1?	1	
:AM:SOURce?	✓	
:AM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
:AM:STATe?	1	
Calibration Subsystem		
:CALibration:PEAKing[:EXECute]	-	
:CALibration:PEAKing[:EXECute]? <dac_va></dac_va>	-	
:CALibration:PMETer:FLATness:INITiate? USER	-	
:CALibration:PMETer:FLATness:NEXT? <value>[<lvlsuffix>]</lvlsuffix></value>	-	
:CALibration:SECurity:CODE <old> <new></new></old>	-	
:CALibration:SECurity:PASSword <passwd></passwd>	_	
:CALibration:TRACk	-	
Correction Subsystem		
:CORRection:FLATness:AMPL <value>[DB], <value>[DB]</value></value>	_	

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
:CORRection:FLATness:AMPL?	-	
:CORRection:FLATness:FREQ <pre></pre> <pre><value>[<freqsuffix>],<value>[<freqsuffix>]</freqsuffix></value></freqsuffix></value></pre>	-	
:CORRection:FLATness:FREQ?	-	
:CORRection:FLATness:POINts? MAXimum MINimum	✓	
:CORRection:VOLTs:OFFSet	-	
:CORRection:VOLTs:OFFSet?	-	
:CORRection:VOLTs:SCALe	-	
:CORRection:VOLTs:SCALe?	-	
:CORRection[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	✓	
:CORRection[:STATe]?	✓	
Diagnostics Subsystem		
:DIAG:LRNS?	-	
:DIAGnostic:TEST:FULLtest:REPort?	-	
:DIAGnostic:TEST:FULLtest?	-	
Display Subsystem		
:DISPlay[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	✓	
:DISPlay[:STATe]?	✓	
Frequency Modulation Subsystem		·
:FM:COUPling AC DC	✓	
:FM:COUPling?	✓	
:FM:SENSitivity <value><freqsuffix v=""></freqsuffix></value>	1	
:FM:SENSitivity?	1	
:FM:SOURce1 EXTernal :FM:SOURce EXTernal	/	

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
:FM:SOURce1? :FM:SOURce?	1	
:FM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
:FM:STATe?	1	
Frequency Subsystem		
:FREQuency:CENTer <value>[<freqsuffix>] UP DOWN</freqsuffix></value>	✓	
:FREQuency:CENTer?	1	
:FREQuency:MANual <value><unit> UP DOWN</unit></value>	-	
[:SOURce[1]]:FREQuency:MANual? [:SOURce]:FREQuency:MANual?		
:FREQuency:MODE FIXed CW SWEep SWCW	1	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: SWCW
:FREQuency:MODE?	1	
:FREQuency:MULTiplier <value></value>	1	
:FREQuency:MULTiplier?	1	
:FREQuency:MULTiplier:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
:FREQuency:MULTiplier:STATe?	-	
:FREQuency:OFFSet <value></value>	✓	
:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
:FREQuency:OFFSet:STATe?	1	
:FREQuency:OFFSet?	1	
:FREQuency:SPAN <value>[<freqsuffix>] UP DOWN</freqsuffix></value>	1	
:FREQuency:SPAN?	1	
:FREQuency:STARt <value>[<freqsuffix>] UP DOWN</freqsuffix></value>	1	

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
:FREQuency:STARt?	1	
:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] <value>[<freqsuffix>]</freqsuffix></value>	1	
:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement]?	1	
:FREQuency:STOP <value>[<freqsuffix>] UP DOWN</freqsuffix></value>	1	
:FREQuency:STOP?	1	
:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed] <value>[<freqsuffix>] UP DOWN</freqsuffix></value>	1	
:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	-	
:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]:AUTO?	-	
:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]?	1	
Initiate Subsystem		
:INITiate:CONTinuous ON OFF 1 0	1	
:INITiate:CONTinuous?	1	
:INITiate[:IMMediate]	1	
Marker Subsystem		
[:SOURce[1]]:MARKer[n]:AMPLitude[:STATe]	1	
ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:MARKer[n]:AMPLitude[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
[:SOURce[1]]:MARKer[n]:AMPLitude[:STATe]? [:SOURce]:MARKer[n]:AMPLitude[:STATe]?	1	
:MARKer[n]:AOFF	1	
:MARKer[n]:FREQuency <value><unit></unit></value>	1	
:MARKer[n]:FREQuency?	1	
:MARKer[n]:MODE FREQuency DELTa	1	
:MARKer[n]:MODE?	1	

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
:MARKer[n]:REFerence <n></n>	1	
:MARKer[n]:REFerence?	1	
:MARKer[n][:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:MARKer[n][:STATe]?	1	
Memory Subsystem		
:MEMory:RAM:INITialize[:ALL]	-	
Output Subsystem		
:OUTPut:IMPedance?	-	
:OUTPut[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	✓	
:OUTPut[:STATe]?	1	
Power Subsystem		
:POWer:ALC:CFACtor <value>[DB] UP DOWN</value>	-	
:POWer:ALC:CFACtor?	-	
:POWer:ALC:SOURcel INTernal DIODe PMETer MMHead :POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal DIODe PMETer MMHead	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: PMETer MMHead.
:POWer:ALC:SOURce1? :POWer:ALC:SOURce?	1	
:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0	1	
:POWer:ALC[:STATe]?	1	
:POWer:ATTenuation <value>[DB] UP DOWN</value>	1	
:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
:POWer:ATTenuation:AUTO?	1	
:POWer:ATTenuation?	1	
:POWer:CENTer <value>[<lvlsuffix>] UP DOWN</lvlsuffix></value>	1	

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
:POWer:CENTer?	1	
:POWer:MODE FIXed SWEep	1	
:POWer:MODE?	1	
:POWer:OFFSet <value>[DB] UP DOWN</value>	1	
:POWer:OFFSet?	1	
:POWer:OFFSet:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
:POWer:OFFSet:STATe?	1	
:POWer:SLOPe <value>[DB/freqsuffix] UP DOWN</value>	1	
:POWer:SLOPe:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
:POWer:SLOPe:STATe?	1	
:POWer:SLOPe?	1	
:POWer:SPAN <value>[DB] UP DOWN</value>	1	
:POWer:SPAN?	1	
:POWer:STARt <value>[<lvlsuffix>] UP DOWN</lvlsuffix></value>	1	
:POWer:STARt?	1	
:POWer:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
:POWer:STATe?	1	
:POWer:STEP[:INCRement] <value>[DB]</value>	1	
:POWer:STEP[:INCRement]?	1	
:POWer:STOP <value>[<lvlsuffix>] UP DOWN</lvlsuffix></value>	1	
:POWer:STOP?	1	
:POWer[:LEVel] <value>[<lvlsuffix>] UP DOWN</lvlsuffix></value>	1	
:POWer[:LEVel]?	1	

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
Pulse Modulation Subsystem		
:PULM:SOURcel INTernal EXTernal SCALar SQ1K :PULM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal SCALar SQ1K	1	Supported but the following parameters are not supported: SCALer SQ1K
:PULM:SOURce1? :PULM:SOURce?	<i>y</i>	
:PULM:STATe ON OFF 1 0	1	
:PULM:STATe?	1	
Pulse Subsystem		
:PULSe:FREQuency <value>[<freqsuffix>]</freqsuffix></value>	✓	
:PULSe:FREQuency?	1	
:PULSe:PERiod <value>[<timesuffix>]</timesuffix></value>	1	
:PULSe:PERiod?	1	
:PULSe:WIDTh <value>[<timesuffix>]</timesuffix></value>	1	
:PULSe:WIDTh?	1	
Reference Oscillator Subsystem		
:ROSCillator:SOURce1 INTernal EXTernal NONE :ROSCillator:SOURce INTernal EXTernal NONE	✓ ✓	
:ROSCillator:SOURce1:AUTO ON OFF 1 0 :ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	1	
:ROSCillator:SOURce1:AUTO? :ROSCillator:SOURce:AUTO?	1	
:ROSCillator:SOURce1? :ROSCillator:SOURce?	<i>I</i>	
Status Subsystem		

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:PRESet	✓	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition?	✓	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition <value></value>	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	✓	
Sweep Subsystem	·	
:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE MASTer SLAVe	-	
:SWEep:CONTrol:TYPE?		
:SWEep:DWELl <value>[<timesuffix>]</timesuffix></value>	1	
:SWEep:DWELl?	✓	
:SWEep:DWELl:AUTO ON OFF 1 0		

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A – = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
:SWEep:DWELl:AUTO?	-	
:SWEep:GENeration ANALog STEPped	/	Supported but the following parameter is not supported: ANALog
:SWEep:GENeration?	1	
:SWEep:MANual:POINt <value></value>	1	
:SWEep:MANual:POINt?	1	
:SWEep:MANual[:RELative] <value></value>	-	
:SWEep:MANual[:RELative]?	-	
:SWEep:MARKer:STATe ON OFF 1 0	-	
:SWEep:MARKer:STATe?	-	
:SWEep:MARKer:XFER	1	
:SWEep:MODE AUTO MANual	1	
:SWEep:MODE?	1	
:SWEep:POINts <value></value>	1	
:SWEep:POINts?	1	
:SWEep:POWer:STEP <value>[<lvlsuffix>] UP DOWN</lvlsuffix></value>	-	
:SWEep:POWer:STEP?	-	
:SWEep:TIME <value>[<timesuffix>]</timesuffix></value>	-	
:SWEep:TIME?	-	
:SWEep:TIME:AUTO ON OFF 1 0	-	
:SWEep:TIME:AUTO?	-	
:SWEep:TIME:LLIMit <value>[<timesuffix>]</timesuffix></value>	-	
:SWEep:TIME:LLIMit?	-	
:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP <value>[<freqsuffix>] UP DOWN</freqsuffix></value>	1	

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP?	1	
:SWEep[:POINts]:TRIGger:SOURce IMMediate BUS EXTernal	1	
:SWEep[:POINts]:TRIGger:SOURce?	1	
:SWEep[:POINts]:TRIGger[:IMMediate]	_	
System Subsystem		
:SYSTem:ALTernate <reg num=""></reg>	_	
:SYSTem:ALTernate:STATe ON OFF 1 0	_	
:SYSTem:ALTernate:STATe?	_	
:SYSTem:ALTernate?	_	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB:ADDRess <value></value>	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess <value></value>		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:ADDRess?	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TYPE	/	The following parameters are supported: Sockets VXI11 USB (See ":PMETer:TYPE" on page 148). The following parameters are not supported: SCPI 70100A 437B 438A
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:PMETer:TYPE?	1	
:SYSTem:ERRor?	✓	
:SYSTem:KEY:DISable SAVE	-	
:SYSTem:KEY:DISable? SAVE	-	
:SYSTem:KEY:ENABle SAVE	-	
:SYSTem:KEY:ENABle? SAVE	-	
:SYSTem:KEY[:CODE] <value></value>	_	
:SYSTem:KEY[:CODE]?	-	

Table 9-7 8375xB SCPI Commands (Continued)

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	83751B & 83752B	Remarks
:SYSTem:LANGuage "SCPI" "TMSL" "COMP"	1	The following parameter is not supported: "TMSL"
:SYSTem:LANGuage?	✓	
:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE FACTORY USER	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE?	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet[:EXECute]	1	
:SYSTem:PRESet[:USER]:SAVE	1	
:SYSTem:SECurity:CLEar	-	
:SYSTem:SECurity:COUNt <value></value>	✓	
:SYSTem:SECurity:KLOCk ON OFF 0 1	-	
:SYSTem:SECurity:ZERO ON OFF 0 1	_	
:SYSTem:VERSion?	✓	
Trigger Subsystem		
:TRIGger:SOURce1 IMMediate BUS EXTernal HOLD :TRIGger:SOURce IMMediate BUS EXTernal HOLD	✓	
::RIGGET:SOURCE IMMEDIATE BUS EXTERNAT HOLD	✓	
:TRIGger:SOURce1?	✓	
:TRIGger:SOURce?	✓	
:TRIGger[:IMMediate]	✓	
Tsweep Subsystem	, 	1
:TSWeep	✓	

8662A/63A Compatible SCPI Commands

The tables in this section provide the following:

Table 9-8 is a comprehensive list of 8662A/63A programming commands, listed in alphabetical order. The equivalent SCPI command sequence for each supported code is provided. Codes that have no equivalent SCPI command sequence are indicated in the command column, as are codes that are *not* supported by the N5183A.

Table 9-9 is a list of the implemented 8662A/63A programming commands that set the active function. This table also indicates which codes are compatible with the increment (up), and the decrement (down) SCPI commands.

To use the commands, select 866xA as the remote language. See :LANGuage (N5183A) section for information about selecting the language type.

When using the programming codes in this section, you can:

set the N5183A system language to 866xA for the current session:

Utility > I/O Config > Remote Language > More > More > 8662A or 8663A or send the command:

```
:SYST:LANG "8662" or "8663"
```

• set the N5183A system language to 866xA so that it does not reset on a preset, an instrument power cycle, or a *RST command:

Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language > More > More > 8662A or 8663A or send the command:

```
:SYST:PRESet:LANG "8662" or "8663"
```

• set the *IDN? response to any 866xA-like response you prefer. Refer to the :SYSTem:IDN and :SYSTem:OPT commands.

NOTE Compatibility is provided for GPIB only; RS-232 and LAN are *not* supported.

Device Clear does not preset the instrument.

To reproduce the sweep functionality, use the N5183A List Sweep features.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

Table 9-8 8662A/63A Commands & Equivalent SCPI Sequences

Comman d	Description	866 2	866 3	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
@1	Write require service mask	-	-	
@2	Deferred execution mode	-	_	
@3	Immediate execution mode	1	1	no equivalent SCPI command sequence
+D	+dBm	1	1	DBM
AM	AM modulation	1		AM:DEPTh <val> <units> AM:TRAC ON FM:STAT OFF AM:STAT ON OUTPut:MOD ON</units></val>
	See also: Table 9-9 on page 625		1	AM:DEPTh <val> <units> AM:TRAC ON AM:STAT O OUTPut:MOD ON</units></val>
AO	Amplitude off	1	1	OUTPut:STATe OFF
AP	Amplitude	/	1	POW:REF:STATe OFF POWer:AMPL <pre>val> <units> OUTPut:STATe ON See also: Table 9-9 on page 625</units></pre>
AS BLSQ	Auto sequence	-	-	
BP	BPSK modulation		-	
СТ	Configure trigger	1	1	no equivalent SCPI command sequence
-D	-dBm Negates the power value.	1	1	DBM
DB	dB	1	1	DB
DG	Degree	1		DEG
DM	dBm	1	1	DBM
DN	Decrement Passes DOWN as parameter of active function command.	1	1	See Table 9-9 on page 625
FA	Start frequency	1	1	See W2, W3, W4, and Table 9-9 on page 625
FB	Stop frequency	1	1	See W2, W3, W4, and Table 9-9 on page 625

Table 9-8 8662A/63A Commands & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	866 2	866 3	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
FM	FM modulation			FM:DEV <val> <units> AM:STAT OFF FM:STAT ON OUTPut:MOD ON</units></val>
	See also: Table 9-9 on page 625		1	FM:DEV <val> <units> FM:STAT ON OUTPut:MOD ON</units></val>
FR	Center frequency	1	1	FREQuency: CW <val> <units> See also: W2, W3, and W4, and Table 9-9 on page 625</units></val>
FS	Span frequency	1	1	See W2, W3, W4, and Table 9-9 on page 625
GZ	GHz	1	1	GHZ
HZ	Hz	1	1	HZ
IS	Set increment Adds STEP:INCR to active function command.	1	1	no equivalent SCPI command sequence
KZ	kHz	1	1	KHZ
L1	Learn front panel	-	-	
L2	Fast learn	-	-	
MO M0	Modulation off	/	1	AM:STATE OFF FM:STATE OFF PULM:STATE OFF PM:STATE OFF OUTPut:MOD OFF
	For 8662A: <mod> = FM or AM, depending on which is on.</mod>	1		<mod>:SOURce INT1 <mod>:INT1:FREQ 400Hz</mod></mod>
M1	Modulation source internal 400 Hz For 8663A: Executes MF with <freq> = 400 Hz</freq>		1	AM:INT1:FREQ 400 MHz FM:INT1:FREQ 400 MHz PM:INT1:FREQ 400 MHz PULM:INT:FREQ 400 MHz
	For 8662A: <mod> = FM or AM, depending on which is on.</mod>	1		<pre><mod>:SOURce INT1 <mod>:INT1:FREQ 1kHz</mod></mod></pre>
M2	Modulation source internal 1 kHz For 8663A: Executes MF with <freq> = 1 kHz</freq>		1	AM:INT1:FREQ 1 kHz FM:INT1:FREQ 1 kHz PM:INT1:FREQ 1 kHz PULM:INT:FREQ 1 kHz

Table 9-8 8662A/63A Commands & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	866 2	866 3	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
М3	For 8662A: <mod> = FM or AM, depending on which is on. Modulation source external AC</mod>	/		<mod>:SOURce EXT <mod>:EXT:COUPling AC <mod>:EXT:IMP 600</mod></mod></mod>
	For 8663A: <mod> = AM, FM, or PM, depending on which is on. NOTE: For PM, the impedance value is set using the SP71/SP70 commands</mod>		1	<mod>:SOURce EXT <mod>:EXT:COUPling AC <mod>:EXT:IMP 600</mod></mod></mod>
M4	For 8662A: <mod> = FM or AM, depending on which is on. Modulation source external DC</mod>	1		<mod>:SOURce EXT <mod>:EXT:COUPling DC <mod>:EXT:IMP 600</mod></mod></mod>
	For 8663A: <mod> = AM, FM, or PM, depending on which is on. NOTE: For PM, the impedance value is set using the SP71/SP70 commands</mod>		1	<mod>:SOURCe EXT <mod>:EXT:COUPling DC <mod>:EXT:IMP 600</mod></mod></mod>
MF	Modulation frequency <mod> = FM, or PM, depending on which is on. Also see: M1, M2, and Table 9-9 on page 625</mod>		/	AM: AM:SOUR INT1 AM:SOUR:INT1:FREQ <freq> FM or PM: <mod>:SOUR INT1 <mod>:SOUR:INT1:FREQ <freq> Pulse: PULM:SOUR INT PULM:INT:FREQ <freq> PULM:SOUR:INT PULM:INT:FREQ <freq> PULM:SOUR:INT SOUR:INT PULM:SOUR:INT SOURE</freq></freq></freq></mod></mod></freq>
MS	Read status key message Returns status string.	1	1	no equivalent SCPI command sequence
MV	mV	1	1	MV
MZ	MHz	1	1	MHZ
N1	Linear 100 steps	1	1	See W2, W3, and W4
N2	Linear 1000 steps	1	1	See W2, W3, and W4
N3	Step size	1	1	See W2, W3, W4, and Table 9-9 on page 625
N4	Log 10% steps	1	/	See W2, W3, and W4
N5	Log 1% steps	1	/	See W2, W3, and W4
PC	%	1	1	PCT
PL	Pulse modulation Must have an instrument with pulse capability.		1	PULM:STAT ON OUTPut:MOD ON

Table 9-8 8662A/63A Commands & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

√ = Supported by Agilent N5183A

							A 1	
-	=	NOL	Sur	port	ea	DV	Aguent	N5183A

Comman d	Description	866 2	866 3	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
PM	Phase modulation Not compatible with any FM modulation.		1	PM:STAT ON OUTPut:MOD ON See also: Table 9-9 on page 625
R1	Knob resolution x10	-	-	
R2	Knob resolution /10	-	_	
R3	Knob off	-	-	
R4 BLR1	Knob hold	-	-	
R5 BLR2	Knob increment	-	-	
RC	Recall	1	1	*RCL
RD	Knob down Only for manual sweep	1	1	LIST:MANual DOWN
RM	Read require service mask	1	1	not supported
RU	Knob up Only for manual sweep	1	1	LIST:MANual UP
SP00	System preset Presets the instrument, including the compatibility language.	1	1	SYSTem: PRESet
SP10	Frequency offset off	1	1	FREQ:OFFS:STAT OFF
SP11	Positive frequency offset The 8662 modifies the output, but does not change the displayed frequency; the PSG modifies the displayed frequency, but does not change the output. Because of this, you must first set the offset, then reapply the frequency to change the output.	1	1	FREQ:OFFS - <value> FREQ:OFFS:STAT ON FREQ:CW <displayed value=""></displayed></value>
SP12	Negative frequency offset The 8662 modifies the output, but does not change the displayed frequency; the PSG modifies the displayed frequency, but does not change the output. Because of this, you must first set the offset, then reapply the frequency to change the output.	1	1	FREQ:OFFS <value> FREQ:OFFS:STAT ON FREQ:CW <displayed value=""></displayed></value>
SP20	ALC bandwidth normal		1	POWer:ALC:BANDwidth:AUTO ON
SP21	ALC bandwidth < 1 kHz		1	POWer:ALC:BANDwidth:AUTO OFFPOWer:ALC:BANDwidth 200 H2
SP30	Amplitude reference off	1	1	POW:REF:STATe OFF

Table 9-8 8662A/63A Commands & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description		866 3	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
SP31	Amplitude reference	1	1	POW:REF <val> <val> = current amplitude setting POW:REF:STATE ON</val></val>
SP32	Amplitude reference relative to 1 μV		1	POW:REF 106.99DBM POW:REF:STATE ON POW 1UV
SP40	External AM off	1	1	AM:STAT OFF
SP40	Modulation frequency sweep mode off		-	
SP41	Internal FM + external AM (AC)			FM:SOUR INT1 FM:INT1:FREQ 400 HZ FM:STAT ON AM:SOUR EXT1 AM:EXT1:IMP 600 AM:DEPTH 95 PCT AM:EXT1:COUP AC AM:STAT ON
	Modulation frequency sweep mode on		-	
SP42	Internal FM + external AM (DC)	1		FM:SOUR INT1 FM:INT1:FREQ 400 HZ FM:STAT ON AM:SOUR EXT1 AM:EXT1:IMP 600 AM:DEPTH 95 PCT AM:EXT1:COUP DC AM:STAT ON
SP50	AUX FM off	-	-	
SP51	AUX FM on c) FM Deviation (kHz)			
0.01-120 120-160 160-320 320-640 640-128 1280-25	and mimics the 8662 hardware settings. 12.5 NOTE: The deviation for this command cannot be greater than the deviation of the FM1 path.	-	-	
SP60	Parameter shift keying off	-	-	
SP61	Parameter shift keying up/down (two-key)	_	_	
SP62	Parameter shift keying up/down (one-key)	_	-	

Table 9-8 8662A/63A Commands & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	866 2	866 3	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
SP70	External PM input impedance 50Ω Effects the behavior of M3 and M4.		1	no equivalent SCPI command sequence
SP71	External PM input impedance 600Ω Effects the behavior of M3 and M4.		1	no equivalent SCPI command sequence
SP80	Special functions 10-62 off	1	1	AM:STAT OFF FREQ:OFFS:STAT OFF
SP81	Amplitude conversion (V-dBm)	_	-	
SP82	Display GPIB address	_	-	
SP83	ROM test	_	-	
SP84	RAM test	-	-	
SP85	Amplitude correction off	1	1	POWer:ALC:STATe OFF
SP86	Amplitude correction on PSG ALC ON always works with sweep.	1	1	POWer:ALC:STATe ON
SP87	Amplitude correction on (includes Sweep)		1	POWer:ALC:STATe ON
SP87	GPIB operator request response	_		
SP88	Auto sequence	-	-	
SP89	GPIB operator request response		-	
SP90	Set auto sequence step delay		-	
SP91	Enable frequency hopping mode		-	
SP92	Knob (restore normal operation)		-	
SP93	Manual amplitude level control		-	
SP94	Knob, 120 increments per revolution		-	
SP95	Knob, 120 increments per revolution, reconfigure AUX con.		-	
SP96	Modulation oscillator off when modulation is off		-	
SP97	Modulation oscillator on		-	
SP98	Turn display on		1	DISP ON
SP99	Turn display off		1	DISP OFF
SP2.0	Power up preset off		-	
SP2.1	Power up preset on		-	

Table 9-8 8662A/63A Commands & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

- = Not su	- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A						
Comman d	Description	866 2	866 3	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence			
SQ	Sequence	_	-				
SS BLST	Set sequence	-	-				
ST	Store Saves/recalls register to sequence 0.	1	1	*SAV			
Т1	0.5 ms per step	1	1	SWEEP: DWELL 0.5ms Beyond PSG range limit; is set to 1ms.			
T2	1 ms per step	1	1	SWEEP:DWELL 1ms			
Т3	2 ms per step	1	1	SWEEP: DWELL 2ms			
T4	10 ms per step	1	1	SWEEP:DWELL 10ms			
T5	100 ms per step	1	1	SWEEP:DWELL 100ms			
TR	Trigger Performs command code setup with CT command.	1	1	no equivalent SCPI command sequence			
UP	Increment Passes UP as a parameter of the active function command.	1	1	See Table 9-9 on page 625			
UV	mV	1	1	UV			
W1	Sweep off	1	1	FREQ:MODE CW LIST:TRIG:SOUR IMM			
W2	Auto sweep mode on Generates a sweep list based on stored parameters from FA, FB, FR, FS, N1, N2, N3, N4, and N5 Default values: FR = 100 MHz, FS = 10 MHz, N1, T2 FA = 1 MHz, FB = 1279 MHz	1	√	INIT:CONT ON SWEEP:MODE AUTO LIST:TRIG:SOUR IMM LIST:DWELL:TYPE STEP LIST:TYPE LIST FREQ:MODE LIST			
W3	Manual sweep mode on Generates a sweep list based on stored parameters from FA, FB, FR, FS, N1, N2, N3, N4, and N5 Default values: FR = 100 MHz, FS = 10 MHz, N1, T2 FA = 1 MHz, FB = 1279 MHz	1	√	INIT:CONT ON SWEEP:MODE MANUAL LIST:TRIG:SOUR IMM LIST:DWELL:TYPE STEP LIST:TYPE LIST FREQ:MODE LIST			

Table 9-8 8662A/63A Commands & Equivalent SCPI Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	866 2	866 3	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
W4	Single sweep mode on Generates a sweep list based on stored parameters from FA, FB, FR, FS, N1, N2, N3, N4, and N5 Default values: FR = 100 MHz, FS = 10 MHz, N1, T2 FA = 1 MHz, FB = 1279 MHz	1	1	INIT:CONT OFF SWEEP:MODE AUTO LIST:TRIG:SOUR IMM LIST:DWEL1:TYPE STEP LIST:TYPE LIST FREQ:MODE LIST INIT
X1	Marker 1	-	-	
X2	Marker 2	-	-	
Х3	Marker 3	-	-	
X4	Marker 4	-	-	
X5	Marker 5	-	-	
X6	Marker off	1	1	no equivalent SCPI command sequence
X7 BLX6	All markers off	-	-	
Y0	Remote stepped sweep off	/	1	FREQ:MODE CW LIST:TRIG:SOUR IMM
Y1 Y2	Remote stepped sweep on	1	1	INIT:CONT ON SWEEP:MODE AUTO LIST:DWELL:TYPE STEP LIST:TYPE LIST FREQ:MODE LIST LIST:TRIG:SOUR BUS
Y3	Execute remote stepped sweep	1	/	*TRG

Table 9-9 8662/63B Command Compatibility

Comman d	Description	Sets Active Functio n	Compatibl e with UP/DN	866 2	866 3	Equivalent SCPI Commands for UP/DN and Increment
AM	AM modulation	>	/	1	/	AM:DEPTH UP AM:DEPTH DOWN AM:DEPTH:STEP:INCR
AP	Amplitude	1	1	1	1	POW:AMPL UP POW:AMPL DOWN POW:AMPL:STEP:INCR
FA	Start frequency	1	1	1	1	FREQ: CW: STEP: INCR
FB	Stop frequency	1	1	1	1	FREQ: CW: STEP: INCR
FM	FM modulation	1	/	1	1	FM:DEV UP FM:DEV DOWN FM:DEV:STEP:INCR
FR	Center frequency	1	1	1	1	FREQ:CW UP FREQ:CW DOWN FREQ:CW:STEP:INCR
FS	Span frequency	1	1	1	1	FREQ:CW:STEP:INCR
MF	Modulation frequency	1	/	1	1	<pre><mod>:INT:FREQ UP <mod>:INT:FREQ DOWN <mod>:INT:FREQ:STEP:INCR <mod> = AM FM PM PULM</mod></mod></mod></mod></pre>
N3	Step size	1	1	1	1	no equivalent SCPI commands
PM	Phase modulation Not compatible with any FM modulation.	1	1	1	1	PM:DEV UP PM:DEV DOWN PM:DEV:STEP:INCR

Anritsu MG369xB Compatible SCPI Commands¹

Table 9-10 is a comprehensive list of MG369xB programming commands, listed in functional command order. The equivalent SCPI command sequence for each supported code is provided. Codes that have no equivalent SCPI command sequence are indicated, as are codes that are *not* supported by the N5183A.

A list of the implemented MG369xB programming commands that set the active function. This table also indicates which codes are compatible with the increment (up), and the decrement (down) SCPI commands.

To use the commands, select MG369xB as the remote language. See :LANGuage (N5183A) section for information about selecting the language type.

When using the programming codes in this section, you can:

• set the N5183A system language to MG369xB for the current session:

Utility > I/O Config > Remote Language > More > More > Anritsu MG369xB

or send the command:

```
:SYST:LANG "MG3691B" "MG3692B" "MG3693B" "MG3694B"
```

• set the N5183A system language to MG369xB so that it does not reset on a preset, an instrument power cycle, or a *RST command:

Utility > Power On/Preset > Preset Language > More > More > Anritsu MG369xB

or send the command:

```
:SYST:PRESet:LANG "MG3691B" "MG3692B" "MG3693B" "MG3694B"
```

• set the *IDN? response to any MG369xB-like response you prefer. Refer to the :SYSTem:IDN and :SYSTem:OPT commands.

NOTE Compatibility is provided for GPIB only; RS-232 and LAN are *not* supported.

Device Clear does not preset the instrument.

To reproduce the sweep functionality, use the N5183A List Sweep features.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1].

^{1.} Only available on instruments with serial prefixes ≥US/MY/SG4818.

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

	 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A – = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 						
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence				
Functional	Functional Listing						
Configurat	ion Commands						
BPN	Selects -3.3V for retrace and bandswitch blanking outputs.	-					
BPP	Selects +3.3V for retrace and bandswitch blanking outputs.	-					
EBW0	Selects the external reference loop bandwidth of 10 Hz.	-					
EBW1	Selects the external reference loop bandwidth of 30 Hz.	-					
EBW2	Selects the external reference loop bandwidth of 100 Hz	-					
EBW3	Selects the external reference loop bandwidth of 300 Hz.	-					
FRS	Opens the frequency scaling reference multiplier parameter.	1	:FREQ:MULT				
RC0	Selects RF to be off during frequency switching in CW, step sweep, and list sweep modes.	1	:OUTP:BLAN OFF				
RC1	Selects RF to be on during frequency switching in CW, step sweep, and list sweep modes.	1	:OUTP:BLAN ON				
RO0	Selects RF to be on at reset.	-					
RO1	Selects RF to be off at reset.	-					
RT0	Selects RF to be off during retrace.	1	:OUTP:BLAN OFF				
RT1	Selects RF to be on during retrace.	1	:OUTP:BLAN ON				
TR0	Selects RF to be off at reset.	-					
TR1	Sets 40dB of attenuation when RF is switched off.	-					
CW Freque	ncy Commands	•					
ACW	Activates the currently open frequency parameter as CW.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.				
CF0	Sets CW mode at F0 and opens the F0 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.				
CF1	Sets CW mode at F1 and opens the F1 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.				
CF2	Sets CW mode at F2 and opens the F2 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.				
CF3	Sets CW mode at F3 and opens the F3 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.				

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
CF4	Sets CW mode at F4 and opens the F4 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CF5	Sets CW mode at F5 and opens the F5 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CF6	Sets CW mode at F6 and opens the F6 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CF7	Sets CW mode at F7 and opens the F7 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CF8	Sets CW mode at F8 and opens the F8 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CF9	Sets CW mode at F9 and opens the F9 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
СМО	Sets CW mode at M0 and opens the M0 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CM1	Sets CW mode at M1 and opens the M1 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CM2	Sets CW mode at M2 and opens the M2 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
СМЗ	Sets CW mode at M3 and opens the M3 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CM4	Sets CW mode at M4 and opens the M4 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CM5	Sets CW mode at M5 and opens the M5 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
СМ6	Sets CW mode at M6 and opens the M6 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CM7	Sets CW mode at M7 and opens the M7 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CM8	Sets CW mode at M8 and opens the M8 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
СМ9	Sets CW mode at M9 and opens the M9 parameter	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
SQD	Scan down to the next lower preset CW frequency.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
SQF	Scan to the next higher preset CW frequency.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
SQU	Scan up to the next higher preset CW frequency.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
Data/Data	Terminator Commands		
ADR	GPIB address terminator.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
CLR	Clears the data entry.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
DB	Decibel (dB) data terminator.	1	"DB"
DG	Degree data terminator.	1	"DG"
DM	dBm data terminator.	1	"DBM"
DV	Decibel per volt (dB/V) data terminator.	1	"DB/V"
GH	GHz data terminator.	1	GHZ
GV	GHz per volt (GHz/V) data terminator.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
HZ	Hz data terminator.	1	HZ
КН	kHz data terminator.	1	KHZ
KV	kHz per volt (kHz/V) data terminator.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
MH	MHz data terminator.	1	MHZ
MS	Milliseconds (ms) data terminator.	1	MSEC
MV	MHz per volt (MHz/V) data terminator.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
NS	Nanoseconds (ns) data terminator.	1	NSEC

PCT

RAD

Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is

Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.

no equivalent SCPI command sequence.

Radians per volt data terminator.

Percent (%) data terminator.

Radians data terminator.

Percent per volt (%/V) data terminator.

PCT

PCV

RD

RV

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

√ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A MG369xB Comman Description **Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence** d SEC Seconds data terminator. SEC SPS / Steps data terminator. TMS Times data terminator. US Microsecond (ms) data terminator. / USEC VTVolts data terminator. Fast Frequency Switching Commands ZEL Ends frequency loading. ZL(x) Loads a CW frequency into a table at location x. ZPN(bbbb Sets the table pointer to point to location bbbb. ZS(x)Sets the table pointer to point to location x. ZTL (bbb bnnnnD8 Loads the frequency table starting at location bbbb. D8D8...D8 Group Execute Trigger (GET) Commands GTC Execute a SQF command on receipt of a GET. GTD Execute a DN command on receipt of a GET. GTF Execute a fast-frequency-switching step on receipt of a GET. GTL Execute a TSS command on receipt of a GET. GTO Disables the GET functions. GTS Execute a TRS command on receipt of a GET. GTT Execute a TST command on receipt of a GET. GTU Execute a UP command on receipt of a GET. Equivalent to a Group Execute Trigger (GET). List Sweep Commands CTLCopy current CW frequency and power level to current list Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is index. no equivalent SCPI command sequence.

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A

- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A				
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence	
ELI(xxxx)	Sets list index to xxxx.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.	
ELN(x)	Sets the list number to $x(4)$ available lists-2000pnts max per list).	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.	
LDT	Opens the list sweep dwell time parameter.	1	:LIST:DWELL	
LEA	Learn list (in list sweep mode).	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.	
LF	Sets list frequencies starting at the list index.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.	
LIB(xxxx)	Sets the list start index to xxxx.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.	
LIE(xxxx)	Sets the list stop index to xxxx.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.	
LP	Sets list power levels starting at the list index.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.	
LST	Places the MG369xB in list sweep mode.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.	
Markers		•		
IM1	Turns on the intensity marker mode.	-		
ME0	Disables the marker at the active frequency.	_		
ME1	Enables a marker at the active frequency.	_		
МКО	Turns off markers.	_		
MPN	Sets the rear panel marker polarity negative.	-		
MPP	Sets the rear panel marker polarity positive.	-		
VM1	Turns on the video marker mode.	-		
Master-Sla	ve Operation Commands			
S0	Turns off the master-slave mode of operation.	-		
S1	Turns on the master-slave mode of operation.	-		
Measure F	unction Commands	<u> </u>		
AMI	Turns on the AM measurement mode.	-		

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A				
Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence		
Turns on the FM Measurement mode.	-			
Turns off the AM and FM measurement modes.	-			
Turns off the Power Meter measurement mode.	_			
Turns on the Power measurement mode (Option 8).	_			
ous Commands	•			
Opens the GPIB address parameter	1	:SYST:COMM:GPIB:ADDR		
Turns off the CW ramp.	-			
Turns on the CW ramp.	-			
Turns on the secure mode.	1	:SYST:SEC:DISP OFF (Blanks display and places secure message on front panel)		
Turns off the secure mode.	1	:SYST:SEC:DISP ON		
Performs a master reset of the instrument by setting all of the instrument parameters to factory default.	1	:SYST:PRES:PERS (RST Resets the MG369XB to its default settings.)		
Turns off the phase offset.	_			
Turns on the phase offset.	-			
Zeros the phase offset display.	1	:PHAS 0		
Returns the instrument to local (front panel) control.	1	:SYST:COMM:GTL		
Resets the MG369X to its default settings.	1	:SYST:PRES		
Enter the instrument serial number.	-			
n Commands	•			
Turns off the internal or external AM function.	1	:AM:STAT OFF		
Turns on the external AM function in linear mode.	1	:AM:SOUR EXT :AM:TYPE LIN :AM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON		
	Description Turns on the FM Measurement mode. Turns off the AM and FM measurement modes. Turns off the Power Meter measurement mode. Turns on the Power measurement mode (Option 8). **mus Commands** Opens the GPIB address parameter Turns off the CW ramp. Turns on the CW ramp. Turns on the secure mode. Performs a master reset of the instrument by setting all of the instrument parameters to factory default. Turns off the phase offset. Turns on the phase offset. Zeros the phase offset display. Returns the instrument to local (front panel) control. Resets the MG369X to its default settings. Enter the instrument serial number. **Commands** Turns off the internal or external AM function.	Turns on the FM Measurement mode. Turns off the AM and FM measurement modes. Turns off the Power Meter measurement mode. Turns on the Power measurement mode (Option 8). Dens Commands Opens the GPIB address parameter Turns off the CW ramp. Turns on the CW ramp. Turns on the secure mode. Turns off the secure mode. Performs a master reset of the instrument by setting all of the instrument parameters to factory default. Turns off the phase offset. Turns on the phase offset. Turns on the phase offset display. Returns the instrument to local (front panel) control. Resets the MG369X to its default settings. Enter the instrument serial number. Commands Turns off the internal or external AM function.		

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

- = Not su	- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A					
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence			
AM2	Turns on the external AM function in log mode.	>	:AM:SOUR EXT :AM:TYPE EXP :AM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON			
AM7	Turns on the internal AM function in linear mode.	>	:AM:SOUR INT :AM:TYPE LIN :AM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON			
AM8	Turns on the internal AM function in log mode.	1	:AM:SOUR INT :AM:TYPE EXP :AM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON			
AMO	Turns off the internal AM function generator if it is on.	1	:AM:STAT OFF			
AMW1	Selects the internal sine waveform.	1	:AM:SOUR:INT See also PHV1.			
AMW2	Selects the internal square waveform.	-				
AMW3	Selects the internal positive ramp waveform.	-				
AMW4	Selects the internal negative ramp waveform.	-				
AMW5	Selects the internal gaussian noise waveform.	-				
AMW6	Selects the internal uniform noise waveform.	-				
AMW7	Selects the internal triangle waveform.	-				
DPT	Internal triggered pulse with delay.	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT TRIG			
EP0	Selects TTL-low to turn RF on during pulse modulation.	1	: PULM: EXT: POL			
EP1	Selects TTL-high to turn RF on during pulse modulation.	1	: PULM: EXT: POL			
FMO	Turns off the internal or external FM function.	1	:FM:STAT OFF			
FM1	Turns on the external FM function in unlocked narrow mode.	-				
FM2	Turns on the external FM function in locked low-noise mode.	1	:FM:SOUR EXT :FM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON			

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
FM7	Turns on the internal FM function in unlocked narrow mode.	_	
FM8	Turns on the internal FM function in unlocked wide mode.	-	
FM9	Turns on the internal FM function in locked mode.	1	:FM:SOUR INT :FM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON
FML	Turns on the external FM function in locked mode.	1	:FM:SOUR EXT :FM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON
FMN	Turns on the internal FM function in locked low-noise mode.	1	:FM:SOUR INT :FM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON
FMU	Turns on the external FM function in unlocked narrow mode (Same as FM1).	=	
FMW	Turns on the external FM function in unlocked wide mode.	-	
FWV1	Selects the 'SINE' internal FM waveform.	1	
FWV2	Selects the 'SQUARE WAVE' internal FM waveform.	-	
FWV3	Selects the 'RAMP UP' internal FM waveform.	-	
FWV4	Selects the 'RAMP DOWN' internal FM waveform.	_	
FWV5	Selects the 'GAUSSIAN NOISE' internal FM waveform.	-	
FWV6	Selects the 'UNIFORM NOISE' internal FM waveform.	-	
FWV7	Selects the 'TRIANGLE' internal FM waveform.	-	
GP	Sets the internal gated pulse on.	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT GATE :PULM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON
IP	Turns on internal pulse modulation.	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
P0	Turns off the internal or external pulse modulation function (This is the default mode).	1	:PULM:STAT OFF
PC1	Selects the 10 MHz internal pulse clock rate.	1	Command accepted but does nothing.
PC4	Selects the 40 MHz internal pulse clock rate (Option 24). Selects the 100 MHz internal pulse clock rate (Option 26).	-	
PH0	Turns off the internal or external PM function.	1	:PM:STAT OFF
РН1	Turns on the external PM function in narrow mode.	1	:PM:SOUR EXT :PM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON
PH2	Turns on the external PM function in wide mode.	-	
РН7	Turns on the internal PM function in narrow mode.	1	:PM:SOUR INT :PM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON
PH8	Turns on the internal PM function in wide mode.	-	
PHN	Turns on the external PM function in narrow mode (Same as PH1).	1	:PM:SOUR INT :PM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON
PHV1	Selects the 'SINE' internal ΦM waveform	1	Remark: If the ΦM is not installed this command produces a syntax error.
PHV2	Selects the 'SQUARE WAVE' internal FM waveform	-	
PHV3	Selects the 'RAMP UP' internal FM waveform	-	
PHV4	Selects the 'RAMP DOWN' internal FM waveform	-	
PHV5	Selects the 'GAUSSIAN NOISE' internal FM waveform	-	
PHV6	Selects the 'UNIFORM NOISE' internal FM waveform	-	
PHV7	Selects the 'TRIANGLE' internal FM waveform	-	
PHW	Turns on the external PM function in wide mode(Same as PH2).	-	
PMD1	Selects the internal 'SINGLE' pulse mode	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT SOU

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
PMD2	Selects the internal 'DOUBLET' pulse mode.	1	supported with PTG3 only.
PMD3	Selects the internal 'TRIPLET' pulse mode.	-	
PMD4	Selects the internal 'QUADRUPLET' pulse mode.	-	
PTF	Selects internal pulse triggering on the falling edge of an external input.	-	
	Selects the 'FREE RUN' internal pulse trigger.	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT FRUN
PTG2	Selects the 'GATED' internal pulse trigger.	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT GATEd
PTG3	Selects the 'DELAYED' internal pulse trigger.	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT FRUN
PTG4	Selects the 'TRIGGERED' internal pulse trigger.	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT TRIGgered
PTG5	Selects the 'TRIG WITH DELAY' internal pulse trigger	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT TRIGgered
PTR	Selects internal pulse triggering on the rising edge of an external input.	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT TRIGgered
SC0	Turns SCAN modulation function on.	-	
SC1	Turns SCAN modulation function off.	-	
SD0	Turns off the internal pulse stepped delay mode.	-	
SD1	Turns on the internal pulse stepped delay mode.	-	
SQP	Turns on internal 1 kHz square wave pulse modulation.	1	:PULM:SOUR INT :PULM:SOUR:INT SQUare :PULM:INT:FREQ 1000 :PULM:STAT ON :OUTP:MOD ON
SW0	Turns off the internal or external pulse modulation function (Same as P0).	1	:PULM:STAT OFF

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A

- = Not su	- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A				
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence		
SW1	Turns on internal 400 Hz square wave pulse modulation.		:PULM:SOUR INT		
			:PULM:SOUR:INT SQUare		
		1	:PULM:INT:FREQ 400		
			:PULM:STAT ON		
			:OUTP:MOD ON		
SW2	Turns on internal 1 kHz square wave pulse modulation (Same as SQP).		:PULM:SOUR INT		
	as SQL).		:PULM:SOUR:INT SQUare		
		1	:PULM:INT:FREQ 1000		
			:PULM:STAT ON		
			:OUTP:MOD ON		
SW3	Turns on internal 7.8125 kHz square wave pulse modulation.		:PULM:SOUR INT		
			:PULM:SOUR:INT SQUare		
		1	:PULM:INT:FREQ 7812.5		
			:PULM:STAT ON		
			:OUTP:MOD ON		
SW4	Turns on internal 27.8 kHz square wave pulse modulation.		: PULM: SOUR INT		
		,	:PULM:SOUR:INT SQUare		
		✓	:PULM:INT:FREQ 27800 :PULM:STAT ON		
			:OUTP:MOD ON		
	Turns on the external pulse modulation function. Disables		TOOL THOSE ON		
XP	the internal pulse modulation function, if previously programmed.	1	:PULM:SOUR EXT		
Output Con	nmands				
*IDN?	Requests device identification.	1	*IDN?		
OAB	Returns the external AM sensitivity value (in dB/V) to the controller.	>	:AM:DEPT:EXP?		
OAD1	Returns the internal AM depth value (in %) to the controller.	1	:AM:DEPT:LIN?		
OAD2	Returns the internal AM depth value (in dB) to the controller.	✓	:AM:DEPT:EXP?		
OAR	Returns the internal AM rate (in Hz) to the controller.	1	:AM:INT:FREQ?		

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
OAS	Returns the external AM sensitivity value (in $\%/V$) to the controller.	1	:AM:DEPT:LIN?
OAW	Returns the name of the internal AM waveform to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OD1	Returns the internal pulse delay1 value (in μs) to the controller.	1	:PULM:INT:DEL?
OD2	Returns the internal pulse delay2 value (in μs) to the controller.	1	:PULM:INT:DEL2?
OD3	Returns the internal pulse delay3 value (in μs) to the controller.	-	
OD4	Returns the internal pulse delay4 value (in μs) to the controller.	-	
ODD	Returns the internal pulse stepped delay mode step size value (in ms) to the controller.	-	
ODE	Returns the internal pulse stepped delay mode delay 1 stop value (in ms) to the controller.	-	
ODF	Returns the ΔF frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	:FREQ:SPAN?
ODL	Returns the internal pulse stepped delay mode dwell-time-per-step value (in ms) to the controller.	-	
ODP	Returns the internal pulse delay1 value (in ms) to the controller (Same as OD1).	1	:PULM:INT:DEL?
ODS	Returns the internal pulse stepped delay mode delay 1 start value (in ms) to the controller.	-	
OEBW	Returns the external reference loop bandwidth to the controller	-	
OEM	Returns the Extended SRQ Mask bytes (3 binary bytes) to the controller.	-	
OES	Returns the GPIB Status bytes (3 binary bytes) to the controller.	-	
OF0	Returns the F0 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OF1	Returns the F1 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OF2	Returns the F2 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A					
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence		
OF3	Returns the F3 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OF4	Returns the F4 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OF5	Returns the F5 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OF6	Returns the F6 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OF7	Returns the F7 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OF8	Returns the F8 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OF9	Returns the F9 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OFD	Returns the internal FM deviation value (in Hz) to the controller.	1	:FM:DEV?		
OFH	Returns the high-end frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	:FREQ? MAX		
OFK	Returns the internal or external FM lock status to the controller. (will always return LOCKED, UNLOCKED not available in MXG)	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OFL	Returns the low-end frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	:FREQ? MIN		
OFM	Returns the frequency multiplier parameter.	1	:FREQ:MULT?		
OFR	Returns the internal FM rate (in Hz) to the controller.	1	:FM:INT:FREQ?		
OFS	Returns the external FM sensitivity value (in $\mathrm{MHz/V}$) to the controller.	1	:FM:DEV?		
OFW	Returns the name of the internal FM waveform to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OI	Returns the instrument identification string to the controller.	1	*IDN?		
OL0	Returns the L0 power level value to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OL1	Returns the L1 power level value to the controller	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
OL2	Returns the L2 power level value to the controller	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OL3	Returns the L3 power level value to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OL4	Returns the L4 power level value to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OL5	Returns the L5 power level value to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OL6	Returns the L6 power level value to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OL7	Returns the L7 power level value to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OL8	Returns the L8 power level value to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OL9	Returns the L9 power level value to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OLO	Returns the level offset power value to the controller.	1	:POW:OFFS?
ОМО	Returns the M0 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OM1	Returns the M1 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OM2	Returns the M2 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
ОМ3	Returns the M3 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OM4	Returns the M4 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OM5	Returns the M5 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OM6	Returns the M6 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OM7	Returns the M7 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
OM8	Returns the M8 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A					
Comman d Description		MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence		
ОМ9	Returns the M9 frequency value (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OMD	Returns the name of the internal pulse mode to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OMM	Returns the AM depth measurement value (in %) to the controller. Returns the FM deviation measurement value (in MHz) to the controller.				
00	Returns the instrument option string to the controller.	1	*OPT?		
OP5	Returns the internal or external pulse polarity (HIGH, LOW) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OPC	Returns the internal pulse clock rate (in MHz) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OPD	Returns the power sweep dwell time (in ms) to the controller.	1	:SWE:DWEL?		
OPHD	Returns the internal FM deviation value (in radians) to the Returns the internal FM deviation value (in radians) to the	1	:FM:DEV?		
ОРНМ	Returns the name of the FM mode (NARROW, WIDE) to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OPHR	Returns the internal FM rate (in Hz) to the controller.	1	:FM:INT:FREQ?		
OPHS	Returns the external FM sensitivity value (in radians/V) to the controller.	1	:FM:DEV?		
OPHW	Returns the name of the internal FM waveform to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
OPM	Returns the internal power meter measurement (in dBm) to the controller.	-			
OPO	Returns the phase offset value (in degrees) to the controller.	1	: PHAS?		
OPP	Returns the internal pulse period value (in μs) to the controller.	1	:PULM:INT:PER?		
OPR	Returns the internal pulse frequency (in MHz) to the controller.	1	:PULM:INT:FREQ?		
OPS	Returns the power sweep number-of-steps to the controller.	1	:SWE:POIN?		
OPT	Returns the name of the internal pulse trigger to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
	I.		l .		

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Not supported by Agnesic Notoon						
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence			
OPW	Returns the internal pulse width1 value (in μs) to the controller (Same as OW1).	1	:PULM:INT:PWID1?			
OSB	Returns the primary GPIB status byte to the controller.	-				
OSD	Returns the step sweep dwell time (in ms) to the controller.	1	:SWE:DWEL?			
OSE	Returns the last GPIB syntax error to the controller.	1	:SYST:ERR			
OSM	Returns the primary SRQ mask byte to the controller.	-				
OSR	Returns the self-test results (6 binary bytes) to the controller.	-				
oss	Returns the step sweep number-of-steps to the controller.	1	:SWE:POIN?			
OST	Returns the step sweep time value (in ms) to the controller.	1	:SWE:DWEL?			
OVN	Returns the ROM version number to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
OW1	Returns the internal pulse width1 value (in μs) to the controller.	1	:PULM:INT:PWID1?			
OW2	Returns the internal pulse width 2 value (in μs) to the controller.	1	:PULM:INT:PWID2?			
OW3	Returns the internal pulse width 3 value (in μs) to the controller.	-				
OW4	Returns the internal pulse width 4 value (in μs) to the controller.	-				
OWT	Returns the GPIB termination status to the controller.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
Parameter	Entry Commands					
ADP1	Opens the internal AM % depth parameter.	1	:AM:DEPT:LIN			
ADP2	Opens the internal AM dB depth parameter.	1	:AM:DEPT:EXP			
AMR	Opens the internal AM rate parameter.	1	:AM:INT:FREQ			
AMS	Opens the external AM %/V sensitivity parameter.	1	:AM:DEPT:LIN			
ASD	Opens the external AM dB/V sensitivity parameter.	1	:AM:DEPT:LOG			
CLO	Closes the previously opened parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
D1	Opens the internal pulse delay1 parameter.	1	:PULM:INT:DEL1			

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A						
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence			
D2	Opens the internal pulse delay2 parameter.	1	: PULM: INT: DEL2			
D3	Opens the internal pulse delay3 parameter.	-				
D4	Opens the internal pulse delay4 parameter.	-				
DFF	Opens the delta frequency parameter.	-				
DFM	Opens the delta frequency parameter.	-				
DLF	Opens the delta frequency parameter.	1	:FREQ:SPAN			
DN	Decrements the open parameter by the step size.	1	DOWN			
EGI	Opens the reference level DAC setting parameter.	-				
F0	Opens the F0 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
F1	Opens the F1 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
F2	Opens the F2 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
F3	Opens the F3 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
F4	Opens the F4 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
F5	Opens the F5 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
F6	Opens the F6 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
F7	Opens the F7 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
F8	Opens the F8 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
F9	Opens the F9 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.			
FDV	Opens the internal FM deviation parameter	1	:FM:DEV			
FMR	Opens the internal FM rate parameter.	1	:FM:INT:FREQ			
FMS	Opens the external FM sensitivity parameter.	1	:FM:DEV			

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
LOS	Opens the level offset parameter. Same as amplitude offset.	1	: POW: LEV: OFFS
МО	Opens the M0 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
M1	Opens the M1 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
M2	Opens the M2 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
М3	Opens the M3 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
M4	Opens the M4 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
M5	Opens the M5 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
M6	Opens the M6 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
M7	Opens the M7 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
M8	Opens the M8 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
M9	Opens the M9 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
PDT	Opens the power sweep dwell time parameter.	1	:SWE:DWEL
PDY	Opens the internal pulse delay1 parameter (Same as D1).	1	: PULM: INT: DEL
PER	Opens the internal pulse period parameter.	1	: PULM: INT: PWID
PHD	Opens the internal PM deviation parameter.	1	: PM: DEV
PHR	Opens the internal PM rate parameter.	1	: PM: INT1: FREQ
PHS	Opens the external PM sensitivity parameter.	1	: PM:DEV
PNS	Opens the power sweep number of steps parameter.	1	:SWE:POIN
PR	Opens the internal pulse frequency parameter.	1	: PULM: INT: RAT
PSO	Opens the phase offset parameter.	1	: PHAS
PVT	Opens the ALC power slope pivot point frequency parameter.	-	

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A					
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence		
PW	Opens the internal pulse width1 parameter (Same as W1).	✓	: PULM: INT: PWID		
SDD	Opens the internal pulse stepped delay mode step size parameter.	-			
SDE	Opens the internal pulse stepped delay mode delay 1 stop parameter.	-			
SDL	Opens the internal pulse stepped delay mode dwell-time-per-step parameter.	-			
SDS	Opens the internal pulse stepped delay mode delay 1 start parameter.	-			
SDT	Opens the step sweep dwell time parameter.	1	:SWE:DEWLL		
SLDF	Opens the F parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLF0	Opens the F0 parameter of the slave unit.	1			
SLF1	Opens the F1 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLF2	Opens the F2 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLF3	Opens the F3 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLF4	Opens the F4 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLF5	Opens the F5 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLF6	Opens the F6 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLF7	Opens the F7 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLF8	Opens the F8 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLF9	Opens the F9 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLL1	Opens the main power level parameter (L1) of the slave unit.	-			
SLL2	Opens the alternate sweep power level parameter (L2) of the slave unit.	-			
SLM0	Opens the M0 parameter of the slave unit.	=			
SLM1	Opens the M1 parameter of the slave unit.	-			
SLM2	Opens the M2 parameter of the slave unit.	ı			
SLM3	Opens the M3 parameter of the slave unit.	1			
SLM4	Opens the M4 parameter of the slave unit.	_			

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
SLM5	Opens the M5 parameter of the slave unit.	-	
SLM6	Opens the M6 parameter of the slave unit.	-	
SLM7	Opens the M7 parameter of the slave unit.	-	
SLM8	Opens the M8 parameter of the slave unit.	-	
SLM9	Opens the M9 parameter of the slave unit.	-	
SLV	Opens the power level parameter (L1) of the slave unit.	-	
SNS	Opens the step sweep number of steps parameter.	1	:SWE:POIN
SOF	Opens the frequency offset parameter of the slave unit.	-	
SWT	Opens the step sweep time parameter.	1	:SWE:TIME
SYZ	Opens the increment/decrement step size parameter.	-	
UP	Increments the open parameter by the step size.	1	UP
W1	Opens the internal pulse width 1 parameter.	1	:PULM:INT:PWID
W2	Opens the internal pulse width 2 parameter.	1	: PULM: INT: PWID2
W3	Opens the internal pulse width 3 parameter.	-	
W4	Opens the internal pulse width 4 parameter.	-	
XL0	Opens the L0 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
XL1	Opens the L1 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
XL2	Opens the L2 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
XL3	Opens the L3 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
XL4	Opens the L4 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
XL5	Opens the L5 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
XL6	Opens the L6 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A

- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A					
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence		
XL7	Opens the L7 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
XL8	Opens the L8 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
XL9	Opens the L9 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.		
Power Leve	eling Commands				
AL0	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L0.	-			
AL1	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L1.	-			
AL2	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L2.	=			
AL3	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L3.	-			
AL4	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L4.	=			
AL5	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L5.	-			
AL6	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L6.	-			
AL7	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L7.	-			
AL8	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L8.	-			
AL9	Sets the alternate frequency sweep RF output to L9.	-			
AT0	Deselects ALC step attenuator decoupling.	1	:POW:ATT:AUTO ON		
AT1	Selects ALC step attenuator decoupling.	1	:POW:ATT:AUTO OFF		
ATT(xx)	Sets the step attenuator value to xx (times 10 dB).	1	: POW: ATT		
DL1	Selects external detector leveling of output power.	1	:POW:ALC:SOUR DIOD		
EGO	Outputs the value of the reference level DAC setting.	-			
IL1	Selects internal leveling of output power.	1	:POW:ALC:SOUR INT		
L0	Sets RF output power level to L0. Opens L0 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default - 130 dBm.		
L1	Sets RF output power level to L1. Opens L1 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default - 130 dBm.		

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A

_	Not	supporte	d by	Agilont	N5183A

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence				
L2	Sets RF output power level to L2. Opens L2 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default - 130 dBm.				
L3	Sets RF output power level to L3. Opens L3 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default - 130 dBm.				
L4	Sets RF output power level to L4. Opens L4 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default -130 dBm.				
L5	Sets RF output power level to L5. Opens L5 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default - 130 dBm.				
L6	Sets RF output power level to L6. Opens L6 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default - 130 dBm.				
L7	Sets RF output power level to L7. Opens L7 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default - 130 dBm.				
L8	Sets RF output power level to L8. Opens L8 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default -130 dBm.				
L9	Sets RF output power level to L9. Opens L9 parameter.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence. Note: Power Level Default -130 dBm.				
LIN	Selects linear power level operation in volts.	1	: POW				
LO0	Turns off the level offset function.	-					
LO1	Turns on the level offset function.	_					
LOG	Selects logarithmic power level operation in dBm.	1	: POW				
LSP	Selects the power level sweep mode.	1	:LIST:TYPE STEP :SWE:SPAC LIN				
LV0	Turns off leveling of the output power.	-					
LV1	Turns off leveling of the output power.	-					
LVP	Sets the instrument power level to 1 dB below peak leveled power	-					
PU0	Selects logarithmic power level operation in dBm.	1	: POW				

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

- = Not supported by Agilent N5183A						
Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence				
Selects linear power level operation in mV.	1	: POW				
Selects logarithmic power level operation in dB/V.	1	: POW				
Turns off the RF output.	1	:OUTP OFF				
Turns on the RF output.	1	:OUTP ON				
Turns off the ALC power slope function.	-					
Turns on the ALC power slope function.	-					
Opens the ALC power slope value parameter.	-					
et Table Commands	<u> </u>					
Disables the power offset table.	_					
Enables the power offset table.	-					
Changes a power offset table entry.	-					
Loads a power offset table.	-					
ommands	•					
Starts an instrument self-test.	1	*TST?				
mands						
Clears all GPIB status bytes.	-					
Inhibits updating of the ESB2 bit 4.	-					
Enables updating of the ESB2 bit 4.	-					
Inhibits end-of-sweep SRQ generation.	-					
Enables end-of-sweep SRQ generation.	-					
Inhibits extended status byte 1 SRQ generation.	-					
Enables extended status byte 1 SRQ generation.	-					
Inhibits updating of the ESB2 bit 7.	-					
Enables updating of the ESB2 bit 7.	-					
Inhibits updating of ESB1 bit 7.	-					
Enables updating of ESB1 bit 7.	-					
	Selects linear power level operation in mV. Selects logarithmic power level operation in dB/V. Turns off the RF output. Turns on the RF output. Turns on the ALC power slope function. Turns on the ALC power slope function. Opens the ALC power slope value parameter. et Table Commands Disables the power offset table. Enables the power offset table. Changes a power offset table entry. Loads a power offset table. commands Starts an instrument self-test. emands Clears all GPIB status bytes. Inhibits updating of the ESB2 bit 4. Enables updating of the ESB2 bit 4. Inhibits end-of-sweep SRQ generation. Enables end-of-sweep SRQ generation. Enables extended status byte 1 SRQ generation. Inhibits updating of the ESB2 bit 7. Enables updating of the ESB2 bit 7. Inhibits updating of the ESB2 bit 7.	Selects linear power level operation in mV. Selects logarithmic power level operation in dB/V. Turns off the RF output. Turns off the RF output. Turns off the ALC power slope function. Turns on the ALC power slope function. Turns on the ALC power slope value parameter. **Table Commands** Disables the power offset table. Enables the power offset table. Changes a power offset table entry. Loads a power offset table. **Tamands** Starts an instrument self-test. **mands** Clears all GPIB status bytes. Inhibits updating of the ESB2 bit 4. Enables updating of the ESB2 bit 4. Inhibits extended status byte 1 SRQ generation. Enables extended status byte 1 SRQ generation. Inhibits updating of the ESB2 bit 7. Enables updating of ESB1 bit 7.				

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

Not su	pported by Agilent N5183A	×	
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
LE0	Inhibits lock error SRQ generation.	=	
LE1	Enables lock error SRQ generation.	-	
LS0	Inhibits updating of the ESB1 bit 3.	_	
LS1	Enables updating of the ESB1 bit 3.	_	
MB0	Sets the enable mask byte for the primary status byte.	_	
MB1	Sets the enable mask byte for extended status byte 1.	_	
MB2	Sets the enable mask byte for extended status byte 2.	-	
PE0	Inhibits parameter range error SRQ generation.	-	
PE1	Enables parameter range error SRQ generation.	_	
SB0	Inhibits extended status byte 2 SRQ generation.	_	
SB1	Enables extended status byte 2 SRQ generation.	-	
SE0	Inhibits Syntax Error SRQ generation.	_	
SE1	Enables Syntax Error SRQ generation.	_	
SQ0	Disables the SRQ generation function.	-	
SQ1	Enables the SRQ generation function.	=	
UL0	Inhibits RF unleveled SRQ generation.	_	
UL1	Enables RF unleveled SRQ generation.	-	
Stored Setu	up Commands		
RCF	Prepares the MG369XB to receive a new instrument setup recalled from the controller.	=	
RCM	Prepares the MG369XB to receive a new instrument setup and new stored setups\ recalled from the controller.	-	
RSN(m)	Recalls the instrument setup stored in internal setup memory location m.	1	*RCL
SAF	Outputs the current instrument setup to the controller.	-	
SAM	Outputs both the current instrument setup and all stored instrument setups to the controller.	-	
SM	Recalls the instrument setup stored in internal setup memory location m.	-	

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A

Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
SSN(m)	Saves the current instrument setup to internal setup memory location m.	1	*SAV
Sweep Con	nmands		
AD1	Selects F1- Δ F alternate frequency sweep.	-	
AD5	Selects F5- Δ F alternate frequency sweep.	_	
AD6	Selects F6- Δ F alternate frequency sweep.	-	
AF1	Selects F1-F2 alternate frequency sweep.	-	
AF3	Selects F3-F4 alternate frequency sweep.	-	
AFU	Selects full range alternate frequency sweep.	-	
AUT	Selects automatic sweep triggering.		:LIST:TRIG:SOUR MM
		1	:INIT:CONT ON
			:INIT:IMM
DF0	Selects F0-delta frequency sweep mode.	-	
DF1	Selects F1-delta frequency sweep mode.	-	
DF5	Selects F5-delta frequency sweep mode.	-	
DF6	Selects F6-delta frequency sweep mode.	-	
DU0	Deselects dual step sweep mode.	-	
DU1	Selects dual step sweep mode.	-	
EXT	Selects single sweep triggering.	1	:LIST:TRIG:SOUR BVS
FUL	Selects the full range sweep mode.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
HWT	Selects external sweep trigger.	1	:LIST:TRIG:SOUR EXT
			:LIST:TYPE STEP
LGS	Selects logarithmic step sweep.	1	:SWE:SPAC LOG
			:FREQ:MOD LIST
			:LIST:TYPE STEP
LIS	Selects linear step sweep.	1	:SWE:SPAC LIN
			:FREQ:MOD LIST

Table 9-10 Anritsu MG369xB Commands & Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences (Continued)

	pported by Agricus 11910921		
Comman d	Description	MG369xB	Equivalent SCPI Command Sequence
MAN	Selects manual (step) frequency sweep.	1	:SWE:MODE MAN
MNT	Selects manual trigger.	-	
RSS	Resets a sweep if in progress.	-	
SF1	Selects the F1-F2 sweep mode.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
SF3	Selects the F3-F4 sweep mode.	1	Supported by the Agilent MXG, but there is no equivalent SCPI command sequence.
SWP	Selects analog sweep.	-	
TEX	Sets sweep trigger to external.	1	:LIST:TRIG:SOUR EXT
TRG	Triggers a single sweep.	1	:TRIG
TRS	Triggers a single sweep.	1	:TRIG
TSS	Advances sweep to the next step in dual step sweep mode.	-	
User Level	Calibration Commands		
LU0	Turns off the active user level calibration table.	_	
LU1	Activates user level calibration table #1.	-	
LU2	Activates user level calibration table #2.	-	
LU3	Activates user level calibration table #3.	-	
LU4	Activates user level calibration table #4.	-	
LU5	Activates user level calibration table #5.	-	
LUR	Prepares the MG369xB to receive 5 tables of user level calibration data from the controller.	-	
LUS	Sends all five tables of the user level calibration data to the controller.	-	

Rohde & Schwartz SMR Compatible SCPI Commands

Table 9-11 is a comprehensive list SCPI commands arranged by system/subsystem. Commands are indicated as supported by the N5183A or not supported by the N5183A. Use the legend within the table to determine command compatibility.

To use the commands, select **SMR** as the r4emote language. See :LANGuage (N5183A) section for information about selecting the language type.

When using the programming codes in this section, you can:

• set the N5183A system language to SMR for the current session:

 $\label{eq:continuous} \mbox{Utility} > \mbox{I/O Config} > \mbox{Remote Language} > \mbox{More} > \mbox{More} > \mbox{Rohde \& Schwartz} > \mbox{SMR} \\ \mbox{or send the command:}$

:SYST:LANG "SMR"

• set the N5183A system language to **SMR** so that it does not reset with a preset, an instrument power cycle, or a *RST command:

 $\label{eq:command} \mbox{Utility} > \mbox{Power On/Preset} > \mbox{Preset Language} > \mbox{More} > \mbox{More} > \mbox{Rohde \& Schwartz} > \mbox{SMR} \\ \mbox{or send the command:}$

:SYST:PRESet:LANG "SMR"

• set the *IDN? response to any SMR response you prefer. Refer to the :SYSTem:IDN command.

NOTE The Agilent MXG has only one AM, FM, and PM path. Using AM2, FM2, or PM2 path commands will result in the following error: "ERROR: -113, Undefined Header".

The Agilent MXG has only one internal source for AM, FM and PM, but the INT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator and is equivalent to selecting INT[1].

The Agilent MXG has three dedicated external sources, one for AM, one for FM/PM and one for Pulse. The EXT2 source selection is accepted by the signal generator, but is equivalent to selecting EXT[1]. 4

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks			
System Function Commands					
ABORt System					
:ABORt[:SWEep]	1	supported (add optional :SWEep node)			
:ABORt:LIST	1	(add LIST)			
:ABORt:MSEQuence	1	MSEQuence is a new feature			
DIAGnostic System					
:DIAGnostic:INFO:CCOunt:ATTenuator1 2 3 4?	1	accepted but always returns total attenuator count, not individual attenuator stages and ignores numeric suffix			
:DIAGnostic:INFO:CCOunt:POWer?	1				
:DIAGnostic:INFO:MODules?	1				
:DIAGnostic:INFO:OTIMe?	1				
:DIAGnostic:INFO:SDATe?	1				
:DIAGnostic[:MEASure]:POINt?	-				
DISPlay System					
:DISPlay:ANNotation[:ALL] ON OFF	1				
:DISPlay:ANNotation:AMPLitude ON OFF	1				
:DISPlay:ANNotation:FREQuency ON OFF	1				
INPut System	INPut System				
:INPut:IF:STATe ON OFF	-				
MEMory System					
:MEMory:NSTates?	1	returns number of save/recall states available			
OUTPut Subsystem					
:OUTPut1 3[:STATe] ON OFF	1	output 2 is not supported			

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:OUTPut1 3:AMODe AUTO FIXed	1	FIXed mode not available on output 3
:OUTPut1:ATTenuation 0 to 110 dB	1	
:OUTPut1 3:IMPedance?	1	always returns 50 ohms
:OUTPut3:SCALe 0.5 1	1	
:OUTPut1[:STATe]:PON OFF UNCHanged	1	
:OUTPut2[:STATe] ON OFF	-	outputs 2 & 3 are not supported
:OUTPut2:AMODe AUTO FIXed	-	
:OUTPut2:IMPedance?	-	
:OUTPut2:SCALe 0.5 1	-	
:OUTPut2[:STATe]:PON OFF UNCHanged	-	
:OUTPut2:VOLTage 0 V to 4 V	-	
:OUTPut3:POLarity:PULSe NORMal INVerse	-	
:OUTPut3:SOURce OFF PULSegen VIDeo 9	-	
SOURce System	•	
AM Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:AM[:DEPTh] 0 to 100 PCT	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal1 2:COUPling AC DC	1	source 1, 2 suffix accepted but does nothing
[:SOURce]:AM:INTernal:FREQuency 0,1 Hz to 10 MHz	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:STATe OFF ON	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:SOURce INTernal EXT2	1	
[:SOURce]:AM:EXTernal1 2:Impedance 600 Ohm 100 kOhm	-	accepted but does nothing
[:SOURce]:AM:SCAN:SENSitivity -0,1 to 10 dB/V	-	
[:SOURce]:AM:SCAN[:STATe] OFF ON	-	
CORRection Subsystem		

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:CORRection[:STATe] ON OFF	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:CATalog?	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:FREE?	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET[:SELect] "Name of table"	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DATA:FREQuency 1 GHz to Fmax {1 GHz to Fmax}	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DATA:POWer +20 to -20dB {+20 to -20dB}	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DATA:POWer:POINts?	1	
[:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DELete "Name of table"	1	
DM Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:DM:TYPE ASK FSK	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:STATe ON OFF	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:EXTernal:IMPedance 600 Ohm 100 kOhm	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:ASK:DEPTh 0 to 100 PCT	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:ASK:POLarity NORMal INVerted	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FM[:DEViation] 0 kHz to 20/40 MHz	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FSK:DEViation 0 kHz to 20/40 MHz	-	
[:SOURce]:DM:FSK:POLarity NORMal INVerted		
FM Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:FM:EXTernal1 2:COUPling AC DC	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:INTernal:FREQuency 0,1 Hz to 10 MHz	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal1	1	
[:SOURce]:FM:STATe ON OFF	1	

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:FM:EXTernal1 2:IMPedance 600 Ohm 100 kOhm	-	
FREQuency Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:CENTer 10 MHz to Fmax	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed]	1	
:SOURce2:FREQuency[:CW :FIXed] 0.1 Hz to 10 MHz	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MODE CW FIXed SWEep LIST	1	
:SOURce2:FREQuency:MODE CW FIXed SWEep	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MULTiplier -1.0 to 10.0	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet -50 to +50 GHz	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:SPAN Fmax - 1 GHz	1	with Option SMR-B11: Fmax - 10 MHz
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STARt 1 GHz to Fmax	1	with Option SMR-B11: 10 MHz to Fmax
:SOURce2:FREQuency:STARt 0.1 Hz to 10 MHz	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STOP 1 GHz to Fmax	1	with Option SMR-B11: 10 MHz to Fmax
:SOURce2:FREQuency:STOP 0.1 Hz to 10 MHz	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:RCL INCLude EXCLude	1	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:MANual 10 MHz to Fmax	-	
:SOURce2:FREQuency:MANual 0.1 Hz to 10 MHz	-	
[:SOURce]:FREQuency:STEP[:INCRement] 0 to 10 GHz		
LIST Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:LIST:CATalog?	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DELete "List name"	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DELete:ALL	1	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl 1 ms to 1 s	1	

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks	
[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl:POINts?	1		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREE?	1		
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency 1 GHz to Fmax {1 GHz to Fmax} Bloc data	1	Option SMR-B11: above 10 MHz	
[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQuency:POINts?	1		
[:SOURce]:LIST:MODE AUTO STEP	1		
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer -130 to +25 dBm {-130 to +25 dBm} Bloc data	1	-20 to +25dBm w/o SMR-B15	
[:SOURce]:LIST:POWer:POINts?	1		
[:SOURce]:LIST:SELect "List name"	1		
MARKer Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10[:FSWeep]:AMPL itude ON OFF	1		
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10[:FSWeep]:AOFF	1		
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10[:FSWeep]:FREQ uency 1 GHz to Fmax	1		
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10[:FSWeep][:STA Te] ON OFF	1		
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10:PSWeep:AOFF	1		
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10:PSWeep:POWer -130 dBm to +25 dBm	1		
[:SOURce]:MARKer1 2 3 4 5 8 9 10:PSWeep[:STATe] ON OFF	1		
POWer Subsystem	POWer Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPLitude] -130 dBm to +25 dBm	1		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC[:STATe] ON OFF	1		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SEArch?	✓		

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal DIODe PMETer	1	PMETer not supported	
[:SOURce]:POWer:MODE CW FIXed SWEep LIST	1		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STARt -130 dBm to +25 dBm	1		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STOP -130 dBm to +25 dBm	1		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:REFerence 0 to 3 V	-		
[:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMediate][:AMPL]:OFFS et <val><unit> -100 to +100 dB</unit></val>	1		
[:SOURce]:POWer:LIMit[:AMPLitude] -130 dBm to +25 dBm	-		
[:SOURce]:POWer:MANual -130 dBm to +25 dBm	-		
[:SOURce]:POWer:STEP[:INCRement] 0.1 to 10 dB	1		
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce INTernal DIODe PMETer	-	PMETer not supported	
[:SOURce]:POWer:ALC:SOURce:PMETer RS_NRVS HP43 HP437 HP438A	-		
PULM Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:PULM:POLarity NORMal INVerted	1	does not affect the INT source polarity	
[:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce EXTernal INTernal	1		
[:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON OFF	1		
[:SOURce]:PULM:EXTernal:IMPedance 50 Ohm to 10 kOhm	-	Command accepted without error but does nothing.	
PULSe Subsystem			
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DELay 20 ns to 1.3 s	1		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:PERiod 100 ns to 85 s	1		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:WIDTh 20 ns to 1.3 s	1		
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DOUBle:DELay ns to 1.3 s	1		

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A – = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:PULSe:DOUBle[:STATe] ON OFF	1	
ROSCillator Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator:SOURce INTernal EXTernal	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator[:INTernal]:ADJust[:STATe] ON OFF	1	
[:SOURce]:ROSCillator[:INTernal]:ADJust:VALue -2048 to +2047	1	
SWEep Subsystem		
[:SOURce]:SWEep:BTIMe NORMal LONG	-	
:SOURce2:SWEep:BTIMe NORMal LONG	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:DWELl 10 ms to 5s	1	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:DWELl 10 ms to 5 s	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:MODE AUTO MANual STEP	1	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:MODE AUTO MANual STEP	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:SPACing LINear LOGarithmic	1	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:SPACing LINear LOGarithmic	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP[:LINear] 0 to 10 GHz	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP:LOGarithmic 0.01 to 10PCT	1	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP:LOGarithmic 0.01 to 100PCT	-	
:SOURce2:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP[:LINear] 0 to 10 MHz	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POWer:DWELl 10 ms to 5 s	1	

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POWer:MODE AUTO MANual STEP	1	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POWer:SPACing LOGarithmic	-	
[:SOURce]:SWEep:POWer:STEP[:LOGarithmic] 0 to 1 dB	-	
SOURce2 System		
FUNCtion Subsystem		
:SOURce2:FUNCtion[:SHAPe] SINusoid SQUare	-	
MARKer Subsystem		
:SOURce2:MARKer1 2 3[:FSWeep]:AOFF	-	
:SOURce2:MARKer1 2 3[:FSWeep]:FREQuency 0.1 Hz to 10 MHz	-	
:SOURce2:MARKer 1 2 3 [:FSWeep] [:STATe] ON OFF	-	
:SOURce2:MARKer 1 2 3:POLarity NORMal INVerted	-	
STATus System		
:STATus:OPERation[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:OPERation:PTRansition 0 to 327	1	
:STATus:OPERation:NTRansition 0 to 327	1	
:STATus:OPERation:ENABle 0 to 327	1	
:STATus:PRESet	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable[:EVENt]?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:CONDition?	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:PTRansition 0 to 327	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:NTRansition 0 to 327	1	
:STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle 0 to 327	1	
:STATus:QUEue [:NEXT]?	1	

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
SYSTem System		
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:GPIB[:SELF]:ADDRess 1 to 30	1	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BAUD 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:BITS 7 8	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:SBITs 1 2	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:CONTrol:RTS ON IBFull RFR	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:PACE XON NONE	-	
:SYSTem:COMMunicate:SERial:PARity ODD EVEN NONE	-	
:SYSTem:ERRor?	1	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:CATalog?	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:DELete "Sequence name"	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:DELete:ALL	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:DWEL1 50 ms to seconds	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:FREE?	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:MODE AUTO STEP	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence[:RCL] 1 to 50	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence[:RCL]:POINts?	-	
:SYSTem:MSEQuence:SELect "Sequence name"	-	
:SYSTem:MODE FIXed MSEQence	-	
:SYSTem:PRESet	1	
:SYSTem:PROTect[1 2 3][:STATe] ON OFF, Password	1	Command accepted without error but does nothing.
:SYSTem:SECurity[:STATe] ON OFF	1	
:SYSTem:SERRor?	1	

Table 9-11 Rohde & Schwartz Program Codes and Equivalent SCPI Command Sequences

 ✓ = Supported by Agilent N5183A - = Not supported by Agilent N5183A 	N5183A	Remarks
:SYSTem:VERSion?	1	
TEST System		
:TEST:DIRect Address, Subaddress, Hex data string	-	
:TEST:ASSy Module, Subaddress, Hex data string	-	
:TEST:RAM?	-	
:TEST:ROM?	-	
:TEST:BATTery?	-	
TRIGger System		
:TRIGger:LIST[:IMMediate]	1	
:TRIGger:LIST:SOURce AUTO SINGle EXTernal	1	
:TRIGger:MSEQuence[:IMMediate]	-	
:TRIGger:MSEQuence:SOURce SINGle EXTernal AUTO	-	
:TRIGger:PULSe:SLOPe POSitive NEGative	-	
:TRIGger:PULSe:SOURce AUTO_trig EXT_trig EXT_GATED	-	
:TRIGger:SLOPe POSitive NEGative EITHer	1	EITHer not supported
:TRIGger1 2[:SWEep][:IMMediate]	1	Trigger 2 not supported
:TRIGger1 2[:SWEep]:SOURCe AUTO SINGle EXTernal	1	Trigger 2 not supported

N5183A SCPI Command Compatibility Rohde & Schwartz SMR Compatible SCPI Commands

Symbols	3410 softkey, 193, 204, 324, 325
ФМ Dev, 226	4-Lvl FSK softkey
FM ΦM Normal High BW, 224	See Dmodulation subsystem keys
ФМ Off On, 226	4QAM softkey
*CLS	See Dmodulation subsystem keys
clear status, 156	54, 235, 317
*ESE	64QAM softkey
standard event status enable, 156	See Dmodulation subsystem keys
*ESE?	8340B or 8341B softkeys, 194, 205, 492, 493
standard event status enable, 156	8340B/41B, compatible commands, 559
*ESR?	8360 softkeys, 194, 205, 492, 493
standard event status register, 156	836xxB/L, compatible commands, 573
*OPC	83711B or 83712B softkeys, 194, 205, 492, 493
operation complete, 157	8371xB, compatible commands, 592
*OPC?	83731B or 83732B softkeys, 194, 205, 492, 493
operation complete, 157	8373xB, compatible commands, 592
*OPT?	83751B or 83752B softkeys, 194, 205, 492, 493
options, 157	8375xB, compatible commands, 603
*PSC	8648a
power on status clear, 158	compatible commands, 440
*PSC?	8648b
power- on status clear, 158	compatible commands, 440
*RST	8648c
reset command, 158	compatible commands, 440
*SRE	8648d
service request enable, 159	compatible commands, 440
*SRE?	8656b
service request enable, 159	compatible commands, 451
*STB?	non-compatible commands, 453
read status byte, 159	programming commands, 450
*TRG	8657a
trigger, 160	compatible commands, 451
*WAI	non-compatible commands, 453
wait to continue command, 160	programming commands, 450
# of Carriers softkey, 247, 249	8657b
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